

Lesson 20 Look at them! 看看他/它们!



Listen to the tape and answer the questions.

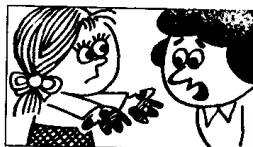
听录音并回答问题。

105



They're clean.

106



They're dirty.

217



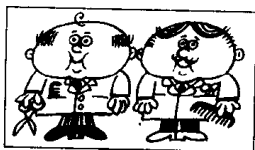
They're hot.

218



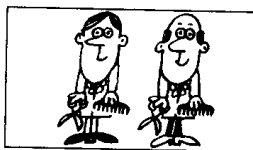
They're cold.

321



They're fat.

322



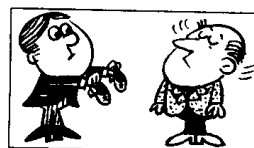
They're thin.

433



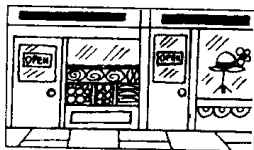
They're big.

434



They're small.

545



They're open.

546



They're shut.

657



They're light.

658



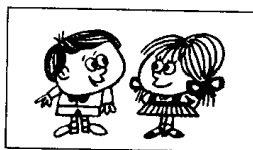
They're heavy.

769



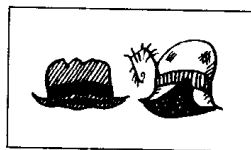
They're old.

770



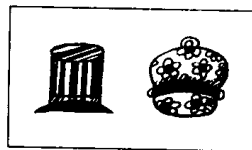
They're young.

881



They're old.

882



They're new.

998



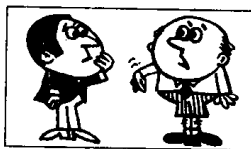
They're short.

999



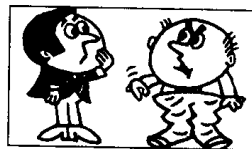
They're tall.

1,000



They're short.

1,001



They're long.

New words and expressions 生词和短语

big /bɪg/ *adj.* 大的small /smɔ:l/ *adj.* 小的open /'əʊpən/ *adj.* 开着的shut /ʃʌt/ *adj.* 关着的light /laɪt/ *adj.* 轻的heavy /'hevi/ *adj.* 重的long /lɒŋ/ *adj.* 长的shoe /ʃu:/ *n.* 鞋子grandfather /'grænd,fɑ:ðə/ *n.* 祖父, 外祖父grandmother /'græn,mʌðə/ *n.* 祖母, 外祖母

Written exercises 书面练习

A Complete these sentences using *am*, *is* or *are*.抄写以下句子, 用 *am*, *is* 或 *are* 填空。

Example:

Those children _____ thirsty.

Those children are thirsty.

- 1 Those children _____ tired.
- 2 Their mother _____ tired, too.
- 3 That ice cream man _____ very busy.
- 4 His ice creams _____ very nice.
- 5 What's the matter, children? We _____ thirsty.
- 6 What's the matter, Tim? I _____ tired.

B Write questions and answers.

模仿例句提问并回答。

Example:

his shoes/(dirty)/clean

*Are his shoes dirty or clean?**They're not dirty. They're clean.*

- | | |
|--------------------------------|---|
| 1 the children/(tired)/thirsty | 6 his cases/(heavy)/light |
| 2 the postmen/(cold)/hot | 7 grandmother and grandfather/(young)/old |
| 3 the hairdressers/(thin)/fat | 8 their hats/(old)/new |
| 4 the shoes/(small)/big | 9 the policemen/(short)/tall |
| 5 the shops/(shut)/open | 10 his trousers/(short)/long |