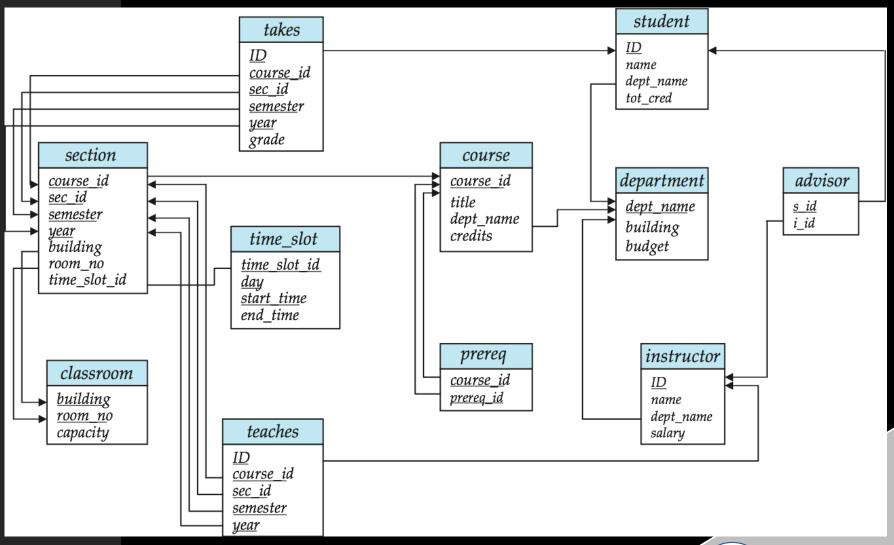


Schema Diagram for University Database





Extended Operations





Generalized Projection

·Notation

$$\prod_{\mathsf{F1},\mathsf{F2},\mathsf{...},\mathsf{Fn}}(E)$$

E is any relational-algebra expression Each of F_1 , F_2 , ..., F_n are arithmetic expressions

٠E.g.

Given relation *credit-info(customer-name, limit, credit-balance)* find how much more each person can spend

 $\Pi_{customer-name, \ limit-credit-balance}$ (credit-info)





Aggregate Functions and Operations (1)

Aggregate function

o avg: average value

• min: minimum value

• max: maximum value

• **sum**: sum of values

• count: number of values

Notation

G1, G2, ..., Gn $\boldsymbol{\mathcal{G}}$ F1(A1), F2(A2),..., Fn(An) (E)





Aggregate Functions and Operations – Example 1

R

А	В	С
α	α	7
α	β	7
$eta \ eta$	β β Β	3
β	β	10



sum-C 27





Aggregate Functions and Operations – Example 2

INSTRUCTOR (ID, NAME, DEPT_NAME, SALARY)

ID	name	dept_name	salary
76766	Crick	Biology	72000
45565	Katz	Comp. Sci.	75000
10101	Srinivasan	Comp. Sci.	65000
83821	Brandt	Comp. Sci.	92000
98345	Kim	Elec. Eng.	80000
12121	Wu	Finance	90000
76543	Singh	Finance	
32343	El Said	History	60000
58583	Califieri	History	62000
15151	Mozart	Music	40000
22222	Einstein	Physics	95000
33456	Gold	Physics	87000

dept_name $\boldsymbol{\mathcal{G}}$ avg(salary) (INSTRUCTOR)

dept_name	avg-salary
Biology	72000
Comp. Sci. Elec. Eng.	77333 80000
Finance	85000
History	61000
Music	40000
Physics	91000





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Data Modifications





Deletion

Notation

$$r \leftarrow r - E$$

Example

prereq (course id, prereq id)

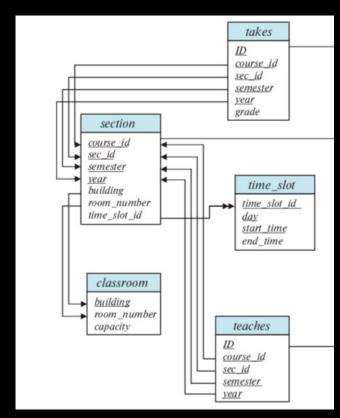
Delete all prerequisites of course "IF2240"

$$prereq \leftarrow prereq - \sigma_{course_id = "IF2240"} (prereq)$$





Deletion Examples



@Silberschatz et.al. (2020)

