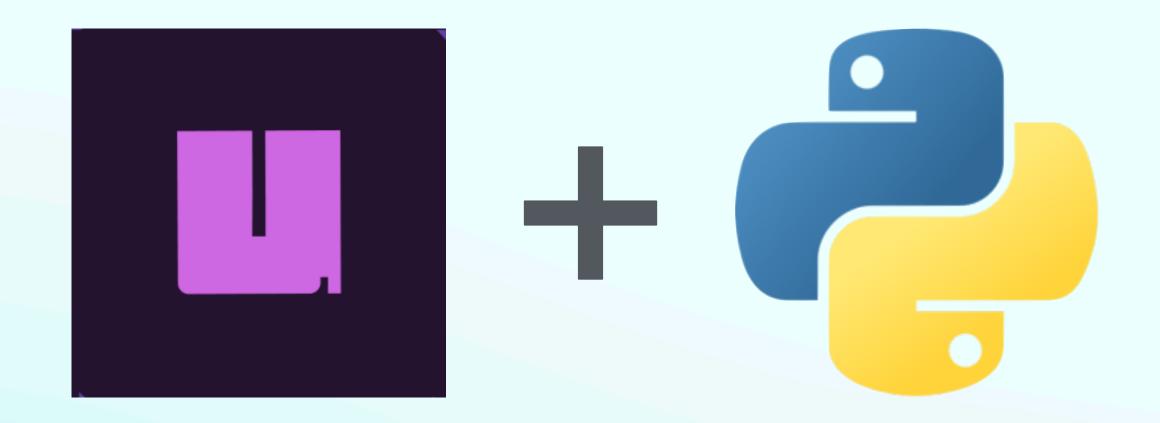
# Python Programming with uv



Hackers Cafe presentation
Gavin Wiggins https://gavinw.me
August 5, 2025

#### What is uv?

- A fast Python package and project manager tool written in Rust
- Developed by Astral who also created ruff (linter, formatter) and ty (type checker)
- Replaces tools like pip, tox, conda, pipenv, poetry, pdm, pipx, and more for Python projects
- Easily manage different versions of Python with uv
- Uses a global cache for dependency deduplication
- Install and run tools that are published as Python packages
- The most simple and easiest way to install Python and run Python code and tools

## Why not use system Python?

- Risk of Breaking System Tools: Many operating systems use their system Python installation to run essential tools. Installing or upgrading packages globally can break these tools or even destabilize your OS.
- **Permission Issues:** Modifying the system Python usually requires administrator or root privileges, which is a security risk and an inconvenience.
- Version Conflicts: The system Python version is often outdated and may not match the requirements of your project. Different projects may require different Python or package versions, which system Python cannot flexibly support.
- Reproducibility Problems: Sharing code or deploying to other machines becomes unreliable because system Python versions and installed packages can vary widely across platforms.
- Lack of Flexibility and Control: You have little control over the version of Python installed with your OS, and you might not be able to use newer features unless the OS itself updates.

**Always** use version management tools to create isolated virtual environments for each Python project. This approach protects your system, simplifies dependency management, and provides a reproducible development environment.



# Create a Python project with uv

(a directory of Python files)

# Create a Python project

```
$ uv init my-project
$ cd my-project
$ uv add numpy
$ uv run main.py
Hello from my-project!
a is [1 2 3 4 5]
```

my-project/

### Initial project structure

```
$ uv init my-project
$ cd my-project
$ uv add numpy
$ uv run main.py
Hello from my-project!
a is [1 2 3 4 5]
```

# Add a dependency

```
$ uv init my-project
$ cd my-project
$ uv add numpy
$ uv run main.py
Hello from my-project!
a is [1 2 3 4 5]
```

# Add a dependency

my-project/

.git/

```
$ uv init my-project
$ cd my-project
$ uv add numpy
$ uv run main.py
Hello from my-project!
a is [1 2 3 4 5]
```

```
.gitignore
python-version
venv/
main.py
pyproject.toml
README.md
uv.lock
           # pyproject.toml
           [project]
           name = "my-project"
           version = "0.1.0"
           description = "Add your description here"
           readme = "README.md"
           requires-python = ">=3.13"
           dependencies = [
               "numpy>=2.3.0",
```

#### Run the main file

```
$ uv init my-project
$ cd my-project
$ uv add numpy
$ uv run main.py
Hello from my-project!
a is [1 2 3 4 5]
```

```
# main.py
import numpy as np

def main():
    print("Hello from my-project!")
    a = np.array([1, 2, 3, 4, 5])
    print("a is", a)

if __name__ == "__main__":
    main()
```

# Compare uv to standard Python

```
$ uv init my-project
$ cd my-project
$ uv add numpy
  uv run main.py
With uv
                          Without uv
```

```
$ mkdir my-project
$ cd my-project
$ touch README.md main.py pyproject.toml
$ git init
$ python -m venv .venv
$ source .venv/bin/activate
$ pip install numpy
$ python main.py
$ deactivate
```

# Run Python scripts with uv

(a single Python file)

