

# **Chapter 3: Introduction to SQL**

**Database System Concepts, 7th Ed.** 

©Silberschatz, Korth and Sudarshan See <a href="https://www.db-book.com">www.db-book.com</a> for conditions on re-use



## **Test for Empty Relations**

- The exists construct returns the value true if the argument subquery is nonempty.
- exists  $r \Leftrightarrow r \neq \emptyset$
- not exists  $r \Leftrightarrow r = \emptyset$



## **Correlation Variables**

Yet another way of specifying the query "Find all courses taught in both the Fall 2009 semester and in the Spring 2010 semester"

- Correlated subquery
- Correlation name or correlation variable



## **Use of "exists" Clause**

```
Product2 (pname, price, cid)
Company2 (cid, cname, city)
```

¡Encuentra todas las empresas que fabrican algunos productos con precio <25!

```
SELECT DISTINCT C.cname
FROM Company2 C
WHERE EXISTS (
    SELECT *
    FROM Product2 P
    WHERE C.cid = P.cid
    and P.price < 25
)
```



### **Use of "exists" Clause**

Yet another way of specifying the query "Find all courses taught in both the Fall 2017 semester and in the Spring 2018 semester"

- Correlation name variable S in the outer query
- Correlated subquery the inner query



### Use of "not exists" Clause

```
Product2 (pname, price, cid)
Company2 (cid, cname, city)
```

¡Encuentre todas las empresas que fabrican solo productos con precio <25!

```
SELECT DISTINCT C.cname
FROM Company2 C
WHERE NOT EXISTS (
SELECT *
FROM Product2 P
WHERE C.cid = P.cid
and P.price >= 25
)

Select *
From Company2 C, Product2 P
WHERE C.cid = P.cid
and P.price >= 25
```



### Use of "not exists" Clause

Find all students who have taken all courses offered in the Biology department.

- First nested query lists all courses offered in Biology
- Second nested query lists all courses a particular student took
- Note that  $X Y = \emptyset \Leftrightarrow X \subseteq Y$
- Note: Cannot write this query using = all and its variants