| Module | Description | Example | Script |
|--------|---|--|-------------|
| core | dictionary, adding a new entry | co['po'] = 'CO' | g05/demo.py |
| core | dictionary, creating | co = {'name':'Colorado', 'capital':'Denver'} | g05/demo.py |
| core | dictionary, creating via comprehension | fips_cols = {col:str for col in fips_vars} | g13/demo.py |
| core | dictionary, looking up a value | name = ny['name'] | g05/demo.py |
| core | dictionary, making a list of | list1 = [co, ny] | g05/demo.py |
| core | dictionary, obtaining a list of keys | names = super_dict.keys() | g05/demo.py |
| core | f-string, grouping with commas | <pre>print(f'Total population: {tot_pop:,}')</pre> | g11/demo.py |
| core | f-string, using a formatting string | print(f"PV of {payment} with T={year} and r={r} is \${p | g07/demo.py |
| core | file, closing | fh.close() | g02/demo.py |
| core | file, opening for reading | fh = open('states.csv') | g05/demo.py |
| core | file, opening for writing | fh = open(filename, "w") | g02/demo.py |
| core | file, output using print | <pre>print("It was written during",year,file=fh)</pre> | g02/demo.py |
| core | file, output using write | fh.write("Where was this file was written?\n") | g02/demo.py |
| core | file, print without adding spaces | <pre>print('\nOuter:\n', join_o['_merge'].value_counts(), s</pre> | g14/demo.py |
| core | file, reading one line at a time | for line in fh: | g05/demo.py |
| core | for, looping through a list | for n in a_list: | g04/demo.py |
| core | for, looping through a list of tuples | for number,name in div_info: | g13/demo.py |
| core | function, calling | $d1_ssq = sumsq(d1)$ | g06/demo.py |
| core | function, calling with an optional argument | sample_function(100, 10, r=0.07) | g07/demo.py |
| core | function, defining | def sumsq(values): | g06/demo.py |
| core | function, defining with optional argument | def sample_function(payment,year,r=0.05): | g07/demo.py |
| core | function, returning a result | return values | g06/demo.py |
| core | list, appending an element | a_list.append("four") | g03/demo.py |
| core | list, create via comprehension | cubes = $[n^{**3} \text{ for n in a_list}]$ | g04/demo.py |
| core | list, creating | a_list = ["zero", "one", "two", "three"] | g03/demo.py |
| core | list, determining length | $n = len(b_list)$ | g03/demo.py |
| core | list, extending with another list | a_list.extend(a_more) | g03/demo.py |
| core | list, generating a sequence | $b_{list} = range(1,6)$ | g04/demo.py |
| core | list, joining with spaces | a_string = " ".join(a_list) | g03/demo.py |
| core | list, selecting an element | print(a_list[0]) | g03/demo.py |
| core | list, selecting elements 0 to 3 | print(a_list[:4]) | g03/demo.py |
| core | list, selecting elements 1 to 2 | print(a_list[1:3]) | g03/demo.py |

| Module | Description | Example | Script |
|-----------|---|---|-------------|
| core | list, selecting elements 1 to the end | print(a_list[1:]) | g03/demo.py |
| core | list, selecting last 3 elements | print(a_list[-3:]) | g03/demo.py |
| core | list, selecting the last element | print(a_list[-1]) | g03/demo.py |
| core | list, sorting | c_sort = sorted(b_list) | g03/demo.py |
| core | list, summing | tot_inc = sum(incomes) | g08/demo.py |
| core | math, raising a number to a power | a_cubes.append(n**3) | g04/demo.py |
| core | math, rounding a number | rounded = round(ratio, 2) | g05/demo.py |
| core | sets, computing difference | <pre>print(name_states - pop_states)</pre> | g13/demo.py |
| core | sets, creating | name_states = set(name_data['State']) | g13/demo.py |
| core | sets, of tuples | tset1 = set([(1,2), (2,3), (1,3), (2,3)]) | g13/demo.py |
| core | string, concatenating | name = $s1+""+s2+""+s3$ | g02/demo.py |
| core | string, converting to an int | values.append(int(line)) | g06/demo.py |
| core | string, creating | filename = "demo.txt" | g02/demo.py |
| core | string, including a newline character | fh.write(name+"!\n") | g02/demo.py |
| core | string, splitting on a comma | parts = line.split(',') | g05/demo.py |
