Visual Art	Curriculum Goals/Enduring Understandings
Grades 7-9	 Artists and designers experiment with forms, structures, materials, concepts, media, and artmaking
Period length: 2 hours	approaches.Artists and designers develop excellence through
	practice and constructive critique; and reflecting on, revising, and refining work over time.
	Individual aesthetic and empathetic awareness developed through engagement with art can lead to
	understanding and appreciation of self, others, and the world.
	Through artmaking, people make meaning by
	investigating and developing awareness of
	perceptions, knowledge, and experiences.

AEC-1054-A Drawing and Sculpture

Students will learn about painting, drawing and sculpture while exploring a variety of different materials. Scrap wood, wire and clay will be used to create three-dimensional sculptures, while pencil, charcoal, acrylic paint and watercolor will be used for two dimensional projects. Students will learn the tools and techniques for creating from direct observation as well as their imagination.

Balance and Repetition with Wood					
	Number of days: 1				
Essential Questions:	 → How do artists and designers determine what resources and criteria are needed to formulate artistic investigations? → How do artists and designers learn from trial and error? → How does knowing and using visual art vocabularies help us understand and interpret works of art? 				
Lesson Objectives:	 → Technical Objective: Students will be able to build a structurally sound wood sculpture. → Thinking Skills Objective: Students will be able to evaluate and explain how works of art express the concept of balance. → Social-Emotional Objective: Students will be able to discuss what makes an artwork complete. 				

Learning Targets:

→ I can build a sculpture that demonstrates balance.

Materials

Art References



Louise Nevelson

Dawn's Wedding Chapel II

1959



Louise Nevelson That Silent Place 1954-1955

- Sketchbooks
- Pencils, erasers
- Scrap wood
- Tacky glue
- Hot glue guns and glue sticks
- Extension cords

Academic Vocabulary

- Balance
- Repetition

Procedure (Italics for teacher dialogue)

Day 1

Have students observe and discuss Louise Nevelson's work.

- What do you think these sculptures are made out of?
- o How big do you think they are?
- We're going to be talking about more formal qualities of artwork today, rather than what the artwork "means."
 - What do I mean by "formal"?
 - For a lot of modern and contemporary artists, the meaning of a work is in the material choice or the way the materials are arranged.
- How does Nevelson show/use balance?
 - o Repetition?
 - What does she achieve by painting the sculpture one color?
- Start with six wood blocks. Build a structure that is balanced. Draw a picture of it in your sketchbook.
 - Now move some of the blocks so that one side is heavier. Draw a picture of it. How do the two structures feel different from each other?
 - Take another wood shape and add it to your structure. How does that change the way it feels?
- We're going to create our own wood sculptures by arranging and gluing the wood together. How will we know when our sculpture is complete, or when it's ready to be glued together?
 - Have students brainstorm ideas for a checklist to guide their work.
- Demonstrate and discuss glue use and safety.
- Pause about halfway through work time to have students self-evaluate the type of balance in their work. What is the mood communicated?
- After clean-up, have students leave their work at their seats and do a gallery walk
 - Ask full class: What's one challenge you had (working with the wood)?
 - Ask each student as we look at their work: What were you thinking about while you made this? If you could paint it one color to add more detail, what color would you use?

NYS Visual Arts Standards

Creating	Presenting	Responding	Connecting
VA:Cr1.2.7.a (Develop criteria to guide making a work of art or design to meet an identified goal.) VA:Cr2.1.8.a		VA:Re8.1.7.a (Interpret ideas and mood in art by analyzing artmaking approaches, characteristics of form and structure, relevant contextual information,	
(Experiment, innovate, and take risks to		subject matter, and use of media.)	

pursue ideas, forms,		
and meanings that		
emerge in the process		
of artmaking or		
designing.)		

Benchmarks from NYC Visual Art Blueprint for Teaching and Learning:

- (8th Grade) Students hone observation skills and discuss works of art.
- (8th Grade) Students reflect on the process of making art.
- (8th Grade) Create a sculpture that demonstrates unity through purposeful selection and manipulation of materials.
- (8th Grade) Create a sculpture that demonstrates symmetrical/asymmetrical balance.

Examples of Student Work







