```
import numpy as np
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
import seaborn as sns
import pandas as pd
from IPython.display import display, HTML
from typing import NamedTuple, List
```

Gaussian Bandit Environment

```
class GaussianArm(NamedTuple):
In [ ]:
           mean: float
           std: float
         class Env:
           def __init__(self, num_arms: int, mean_reward_range: tuple, std: float):
             num arms: number of bandit arms
             mean_reward_range: mean reward of an arm should lie between
                                the given range
             std: standard deviation of the reward for each arm
             self.num arms = num arms
             self.arms = self.create_arms(num_arms, mean_reward_range, std)
           def create arms(self, n: int, mean reward range: tuple, std: float) -> dict:
             low_rwd, high_rwd = mean_reward_range
             # creates "n" number of mean reward for each arm
             means = np.random.uniform(low=low rwd, high=high rwd, size=(n,))
             arms = {id: GaussianArm(mu, std) for id, mu in enumerate(means)}
             return arms
           @property
           def arm ids(self):
             return list(self.arms.keys())
           def step(self, arm_id: int) -> float:
             arm = self.arms[arm id]
             return np.random.normal(arm.mean, arm.std)
                                                           # Reward
           def get best arm and expected reward(self):
             best_arm_id = max(self.arms, key=lambda x: self.arms[x].mean)
             return best arm id, self.arms[best arm id].mean
           def get avg arm reward(self):
             arm mean rewards = [v.mean for v in self.arms.values()]
             return np.mean(arm_mean_rewards)
           def plot arms reward distribution(self, num samples=1000):
             This function is only used to visualize the arm's distrbution.
             fig, ax = plt.subplots(1, 1, sharex=False, sharey=False, figsize=(9, 5))
             colors = sns.color_palette("hls", self.num_arms)
             for i, arm id in enumerate(self.arm ids):
               reward_samples = [self.step(arm_id) for _ in range(num_samples)]
               sns.histplot(reward samples, ax=ax, stat="density", kde=True, bins=100, color=col
```

```
ax.legend()
```

Policy

```
In []: class BasePolicy:
    @property
    def name(self):
        return 'base_policy'

    def reset(self):
        """
        This function resets the internal variable.
        """
        pass

    def update_arm(self, *args):
        """
        This function keep track of the estimates that we may want to update during training.
        """
        pass

    def select_arm(self) -> int:
        """
        It returns arm_id
        """
        raise Exception("Not Implemented")
```

Random Policy

```
In []:
    class RandomPolicy(BasePolicy):
        def __init__(self, arm_ids: List[int]):
            self.arm_ids = arm_ids

        @property
        def name(self):
            return 'random'

        def reset(self) -> None:
            """No use."""
        pass

        def update_arm(self, *args) -> None:
            """No use."""
        pass

        def select_arm(self) -> int:
        return np.random.choice(self.arm_ids)
```

```
return f'ep-greedy ep:{self.epsilon}'

def reset(self) -> None:
    self.Q = {id: 0 for id in self.arm_ids}
    self.num_pulls_per_arm = {id: 0 for id in self.arm_ids}

def update_arm(self, arm_id: int, arm_reward: float) -> None:
    # your code for updating the Q values of each arm
    self.num_pulls_per_arm[arm_id] +=1
    self.Q[arm_id] = self.Q[arm_id] + (arm_reward-self.Q[arm_id])/self.num_pulls_per_ar

def select_arm(self) -> int:
    # your code for selecting arm based on epsilon greedy policy
    rand = np.random.uniform(1,0)
    if rand < self.epsilon:
        return np.random.choice(self.arm_ids)
    else:
        return max(self.Q, key=lambda x:self.Q[x])</pre>
```

```
In [ ]:
         class SoftmaxPolicy(BasePolicy):
           def __init__(self, tau, arm_ids):
             self.tau = tau
             self.arm ids = arm ids
             self.Q = {id: 0 for id in self.arm ids}
             self.num pulls per arm = {id: 0 for id in self.arm ids}
           @property
           def name(self):
             return f'softmax tau:{self.tau}'
           def reset(self):
             self.Q = {id: 0 for id in self.arm ids}
             self.num pulls per arm = {id: 0 for id in self.arm ids}
           def update_arm(self, arm_id: int, arm_reward: float) -> None:
             # your code for updating the Q values of each arm
             self.num pulls per arm[arm id] +=1
             self.Q[arm id] = self.Q[arm id] + (arm reward-self.Q[arm id])/self.num pulls per ar
           def select arm(self) -> int:
             # your code for selecting arm based on softmax policy
             probs = np.zeros(len(self.arm ids))
             z = max(self.Q.values())
             for i in range(len(self.arm ids)):
               probs[i] = np.exp((self.Q[i]-z)/self.tau)
             probs = probs/np.sum(probs)
             return np.random.choice(self.arm ids, p = probs)
```

```
In [ ]: class UCB(BasePolicy):
    # your code here

    def __init__(self, arm_ids: List[int]):
        self.arm_ids = arm_ids
        self.Q = {id: 0 for id in self.arm_ids}
        self.num_pulls_per_arm = {id: 0 for id in self.arm_ids}
```

```
@property
def name(self):
    return 'UCB1'

def reset(self):
    self.Q = {id: 0 for id in self.arm_ids}
    self.num_pulls_per_arm = {id: 0 for id in self.arm_ids}

def update_arm(self, arm_id: int, arm_reward: float) -> None:
    self.num_pulls_per_arm[arm_id] +=1
    self.Q[arm_id] = self.Q[arm_id] + (arm_reward-self.Q[arm_id])/self.num_pulls_per_arm

def select_arm(self) -> int:
    param = {id: 0 for id in self.arm_ids}
    total_pulls = sum(self.num_pulls_per_arm.values())
    for i in range(len(self.arm_ids)):
        param[i] = self.Q[i] + np.sqrt(2*np.log(total_pulls)/self.num_pulls_per_arm[i])
    return max(param, key = lambda x:param[x])
```

