

Command	Description
h or <Left> or CTRL-H or <BS>	[count] characters to the left. exclusive motion.
l or <Right> or <Space>	[count] characters to the right. exclusive motion.
0	To the first character of the line. exclusive motion.
<Home>	To the first character of the line. exclusive motion.
^	To the first non-blank character of the line. exclusive motion. Any count is ignored.
\$ or <End>	To the end of the line. inclusive motion.
f{char}	To [count]'th occurrence of {char} to the right. The cursor is placed on {char} inclusive .
F{char}	To the [count]'th occurrence of {char} to the left. The cursor is placed on {char} exclusive . {char} can be entered like with the f command.
t{char}	Till before [count]'th occurrence of {char} to the right. The cursor is placed on the character left of {char} inclusive . {char} can be entered like with the f command.
T{char}	Till after [count]'th occurrence of {char} to the left. The cursor is placed on the character right of {char} exclusive . {char} can be entered like with the f command.
;	Repeat latest f, t, F or T [count] times.
, or count] times. See also cpo-;	Repeat latest f, t, F or T in opposite direction [count] times. See also cpo-;

Command	Description
k or <Up> or CTRL-P	[count] lines upward linewise .
j or <Down> or CTRL-J or <NL> or CTRL-N	[count] lines downward linewise .
gk or g<Up>	[count] display lines upward. exclusive motion. Differs from 'k' when lines wrap, and when used with an operator, because it's not linewise.
gj or g<Down>	[count] display lines downward. exclusive motion. Differs from 'j' when lines wrap, and when used with an operator, because it's not linewise.
G	Goto line [count], default last line, on the first non-blank character linewise .
<C-Home> or gg	Goto line [count], default first line, on the first non-blank character linewise .
{count}%	Go to {count} percentage in the file, on the first non-blank in the line linewise .
<S-Right> or w	[count] words forward. exclusive motion.
<C-Right> or W	[count] WORDS forward. exclusive motion. If <C-Right> does not work, check out arrow_modifiers .
e	Forward to the end of word [count] inclusive . Does not stop in an empty line.
E	Forward to the end of WORD [count] inclusive . Does not stop in an empty line.
<S-Left> or b	[count] words backward. exclusive motion.
<C-Left> or B	[count] WORDS backward. exclusive motion. If <C-Left> does not work, check out arrow_modifiers .
ge	Backward to the end of word [count] inclusive .

Command	Description
gE	Backward to the end of WORD [count] inclusive .