### Script with no dependencies

```
$ cd my-scripts
$ uv run example.py
Script using standard Python
Random number is 0.716128781864
```

```
# my-scripts/example.py
import random

def main():
    print("Script using standard Python")
    print("Random number is", random.random())

if __name__ == "__main__":
    main()
```

## Run the script

```
$ cd my-scripts
$ uv run example.py
Script using standard Python
Random number is 0.716128781864
```

```
# my-scripts/example.py
import random

def main():
    print("Script using standard Python")
    print("Random number is", random.random())

if __name__ == "__main__":
    main()
```

### Script with dependencies

```
$ cd my-scripts
$ uv add --script example2.py numpy
$ uv run example2.py
Hello from NumPy!
a is [1 2 3 4 5]
```

```
# my-scripts/example2.py
import numpy as np
def main():
    print("Hello from NumPy!")
    a = np.array([1, 2, 3, 4, 5])
    print("a is", a)
if ___name__ == "__main__":
    main()
```

### Script with dependencies

```
$ cd my-scripts
$ uv add --script example2.py numpy
$ uv run example2.py
Hello from NumPy!
a is [1 2 3 4 5]
```

```
# /// script
# requires-python = ">=3.13"
# dependencies = [
     "numpy",
# my-scripts/example2.py
import numpy as np
def main():
    print("Hello from NumPy!")
    a = np.array([1, 2, 3, 4, 5])
    print("a is", a)
if __name__ == "__main__":
    main()
```

## Run script with NumPy dependency

```
$ cd my-scripts
$ uv add —script example2.py numpy
$ uv run example2.py
Hello from NumPy!
a is [1 2 3 4 5]
```

```
# /// script
# requires-python = ">=3.13"
# dependencies = [
     "numpy",
# my-scripts/example2.py
import numpy as np
def main():
    print("Hello from NumPy!")
    a = np.array([1, 2, 3, 4, 5])
    print("a is", a)
if ___name__ == "__main__":
    main()
```

# Run Python tools with uv

(a Python package with a command-line interface)

## Run a Python tool

```
$ uv tool run pycowsay
< hello world! >
```

## Run a Python tool

```
$ uv tool run pycowsay hello world!
                                         equivalent
< hello world! >
```

```
$ uvx pycowsay hello world!
< hello world! >
```

## Install a Python tool

```
$ uv tool install genja
$ genja -version
25.3
$ uv tool list
genja v25.3.1
- genja
```

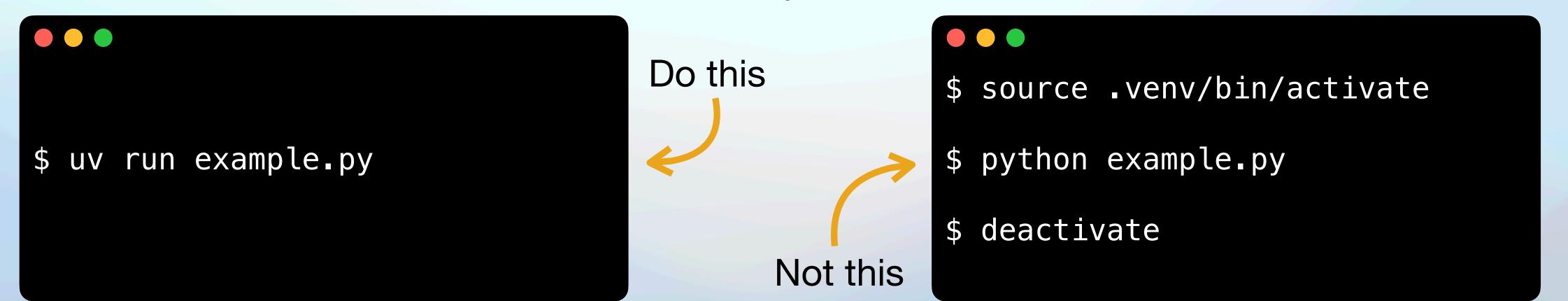
#### More uv commands

\$ uvx jupyter notebook Run a Jupyter notebook \$ uv tree View tree of project dependencies \$ uv python list List available Python installations \$ uv add --dev ruff Add a development dependency \$ uv run python Run a Python REPL Sync lock file with project \$ uv sync \$ uv self update Upgrade uv \$ uv run --env-file .env app.py Load environment variables

#### With uv...

- There is no extra step to install Python
- There is no manual activation of the virtual environment
- There is no pip installation of packages
- There is no manual virtual environment deactivation
- There is just uv

To run a Python file...



## Comparing uv and pixi project creation

Using new Lambda Cloud instance with A100 GPU and no cache

```
$ uv init myproject [0.073s]
$ cd myproject
$ uv add matplotlib ruff torch torchvision torchaudio [27.395s]
```

Total = 27 seconds

```
$ pixi init myproject2 [0.017s]
$ cd myproject2
$ pixi add matplotlib ruff [5.180s]
$ pixi add --pypi torch torchvision torchaudio [26.912s]
```

Total = 32 seconds

#### uv is awesome!

https://docs.astral.sh/uv/ for uv installation and usage instructions

https://discord.com/invite/astral-sh for Astral Discord community

https://github.com/astral-sh/uv for uv GitHub repository

