

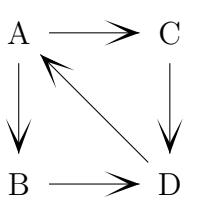
Name: \_\_\_\_\_

NetID: \_\_\_\_\_

Lecture: A B

Discussion: Thursday Friday 9 10 11 12 1 2 3 4 5 6

1. (5 points) Check all boxes that correctly characterize this relation on the set  $\{A, B, C, D, E, F\}$ .



E

Reflexive:  Irreflexive: 

F

Symmetric:  Antisymmetric: Transitive: 

2. (5 points) Suppose that  $S$  is the set of all binary strings (i.e. finite sequences of 1's and 0's). Suppose that  $\sim$  is the relation on  $S$  where  $a \sim b$  if and only if  $a$  and  $b$  contain the same number of 1's. For example,  $0101 \sim 100001$ . List three members of  $[111]$ .

3. (5 points) Let  $T$  be the relation defined on set of pairs  $(x, y) \in \mathbb{R}^2$  such that  $(x, y)T(p, q)$  if and only if  $x \leq p$  or  $y \leq q$ . Is  $T$  antisymmetric? Informally explain why it is, or give a concrete counter-example showing that it is not.

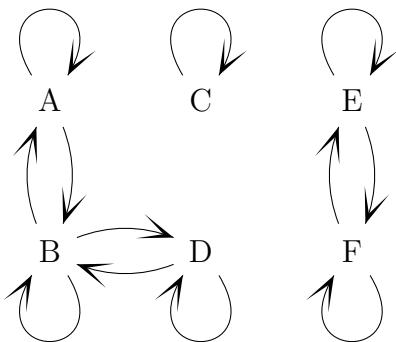
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Lecture: A B

Discussion: Thursday Friday 9 10 11 12 1 2 3 4 5 6

1. (5 points) Check all boxes that correctly characterize this relation on the set  $\{A, B, C, D, E, F\}$ .



- Reflexive:  Irreflexive:   
Symmetric:  Antisymmetric:   
Transitive:

2. (5 points) A relation is a partial order if it has which three properties? (Naming the properties is sufficient. You don't have to define them.)

3. (5 points) Suppose that  $R$  is a relation on the integers such that  $xRy$  for all integers  $x$  and  $y$ . Is  $R$  an equivalence relation?

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1. (5 points) Check all boxes that correctly characterize this relation on the set  $\{A, B, C, D, E, F\}$ .

$$A \longrightarrow C \longleftarrow E$$

Reflexive:  Irreflexive: 

$$B \longrightarrow D \longleftarrow F$$

Symmetric:  Antisymmetric: Transitive: 

2. (5 points) Let's define the equivalence relation  $\sim$  on  $\mathbb{N}^3$  such that  $(x, y, z) \sim (p, q, r)$  if and only if  $(x, y, z) = \alpha(p, q, r)$  for some integer  $\alpha$ . ~~List three members of  $\{(1, 2, 3)\}$~~  List three elements that are related to  $(1, 2, 3)$  in either direction.

3. (5 points) Suppose that  $R$  is the relation on the set of integers such that  $aRb$  if and only if  $|a - b| \leq 13$ . Is  $R$  transitive? Informally explain why it is, or give a concrete counter-example showing that it is not.

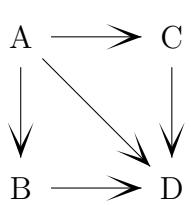
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Lecture: A B

Discussion: Thursday Friday 9 10 11 12 1 2 3 4 5 6

1. (5 points) Check all boxes that correctly characterize this relation on the set  $\{A, B, C, D, E, F\}$ .



- Reflexive:  Irreflexive:   
Symmetric:  Antisymmetric:   
Transitive:

2. (5 points) Let  $R$  be the relation on the integers such that  $xRy$  if and only if  $\lfloor x/4 \rfloor = \lfloor y/4 \rfloor$ . List the values in [8].

3. (5 points) Let  $T$  be a reflexive relation defined on the integers. Let  $S$  be the relation on the integers such that  $aSb$  if and only if there is an integer  $k$  such that  $aTk$  and  $kTb$ . Is  $S$  reflexive? (I.e. is  $S$  reflexive for any reflexive relation  $T$ ?) Informally explain why it is, or give a concrete counter-example showing that it is not.