| core | string, splitting on whitespace | b_list = b_string.split() | g03/demo.py |
| core | string, stripping blank space | clean = [item.strip() for item in parts] | g05/demo.py |
| core | type, obtaining for a variable | <pre>print('\nraw_states is a DataFrame object:', type(raw</pre> | g09/demo.py |
| CSV | setting up a DictReader object | reader = csv.DictReader(fh) | g08/demo.py |
| geopandas | extracting geometry from a geodataframe | wv_geo = wv['geometry'] | g22/demo.py |
| geopandas | importing the module | import geopandas as gpd | g21/demo.py |
| geopandas | merging data onto a geodataframe | conus = conus.merge(trim,on='STATEFP',how='left',valida | g22/demo.py |
| geopandas | obtaining coordinates | print('Number of points:', len(wv_geo.exterior.coords) | g22/demo.py |
| geopandas | plot with categorical coloring | sel.plot('NAME',cmap='Dark2',ax=ax1) | g22/demo.py |
| geopandas | plotting a boundary | syr.boundary.plot(color='gray',linewidth=1,ax=ax1) | g21/demo.py |
| geopandas | reading a file | syr = gpd.read_file("tl_2016_36_place-syracuse.zip") | g21/demo.py |
| geopandas | reading a shapefile | states = gpd.read_file("cb_2019_us_state_500k.zip") | g22/demo.py |
| geopandas | testing if rows touch a geometry | touches_wv = conus.touches(wv_geo) | g22/demo.py |
| geopandas | writing a layer to a geodatabase | conus.to_file("conus.gpkg",layer="states") | g22/demo.py |
| json | importing the module | import json | g05/demo.py |

| Module | Description | Example | Script |
|------------|--|---|-------------|
| json | using to print an object nicely | <pre>print(json.dumps(list1,indent=4))</pre> | g05/demo.py |
| matplotlib | axes, adding a horizontal line | ax21.axhline(medians['etr'], c='r', ls='-', lw=1) | g12/demo.py |
| matplotlib | axes, adding a vertical line | ax21.axvline(medians['inc'], c='r', ls='-', lw=1) | g12/demo.py |
| matplotlib | axes, labeling the X axis | ax2.set_xlabel('Millions') | g11/demo.py |
| matplotlib | axes, labeling the Y axis | ax1.set_ylabel("Millions") | g11/demo.py |
| matplotlib | axes, turning off the label | ax.set_ylabel(None) | g13/demo.py |
| matplotlib | colors, xkcd palette | syr.plot(color='xkcd:lightblue',ax=ax1) | g21/demo.py |
| matplotlib | figure, adding a title | fig2.suptitle('Pooled Data') | g12/demo.py |
| matplotlib | figure, four panel grid | fig3, $axs = plt.subplots(2,2,sharex=True,sharey=True)$ | g12/demo.py |
| matplotlib | figure, left and right panels | fig2, $(ax21,ax22) = plt.subplots(1,2)$ | g12/demo.py |
| matplotlib | figure, saving | fig2.savefig('figure.png') | g11/demo.py |
| matplotlib | figure, setting the size | fig, axs = plt.subplots $(1,2,figsize=(12,6))$ | g20/demo.py |
| matplotlib | figure, tuning the layout | fig2.tight_layout() | g11/demo.py |
| matplotlib | figure, working with a list of axes | for ax in axs: | g20/demo.py |
| matplotlib | importing pyplot | import matplotlib.pyplot as plt | g11/demo.py |
| matplotlib | setting the default resolution | plt.rcParams['figure.dpi'] = 300 | g11/demo.py |
| matplotlib | using subplots to set up a figure | fig1, ax1 = plt.subplots() | g11/demo.py |
| pandas | RE, replacing a digit or space | $unit_part = values.str.replace(r' d s', ", regex = True)$ | g23/demo.py |
| pandas | RE, replacing a non-digit or space | $value_part = values.str.replace(r'\D \s',",regex=True)$ | g23/demo.py |
| pandas | RE, replacing a non-word character | $units = units.str.replace(r'\W',",regex=True)$ | g23/demo.py |
| pandas | columns, dividing with explicit alignment | $normed2 = 100*states.div(pa_row,axis='columns')$ | g09/demo.py |
| pandas | columns, listing names | <pre>print('\nColumns:', list(raw_states.columns))</pre> | g09/demo.py |
| pandas | columns, renaming | county = county.rename(columns={'B01001_001E':'pop'}) | g10/demo.py |
| pandas | columns, retrieving one by name | pop = states['pop'] | g09/demo.py |
| pandas | columns, retrieving several by name | <pre>print(pop[some_states]/1e6)</pre> | g09/demo.py |
