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Section 1 Chemical Product and Company Identification

Product Identifier MiraBrass[®], Uncoated

Product Number IR-BRS7201, IR-BRS7202, IR-BRS7210, IR-BRS7226, IF-BRS7262

General Use Foil stamping or embossing

Company UEI Systems®, a UEI Group Company

Address 9090 Nieman Road

Overland Park, KS 66214 USA

Phone +1 800 221 9059 or +1 913 541 0503

Emergency Contact Number CHEMTEL – Available 24 hours/day, 7 days/week

Domestic North America: +1 800 255 3924

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Section 2

Hazards Identification

GHS Classification

Hazard Class	Hazard Category	Route of Exposure		
Sensitization, Skin	1	-		
Serious Eye Damage/Eye Irritation	2A	-		
Carcinogenicity	2B	_		
Toxic to Reproduction	1A	-		
Specific Target Organ Toxicity, Repeated Exposure	1	Nervous System		

GHS Labeling

Contains Copper (7440-50-8), Zinc (7440-66-6), Lead (7439-92-1)





Danger

Hazard Statement May cause an allergic skin reaction.

Causes serious eye irritation. Suspected of causing cancer.

Causes damage to nervous system through prolonged or repeated exposure.

May damage fertility or the unborn child.

Precautionary Statements Do not breathe dust/fume/gas/mist/vapors/spray.

Wash hands thoroughly after handling.

Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.

Obtain special instructions before use.

Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood.

Wear protective gloves.

Wear eye protection/face protection.

Contaminated work clothing must not be allowed out of the workplace.



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Section 2	Hazards Identification, co	ntinued			
Response	Get medical advice/attention if you feel unwell. If on skin: Wash with plenty of water. If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice/attention. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. If in eyes: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention.				
Storage	Store locked up.				
Disposal	·				
Section 3	Hazardous Ingredients / I	dentity Informat	ion		
	Hazardous Components	CAS No.	%		
Metal	Copper Zinc Tin Lead	7440-50-8 7440-66-6 7440-31-5 7439-92-1	55–65 30–45 <1 <4		
Section 4	First Aid Measures				
Inhalation	Remove to fresh air. If not breath If breathing is difficult, give oxyg		piration.		
Ingestion	Wash out mouth with water. Do	not induce vomiting	if conscious. Call a physician.		
Eye Contact	Immediately flush eyes with larg	e amounts of water fo	or at least 15 minutes.		
Skin Contact	or at least 15 minutes while removing e eating and smoking.				
Section 5	Firefighting Measures				
Flammable/Combustible Properties	This product does not present fir Dust and fines may be readily ign	•	ds as shipped.		
Fire/Explosion	 May be a potential hazard under the following conditions: Heavily concentrated dust clouds are dispersed in the air. Dust or fines dispersed in the air can be explosive if subjected to a strong ignition source. Molten metal in contact with water/moisture. Moisture entrapped by molten metal can be explosive. 				
Extinguishing Media	Use Class D extinguishing agent	on dusts, fines or m	olten metal.		
Unsuitable Extinguishing Media	Do Not Use: • Halogenated agents on dust or • Water around molten metal. These agents will react with the				
Firefighting Equipment/Instructions	rs Fire fighters should wear NIOSH-approved, positive pressure, self-contained breathing apparatus and full protective clothing when appropriate.				



