## ex46

## August 12, 2022

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[1]: # Solution Ex. 46
[2]: import sys
[3]: inputPath = "data/Ex46/data/readings.txt" # "/data/students/bigdata-01QYD/
      →ex_data/Ex46/data/readings.txt"
     outputPath = "res_out_Ex46v2/"
[4]: # Read the content of the readings
     readingsRDD = sc.textFile(inputPath)
[9]: readingsRDD.collect()
[9]: ['1451606400,12.1',
      '1451606460,12.2',
      '1451606520,13.5',
      '1451606580,14.0',
      '1451606640,14.0',
      '1451606700,15.5',
      '1451606760,15.0']
[5]: # Generate the elements of each window.
     # Each reading with start time t belongs to 3 windows with a window size equal \Box
     # - The one starting at time t-120s
     # - The one starting at time t-60s
     # - The one starting at time t
     def windowElementsFunc(reading):
         fields = reading.split(",")
         # Time stamp of this reading
         t = int(fields[0])
         # Temperature
         temperature = float(fields[1])
         # The current reading, associated with time stamp t,
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# is part of the windows starting at time t, t-60s, t-120s
          # pairs is a list containing three pairs (window start timestamp, current_
       →reading) associated with
          # the three windows containing this reading
          pairs = []
          # Window starting at time t
          # This reading is the first element of the window starting at time t
          pairs.append((t, reading))
          # Window starting at time t-60
          # This reading is the second element of that window starting at time t-60
          pairs.append((t-60, reading))
          # Window starting at time t-120
          \# This reading is the third element of that window starting at time t-120
          pairs.append((t-120, reading))
          return pairs
 [6]: | windowsElementsRDD = readingsRDD.flatMap(windowElementsFunc)
 [7]: # Use groupByKey to generate one sequence for each time stamp
      timestampsWindowsRDD = windowsElementsRDD.groupByKey()
 [8]: | timestampsWindowsRDD.mapValues(lambda v: list(v)).collect()
 [8]: [(1451606400, ['1451606400,12.1', '1451606460,12.2', '1451606520,13.5']),
       (1451606340, ['1451606400,12.1', '1451606460,12.2']),
       (1451606280, ['1451606400,12.1']),
       (1451606460, ['1451606460,12.2', '1451606520,13.5', '1451606580,14.0']),
       (1451606520, ['1451606520,13.5', '1451606580,14.0', '1451606640,14.0']),
       (1451606580, ['1451606580,14.0', '1451606640,14.0', '1451606700,15.5']),
       (1451606640, ['1451606640,14.0', '1451606700,15.5', '1451606760,15.0']),
       (1451606700, ['1451606700, 15.5', '1451606760, 15.0']),
       (1451606760, ['1451606760,15.0'])]
[10]: # This function is used in the next transformation to select the windows with
       →an incrasing temperature trend
      def increasingTrendFunc(pairInitialTimestampWindow):
          # The key of the input pair is the intial timestamp of the current window
          minTimestamp = pairInitialTimestampWindow[0]
          # Store the (at most) 3 elements of the window in a dictionary
          # containing enties time stamp -> temperature
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timestampTemp = {}
          # pairInitialTimestampWindow[1] contains the elements of the current window
          window = pairInitialTimestampWindow[1]
          for timestampTemperature in window:
              fields = timestampTemperature.split(",")
              t = int(fields[0])
              temperature = float(fields[1])
              timestampTemp[t] = temperature
          # Check if the list contains three elements.
          # If the number of elements is not equal to 3 the window is incomplete and
       \hookrightarrow must be discarded
          if len(timestampTemp) != 3:
              increasing = False
          else:
              # Check is the increasing trend is satisfied
              if timestampTemp[minTimestamp]<timestampTemp[minTimestamp+60] and_
       stimestampTemp[minTimestamp+60]<timestampTemp[minTimestamp+120]:</pre>
                  increasing = True
              else:
                  increasing = False
          return increasing
[11]: | seletedWindowsRDD = timestampsWindowsRDD.filter(increasingTrendFunc)
[31]: # The result is in the value part of the returned pairs
[12]: seletedWindowsRDD.values().map(lambda window: list(window)).collect()
[12]: [['1451606400,12.1', '1451606460,12.2', '1451606520,13.5'],
       ['1451606460,12.2', '1451606520,13.5', '1451606580,14.0']]
[19]: | # Store the result. Map the iterable associated with each window to a list
[20]: seletedWindowsRDD.values().map(lambda window: list(window)).
       ⇔saveAsTextFile(outputPath)
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