| pandas | dataframe, appending | gen_all = pd.concat([gen_oswego, gen_onondaga]) | g15/demo.py |
| pandas | dataframe, boolean row selection | print(trim[has_AM], "\n") | g12/demo.py |
| pandas | dataframe, dropping a column | both = both.drop(columns='_merge') | g15/demo.py |
| pandas | dataframe, dropping duplicates | $flood = flood.drop_duplicates(subset='TAX_ID')$ | g14/demo.py |
| pandas | dataframe, dropping missing data | trim = demo.dropna(subset="Days") | g12/demo.py |
| pandas | dataframe, finding duplicate records | $dups = parcels.duplicated(subset='TAX_ID', keep=False$ | g14/demo.py |
| pandas | dataframe, getting a block of rows via index | sel = merged.loc[number] | g13/demo.py |
| pandas | dataframe, inner 1:1 merge | $join_{i} = parcels.merge(flood,$ | g14/demo.py |

| Module | Description | Example | Script |
|--------|--|---|---------------------|
| pandas | dataframe, inner join | merged = name_data.merge(pop_data,left_on="State",right | g13/demo.py |
| pandas | dataframe, left 1:1 merge | $join_l = parcels.merge(flood,$ | g14/demo.py |
| pandas | dataframe, left m:1 merge | both = gen_all.merge(plants, | g15/demo.py |
| pandas | dataframe, making a copy | trim = trim.copy() | g12/demo.py |
| pandas | dataframe, outer 1:1 merge | join_o = parcels.merge(flood, | g14/demo.py |
| pandas | dataframe, reading zipped pickle format | sample2 = pd.read_pickle('sample_pkl.zip') | g16/demo.py |
| pandas | dataframe, resetting the index | $hourly = hourly.reset_index()$ | g17/demo.py |
| pandas | dataframe, right 1:1 merge | $join_{r} = parcels.merge(flood,$ | g14/demo.py |
| pandas | dataframe, saving in zipped pickle format | sample.to_pickle('sample_pkl.zip') | g16/demo.py |
| pandas | dataframe, selecting rows by list indexing | print(low_to_high[-5:]) | g09/demo.py |
| pandas | dataframe, selecting rows via boolean | dup_rec = flood[dups] | g14/demo.py |
| pandas | dataframe, selecting rows via query | trimmed = county.query("state == '04' or state == '36' ") | g10/demo.py |
| pandas | dataframe, set index keeping the column | $states = states.set_index('STUSPS',drop=False)$ | g22/demo.py |
| pandas | dataframe, shape attribute | <pre>print('number of rows, columns:', conus.shape)</pre> | g22/demo.py |
| pandas | dataframe, sorting by a column | <pre>county = county.sort_values('pop')</pre> | ${\sf g10/demo.py}$ |
| pandas | dataframe, sorting by index | $summary = summary.sort_index(ascending = False)$ | g15/demo.py |
| pandas | dataframe, summing a boolean | <pre>print('\nduplicate parcels:', dups.sum())</pre> | g14/demo.py |
| pandas | dataframe, unstacking an index level | bymo = bymo.unstack('month') | g17/demo.py |
| pandas | dataframe, using a multilevel column index | means = grid['mean'] | g20/demo.py |
| pandas | dataframe, using xs to select a subset | <pre>print(county.xs('04',level='state'))</pre> | g10/demo.py |
| pandas | dataframe, using xs with columns | c1 = grid.xs(`c1',axis=`columns',level=1) | g20/demo.py |
| pandas | dataframe, writing to a CSV file | merged.to_csv('demo-merged.csv') | g13/demo.py |
| pandas | datetime, building via to_datetime() | date = pd.to_datetime(recs['ts']) | g14/demo.py |
| pandas | datetime, building with a format | $ymd = pd.to_datetime(sample['TRANSACTION_DT'], format=$ | g16/demo.py |
| pandas | datetime, extracting day attribute | recs['day'] = date.dt.day | g14/demo.py |
| pandas | datetime, extracting hour attribute | recs['hour'] = date.dt.hour | g14/demo.py |
| pandas | general, display information about object | sample.info() | g16/demo.py |
| pandas | general, displaying all columns | pd.set_option('display.max_columns',None) | g16/demo.py |
| pandas | general, displaying all rows | pd.set_option('display.max_rows', None) | g09/demo.py |
| pandas | general, importing the module | import pandas as pd | g09/demo.py |
| pandas | general, using copy_on_write mode | pd.options.mode.copy_on_write = True | g16/demo.py |
| pandas | general, using qcut to create deciles | dec = pd.qcut(county['pop'], 10, labels=range(1,11)) | g10/demo.py |
