

Predicting Markets with Neural Networks

Wilson Kung
September 2015

Overview

- Goal
 - To predict the next day's market direction using a set of historical time series data
 - Compare the accuracy of different neural network / deep learning structures
- Markets to Predict
 - S&P 500
 - Gold
 - Oil
 - US Treasury Yields

Data

- ~ 2,500 financial and macroeconomic time series from the St. Louis Fed's FRED database
- Data Issues:
 - Inconsistent starting dates
 - Inconsistent frequency
 - Inconsistent release day of week for weekly data
 - Timestamps of weekly data was not date of release but last date of data coverage
- Solutions:
 - Used daily data only
 - Cut out data prior to a start date of the feature with the latest start date

Only 500 features remained to be used

Neural Networks Used

- Feedforward Neural Networks
 - Data only goes forward starting from input nodes to output nodes
- Recurrent Neural Networks
 - Loops exist within the layers such that outputs can be inputs to nodes at the same layer or to prior layers
 - Can be thought of as a way to introduce a kind of memory into the system
 - Works well for sequential data such as time series and text data

Accuracy Visualizations

- Graph of Accuracy vs. various number of layers of a Feedforward Neural Net Structure
- Graph of Accuracy vs. various number of nodes for two hidden layers
- Graph of Accuracy for Feedforward vs. Recurrent Neural Networks

Conclusion

- Explain the feasibility of using neural networks to predict financial markets
- Explain general accuracy trends observed for various number of hidden layers and number of nodes per hidden layer
- Explain general observations for accuracy between feedforward vs. recurrent neural networks