

(a) Source codes:

```
import numpy as np

import cv2

import matplotlib.pyplot as plt

from PIL import Image

from random import randint

import math

import random

from scipy import ndimage


def gaussian_kernel(size, sigma):

    size = int(size) // 2

    x, y = np.mgrid[-size:size+1, -size:size+1]

    normal = 1 / (2.0 * np.pi * sigma**2)

    g = np.exp(-(x**2 + y**2) / (2.0*sigma**2)) * normal

    return g


def sobel_filters(img):

    # kernel

    Kx = np.array([[ -1,  0,  1], [-2,  0,  2], [-1,  0,  1]], np.float32)

    Ky = np.array([[ 1,  2,  1], [ 0,  0,  0], [-1, -2, -1]], np.float32)

    Ix = ndimage.filters.convolve(img, Kx)

    Iy = ndimage.filters.convolve(img, Ky)

    G = np.hypot(Ix, Iy)

    G = G / G.max()

    theta = np.arctan2(Iy, Ix)

    return (G, theta)


def non_max_suppression(img, D):

    M, N = img.shape

    Z = np.zeros((M, N), dtype=np.float32)

    angle = D * 180. / np.pi

    angle[angle < 0] += 180

    for i in range(1, M-1):

        for j in range(1, N-1):

            try:

                q = 255

                r = 255
```

```

# angle 0
if (0 <= angle[i, j] < 22.5) or (157.5 <= angle[i, j] <= 180):
    q = img[i, j+1]
    r = img[i, j-1]

# angle 45
elif (22.5 <= angle[i, j] < 67.5):
    q = img[i+1, j-1]
    r = img[i-1, j+1]

# angle 90
elif (67.5 <= angle[i, j] < 112.5):
    q = img[i+1, j]
    r = img[i-1, j]

# angle 135
elif (112.5 <= angle[i, j] < 157.5):
    q = img[i-1, j-1]
    r = img[i+1, j+1]

if (img[i, j] >= q) and (img[i, j] >= r):
    Z[i, j] = img[i, j]
else:
    Z[i, j] = 0

except IndexError as e:
    pass

```

```

return Z

```

```

def threshold(img):

```

```

    highThreshold = 0.1

```

```

    lowThreshold = 0.04

```

```

    M, N = img.shape

```

```

    res = np.zeros((M, N), dtype=np.float32)

```

```

    weak = np.float32(0.5)

```

```

    strong = np.float32(1)

```

```

    strong_i, strong_j = np.where(img >= highThreshold)

```

```

    zeros_i, zeros_j = np.where(img < lowThreshold)

```

```

    weak_i, weak_j = np.where((img <= highThreshold) & (img >= lowThreshold))

```

```

img_weak = np.zeros((img.shape[0], img.shape[1]), dtype=np.float32)
img_strong = np.zeros((img.shape[0], img.shape[1]), dtype=np.float32)

img_weak[weak_i, weak_j] = weak
img_strong[strong_i, strong_j] = strong

```

```

res[strong_i, strong_j] = strong
res[weak_i, weak_j] = weak

```

```

return (res, img_weak, img_strong)

```

```

def hysteresis(img, weak, strong=1):

```

```

    M, N = img.shape

```

```

    for i in range(1, M-1):

```

```

        for j in range(1, N-1):

```

```

            if (img[i, j] == weak):

```

```

                try:

```

```

                    if ((img[i+1, j-1] == strong) or (img[i+1, j] == strong) or (img[i+1, j+1] == strong)

```

```

                        or (img[i, j-1] == strong) or (img[i, j+1] == strong)

```

```

                            or (img[i-1, j-1] == strong) or (img[i-1, j] == strong) or (img[i-1, j+1] == strong)):

```

```

                        img[i, j] = strong

```

```

                else:

```

```

                    img[i, j] = 0

```

```

            except IndexError as e:

```

```

                pass

```

```

    return img

```

```

if __name__ == "__main__":

```

```

    # 位啥要-1

```

```

    image = cv2.imread('Kid at playground.tif', -1)

```

```

    normalized_image = image/255

```

```

    # guassion LPF

```

```

    # 位啥 size 是 31?

