Module	Description	Example	Script
core	dictionary, adding a new entry	co['po'] = 'CO'	g05/demo.py
core	dictionary, creating	co = {'name':'Colorado', 'capital':'Denver'}	g05/demo.py
core	dictionary, creating via comprehension	fips_cols = {col:str for col in fips_vars}	g13/demo.py
core	dictionary, looking up a value	name = ny['name']	g05/demo.py
core	dictionary, making a list of	list1 = [co,ny]	g05/demo.py
core	dictionary, obtaining a list of keys	names = super_dict.keys()	g05/demo.py
core	f-string, grouping with commas	print(f'Total population: {tot_pop:,}')	g11/demo.py
core	f-string, using a formatting string	print(f"PV of {payment} with T={year} and r={r} is ${p. . .	g07/demo.py
core	file, closing	fh.close()	g02/demo.py
core	file, opening for reading	fh = open('states.csv')	g05/demo.py
core	file, opening for writing	fh = open(filename,"w")	g02/demo.py
core	file, output using print	print("It was written during",year,file=fh)	g02/demo.py
core	file, output using write	fh.write("Where was this file was written?\n")	g02/demo.py
core	file, reading one line at a time	for line in fh:	g05/demo.py
core	for, looping through a list	for n in a_list:	g04/demo.py
core	for, looping through a list of tuples	for number,name in div_info:	g13/demo.py
core	function, calling	d1_ssq = sumsq(d1)	g06/demo.py
core	function, calling with an optional argument	sample_function(100, 10, r=0.07)	g07/demo.py
core	function, defining	def sumsq(values):	g06/demo.py
core	function, defining with optional argument	def sample_function(payment,year,r=0.05):	g07/demo.py
core	function, returning a result	return values	g06/demo.py
core	list, appending an element	a_list.append("four")	g03/demo.py
core	list, create via comprehension	cubes = [n**3 for n in a_list]	g04/demo.py
core	list, creating	a_list = ["zero","one","two","three"]	g03/demo.py
core	list, determining length	n = len(b_list)	g03/demo.py
core	list, extending with another list	a_list.extend(a_more)	g03/demo.py
core	list, generating a sequence	b_list = range(1,6)	g04/demo.py
core	list, joining with spaces	a_string = " ".join(a_list)	g03/demo.py
core	list, selecting an element	print(a_list[0])	g03/demo.py
core	list, selecting elements 0 to 3	print(a_list[:4])	g03/demo.py
core	list, selecting elements 1 to 2	print(a_list[1:3])	g03/demo.py
core	list, selecting elements 1 to the end	print(a_list[1:])	g03/demo.py

Module	Description	Example	Script
core	list, selecting last 3 elements	print(a_list[-3:])	g03/demo.py
core	list, selecting the last element	print(a_list[-1])	g03/demo.py
core	list, sorting	c_sort = sorted(b_list)	g03/demo.py
core	list, summing	tot_inc = sum(incomes)	g08/demo.py
core	math, raising a number to a power	a_cubes.append(n**3)	g04/demo.py
core	math, rounding a number	rounded = round(ratio,2)	g05/demo.py
core	sets, computing difference	print(name_states - pop_states)	g13/demo.py
core	sets, creating	name_states = set(name_data['State'])	g13/demo.py
core	sets, of tuples	tset1 = set([(1,2), (2,3), (1,3), (2,3)])	g13/demo.py
core	string, concatenating	name = s1+" "+s2+" "+s3	g02/demo.py
core	string, converting to an int	values.append(int(line))	g06/demo.py
core	string, creating	filename = "demo.txt"	g02/demo.py
core	string, including a newline character	fh.write(name+"!\n")	g02/demo.py
core	string, splitting on a comma	parts = line.split(',')	g05/demo.py
core	string, splitting on whitespace	b_list = b_string.split()	g03/demo.py
core	string, stripping blank space	clean = [item.strip() for item in parts]	g05/demo.py
core	type, obtaining for a variable	print('\nraw_states is a DataFrame object:', type(raw_. . .	g09/demo.py
csv	setting up a DictReader object	reader = csv.DictReader(fh)	g08/demo.py
json	importing the module	import json	g05/demo.py
json	using to print an object nicely	print(json.dumps(list1,indent=4))	g05/demo.py
matplotlib	axes, adding a horizontal line	ax21.axhline(medians['etr'], c='r', ls='–', lw=1)	g12/demo.py
matplotlib	axes, adding a vertical line	ax21.axvline(medians['inc'], c='r', ls='–', lw=1)	g12/demo.py
matplotlib	axes, labeling the X axis	ax2.set_xlabel('Millions')	g11/demo.py
matplotlib	axes, labeling the Y axis	ax1.set_ylabel("Millions")	g11/demo.py
matplotlib	axes, turning off the label	ax.set_ylabel(None)	g13/demo.py
matplotlib	figure, adding a title	fig2.suptitle('Pooled Data')	g12/demo.py
matplotlib	figure, four panel grid	fig3, axs = plt.subplots(2,2,sharex=True,sharey=True)	g12/demo.py
matplotlib	figure, left and right panels	fig2, (ax21,ax22) = plt.subplots(1,2)	g12/demo.py
matplotlib	figure, saving	fig2.savefig('figure.png')	g11/demo.py
matplotlib	figure, tuning the layout	fig2.tight_layout()	g11/demo.py

Module	Description	Example	Script
matplotlib	importing pyplot	import matplotlib.pyplot as plt	g11/demo.py
matplotlib	setting the default resolution	plt.rcParams['figure.dpi'] = 300	g11/demo.py
matplotlib	using subplots to set up a figure	fig1, ax1 = plt.subplots()	g11/demo.py
pandas	columns, dividing with explicit alignment	normed2 = 100*states.div(pa_row,axis='columns')	g09/demo.py
pandas	columns, listing names	print('\nColumns:', list(raw_states.columns))	g09/demo.py
pandas	columns, renaming	county = county.rename(columns={'B01001_001E':'pop'})	g10/demo.py
pandas	columns, retrieving one by name	pop = states['pop']	g09/demo.py
pandas	columns, retrieving several by name	print(pop[some_states]/1e6)	g09/demo.py
pandas	dataframe, boolean row selection	print(trim[has_AM], "\n")	g12/demo.py
pandas	dataframe, dropping missing data	trim = demo.dropna(subset="Days")	g12/demo.py
pandas	dataframe, getting a block of rows via index	sel = merged.loc[number]	g13/demo.py
pandas	dataframe, inner join	merged = name_data.merge(pop_data,left_on="State",right. . .	g13/demo.py
pandas	dataframe, making a copy	trim = trim.copy()	g12/demo.py
pandas	dataframe, selecting rows by list indexing	print(low_to_high[-5:])	g09/demo.py
pandas	dataframe, selecting rows via query	trimmed = county.query("state =='04' or state == '36' ")	g10/demo.py
pandas	dataframe, sorting by a column	county = county.sort_values('pop')	g10/demo.py
pandas	dataframe, using xs to select a subset	print(county.xs('04',level='state'))	g10/demo.py
pandas	dataframe, writing to a CSV file	merged.to_csv('demo-merged.csv')	g13/demo.py
pandas	general, displaying all rows	pd.set_option('display.max_rows', None)	g09/demo.py
pandas	general, importing the module	import pandas as pd	g09/demo.py
pandas	general, using qcut to create deciles	dec = pd.qcut(county['pop'], 10, labels=range(1,11))	g10/demo.py
pandas	groupby, cumulative sum within group	cumulative_inc = group_by_state['pop'].cumsum()	g10/demo.py
pandas	groupby, descriptive statistics	inc_stats = group_by_state['pop'].describe()	g10/demo.py
pandas	groupby, iterating over groups	for t,g in group_by_state:	g10/demo.py
pandas	groupby, median of each group	pop_med = group_by_state['pop'].median()	g10/demo.py
pandas	groupby, quantile of each group	pop_25th = group_by_state['pop'].quantile(0.25)	g10/demo.py
pandas	groupby, return group number	groups = group_by_state.ngroup()	g10/demo.py
pandas	groupby, return number within group	seqnum = group_by_state.cumcount()	g10/demo.py
pandas	groupby, return rank within group	rank_age = group_by_state['pop'].rank()	g10/demo.py
pandas	groupby, select first records	first2 = group_by_state.head(2)	g10/demo.py
pandas	groupby, select largest values	largest = group_by_state['pop'].nlargest(2)	g10/demo.py
pandas	groupby, select last records	last2 = group_by_state.tail(2)	g10/demo.py
pandas	groupby, size of each group	num_rows = group_by_state.size()	g10/demo.py

Module	Description	Example	Script
pandas	groupby, sum of each group	state = county.groupby('state')['pop'].sum()	g10/demo.py
pandas	index, creating with 3 levels	county = county.set_index(['state','county', 'NAME'])	g10/demo.py
pandas	index, listing names	print('\nIndex (rows):', list(raw_states.index))	g09/demo.py
pandas	index, renaming values	div_pop = div_pop.rename(index=div_names)	g11/demo.py
pandas	index, retrieving a row by name	pa_row = states.loc['Pennsylvania']	g09/demo.py
pandas	index, retrieving first rows by location	print(low_to_high.iloc[0:10])	g09/demo.py
pandas	index, retrieving last rows by location	print(low_to_high.iloc[-5:])	g09/demo.py
pandas	index, setting to a column	states = raw_states.set_index('name')	g09/demo.py
pandas	plotting, bar plot	reg_pop.plot.bar(title='Population',ax=ax1)	g11/demo.py
pandas	plotting, histogram	hh_data['etr'].plot.hist(ax=ax1,bins=20,title='Distribu. . .	g12/demo.py
pandas	plotting, horizontal bar plot	div_pop.plot.barh(title='Population',ax=ax2)	g11/demo.py
pandas	plotting, scatter colored by 3rd var	tidy_data.plot.scatter(ax=ax4,x='Income',y='ETR',c='typ. . .	g12/demo.py
pandas	plotting, scatter plot	hh_data.plot.scatter(ax=ax21,x='inc',y='etr',title='ETR. . .	g12/demo.py
pandas	plotting, turning off legend	sel.plot.barh(x='Name',y='percent',ax=ax,legend=None)	g13/demo.py
pandas	reading, csv data	raw_states = pd.read_csv('state-data.csv')	g09/demo.py
pandas	reading, setting index column	state_data = pd.read_csv('state-data.csv',index_col='na. . .	g11/demo.py
pandas	reading, using dtype dictionary	county = pd.read_csv('county_pop.csv',dtype=fips)	g10/demo.py
pandas	series, RE at start	is_LD = trim['Number'].str.contains(r"1|2")	g12/demo.py
pandas	series, automatic alignment by index	merged['percent'] = 100*merged['pop']/div_pop	g13/demo.py
pandas	series, contains RE or RE	is_TT = trim['Days'].str.contains(r"Tu|Th")	g12/demo.py
pandas	series, contains a plain string	has_AM = trim['Time'].str.contains("AM")	g12/demo.py
pandas	series, contains an RE	has_AMPM = trim['Time'].str.contains("AM.*PM")	g12/demo.py
pandas	series, converting to a list	print(name_data['State'].to_list())	g13/demo.py
pandas	series, retrieving an element	print("\nFlorida's population:", pop['Florida']/1e6)	g09/demo.py
pandas	series, sort in decending order	div_pop = div_pop.sort_values(ascending=False)	g11/demo.py
pandas	series, sorting by value	low_to_high = normed['med_pers_inc'].sort_values()	g09/demo.py
pandas	series, splitting via RE	trim['Split'] = trim["Time"].str.split(r":| - | ")	g12/demo.py
pandas	series, splitting with expand	exp = trim["Time"].str.split(r":| - | ", expand=True)	g12/demo.py
pandas	series, summing	reg_pop = by_reg['pop'].sum()/1e6	g11/demo.py
scipy	calling newton's method	cr = opt.newton(find_cube_root,xinit,maxiter=20,args=[y. . .	g07/demo.py
scipy	importing the module	import scipy.optimize as opt	g07/demo.py