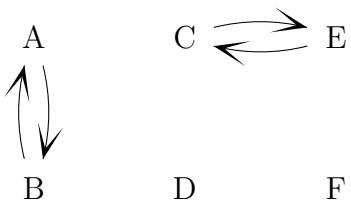
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Lecture: A B

Discussion: Thursday Friday 9 10 11 12 1 2 3 4 5 6

1. (5 points) Check all boxes that correctly characterize this relation on the set  $\{A, B, C, D, E, F\}$ .



Reflexive:  Irreflexive:   
Symmetric:  Antisymmetric:   
Transitive:

2. (5 points) Can a relation be irreflexive, symmetric, and also transitive? Either give such a relation or briefly explain why it's not possible to construct one.

3. (5 points) Suppose that  $R$  is a relation on the integers such  $xRy$  if and only if  $x = y$ . Is  $R$  a partial order?

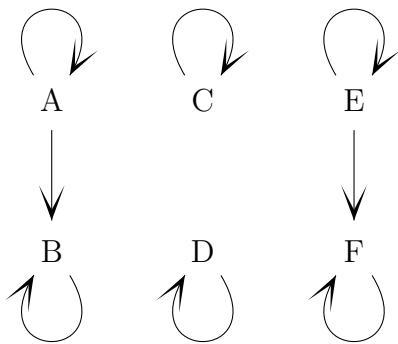
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Lecture: A B

Discussion: Thursday Friday 9 10 11 12 1 2 3 4 5 6

1. (5 points) Check all boxes that correctly characterize this relation on the set  $\{A, B, C, D, E, F\}$ .



- Reflexive:  Irreflexive:   
Symmetric:  Antisymmetric:   
Transitive:

2. (5 points) Suppose that  $R$  is a relation on a set  $A$ . Using precise mathematical words and notation, define what it means for  $R$  to be symmetric.

3. (5 points) Let  $T$  be the relation defined on  $\mathbb{N}$  such that  $aTb$  if and only if  $a = b + 2k$  for some natural number  $k$ . Is  $T$  antisymmetric? Informally explain why it is, or give a concrete counter-example showing that it is not.

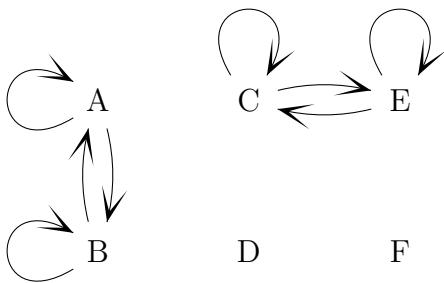
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Lecture: A B

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1. (5 points) Check all boxes that correctly characterize this relation on the set  $\{A, B, C, D, E, F\}$ .



- Reflexive:  Irreflexive:   
Symmetric:  Antisymmetric:   
Transitive:

2. (5 points) Let's define the equivalence relation  $\sim$  on  $\mathbb{N}^3$  such that  $(x, y, z) \sim (p, q, r)$  if and only if  $x + y + z = p + q + r$ . List three members of  $[(1, 2, 3)]$ .

3. (5 points) Suppose that  $R$  is a relation on the integers such  $xRy$  if and only if  $xy = 1$  for all integers  $x$  and  $y$ . Is  $R$  a partial order?

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Lecture: A B

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1. (5 points) Check all boxes that correctly characterize this relation on the set  $\{A, B, C, D, E, F\}$ .

A



E

Reflexive:  Irreflexive: Symmetric:  Antisymmetric: 

B



F

Transitive: 

2. (5 points) A relation is an equivalence relation if it has which three properties? (Naming the properties is sufficient. You don't have to define them.)

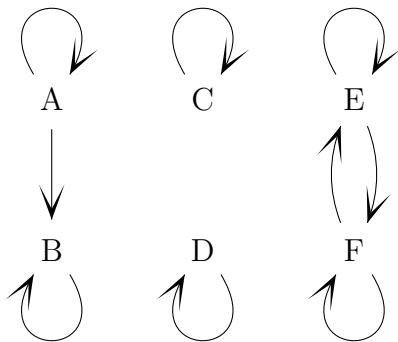
3. (5 points) Suppose that  $\succeq$  is the relation between subsets of the integers such that  $A \succeq B$  if and only if  $A - B \neq \emptyset$ . ( $A$  and  $B$  are sets of integers, so  $A - B$  is a set difference.) Is  $\succeq$  transitive? Informally explain why it's true or give a concrete counter-example.