Trainer

```
def train(env, policy: BasePolicy, timesteps):
In [ ]:
           policy_reward = np.zeros((timesteps,))
           for t in range(timesteps):
             arm id = policy.select arm()
             reward = env.step(arm id)
             policy.update arm(arm id, reward)
             policy reward[t] = reward
           return policy_reward
         def avg_over_runs(env, policy: BasePolicy, timesteps, num_runs):
           _, expected_max_reward = env.get_best_arm_and_expected_reward()
           policy reward each run = np.zeros((num runs, timesteps))
           for run in range(num runs):
             policy.reset()
             policy reward = train(env, policy, timesteps)
             policy_reward_each_run[run, :] = policy_reward
           # calculate avg policy reward from policy reward each run
           avg_policy_rewards = np.average(policy_reward_each_run, axis=0) # your code here (typ
           total_policy_regret = np.sum(expected_max_reward - avg_policy_rewards) # your code he
           return avg policy rewards, total policy regret
```

```
In [ ]:
    def plot_reward_curve_and_print_regret(env, policies, timesteps=200, num_runs=500):
        fig, ax = plt.subplots(1, 1, sharex=False, sharey=False, figsize=(10, 6))
        for policy in policies:
            avg_policy_rewards, total_policy_regret = avg_over_runs(env, policy, timesteps, num
            print('regret for {}: {:.3f}'.format(policy.name, total_policy_regret))
            ax.plot(np.arange(timesteps), avg_policy_rewards, '-', label=policy.name)

            _, expected_max_reward = env.get_best_arm_and_expected_reward()
            ax.plot(np.arange(timesteps), [expected_max_reward]*timesteps, 'g-')

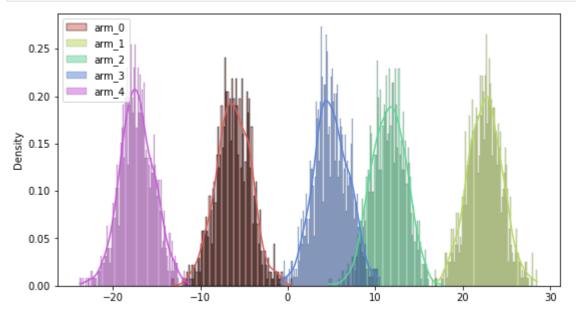
            avg_arm_reward = env.get_avg_arm_reward()
            ax.plot(np.arange(timesteps), [avg_arm_reward]*timesteps, 'r-')
```

```
plt.legend(loc='lower right')
plt.show()
```

Experiments

```
In [ ]: seed = 42
    np.random.seed(seed)

    num_arms = 5
    mean_reward_range = (-25, 25)
    std = 2.0
```



```
In [ ]: best_arm, max_mean_reward = env.get_best_arm_and_expected_reward()
    print(best_arm, max_mean_reward)
```

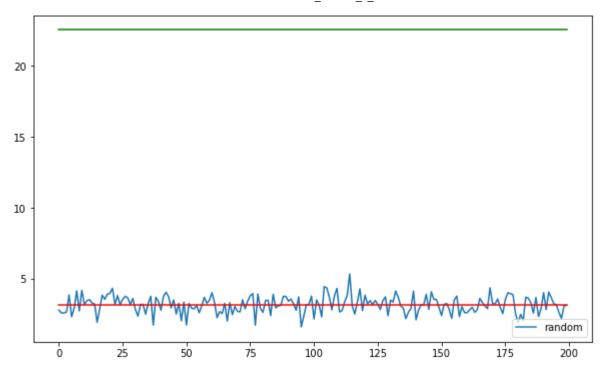
1 22.53571532049581

```
In [ ]: print(env.get_avg_arm_reward())
```

