Machine Learning HW5

ML TAs mlta-2023-spring@googlegroups.com

Outline

- 1. Machine translation
- 2. Workflow
- 3. Training tips
- 4. Requiements
- 5. Gradescope
- 6. JudgeBoi Guide
- 7. Regulation and Grading policy

Links

<u>JudgeBoi</u>

<u>Gradescope</u>

Cool discussion

Colab sample code

Kaggle sample code

Machine Translation

Machine Translation

In this homework, we'll translate English to Traditional Chinese e.g.

● Thank you so much, Chris. -> 非常謝謝你, 克里斯。

Since sentences are with different length in different languages, the seq2seq framework is applied to this task.

Training datasets

- Paired data
 - TED2020: TED talks with transcripts translated by a global community of volunteers to more than 100 language
 - We will use (en, zh-tw) aligned pairs
- Monolingual data
 - More TED talks in traditional Chinese

Evaluation

source: Cats are so cute

target: <mark>貓</mark>咪真<mark>可愛</mark>

output: <mark>貓</mark>好<mark>可愛</mark>

BLEU

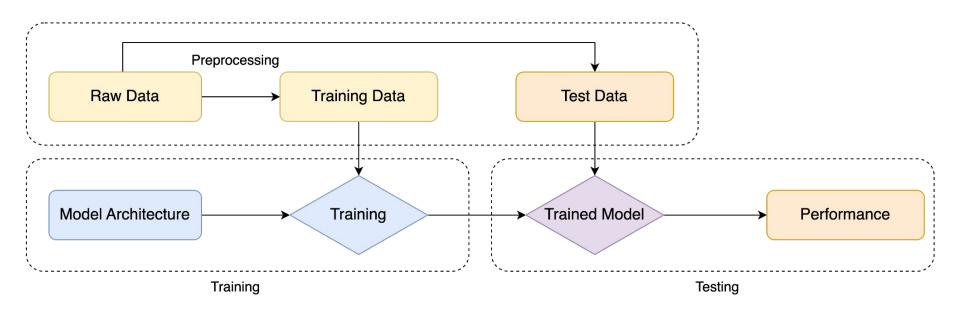
Modified n-gram precision (n = 1~4)

BLEU= BP · exp
$$\left(\sum_{n=1}^{N} w_n \log p_n\right)$$

- BP: brevity penalty, w_n: weights, p_n: n-gram precision
- In brevity, BLEU measures the similarity between the output and target
- Due to the high variance, training more epochs may stabilize your results

Workflow

Workflow



Workflow

1. Preprocessing

- a. download raw data
- b. clean and normalize
- c. remove bad data (too long/short)
- d. tokenization

2. Training

- a. initialize a model
- b. train it with training data

3. Testing

- a. generate translation of test data
- b. evaluate the performance

Training tips

Training tips

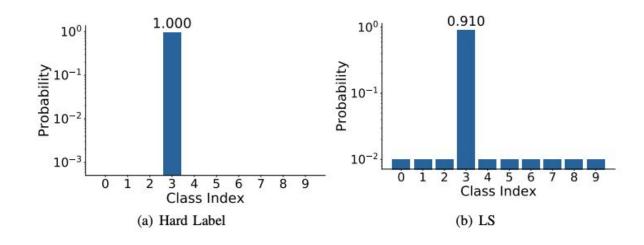
- Tokenize data with sub-word units
- Label smoothing regularization
- Learning rate scheduling
- Back-translation

Tokenize

- Tokenize data with subword units
 - Reduce the vocabulary size
 - Alleviate the open vocabulary problem
 - Example
 - _ put _your s el ve s _in _my _po s ition _.
 - Put yourselves in my position.

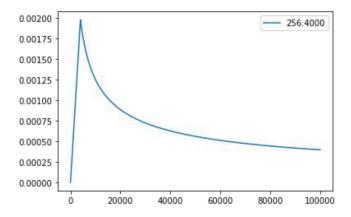
Label smoothing

- Label smoothing regularization
 - When calculating loss, reserve some probability for incorrect labels
 - Avoids overfitting



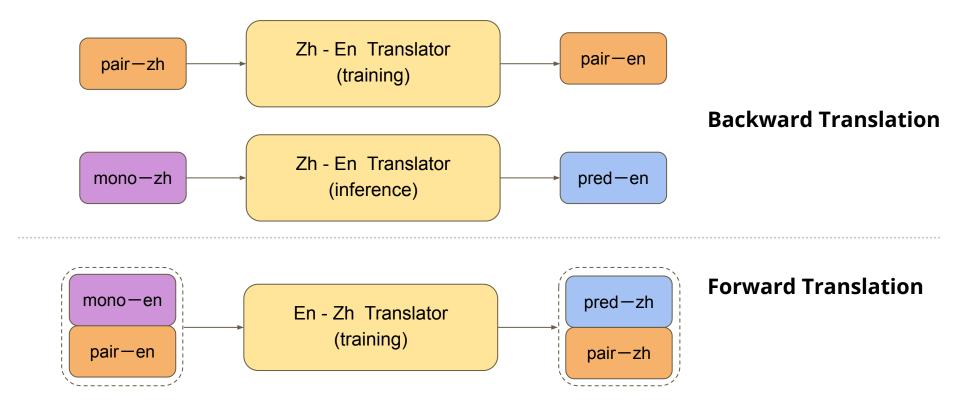
Learning rate scheduling

- Learning rate scheduling
 - Increasing the learning rate linearly for the first warmup_steps training steps, and
 decreasing it thereafter proportionally to the inverse square root of the step number.
 - Stabilizing training for transformers in early stages



Back translation





Back translation

Using monolingual data for creating synthetic translation data

- 1. Train a translation system in the **opposite direction**
- 2. Collect monolingual data in target side and apply machine traslation
- 3. Use the translated and original monolingual datasets as additional parallel data to train stronger translation systems

Back translation

Some points to note about back-translation

- 1. Monolingual data should be in the same domain as the parallel corpus
- 2. The performance of the backward model is critical

Requirements

Baselines

Baseline	Public score	Estimated time (kaggle)	
Simple	15.05	1 hour	
Medium	18.44	2 hours	
Strong	23.57	3 hours	
Boss	30.08	> 12 hours	

Baseline Guide

- Simple Baseline: Train a simple RNN seq2seq to acheive translation
- Medium Baseline: Add learning rate scheduler and train longer
- Strong Baseline: Switch to Transformer and tuning hyperparameter
- Boss Baseline: Apply back-translation

Simple Baseline

Train a simple RNN seq2seq to acheive translation

Running the sample code should pass the baseline

Medium Baseline

Add learning rate scheduler and train longer

```
lrate = d_{model}^{-0.5} \cdot \min(step\_num^{-0.5}, step\_num \cdot warmup\_steps^{-1.5})  \begin{tabular}{ll} def & get\_rate(d\_model, & step\_num, & warmup\_step): \\ & \# & TODO: & Change & lr & from & constant & to & the \\ equation & shown & above \\ & lr & = & 0.001 \\ & return & lr \\ \end{tabular}
```

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config = Namespace(
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    max_epoch=15, # medium: → 30
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```

Strong Baseline

dropout=0.3,

Switch to Transformer and tuning hyperparameter

```
decoder = RNNDecoder(args, tgt_dict, decoder_embed_tokens)
→ # encoder = TransformerEncoder(args, src_dict, encoder_embed_tokens)
   # decoder = TransformerDecoder(args, tgt_dict, decoder_embed_tokens)
arch_args = Namespace(
   encoder_embed_dim=256,
   encoder_ffn_embed_dim=512,
   encoder_layers=1, # recommend to increase \rightarrow 4
   decoder_embed_dim=256,
   decoder_ffn_embed_dim=1024,
   decoder_layers=1, # recommend to increase \rightarrow 4
   share_decoder_input_output_embed=True,
                                                  for other hyperparameters for
```

transformer-base, please refer to Table 3 in Attention is all you need

encoder = RNNEncoder(args, src_dict, encoder_embed_tokens)

Boss Baseline

Apply back-translation

1. Train a backward model by switching languages

```
source_lang = "zh",
target_lang = "en",
```

- 2. Translate monolingual data with backward model to obtain synthetic data
 - a. Complete TODOs in the sample code
 - b. All the TODOs can be completed by using commands from earlier cells
- 3. Train a stronger forward model with the new data
 - a. If done correctly, ~30 epochs on new data should pass the baseline

Gradescope

Gradescope Overview

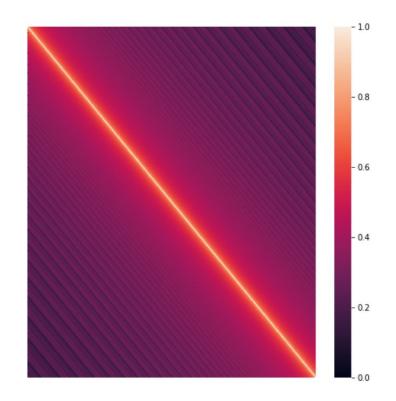
- (2pts) Problem 1
 - Visualize the similarity between different pairs of positional embedding and briefly explain the result.
 - Additionally, attach the code that you used for visualization.
- (2pts) Problem 2
 - Clip gradient norm and visualize the changes of gradient norm in different steps. Circle two places with gradient explosion.

Problem 1: Visualize Positional Embedding

Given a (N x D) positional embedding lookup table, you aim to get a (N x N) "similarity matrix" by calculating similarity between different pairs of embeddings in the table.

You need to **visualize the similarity matrix and briefly explain the result**.

In this problem, we focus on the positional embeddings of the **decoder**



Problem 1: Similarity Matrix

	p1	p2	р3	p4	p5
р1	1	8.0	0.6	0.4	0.3
p2	0.8	1	0.8	0.6	0.4
рЗ	0.6	8.0	1	8.0	0.6
p4	0.4	0.6	0.8	1	0.8
р5	0.3	0.4	0.6	0.8	1

In the sence of encoding positional information, we expect that the similarity between the embedding of close positions is stronger.

Problem 1: Cosine Similarity

We recommend you to measure the similarity between two vectors by cosine similarity.

There is a pytorch implementation of cosine similarity. Check more detail in the following link.

https://pytorch.org/docs/stable/generated/torch.nn.functional.cosine_similarity.html

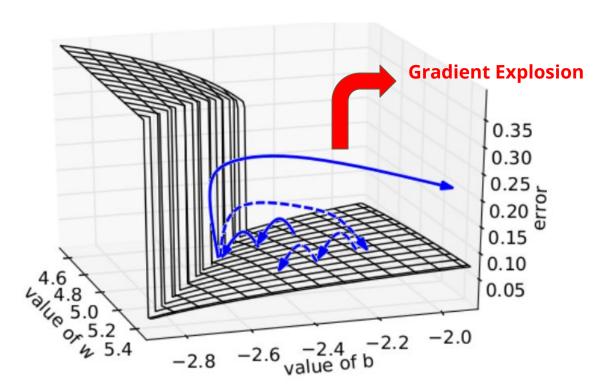
similarity =
$$\frac{x_1 \cdot x_2}{\max(\|x_1\|_2 \cdot \|x_2\|_2, \epsilon)}$$

Problem 1: Tips and Hint

You could get the positional embeddings of decoder by following codes

pos_emb = model.decoder.embed_positions.weights.cpu().detach()

Problem 2: Gradient Explosion



<u> 宏毅老師講解: ML2017 - RNN</u>

ICML 2013, Razvan Pascanu

Problem 2: Clipping Gradient Norm

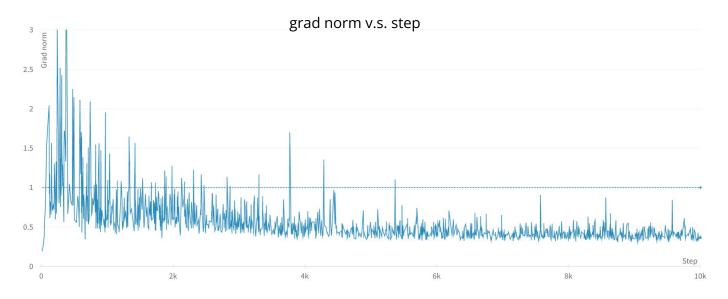
- 1. Set up a maximum norm value *max_norm*
- Collecting the gradient of each parameters to be a vector. Calculate the p-norm of the vector to be *Lnorm*
- 3. If *Lnorm* <= *max_norm*, do nothing. Otherwise calculate the scale factor *scale_factor* = *max_norm* / *Lnorm* and multiply each gradient by the scale factor.

$$\mathbf{x} = \begin{bmatrix} x_1 \\ x_2 \\ \vdots \\ x_n \end{bmatrix}$$
 $\|\mathbf{x}\|_p := \left(\sum_{i=1}^n |x_i|^p\right)^{1/p}$. $\|\boldsymbol{x}\|_2 := \sqrt{x_1^2 + \dots + x_n^2}$.

Problem 2: Visualize Gradient Norm

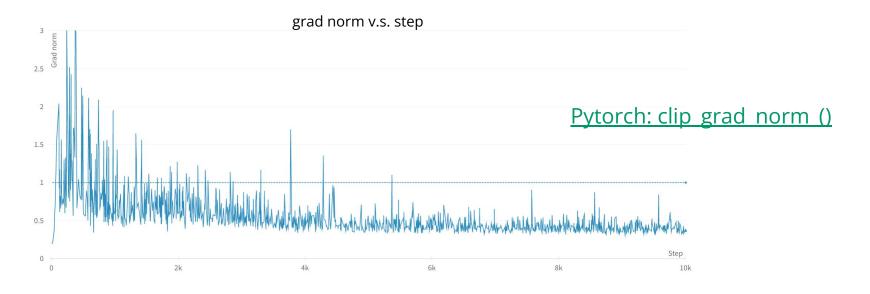
Step1: Apply clips gradient norm and set max_norm = 1.0.

Step2: Make a plot of "gradient norm v.s step".



Problem 2: Visualize Gradient Norm

Step3: Circle two places with gradient explosion (where the clip_grad_norm function take effect)



Problem 2: Overview

In this problem, you need to do

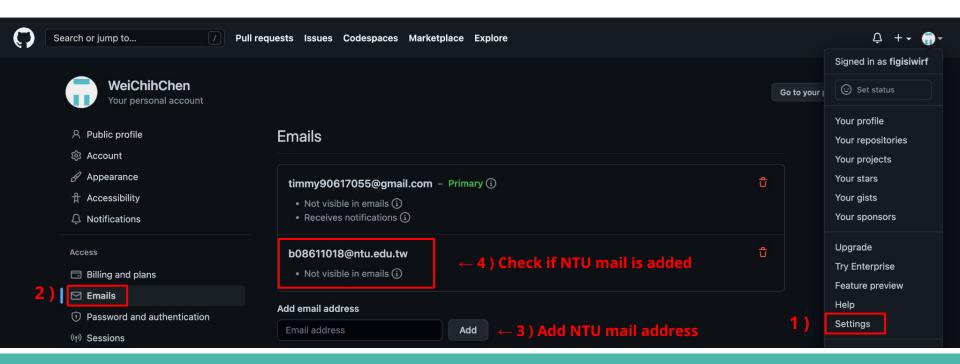
Plot the grad_norm

2. Circle two place with gradient explosion (if there is gradient explosion)

JudgeBoi Guide

Previously... Github Email Settings

Make sure that your NTU mail address is added to your Github account

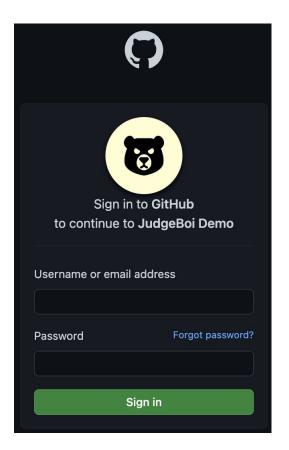


Step 1: Register for Submission

Go to JudgeBoi, and Sign-in with Github

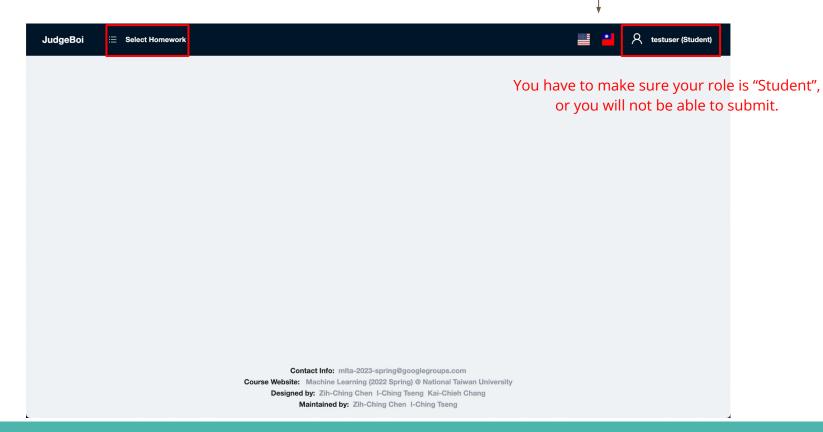
Fill in Github Username →

Fill in Github Password →



Step 2: Select Homework

Choose the language you prefer



GitHub account issues

- To login with a different GitHub account
 - You must logout from the Github website first
 - Then, you can click the logout button of the JudgeBoi website

 If you encounter problems when verifying the GitHub account with the NTU Mail, please post in the NTUCOOl <u>discussion</u>.

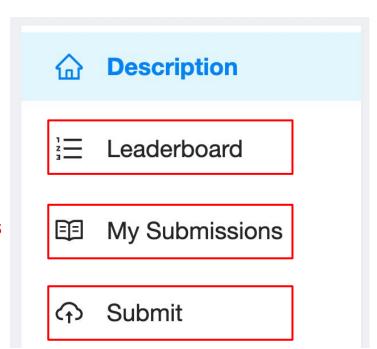
Step 3: Submit your Results

You can now submit results to the server and view the leaderboard.

2) Check the leaderboard

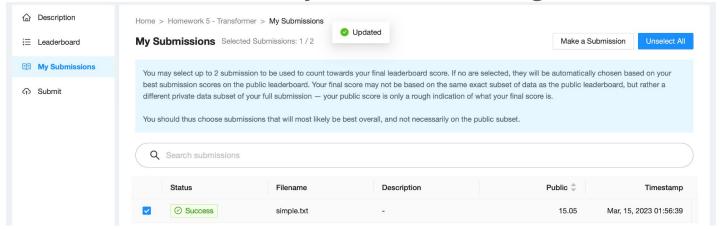
3) Select your submissions

1) Submit results



Step 4: Select your submissions

- You can select up to 2 submissions.
- If none of your submissions is chosen, we will use the submission with the best public score.
- If your selection is successful, you will see a message box as below:



JudgeBoi Rules

- 5 submission quota per day, reset at midnight.
 - Guest users have no quota.
- Only *.txt file is allowed, filesize should be smaller than 2MB.
- We do limit the number of connections and request rate for each IP.
 - If you cannot access the website temporarily, please wait a moment.
- The system can be very busy as the deadline approaches.
 - o If this prevents uploads, we do not offer additional submission opportunities.
- Please do not attempt to attack JudgeBoi.
- Every **Saturday** from **6:00 to 9:00** is our system maintenance time.
- For any JudgeBoi issues, please post on NTUCOOL discussion.
 - Discussion Link: https://cool.ntu.edu.tw/courses/24108/discussion-topics/182915

Regulations and Grading Policy

Grading

```
simple
               (public)
                                +0.5 pts
  simple
               (private)
                                +0.5 pts
               (public)
  medium
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  medium
               (private)
                                +0.5 pts
               (public)
                                +0.5 pts
  strong
   strong
               (private)
                                +0.5 pts
   boss
               (public)
                                +0.5 pts
               (private)
   boss
                                +0.5 pts
 code submission
                                +2 pts
gradescope
                                +4 pts
```

Total: 10 pts

Code Submission

- NTU COOL (2pts)
 - Compress your code into

<student ID>_hw5.zip

* e.g. b08901020_hw5.zip

- We can only see your last submission.
- Do not submit your model or dataset.
- If your code is not reasonable, your semester grade x 0.9.

GradeScope Submission

Answer the questions on GradeScope

Deadlines

• JudgeBoi (Leaderboard)

Cool (Code submission)

2023/04/14 23:59 (UTC+8)

Gradescope

2023/04/14 23:59 (UTC+8)

Regulation

- You should NOT plagiarize, if you use any other resource, you should cite it in the reference. (*)
- You should NOT modify your prediction files manually.
- Do NOT share codes or prediction files with any living creatures.
- Do NOT attempt to submit your results more than 5 times a day.
- Do NOT search or use additional data or pre-trained models.
- Your final grade x 0.9 if you violate any of the above rules.
- Prof. Lee & TAs preserve the rights to change the rules & grades.

If any questions, you can ask us via...

- NTU COOL (recommended)
 - https://cool.ntu.edu.tw/courses/24108/discussion_topics/184642
- Email
 - mlta-2023-spring@googlegroups.com
 - The title should begin with "[hw5]"
- TA hour
 - Each Friday during class
 - Each Monday night on <u>Google meet</u>
 - 19:00 20:00 (Mandarin)
 - **2**0:00 21:00 (English)

FAQ

If you encounter this when downloading prediction files in Kaggle,

Right Click and **Save As** to save the file in your local directory.

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