Name: \_\_\_\_\_

NetID: \_\_\_\_\_ Lecture: B

Discussion: Friday 11 12 1 2 3 4

1. (5 points) Check all boxes that correctly characterize this relation on the set  $\{A, B, C, D, E, F\}$ .

Reflexive:  Irreflexive: Symmetric:  Antisymmetric: Transitive: 

2. (5 points) Let  $R$  be the equivalence relation on the real numbers such that  $xRy$  if and only if  $[x] = [y]$ . Give three members of the equivalence class  $[13]$ .

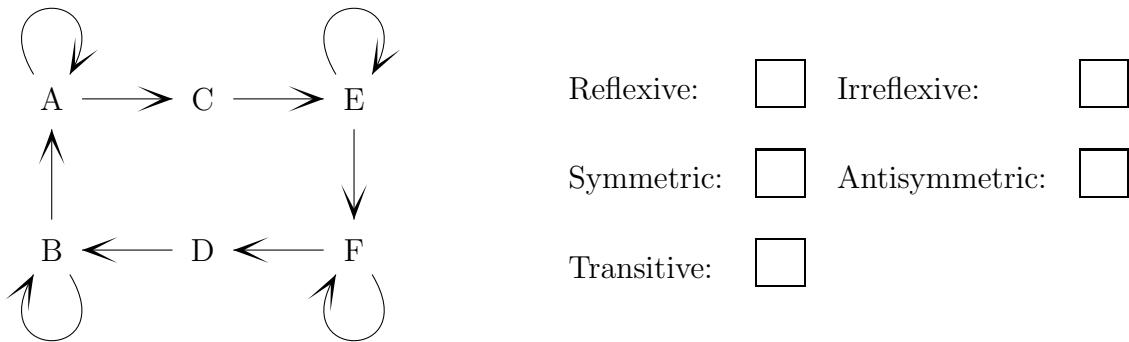
3. (5 points) Let  $T$  be the relation defined on set of pairs  $(x, y) \in \mathbb{R}^2$  such that  $(x, y)T(p, q)$  if and only if  $x \leq p$  or  $y \leq q$ . Is  $T$  transitive? Informally explain why it is, or give a concrete counter-example showing that it is not.

Name: \_\_\_\_\_

NetID: \_\_\_\_\_ Lecture: B

Discussion: Friday 11 12 1 2 3 4

1. (5 points) Check all boxes that correctly characterize this relation on the set  $\{A, B, C, D, E, F\}$ .

Reflexive:  Irreflexive: Symmetric:  Antisymmetric: Transitive: 

2. (5 points) Suppose that  $R$  is a relation on a set  $A$ . Using precise mathematical words and notation, define what it means for  $R$  to be antisymmetric.

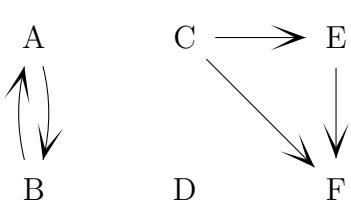
3. (5 points) Let  $T$  be the relation defined on set of pairs  $(x, y) \in \mathbb{R}^2$  such that  $(x, y)T(p, q)$  if and only if  $x \leq p$  and  $y \leq q$ . Is  $T$  antisymmetric? Informally explain why it is, or give a concrete counter-example showing that it is not.

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Discussion: Thursday Friday 9 10 11 12 1 2 3 4 5 6

1. (5 points) Check all boxes that correctly characterize this relation on the set  $\{A, B, C, D, E, F\}$ .



- Reflexive:  Irreflexive:   
Symmetric:  Antisymmetric:   
Transitive:

2. (5 points) Recall that  $\mathbb{N}^2$  is the set of all pairs of natural numbers. Let's define the equivalence relation  $\sim$  on  $\mathbb{N}^2$  as follows:  $(x, y) \sim (p, q)$  if and only if  $|x - y| = |p - q|$ . List three members of  $[(2, 3)]$ .

3. (5 points) Suppose that  $R$  is a relation on the integers such  $xRy$  if and only if  $x = y$ . Is  $R$  an equivalence relation?

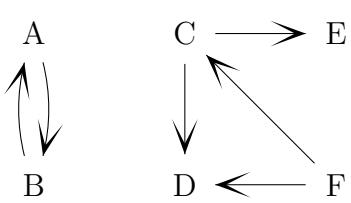
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1. (5 points) Check all boxes that correctly characterize this relation on the set  $\{A, B, C, D, E, F\}$ .