| pandas | groupby, cumulative sum within group | cumulative_inc = group_by_state['pop'].cumsum() | g10/demo.py |
| pandas | groupby, descriptive statistics | <pre>inc_stats = group_by_state['pop'].describe()</pre> | g10/demo.py |

| Module | Description | Example | Script |
|--------|---|--|-------------|
| pandas | groupby, iterating over groups | for t,g in group_by_state: | g10/demo.py |
| pandas | groupby, median of each group | <pre>pop_med = group_by_state['pop'].median()</pre> | g10/demo.py |
| pandas | groupby, quantile of each group | $pop_25th = group_by_state['pop'].quantile(0.25)$ | g10/demo.py |
| pandas | groupby, return group number | groups = group_by_state.ngroup() | g10/demo.py |
| pandas | groupby, return number within group | seqnum = group_by_state.cumcount() | g10/demo.py |
| pandas | groupby, return rank within group | rank_age = group_by_state['pop'].rank() | g10/demo.py |
| pandas | groupby, select first records | $first2 = group_by_state.head(2)$ | g10/demo.py |
| pandas | groupby, select largest values | <pre>largest = group_by_state['pop'].nlargest(2)</pre> | g10/demo.py |
| pandas | groupby, select last records | $last2 = group_by_state.tail(2)$ | g10/demo.py |
| pandas | groupby, size of each group | <pre>num_rows = group_by_state.size()</pre> | g10/demo.py |
| pandas | groupby, sum of each group | state = county.groupby('state')['pop'].sum() | g10/demo.py |
| pandas | index, creating with 3 levels | $county = county.set_index(['state', 'county', 'NAME'])$ | g10/demo.py |
| pandas | index, listing names | <pre>print('\nIndex (rows):', list(raw_states.index))</pre> | g09/demo.py |
| pandas | index, renaming values | div_pop = div_pop.rename(index=div_names) | g11/demo.py |
| pandas | index, retrieving a row by name | $pa_row = states.loc['Pennsylvania']$ | g09/demo.py |
| pandas | index, retrieving first rows by location | print(low_to_high.iloc[0:10]) | g09/demo.py |
| pandas | index, retrieving last rows by location | print(low_to_high.iloc[-5:]) | g09/demo.py |
| pandas | index, setting to a column | states = raw_states.set_index('name') | g09/demo.py |
| pandas | plotting, bar plot | $reg_pop.plot.bar(title='Population',ax=ax1)$ | g11/demo.py |
| pandas | plotting, histogram | hh_data['etr'].plot.hist(ax=ax1,bins=20,title='Distribu | g12/demo.py |
| pandas | plotting, horizontal bar plot | $div_pop.plot.barh(title='Population',ax=ax2)$ | g11/demo.py |
| pandas | plotting, scatter colored by 3rd var | $tidy_data.plot.scatter(ax=ax4,x=`Income',y=`ETR',c='typ. \ . \ .$ | g12/demo.py |
| pandas | plotting, scatter plot | $hh_data.plot.scatter(ax=ax21,x='inc',y='etr',title='ETR$ | g12/demo.py |
| pandas | plotting, turning off legend | sel.plot.barh(x=`Name',y=`percent',ax=ax,legend=None) | g13/demo.py |
| pandas | reading, csv data | raw_states = pd.read_csv('state-data.csv') | g09/demo.py |
| pandas | reading, from an open file handle | $gen_oswego = pd.read_csv(fh1)$ | g15/demo.py |
| pandas | reading, setting index column | state_data = pd.read_csv('state-data.csv',index_col='na | g11/demo.py |
| pandas | reading, using dtype dictionary | <pre>county = pd.read_csv('county_pop.csv',dtype=fips)</pre> | g10/demo.py |
| pandas | series, RE at start | $is_LD = trim[`Number'].str.contains(r"^{1 }2")$ | g12/demo.py |
| pandas | series, applying a function to each element | $name_clean = name_parts.apply('\ '.join)$ | g23/demo.py |
| pandas | series, automatic alignment by index | $merged[`percent'] = 100 *merged[`pop']/div_pop$ | g13/demo.py |
| pandas | series, combining via where() | $mod[`comb_units'] = unit_part.where(\ unit_part!{=}"\ ,\ mo.\ .$ | g23/demo.py |
| pandas | series, contains RE or RE | is_TT = trim['Days'].str.contains(r"Tu Th") | g12/demo.py |

| Module | Description | Example | Script |
|----------|---|--|-------------|
| pandas | series, contains a plain string | $has_AM = trim['Time'].str.contains("AM")$ | g12/demo.py |