Delete the study plan of student with ID "13518000" for 1-2019 semester.

```
takes \leftarrow takes - \sigma_{ID="13518000" \land sem=1 \land year=2019} (takes)
```

Delete all sections that was taught by instructor with ID "132132132" for 2-2019 semester.

```
r_{1} \leftarrow \sigma_{ID} = "132132132" \land sem = 2 \land year = 2019 \ (teaches)
r_{2} \leftarrow \prod_{\substack{course\_id, sec\_id, sem, year\\ dicari yang sama}} (r_{1}) \bowtie takes \implies relasi gabungan dengan takes yang isinya semua kuliah dosennya yang sama (r_{1}) \bowtie section sesual sama (D, sem, year yang inemang ada kelasnya yang inemang ada yang ingambil supaya mahasiswa ga ngambil supaya mahasiswa ga ngambil section \leftarrow section \leftarrow section \leftarrow section - r_{3}
```





Insertion

Types

1.specify a tuple to be inserted

2.write a query whose result is a set of tuples to be inserted

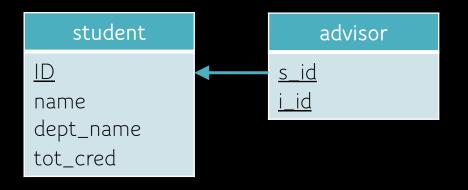
Notation

$$r \leftarrow r \cup E$$





Insertion – Example 1



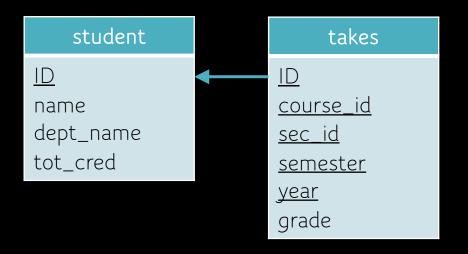
Insert information in the database specifying that a transfer student, Abdul, with ID 13518600 was enrolled to Comp. Sci. department with 36 total credit transfer and instructor 132132132 as his advisor.

```
student ← student
            {(13518600, "Abdul", "Comp. Sci.", 36)}
advisor \leftarrow advisor \cup \{(13518600, 132132132)\}
```





Insertion – Example 2



All students from Comp. Sci. dept with less than 130 total credits are automatically enrolled to course IF4000 in 2-2019 semester (evenly distributed to 3 available section IDs: 1, 2, 3)

```
r_1 \leftarrow \sigma_{dept\_name="Comp.Sci."} \land tot\_cred<130 (student)
takes \leftarrow takes \cup \prod_{ID, "IF4000", ((ID-1) mod 3)+1)} 2, 2019, \underset{qrade}{null} (r_1)
```





Updating

Use the generalized projection operator to do this task

$$r \leftarrow \prod_{F1, F2, ..., Fn} (r)$$

Each F_i is either

- \circ the i th attribute of r, if the i th attribute is not updated, or,
- \circ if the attribute is to be updated F_i is an expression, involving only constants and the attributes of r, which gives the new value for the attribute





Update Examples

instructor

name
dept_name
salary

Give a 5% salary raise to all instructors.

```
instructor \leftarrow \prod_{ID, name, dept_name, salary * 1.05} (instructor)
```

Give a 5% salary raise to those instructors who earn less than 70000.

```
instructor \leftarrow \prod_{ID, name, dept_name, salary * 1.05} (\sigma_{salary < 70000} (instructor))
```

$$\cup$$
 σ _{salary \geq 70000} (instructor)

Increase salaries of instructors whose salary is over \$70,000 by 3%, and all others receive a 5% raise.

```
instructor \leftarrow \prod_{ID, name, dept_name, salary * 1.05} (\sigma_{salary \leq 70000} (instructor))
\cup \prod_{ID, name, dept_name, salary * 1.03} (\sigma_{salary > 70000} (instructor))
```



