

1. 64 MB physical memory , 32 bits logical address space

page size 4KB , entry 4 bytes

$$(a) \quad 2^{32} / 4KB = 2^{32} / 2^{12} = 2^{20}$$

$$2^{20} \times 4 \text{ bytes} = 4 \text{ MB} \#$$

$$(b) \quad 256 \text{ entries} = 2^8 \text{ entries}$$

p	d
20	12

$$20 - 8 = 12$$

$$2^8 \times 4 \text{ bytes} = 1 \text{ KB (first level)}$$

$$2^{12} \times 4 \text{ bytes} = 16 \text{ KB (second level)} \# \quad 1 \text{ KB} + 16 \text{ KB} = 17 \text{ KB} \#$$

$$(c) \quad 28 \times 4 \text{ bytes} = 112 \text{ bytes} \#$$

$$(d) \quad 64 \text{ MB} = 64 \times 2^{10} \text{ KB}$$

$$64 \times 2^{10} / 4 = 16 \times 2^{10}$$

$$16 \times 2^{10} \times 4 = 64 \times 2^{10} \text{ bytes} = 64 \text{ KB} \#$$

$$2. (a) (100-86) + (117-86) + (117-91) + (150-91) + (150-102)$$

$$= 14 + 31 + 26 + 59 + 48 = 178 \#$$

$$(b) (100-102) + (102-91) + (91-86) + (117-86) + (150-117)$$

$$= 2 + 11 + 5 + 31 + 33 = 82 \#$$

$$(c) (100-91) + (91-86) + (86-0) + (102-0) + (117-102) + (150-102)$$

$$= 100 + 150 = 250 \#$$

$$(d) 100 + (199-102) + (199-0)$$

$$= 100 + 97 + 199 = 396 \#$$

$$(e) (100-86) + (150-86) = 14 + 64 = 78 \#$$

3. (a) 4 (b) 2 (c) 1 (d) 3 (e) 5

4.  $0C42 = 0000\ 1100\ 0100\ 0010$

1KB =  $2^{10}$  bytes

$000011 = 3 \Rightarrow 0110\ 0111\ 0111$

+  $0000\ 0100\ 0010$

$0110\ 1011\ 1001$

(a) index number

= 3 #

(b) linear address

=  $0110\ 1011\ 1001$  #

256 bytes =  $2^8$  bytes

$0110\ 1011\ 1001$

$0110 = 6 \Rightarrow 7 = 0111$

(c) index number

= 6 #

(d) physical address

=  $0111\ 1011\ 1001$  #