

# Supply Chain Attacks



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# What is a Supply

## Chain Attack?

An attack that is launched by targeting vulnerable third party vendors or services that are vital to the supply chain

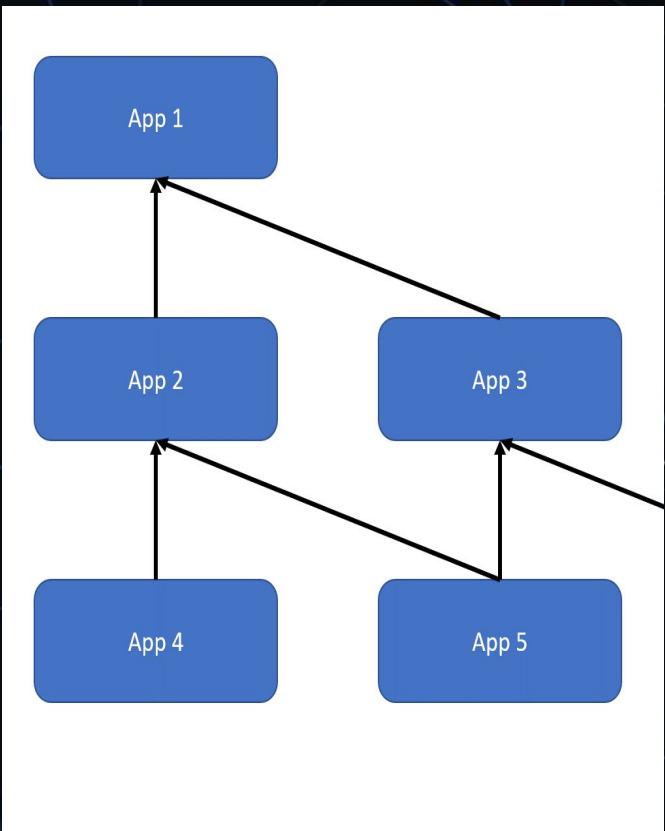
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Example: Targeting updates provided by third party vendor that the target application uses

# Importance



# Why are third parties vulnerable?



## Dependency Complexity

Lack of visibility into vendor practices



## Weak Security Practices

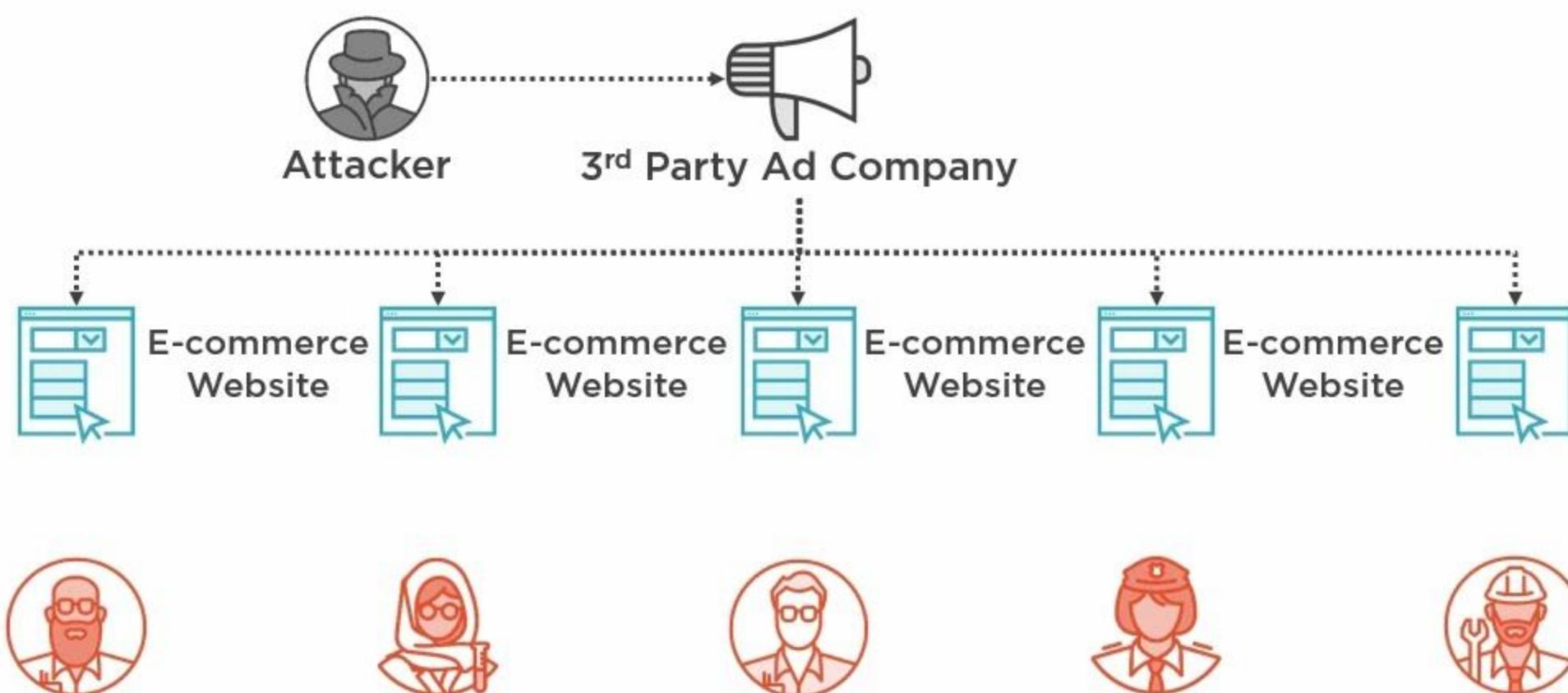
Over-reliance on trust rather than verification