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Section 6	Section 6 Accidental Release Measures								
Personal Precautions	Wear gloves and approved respiratory protection if possibility of dust, mist and fume exposure exists.								
Environmental Precautions	Brass-containing waste is normally collected for recycling. Should waste disposal be deemed necessary, follow Federal, State, or Local regulations.								
Methods for Cleaning Up	Do not use compressed air for cleaning.								
Section 7	Handling and Storage								
	Do not breathe dust or smoke. Avoid activities that raise dust or smoke. Avoid contact with the eyes and skin. Wash hands thoroughly after handling. Store in a normal dry warehouse.								
Section 8	Component Exposu	ıre Limits							
	Hazardous Components	CAS No.	OSHA (PEL/TWA)	ACGIH TLV				
Metal	Copper	7440-50-8	1 mg/m 0.1 mg/m		1 mg/m³, Dust 0.2 mg/m³, Fume				
	Zinc	7440-66-6	15 m	-	10 mg/m ³				
	Tin	7440-31-5	2 mg		2 mg/m ³				
	Lead	7439-92-1	.05 m	g/m³	.05 mg/m³				
Component Exposure Limits									
Appropriate Engineering Controls	When handling molten br gloves and respirator if ne Do not eat, drink or smoke	eded, must be used	Avoid inge	stion and inha	lation of dust and fumes.				
Personal Respiratory Protection	Use NIOSH/MSHA approv	ed dust respirator t	o avoid exc	essive inhalati	ion of dust, fume or mist.				
Personal Hand Protection	Use protective gloves ag	ainst melt splashing	g.						
Eye Protection	Use safety glasses or face	shield in exposure	to dust, fui	me or mist an	d when handling melt.				
Skin Protection	Protective clothing agair entrance in the boots.	nst melt splashing. \	Vear trouse	r legs outside	e boots to avoid melt				
Section 9	Physical and Chemi	cal Properties							
Appearance/Odor	Yellow/No odor	Odor T	hreshold	No data					
рН	No data	Boil	ing Point	No data					
Melting Point	>1,630° (885°C)	Solub	ility (H ₂ O)	Insoluble in	water				
Specific Gravity	No data		Density	0.307lb/in ³ ((8.5g/cc)				
Octanol/H ₂ O Coefficient	No data	Evapora	tion Rate	No data					
Molecular Weight	No data D	ecomposition Tem	perature	No data					
Auto Ignition	No data	Lower Flammab	ility Limit	No data					
Flash Point	No data	Upper Flammab	ility Limit	No data					
Vapor Density	No data	Vapor	Pressure	No data					
VOC	No data	Flammab	ility Class	No data					
Viscosity	No data								
•									



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Section 10 Chemical Stability and Reactivity

Stability Stable under normal handling conditions

Incompatibility None known

Hazardous Decomposition/

By-Products Thermal decomposition products of the cured coating may yield small quantities of fine

particulates and gases from the fluoropolymer that can include hydrogen fluoride.

Hazardous Polymerization Will not occur

Section 11 Toxicological Information

Likely routes of exposure Brass compounds may be toxic by inhalation, injection, and skin or eye exposure.

Acute Effects Inhalation

Exposure to fumes or dust may cause irritation of the nose and upper respiratory tract, as well as sneezing and coughing. Perforation of the nasal septum can also occur. "Metal fume

fever", with respiratory and flu-like symptoms such as chills and muscle aches, may result from exposure to fumes or fine dust. The incidence of copper-induced metal fume fever is

low due to the high temperatures required to volatilize copper.

Eye Contact Exposure of the eyes to copper fumes or dust can cause irritation, conjunctivitis, palpebral

edema, ulceration and corneal turbidity. Eye irritation, uveitis, abscess and loss of the eye may also occur from the mechanical action of lodged copper particles. Penetration of the eye by fine fragments can result in severe ocular damage. Corneal discoloration

(Kayser-Fleischer ring) is a hallmark of Wilson disease.

Skin Contact Skin exposure may cause irritation, itching, eczema, allergic contact dermatitis, hypersensi-

tivity, and a greenish discoloration of the hair, teeth and skin.

Ingestion Acute ingestion of copper salts can cause irritation, severe nausea and vomiting, salivation,

abdominal pain, epigastric burning, hemolysis, gastrointestinal bleeding with hemorrhagic gastritis, hematemesis and melena, anemia, hypotension, jaundice, seizures, coma, shock and death. Hepatic and renal failure may develop several days after acute ingestion. Methe-

moglobinemia may rarely occur. Copper may produce a metallic or sweet taste.

Sensitization Skin exposure may cause irritation, itching, eczema, allergic contact dermatitis, hypersensi-

tivity, and a greenish discoloration of the hair, teeth and skin.

Carcinogenicity Lead Classification

B2; probable human carcinogen

Target Organ Effects

Lead (7439-92-1) Impairment of psychological and neurobehavioral functions has been found after long-term

lead exposure of workers.

Reproductive Toxicity The reproductive effects of lead in the male are limited to sperm morphology and count. In

the female, some adverse pregnancy outcomes have been attributed to lead.

Pregnancy and lactation further increase mobilization of lead from the maternal skeleton

with proportionate increase in blood lead in the prenatal period.

Teratogenicity Lead has been shown to be associated with impaired neurobehavioral functioning in

children. Impairment of psychological and neurobehavioral functions has been found after long-term lead exposure of workers. Electrophysiological parameters have been shown to be useful indicators of subclinical lead effects in the CNS. Peripheral neuropathy has long been known to be caused by long-term high-level lead exposure at the workplace. Slowing

of nerve conduction velocity has been found at lower levels.



