

五. (10分) 证明切比雪多项式满足关系:

$$T_n(x)T_n(x) = \frac{1}{2}(T_{n+1}(x) + T_{n-1}(x)).$$

$$\text{证. } T_n(x) = \cos(n \arccos x) = \cos(\theta), \quad \theta = \arccos x$$

$$\text{则 } \cos(m\theta) = \cos m\theta = \cos n\theta \cos \theta - \sin n\theta \sin \theta$$

$$\text{又 } \cos(m\theta) \cos \theta = \frac{1}{2}(\cos(m\theta + \theta) + \cos(m\theta - \theta))$$

$$\text{即 } T_m(x)T_n(x) = \frac{1}{2}(T_{m+n}(x) + T_{m-n}(x))$$

六. (10分) 对于积分 $\int_0^1 x^a dx$, 若采用复合辛普生公式, 若要使用多少个求积点才能使得积分近似值的误差小于 10^{-9} ?

$$\text{解: } a=0, b=1, \quad f(x) = (x^a)^{(4)} = 5 \times 4 \times 3 \times 2 \times x = 120x$$

$$\max_{x \in [0,1]} |f^{(4)}(x)| = 120.$$

$$|E_n(f)| \leq \frac{1}{2880} \frac{1}{n^4} \cdot 120 \leq 10^{-8}$$

$$\Rightarrow n^4 \geq \frac{120}{2880} \times 10^8$$

$$\Rightarrow n \geq \sqrt[4]{\frac{1}{4} \times 10^8}$$

$$n = 2n = 2 \cdot \left[\sqrt[4]{\frac{1}{4} \times 10^8} \right] \times 10^2$$

$$\text{故 } \left[\sqrt[4]{\frac{2}{4 \times 10^8}} \right] \times 10^2 + 1 \text{ 个点}$$

七. (10分) 设函数 $f(x)$ 在 $[a, b]$ 上具有四阶连续导数, 试构造二次多项式 $H_2(x)$, 使其满足插值条件:

$$H_2(a) = f(a), H_2'(a) = f'(a), H_2''(a) = f''(a), H_2'''(a) = f'''(a).$$

并求其余项 $f(x) - H_2(x)$ 的表达式.

$$\text{解: 令 } H_2(x) = N_2(x) + A(x-a)^2, \text{ 且 } N_2(x) = f(a) + f'(a)(x-a) + \frac{1}{2}f''(a)(x-a)^2$$

$$\text{且 } H_2(a) = f(a), H_2'(a) = f'(a), H_2''(a) = f''(a)$$

$$\text{又 } H_2'''(a) = f'''(a) + 2A \cdot 2(a-a)$$

$$\text{即 } H_2'''(a) = f'''(a) + 4A = f'''(a) \quad A = 0$$

$$\text{故 } H_2(x) = f(a) + f'(a)(x-a) + \frac{1}{2}f''(a)(x-a)^2$$

$$\text{即 } R_2(x) = f(x) - H_2(x), \quad a = 0$$

$$\text{且 } R_2(a) = (x-a)^3 f'''(a)/6, \quad R_2'(a) = 0, R_2''(a) = 0$$

$$C = 2b-a$$

$$\text{即 } R_2(x) = \frac{1}{6}f'''(a)(x-a)^3$$

$$f'''(a) = f'''(a) - f'''(a) = 0$$

$$\text{即 } f'''(a) = 0, f'''(a) = 0, f'''(a) = 0$$

$$\text{即 } R_2(x) = \frac{1}{6}f'''(a)(x-a)^3$$

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