| pandas | series, contains an RE | $has_AMPM = trim['Time'].str.contains("AM.*PM")$ | g12/demo.py |
| pandas | series, converting strings to title case | fixname = subset_view['NAME'].str.title() | g16/demo.py |
| pandas | series, converting to a list | print(name_data['State'].to_list()) | g13/demo.py |
| pandas | series, converting to lower case | name = mod['name'].str.lower() | g23/demo.py |
| pandas | series, dropping rows using a list | conus = states.drop(not_conus) | g22/demo.py |
| pandas | series, element-by-element or | is_either = is_ca is_tx | g16/demo.py |
| pandas | series, filling missing values | $mod['comb_units'] = mod['comb_units'].fillna('feet')$ | g23/demo.py |
| pandas | series, removing spaces | units = units.str.strip() | g23/demo.py |
| pandas | series, replacing values using a dictionary | units = units.replace(spellout) | g23/demo.py |
| pandas | series, retrieving an element | <pre>print("\nFlorida's population:", pop['Florida']/1e6)</pre> | g09/demo.py |
| pandas | series, sort in decending order | div_pop = div_pop.sort_values(ascending=False) | g11/demo.py |
| pandas | series, sorting by value | low_to_high = normed['med_pers_inc'].sort_values() | g09/demo.py |
| pandas | series, splitting strings on whitespace | name_parts = name.str.split() | g23/demo.py |
| pandas | series, splitting via RE | trim['Split'] = trim["Time"].str.split(r": - ") | g12/demo.py |
| pandas | series, splitting with expand | exp = trim["Time"].str.split(r": - ", expand=True) | g12/demo.py |
| pandas | series, summing | $reg_pop = by_reg['pop'].sum()/1e6$ | g11/demo.py |
| pandas | series, unstacking | $tot_wide = tot_amt.unstack('PGI')$ | g16/demo.py |
| pandas | series, using isin() | fixed = flood['TAX_ID'].isin(dup_rec['TAX_ID']) | g14/demo.py |
| pandas | series, using value_counts() | <pre>print('\nOuter:\n', join_o['_merge'].value_counts(), s</pre> | g14/demo.py |
| requests | calling the get() method | response = requests.get(api,payload) | g18/demo.py |
| requests | checking the URL | print('url:', response.url) | g18/demo.py |
| requests | checking the response text | print(response.text) | g18/demo.py |
| requests | checking the status code | print('status:', response.status_code) | g18/demo.py |
| requests | decoding a JSON response | rows = response.json() | g18/demo.py |
| requests | importing the module | import requests | g18/demo.py |
| scipy | calling newton's method | <pre>cr = opt.newton(find_cube_root,xinit,maxiter=20,args=[y</pre> | g07/demo.py |
| scipy | importing the module | import scipy.optimize as opt | g07/demo.py |
| seaborn | adding a title to a grid object | jg.fig.suptitle('Distribution of Hourly Load') | g17/demo.py |
| seaborn | barplot | hue='month',palette='deep',ax=ax1) | g17/demo.py |
| seaborn | basic violin plot | sns.violinplot(data=janjul,x="month",y="usage") | g17/demo.py |
| seaborn | boxenplot | sns.boxenplot(data=janjul,x="month",y="usage") | g17/demo.py |
| seaborn | calling tight_layout on a grid object | jg.fig.tight_layout() | g17/demo.py |
| seaborn | drawing a heatmapped grid | sns.heatmap(means,annot=True,fmt=".0f",cmap='Spectral', | g20/demo.py |

| Module | Description | Example | Script |
|---------|--------------------------------------|--|-------------|
| seaborn | importing the module | import seaborn as sns | g17/demo.py |
| seaborn | joint distribution hex plot | jg = sns.jointplot(data=bymo,x=1,y=7,kind='hex') | g17/demo.py |
| seaborn | setting axis titles on a grid object | jg.set_axis_labels('January','July') | g17/demo.py |
| seaborn | setting the theme | sns.set_theme(style="white") | g17/demo.py |
| seaborn | split violin plot | hue="month",palette='deep',split=True) | g17/demo.py |
| zipfile | importing the module | import zipfile | g15/demo.py |
| zipfile | opening a file in an archive | fh1 = archive.open('generators-oswego.csv') | g15/demo.py |
| zipfile | opening an archive | archive = zipfile.ZipFile('generators.zip') | g15/demo.py |
| zipfile | reading the list of files | <pre>print(archive.namelist())</pre> | g15/demo.py |