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Section 12

Ecological Information

Ecotoxicity

No data is available on this product. Individual constituents are as following:

Component Species		Exposure Time	LC50/EC50/IC50
Copper (7440-50-8)	Selenastrum capricornatum (green alga)	14 days	EC50 85 ug/l
	Oncorhynchus kisutch (coho salmon)	96 hrs	LC50 286 ug/l
Zinc (7440-66-6)	Daphnia magna (water flea)	48 hrs	LC50 0.068 mg/l
Lead (7439-92-1)	Chlamydomonas reinhardtii (green algae)	3 min	EC50 0.0000022 M
	Daphnia magna (water flea)	48 hrs	LC50 4400 ug/l

Persistence/Degradability

No evidence was found to indicate that there is any biotransformation process for copper compounds.

Bioaccumulative Potential

Copper is accumulated by all plants and animals.

Mobility in Soil

Copper is relatively mobile in soils.

Zinc is strongly adsorbed to soils at pH 5 or greater and is expected to have low mobility in most soils. Lead in the soil has a limited mobility except when soluble organic complexes or when the soil lead exchange capacity approaches saturation.

Section 13

Disposal Considerations

Disposal Instructions

Dispose in accordance with federal, state, provincial, and local regulations. Regulations may also apply to empty containers. The responsibility for proper waste disposal lies with the owner of the waste. This product may be a candidate for metal reclamation.

Section 14

Transportation Information

The material in not regulated under DOT provisions.

Section 15

Regulatory Information

	SARA ¹	SARA ¹ EHS	RCRA ²	CERCLA ³	CERCLA ³ RQ	TSCA⁴
Copper	Listed	Not listed	Not listed	Listed per CWA Section 307(a)	5000 lb (2268 kg)	Listed
Zinc	Listed	Not listed	Not listed	Listed per CWA Section 307(a)	1000 lb (453.5 kg)	Listed
Lead	Listed	Not listed	Listed	Listed per CWA Section 307(a)	10 lb (4.535 kg)	Listed

Component Analysis - State

Component	CA	MA	MN	NJ	PA	RI
Copper (7440-50-8)	N	Υ	Υ	Υ	Υ	Υ
Zinc (7440-66-6)	N	Υ	N	Υ	Υ	Υ
Lead (7439-92-1)	Υ	Υ	Υ	Υ	Υ	Υ

California Prop 65

Warning: This product contains a chemical known to the State of California to cause cancer. **Warning**: This product contains a chemical known to the State of California to cause birth defects or other reproductive harm.

Safety Sheet



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Section 16

Other Information

UEI Systems[®] provides the information contained herein in good faith. It is believed to be correct. However it is not all-inclusive and should be used only as a guide. Individuals receiving this information must exercise their independent judgement in determining its appropriateness for a particular purpose. UEI Systems shall not be held liable for any damage resulting from handling or from contact with this product. All information appearing herein is based upon data obtained from the manufacturer and/or recognized technical sources.

Abbreviations

PEL Permissible Exposure Limit

TLV Threshold Limit Value

End Notes

1. SARA - Signed into law in 1986, the Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act (SARA) is an extension of CERCLA, and is intended to encourage and support local and state emergency planning efforts. SARA provides citizens and local governments with information about potential chemical hazards, and calls for facilities that store hazardous materials to provide officials and citizens with data on the type and amount on hand at specific locations. This field states whether a material is listed or not listed in section 372.65 of SARA. EHS - This states if a material is listed or not listed in Appendix B to part 355, the SARA Extremely Hazardous Substances (EHS) section. RQ is the reportable quantity. TPQ is the Threshold Planning Quantity.

2. RCRA - The Resource Conservation and Recovery Act enacted in 1976 and subsequently amended, controls solidwaste disposal and encourages recycling. This states whether a material is listed or not listed under this regulation. If listed the Hazardous Waste Number and waste characterization assigned by RCRA is also provided. 3. CERCLA - Enacted in 1980 and amended thereafter, the Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation, and Liability Act provides for identification and cleanup of hazardous materials released on land, into the air, waterways, and groundwater. It covers areas affected by newly released materials and older leaking or abandoned dump sites. This states whether a material is listed or not listed in CERCLA Table 302.4. If listed the section(s) that it is listed under and the Reportable Quantity (RQ) are also provided. 4. TSCA - The Toxic Substances Control Act controls the exposure to and use of raw industrial chemicals not subject to other laws. This states whether the chemical is listed or not listed under this regulation.

Revision 21 April 2020

Supersedes 02 February 2015

Evidence http://toxnet.nlm.nih.gov/cgi-bin/sis/search/f?./temp/~uCl2Um:4

http://toxnet.nlm.nih.gov/cgi-bin/sis/search/f?./temp/~njkGDl:1 http://toxnet.nlm.nih.gov/cgi-bin/sis/search/f?./temp/~uCl2Um:3

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