- Reflexive:  Irreflexive:   
Symmetric:  Antisymmetric:   
Transitive:

2. (5 points) Can a relation be symmetric and also antisymmetric? Either give such a relation or briefly explain why it's not possible to construct one.

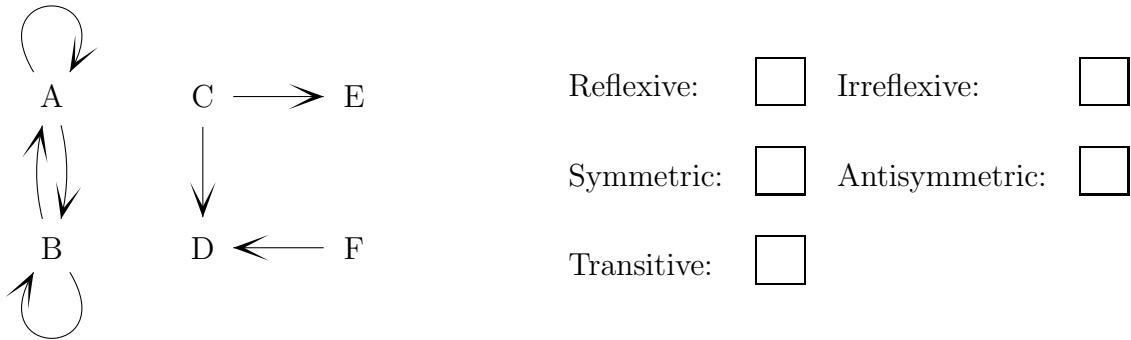
3. (5 points) Let  $J$  be the set of open intervals of the real line, i.e  $J = \{(x, y) \in \mathbb{R}^2 \mid x < y\}$ . Let's define the "disjoint" relation  $D$  on  $J$  by  $(a, b)D(c, d)$  if and only if  $b \leq c$  or  $d \leq a$ . Is  $D$  transitive? Informally explain why it is, or give a concrete counter-example showing that it is not.

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1. (5 points) Check all boxes that correctly characterize this relation on the set  $\{A, B, C, D, E, F\}$ .



- Reflexive:  Irreflexive:   
Symmetric:  Antisymmetric:   
Transitive:

2. (5 points) Suppose that  $R$  is a partial order on a set  $A$ . What additional property is required for  $R$  to be a linear order (aka total order)? Give specific details of the property, not just its name.

3. (5 points) Suppose that  $R$  is a relation on the integers such  $xRy$  if and only if  $2 \mid (x + y + 1)$ . Is  $R$  transitive?

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1. (5 points) Check all boxes that correctly characterize this relation on the set  $\{A, B, C, D, E, F\}$ .

A C E

B D F

(that is, 6 nodes  
and no arrows  
at all)

Reflexive:  Irreflexive:   
Symmetric:  Antisymmetric:   
Transitive:

2. (5 points) Let  $R$  be the equivalence relation on the real numbers such that  $xRy$  if and only if  $[x] = [y]$ . Give three members of the equivalence class  $[13]$ .

3. (5 points) Suppose that  $R$  is a relation on pairs of integers such that  $(x, y)R(a, b)$  if and only if  $x - a \geq 2$  and  $y \geq b$ . Is  $R$  a partial order?

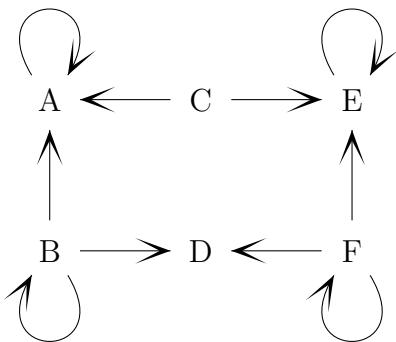
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Lecture: A B

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1. (5 points) Check all boxes that correctly characterize this relation on the set  $\{A, B, C, D, E, F\}$ .



- Reflexive:  Irreflexive:   
Symmetric:  Antisymmetric:   
Transitive:

2. (5 points) Notice that this problem was corrected early in the exam. This is the corrected version. Let's define the relation  $\sim$  on  $\mathbb{Z}$  such that  $x \sim y$  if and only if  $|x - y| = 3$ . List all elements related to 7.

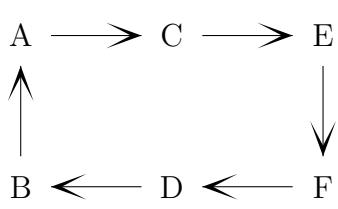
3. (5 points) Let  $S$  be the relation defined on set of pairs  $(x, y) \in \mathbb{R}^2$  such that  $(x, y)S(p, q)$  if and only if  $x^2 + y^2 \leq p^2 + q^2$ . Is  $S$  antisymmetric? Informally explain why it is, or give a concrete counter-example showing that it is not.

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1. (5 points) Check all boxes that correctly characterize this relation on the set  $\{A, B, C, D, E, F\}$ .



- Reflexive:  Irreflexive:   
Symmetric:  Antisymmetric:   
Transitive:

2. (5 points) Suppose that  $R$  is an equivalence relation on a set  $A$ . Using precise set notation, define  $[x]_R$ , i.e. the equivalence class of  $x$  under the relation  $R$ .

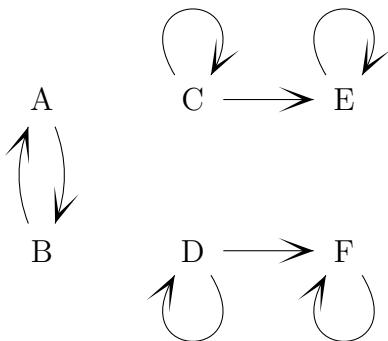
3. (5 points) Let  $J$  be the set of open intervals of the real line, i.e  $J = \{(x, y) \in \mathbb{R}^2 \mid x < y\}$ . Let's define the "touches" relation  $T$  on  $J$  by  $(a, b)T(c, d)$  if and only if  $a = d$  or  $b = c$ . Is  $T$  transitive? Informally explain why it is, or give a concrete counter-example showing that it is not.

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1. (5 points) Check all boxes that correctly characterize this relation on the set  $\{A, B, C, D, E, F\}$ .



- |             |                          |                |                          |
|-------------|--------------------------|----------------|--------------------------|
| Reflexive:  | <input type="checkbox"/> | Irreflexive:   | <input type="checkbox"/> |
| Symmetric:  | <input type="checkbox"/> | Antisymmetric: | <input type="checkbox"/> |
| Transitive: | <input type="checkbox"/> |                |                          |

2. (5 points) Let  $\sim$  be the relation defined on set of pairs  $(x, y) \in \mathbb{R}^2$  such that  $(x, y) \sim (p, q)$  if and only if  $x^2 + y^2 = p^2 + q^2$ . Find three elements in the equivalence class  $[(0, 1)]$

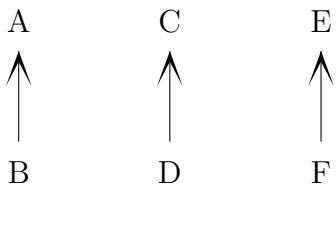
3. (5 points) Suppose that  $\preceq$  is the relation between subsets of the integers such that  $A \preceq B$  if and only if  $A - B = \emptyset$ . ( $A$  and  $B$  are sets of integers, so  $A - B$  is a set difference.) Is  $\preceq$  antisymmetric? Informally explain why it's true (e.g. use a Venn diagram) or give a concrete counter-example.

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1. (5 points) Check all boxes that correctly characterize this relation on the set  $\{A, B, C, D, E, F\}$ .



- Reflexive:  Irreflexive:   
Symmetric:  Antisymmetric:   
Transitive:

2. (5 points) A relation is a partial order if it has which three properties? (Naming the properties is sufficient. You don't have to define them.)

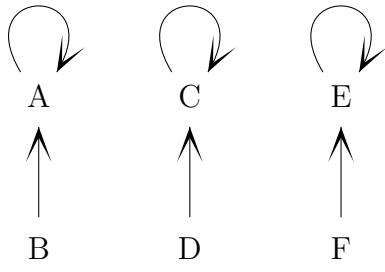
3. (5 points) Suppose that  $T$  is the relation on the set of integers such that  $aTb$  if and only if  $\gcd(a, b) = 3$ . Is  $T$  transitive? Informally explain why it is, or give a concrete counter-example showing that it is not.

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1. (5 points) Check all boxes that correctly characterize this relation on the set  $\{A, B, C, D, E, F\}$ .



Reflexive:  Irreflexive:   
Symmetric:  Antisymmetric:   
Transitive:

2. (5 points) Suppose that  $R$  is a relation on a set  $A$ . Using precise mathematical words and notation, define what it means for  $R$  to be symmetric.