```

```

    GLP = gaussian_kernel(31, sigma=5)

```

```

    img_glp = cv2.filter2D(normalized_image, -1, GLP)

```

```

    cv2.imshow("Gaussian", img_glp)

```

```

    # sobel gradient calculation

```

```

    magnitude, theta = sobel_filters(img_glp)

```

```

    cv2.imshow("magnitude", magnitude)

```

```

    cv2.imshow("angle", theta)

```

```

    PILimage = magnitude*255

```

```
PILimage = Image.fromarray(PILimage.astype(np.uint8))

PILimage.save("img/magnitude.png", dpi=(200, 200))

PILimage = (theta+np.pi/2)/np.pi*255

PILimage = Image.fromarray(PILimage.astype(np.uint8))

PILimage.save("img/theta.png", dpi=(200, 200))


# nunmaxima suppression

nun_sup = non_max_suppression(magnitude, theta)

cv2.imshow("suppression", nun_sup)

PILimage = nun_sup*255

PILimage = Image.fromarray(PILimage.astype(np.uint8))

PILimage.save("img/non_max_suppression.png", dpi=(200, 200))


# hysteresis thresholding

final_img, gNL, gNH = threshold(nun_sup)

final = hysteresis(final_img, 0.5, 1)

cv2.imshow("final_img", final_img)

cv2.imshow("gNL", gNL)

cv2.imshow("gNH", gNH)

cv2.imshow("final", final)

cv2.waitKey(0)

PILimage = final_img*255

PILimage = Image.fromarray(PILimage.astype(np.uint8))

PILimage.save("img/final_img.png", dpi=(200, 200))

PILimage = gNL*255

PILimage = Image.fromarray(PILimage.astype(np.uint8))

PILimage.save("img/gNL.png", dpi=(200, 200))

PILimage = gNH*255

PILimage = Image.fromarray(PILimage.astype(np.uint8))

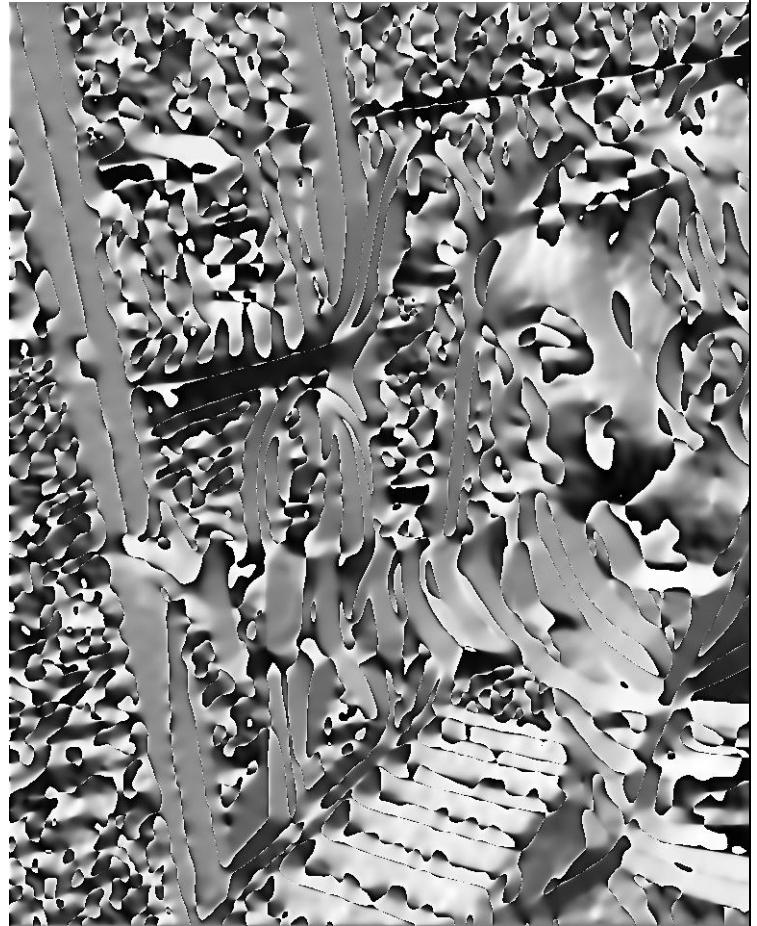
PILimage.save("img/gNH.png", dpi=(200, 200))
```