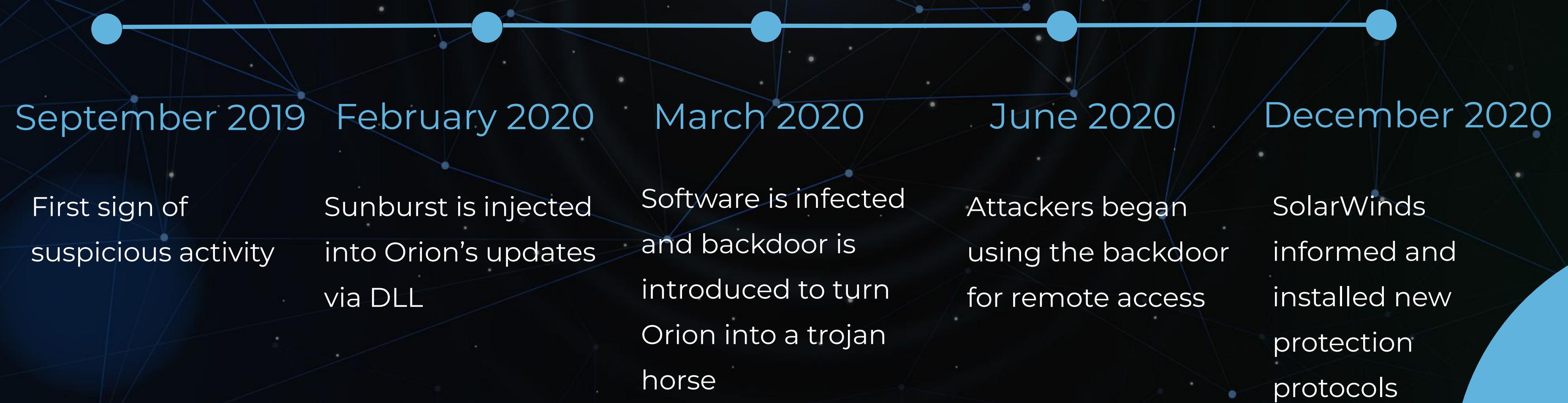
## Wide Impact Potential

A single compromise affects multiple clients

## Supply Chain Attack Example



# Solarwind Attack



# How did it occur?

## Malware Delivered

Delivered via Windows  
Dynamic Linked Library

## Replace DLL file

New DLL file replaced  
the old trusted file  
`solarwinds.orion.core.businesslayer.dll`

## Execution

Executing the  
`solarwinds.orion.core.businesslayer.dll`  
will execute a command  
and control server

## Gather Information

Information will be  
gathered and sent back to  
the attacker

#### SUPPLY CHAIN ATTACK

Attackers insert malicious code into a DLL component of legitimate software. The compromised DLL is distributed to organizations that use the related software.

#### EXECUTION, PERSISTENCE

When the software starts, the compromised DLL loads, and the inserted malicious code calls the function that contains the backdoor capabilities.

#### DEFENSE EVASION

The backdoor has a lengthy list of checks to make sure it's running in an actual compromised network.

#### RECON

The backdoor gathers system info

#### INITIAL C2

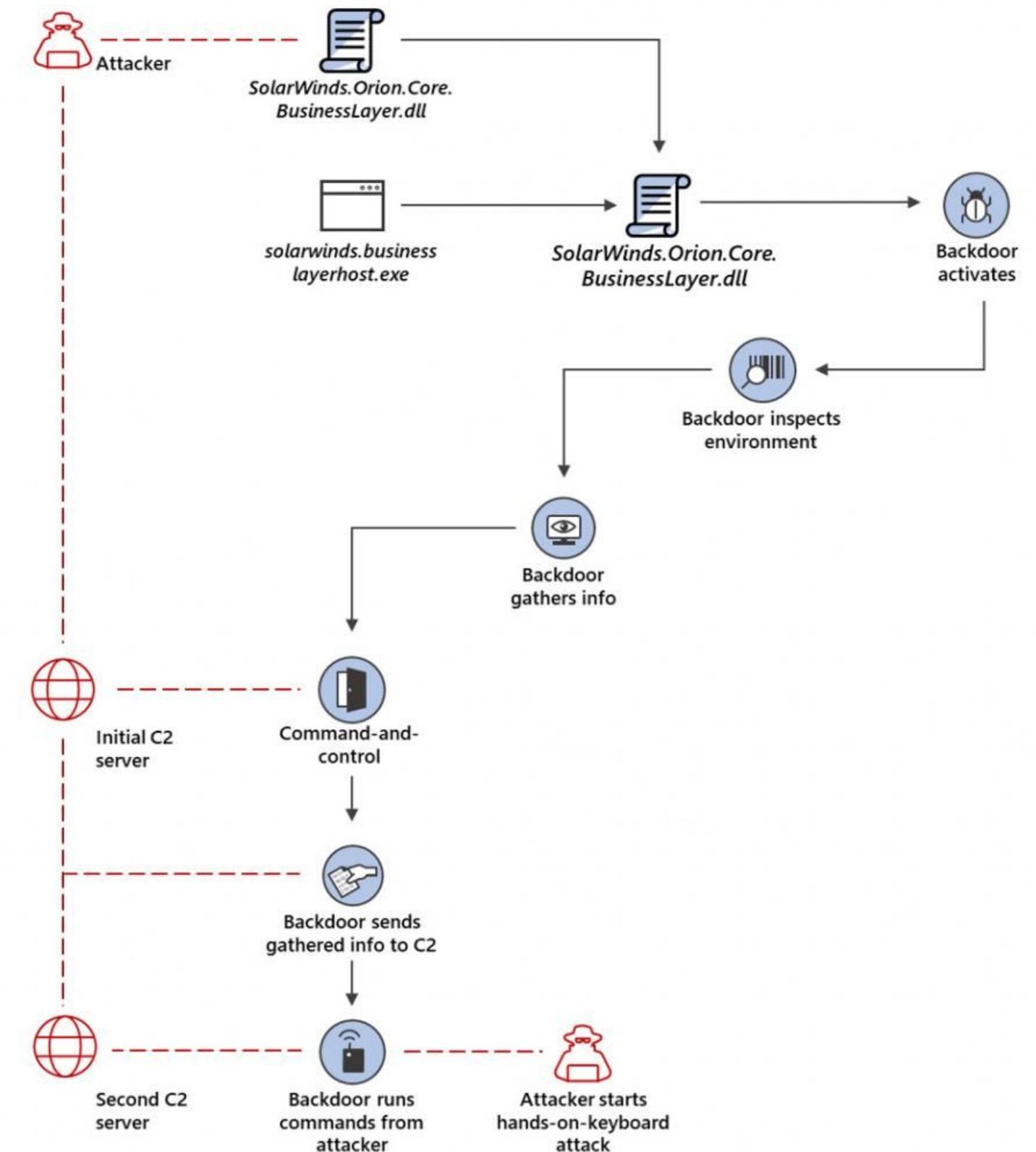
The backdoor connects to a command-and-control server. The domain it connects to is partly based on info gathered from system, making each subdomain unique. The backdoor may receive an additional C2 address to connect to.

#### EXFILTRATION

The backdoor sends gathered information to the attacker.

#### HANDS-ON-KEYBOARD ATTACK

The backdoor runs commands it receives from attackers. The wide range of backdoor capabilities allow attackers to perform additional activities, such as credential theft, progressive privilege escalation, and lateral movement.

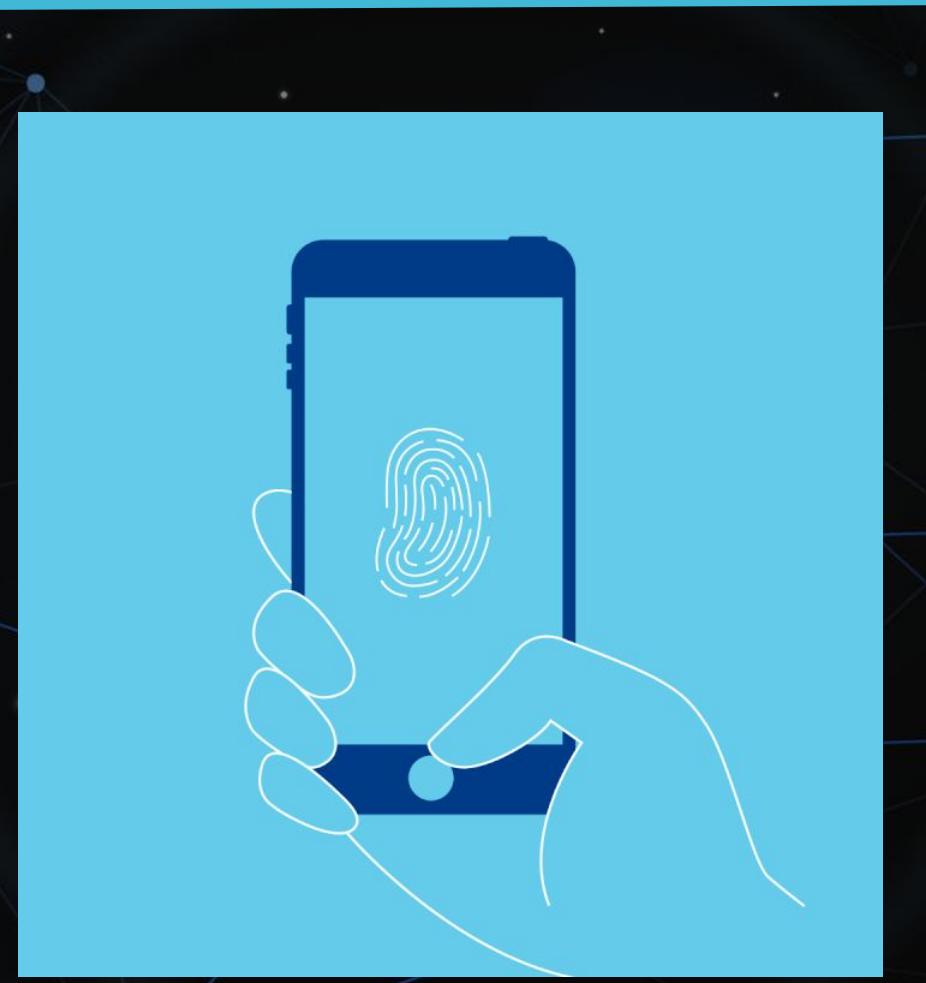


# How to prevent?



## Vendor Management

Thorough review of vendor's security practices



## Authenticating

Incorporate MFA or IAM



## Zero Trust Model

Always authenticate and verify appropriate data is being transmitted



**THANK YOU!**

# CREDITS

- <https://panorays.com/blog/how-to-prevent-supply-chain-attacks/#:~:text=Key%20Elements%20in%20Preventing%20Supply%20Chain%20Attacks,-Given%20that%20supply&text=These%20include%20key%20supply%20chain,into%20your%20entire%20supply%20chain.>
- <https://www.crowdstrike.com/en-us/cybersecurity-101/cyberattacks/supply-chain-attack/>
- <https://venafi.com/blog/solarwinds-sunburst-attack-explained-what-really-happened/>
- <https://www.bleepingcomputer.com/news/security/the-solarwinds-cyberattack-the-hack-the-victims-and-what-we-know/>
- SlidesCarnival and Pexels for the presentation template

