Quiz # 01

Task 01: Consider the following table "Students":

RNO	NAME	FatherName	CITY	MARKS
1	Ali	Waqar	Multan	450
2	Kashif	Farhad	Lahore	370
3	ljaz	Asif	Peshawar	430

Write down SQL queries to perform the following tasks:

- 1. Create a new table "Courses" with the following columns: CourseID (int, auto-increment), CourseName (varchar), InstructorID (int), StartDate (date), EndDate (date), and Capacity (int).
- 2. Insert data into the "Courses" table for at least three courses, ensuring that the InstructorID corresponds to an existing instructor in an "Instructors" table.
- 3. Add a new column "Description" (varchar) to the "Courses" table with a default value of 'TBD' (To Be Determined).
- 4. Update the "Description" column for one of the courses to a specific description.
- 5. Delete the "Description" column from the "Courses" table, ensuring that the deletion does not impact any existing data or relationships.

Task 02: Creation of Database

- 1. Create a new database named "MusicLibraryDB".
- 2. Create 3 tables:
 - Songs: song_id (PK), title, artist, album, genre.

```
CREATE TABLE Songs (
song_id INT PRIMARY KEY,
title VARCHAR(255),
artist VARCHAR(255),
album VARCHAR(255),
```

```
genre VARCHAR(255)
           );
Playlists: playlist_id (PK), playlist_name.
           CREATE TABLE Playlists (
              playlist id INT PRIMARY KEY,
              playlist_name VARCHAR(255)
           );
  Playlist_Songs: playlist_song_id (PK), playlist_id (FK - Playlists), song_id (FK -
   Songs), added_date.
           CREATE TABLE Playlist_Songs (
              playlist song id INT PRIMARY KEY,
              playlist_id INT,
              song_id INT,
              added date DATE,
              FOREIGN KEY (playlist_id) REFERENCES Playlists(playlist_id),
              FOREIGN KEY (song id) REFERENCES Songs(song id)
           );
```

- 3. Insert the following data into these tables:
 - Songs Table:

```
INSERT INTO Songs (song_id, title, artist, album, genre)

VALUES (1, 'Shape of You', 'Ed Sheeran', '÷', 'Pop'),

(2, 'Bohemian Rhapsody', 'Queen', 'A Night at the Opera', 'Rock'),

(3, 'Hallelujah', 'Jeff Buckley', 'Grace', 'Rock');
```

Playlists Table:

```
INSERT INTO Playlists (playlist_id, playlist_name)
VALUES (1, 'Chill Vibes'),
(2, 'Rock Classics');
```

Playlist_Songs Table:

```
INSERT INTO Playlist_Songs (playlist_song_id, playlist_id, song_id, added_date)

VALUES (1, 1, 1, '2024-04-01'),
```

```
(2, 1, 3, '2024-04-01'),
(3, 2, 2, '2024-04-01'),
(4, 2, 3, '2024-03-27');
```

4. Apply the following queries:

- Query # 1: Retrieve all records from the "Songs" table where the genre is 'Rock'.
- Query # 2: Retrieve all records from the "Playlist_Songs" table where the added date is today.
- Query # 3: Retrieve the playlist names and their total number of songs from the "Playlists" and "Playlist_Songs" tables using joins.
- Query # 4: Retrieve the average number of songs per playlist using sub query.
- Query # 5: Retrieve the playlist names and their corresponding songs' titles from the "Playlists", "Songs", and "Playlist_Songs" tables using joins.
- Query # 6: Retrieve all songs that are not in any playlist yet, including details from the "Songs" and "Playlist_Songs" tables using joins.