(b) Plot images of the gradient magnitude and gradient angle:

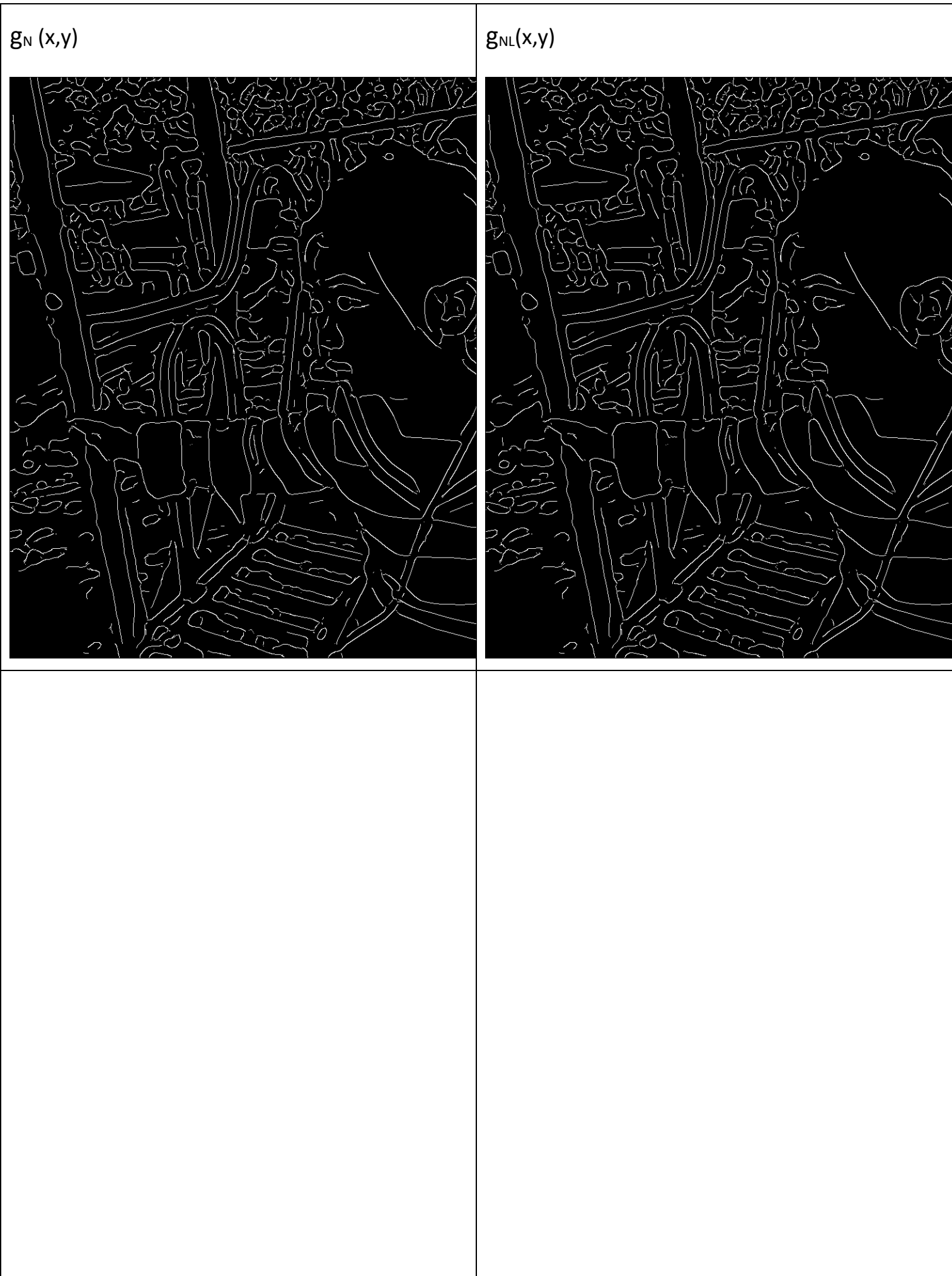
magnitude



Angle



(c) Plot nonmaxima suppressed image $g_N(x,y)$ as well as images of $g_{NL}(x,y)$ and $g_{NH}(x,y)$:



$g_{NH}(x,y)$



(d) Plot final edge map $e(x,y)$:

