SPA (Single Page Application)

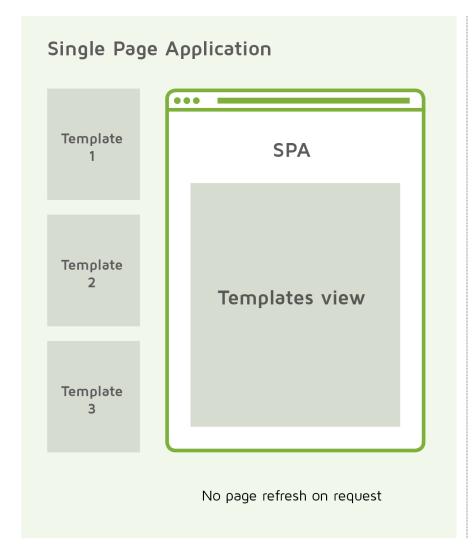
IF3110 – Web-based Application Development School of Electical Engineering and Informatics Institut Teknologi Bandung

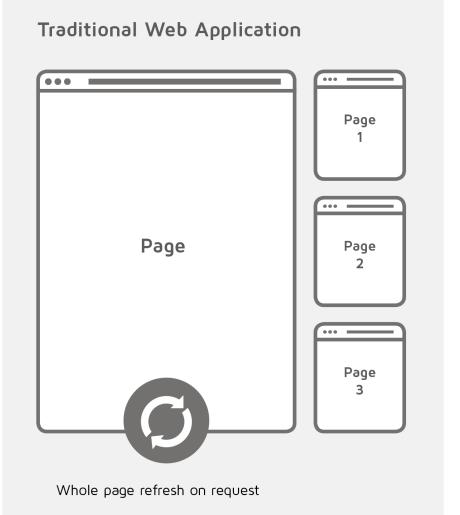
Single Page Application

A **single-page application** (**SPA**) is a web application or website that interacts with the user by dynamically rewriting the current web page with new data from the web server, instead of the default method of a web browser loading entire new pages.

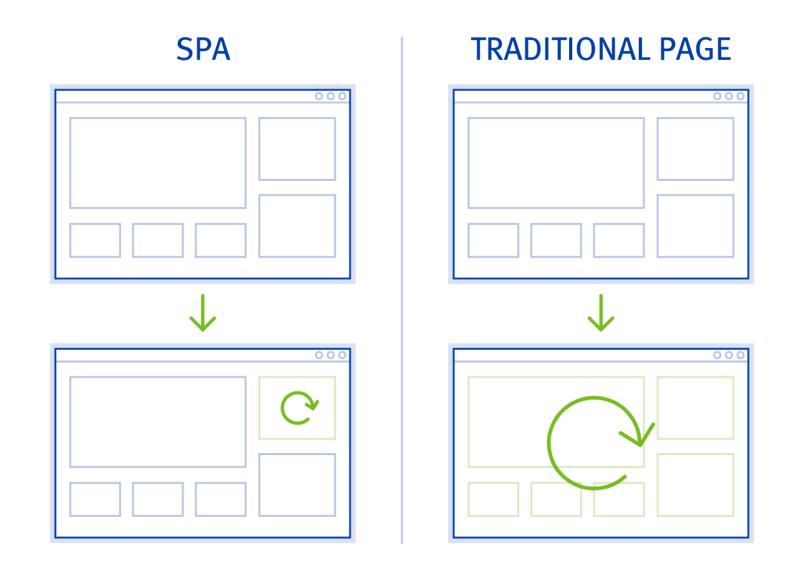
The goal is faster transitions that make the website feel more like a native app.

SPA vs. Traditional Page





SPA vs. Traditional Page



SPA Website Examples

- Google Workspace (GSuite)
 Gmail, Maps, Drive, Calendar, Meet, Classroom, etc
- Facebook
- Whatsapp web
- Instagram
- Twitter
- GitHub

Advantages of SPA

- Quick, majority of resources (HTML+CSS+Scripts) only loaded once
- Development is usually quicker and more efficient
- Optimised for debugging, developers can monitor network operations, investigate page elements and data associated
- Easier to create a mobile application based on it, developers can reuse the same backend code
- Efficient in caching any local storage, even offline

Disadvantages of SPA

- Need special tricks for SEO
- Slow to download, heavy client frameworks are required to be loaded to the client
- Require JavaScript in its active mode in users' browsers
- Less secure due to Cross-Site Scripting (XSS), it enables attackers to inject client-side scripts
- Memory leaks in JavaScript can lead to productivity drop for even powerful systems

Technical approaches

Document Hashes (URI fragments)

HTML/CSS authors can leverage element IDs or #target to show or hide different sections of the HTML document.

History API (new approach, more SEO friendly)

The History API provides access to the browser's session history. It exposes useful methods and properties that let you navigate back and forth through the user's history and manipulate the contents of the history stack.

AJAX

AJAX using asynchronous requests to a server for XML or JSON data using XMLHttpRequest or Fetch API.

WebSockets

bidirectional real-time client-server communication technology

Server-sent events

servers can initiate data transmission to browser clients.

Browser plugins

Silverlight, Flash, or Java applets