3.119254917081568

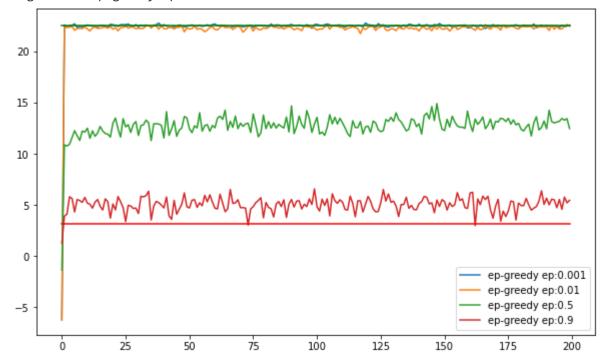
Please explore following values:

- Epsilon greedy: [0.001, 0.01, 0.5, 0.9]
- Softmax: [0.001, 1.0, 5.0, 50.0]



In []: explore_epgreedy_epsilons = [0.001, 0.01, 0.5, 0.9]
 epgreedy_policies = [EpGreedyPolicy(ep, env.arm_ids) for ep in explore_epgreedy_epsilon
 plot_reward_curve_and_print_regret(env, epgreedy_policies, timesteps=200, num_runs=500)

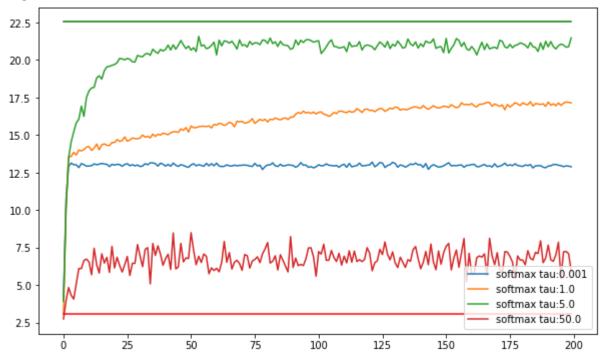
regret for ep-greedy ep:0.001: 33.465 regret for ep-greedy ep:0.01: 76.513 regret for ep-greedy ep:0.5: 1964.964 regret for ep-greedy ep:0.9: 3503.974



In []: explore_softmax_taus = [0.001, 1.0, 5.0, 50.0]
 softmax_polices = [SoftmaxPolicy(tau, env.arm_ids) for tau in explore_softmax_taus]
 plot_reward_curve_and_print_regret(env, softmax_polices, timesteps=200, num_runs=500)

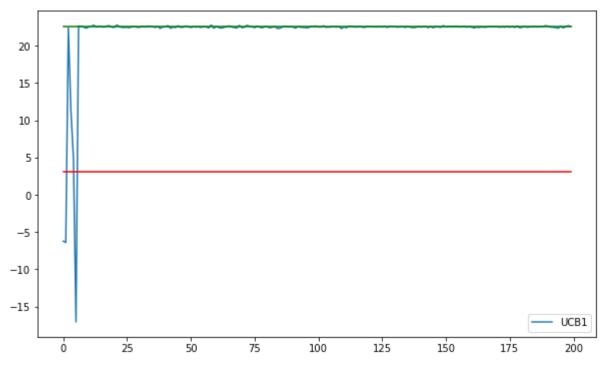
regret for softmax tau:0.001: 1919.966 regret for softmax tau:1.0: 1307.562

regret for softmax tau:5.0: 414.835 regret for softmax tau:50.0: 3169.759



```
In [ ]: UCB_policy = UCB(env.arm_ids)
   plot_reward_curve_and_print_regret(env, [UCB_policy], timesteps=200, num_runs=500)
```

<ipython-input-37-15d3548ea463>:24: RuntimeWarning: divide by zero encountered in log
 param[i] = self.Q[i] + np.sqrt(2*np.log(total_pulls)/self.num_pulls_per_arm[i])
<ipython-input-37-15d3548ea463>:24: RuntimeWarning: invalid value encountered in sqrt
 param[i] = self.Q[i] + np.sqrt(2*np.log(total_pulls)/self.num_pulls_per_arm[i])
<ipython-input-37-15d3548ea463>:24: RuntimeWarning: invalid value encountered in double_
scalars
 param[i] = self.Q[i] + np.sqrt(2*np.log(total_pulls)/self.num_pulls_per_arm[i])
<ipython-input-37-15d3548ea463>:24: RuntimeWarning: divide by zero encountered in double_
scalars
 param[i] = self.Q[i] + np.sqrt(2*np.log(total_pulls)/self.num_pulls_per_arm[i])
regret for UCB1: 126.343



In []:

Optional: Please explore different values of epsilon, tau and verify how does the behaviour changes.

In []: