Module	Description	Example	Script
core	dictionary, adding a new entry	co['po'] = 'CO'	g05/demo.py
core	dictionary, creating	co = {'name':'Colorado', 'capital':'Denver'}	g05/demo.py
core	dictionary, looking up a value	name = ny['name']	g05/demo.py
core	dictionary, making a list of	list1 = [co, ny]	g05/demo.py
core	dictionary, obtaining a list of keys	names = super_dict.keys()	g05/demo.py
core	f-string, grouping with commas	<pre>print(f'Total population: {tot_pop:,}')</pre>	g11/demo.py
core	f-string, using a formatting string	print( f"PV of {payment} with T={year} and r={r} is \${p	g07/demo.py
core	file, closing	fh.close()	g02/demo.py
core	file, opening for reading	fh = open('states.csv')	g05/demo.py
core	file, opening for writing	fh = open(filename, "w")	g02/demo.py
core	file, output using print	<pre>print("It was written during",year,file=fh)</pre>	g02/demo.py
core	file, output using write	fh.write("Where was this file was written?\n")	g02/demo.py
core	file, reading one line at a time	for line in fh:	g05/demo.py
core	for, looping through a list	for n in a_list:	g04/demo.py
core	function, calling	$d1\_ssq = sumsq(d1)$	g06/demo.py
core	function, calling with an optional argument	sample_function( 100, 10, r=0.07 )	g07/demo.py
core	function, defining	def sumsq(values):	g06/demo.py
core	function, defining with optional argument	def sample_function(payment,year,r=0.05):	g07/demo.py
core	function, returning a result	return values	g06/demo.py
core	list, appending an element	a_list.append("four")	g03/demo.py
core	list, create via comprehension	cubes = $[n**3 for n in a_list]$	g04/demo.py
core	list, creating	$a\_list = [\text{"zero"}, \text{"one"}, \text{"two"}, \text{"three"}]$	g03/demo.py
core	list, determining length	$n = len(b\_list)$	g03/demo.py
core	list, extending with another list	a_list.extend(a_more)	g03/demo.py
core	list, generating a sequence	$b_{list} = range(1,6)$	g04/demo.py
core	list, joining with spaces	a_string = " ".join(a_list)	g03/demo.py
core	list, selecting an element	print(a_list[0])	g03/demo.py
core	list, selecting elements 0 to 3	print(a_list[:4])	g03/demo.py
core	list, selecting elements 1 to 2	$print(a\_list[1:3])$	g03/demo.py
core	list, selecting elements 1 to the end	$print(a\_list[1:])$	g03/demo.py
core	list, selecting last 3 elements	print(a_list[-3:])	g03/demo.py
core	list, selecting the last element	print(a_list[-1])	g03/demo.py

Module	Description	Example	Script
core	list, sorting	c_sort = sorted(b_list)	g03/demo.py
core	list, summing	tot_inc = sum(incomes)	g08/demo.py
core	math, raising a number to a power	a_cubes.append( n**3 )	g04/demo.py
core	math, rounding a number	rounded = round(ratio, 2)	g05/demo.py
core	string, concatenating	name = $s1+"$ "+ $s2+"$ "+ $s3$	g02/demo.py
core	string, converting to an int	values.append( int(line) )	g06/demo.py
core	string, creating	filename = "demo.txt"	g02/demo.py
core	string, including a newline character	$fh.write(name+"!\n")$	g02/demo.py
core	string, splitting on a comma	parts = line.split(',')	g05/demo.py
core	string, splitting on whitespace	$b_list = b_string.split()$	g03/demo.py
core	string, stripping blank space	$clean = [item.strip() \; for \; item \; in \; parts]$	g05/demo.py
core	type, obtaining for a variable	<pre>print( '\nraw_states is a DataFrame object:', type(raw</pre>	g09/demo.py
CSV	setting up a DictReader object	${\sf reader} = {\sf csv.DictReader(fh)}$	g08/demo.py
json	importing the module	import json	g05/demo.py
json	using to print an object nicely	<pre>print( json.dumps(list1,indent=4) )</pre>	g05/demo.py
matplotlib	axes, labeling the X axis	ax1.set_xlabel('Millions')	g11/demo.py
matplotlib	axes, labeling the Y axis	ax1.set_ylabel("Millions")	g11/demo.py
matplotlib	figure, saving	fig1.savefig('figure.png')	g11/demo.py
matplotlib	figure, tuning the layout	fig1.tight_layout()	g11/demo.py
matplotlib	importing pyplot	import matplotlib.pyplot as plt	g11/demo.py
matplotlib	setting the default resolution	plt.rcParams['figure.dpi'] = 300	g11/demo.py
matplotlib	using subplots to set up a figure	fig1, ax1 = plt.subplots()	${\sf g11/demo.py}$
pandas	columns, dividing with explicit alignment	normed2 = 100*states.div(pa_row,axis='columns')	g09/demo.py
pandas	columns, listing names	<pre>print( '\nColumns:', list(raw_states.columns) )</pre>	g09/demo.py
pandas	columns, renaming	county = county.rename(columns={'B01001_001E':'pop'})	g10/demo.py
pandas	columns, retrieving one by name	pop = states['pop']	g09/demo.py
pandas	columns, retrieving several by name	print( pop[some_states]/1e6 )	g09/demo.py
pandas	dataframe, selecting rows by list indexing	<pre>print( low_to_high[ -5: ] )</pre>	g09/demo.py
pandas	dataframe, selecting rows via query	trimmed = county.query("state == '04' or state == '36' ")	g10/demo.py

Module	Description	Example	Script
pandas	dataframe, sorting by a column	county = county.sort_values('pop')	g10/demo.py
pandas	dataframe, using xs to select a subset	print( county.xs('04',level='state') )	g10/demo.py
pandas	general, displaying all rows	pd.set_option('display.max_rows', None)	g09/demo.py
pandas	general, importing the module	import pandas as pd	${ m g09/demo.py}$
pandas	general, using qcut to create deciles	$dec = pd.qcut(\ county[`pop'],\ 10,\ labels = range(1,11)\ )$	g10/demo.py
pandas	groupby, cumulative sum within group	${\sf cumulative\_inc} = {\sf group\_by\_state['pop'].cumsum()}$	g10/demo.py
pandas	groupby, descriptive statistics	inc_stats = group_by_state['pop'].describe()	${\sf g10/demo.py}$
pandas	groupby, iterating over groups	for t,g in group_by_state:	g10/demo.py
pandas	groupby, median of each group	<pre>pop_med = group_by_state['pop'].median()</pre>	g10/demo.py
pandas	groupby, quantile of each group	$pop_25th = group_by_state['pop'].quantile(0.25)$	g10/demo.py
pandas	groupby, return group number	groups = group_by_state.ngroup()	g10/demo.py
pandas	groupby, return number within group	seqnum = group_by_state.cumcount()	g10/demo.py
pandas	groupby, return rank within group	rank_age = group_by_state['pop'].rank()	g10/demo.py
pandas	groupby, select first records	$first2 = group\_by\_state.head(2)$	g10/demo.py
pandas	groupby, select largest values	largest = group_by_state['pop'].nlargest(2)	g10/demo.py
pandas	groupby, select last records	last2 = group_by_state.tail(2)	g10/demo.py
pandas	groupby, size of each group	<pre>num_rows = group_by_state.size()</pre>	g10/demo.py
pandas	groupby, sum of each group	state = county.groupby('state')['pop'].sum()	g10/demo.py
pandas	index, creating with 3 levels	county = county.set_index(['state','county', 'NAME'])	g10/demo.py
pandas	index, listing names	<pre>print( '\nIndex (rows):', list(raw_states.index) )</pre>	g09/demo.py
pandas	index, renaming values	div_pop = div_pop.rename(index=div_names)	g11/demo.py
pandas	index, retrieving a row by name	pa_row = states.loc['Pennsylvania']	g09/demo.py
pandas	index, retrieving first rows by location	print( low_to_high.iloc[ 0:10 ] )	g09/demo.py
pandas	index, retrieving last rows by location	print( low_to_high.iloc[ -5: ] )	g09/demo.py
pandas	index, setting to a column	states = raw_states.set_index('name')	g09/demo.py
pandas	plotting, bar plot	reg_pop.plot.bar(title='Population',ax=ax1)	g11/demo.py
pandas	plotting, horizontal bar plot	$div\_pop.plot.barh(title='Population',ax=ax1)$	g11/demo.py
pandas	reading, csv data	raw_states = pd.read_csv('state-data.csv')	g09/demo.py
, pandas	reading, setting index column	state_data = pd.read_csv('state-data.csv',index_col='na	g11/demo.py
pandas	reading, using dtype dictionary	county = pd.read_csv('county_pop.csv',dtype=fips)	g10/demo.py
pandas	series, retrieving an element	<pre>print( "\nFlorida's population:", pop['Florida']/1e6 )</pre>	g09/demo.py

Module	Description	Example	Script
pandas pandas pandas	series, sort in decending order series, sorting by value series, summing	$\label{eq:div_pop} \begin{split} &\text{div\_pop} = \text{div\_pop.sort\_values(ascending=False)} \\ &\text{low\_to\_high} = \text{normed['med\_pers\_inc'].sort\_values()} \\ &\text{reg\_pop} = \text{by\_reg['pop'].sum()/1e6} \end{split}$	g11/demo.py g09/demo.py g11/demo.py
scipy scipy	calling newton's method importing the module	$\label{eq:cr} \begin{split} \text{cr} &= \text{opt.newton(find\_cube\_root,xinit,maxiter=} 20, \text{args=} [\text{y. } . \ . \\ \text{import scipy.optimize as opt} \end{split}$	g07/demo.py g07/demo.py