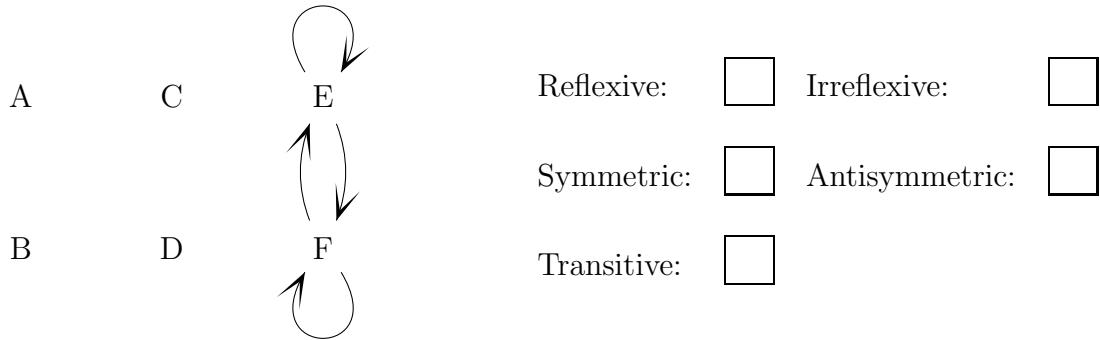
3. (5 points) Suppose that  $R$  is the relation on  $\mathbb{Z}^4$  such that  $(a, b, c, d)R(w, x, y, z)$  if and only if  $c = w$ ,  $d = x$ ,  $a = y$ , and  $b = z$ . Is  $R$  symmetric? Informally explain why it's true or give a concrete counter-example.

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1. (5 points) Check all boxes that correctly characterize this relation on the set  $\{A, B, C, D, E, F\}$ .



2. (5 points) Let  $R$  be the relation on the integers such that  $aRb$  if and only if  $2a \equiv -3b \pmod{5}$ . Find three elements in the equivalence class  $[7]$ .

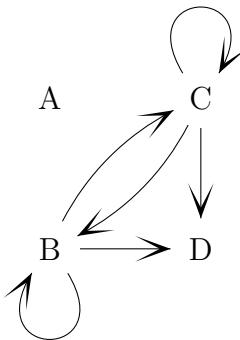
3. (5 points) Suppose that  $R$  is the relation on  $\mathbb{Z}^3$  such that  $(a, b, c)R(x, y, z)$  if and only if  $c = x$ ,  $a = y$ , and  $b = z$ . Is  $R$  transitive? Informally explain why it's true or give a concrete counter-example.

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1. (5 points) Check all boxes that correctly characterize this relation on the set  $\{A, B, C, D, E, F\}$ .



E

F

- Reflexive:  Irreflexive:   
Symmetric:  Antisymmetric:   
Transitive:

2. (5 points) Suppose that  $S$  is the set of all binary strings (i.e. finite sequences of 1's and 0's). Suppose that  $\sim$  is the relation on  $S$  where  $a \sim b$  if and only if  $a$  and  $b$  are the same length. For example,  $01011 \sim 00010$ . List three members of  $[1111]$ .

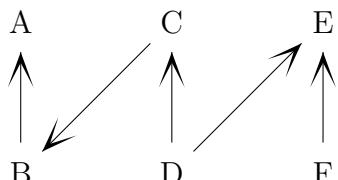
3. (5 points) Let  $T$  be the relation on  $\mathbb{R}^2$  such that  $(x, y)T(p, q)$  if and only if  $(x, y) = \alpha(p, q)$  for some real number  $\alpha$ . Is  $T$  symmetric? Informally explain why it is, or give a concrete counter-example showing that it is not.

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1. (5 points) Check all boxes that correctly characterize this relation on the set  $\{A, B, C, D, E, F\}$ .



- Reflexive:  Irreflexive:   
Symmetric:  Antisymmetric:   
Transitive:

2. (5 points) Can a relation with at least one related pair (i.e. at least one arrow in a diagram) be irreflexive, symmetric, and also transitive? Either give such a relation or briefly explain why it's not possible to construct one.

3. (5 points) Suppose that  $\succeq$  is the relation between subsets of the integers such that  $A \succeq B$  if and only if  $A - B \neq \emptyset$ . ( $A$  and  $B$  are sets of integers, so  $A - B$  is a set difference.) Is  $\succeq$  transitive? Informally explain why it's true or give a concrete counter-example.

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1. (5 points) Check all boxes that correctly characterize this relation on the set  $\{A, B, C, D, E, F\}$ .



- Reflexive:  Irreflexive:   
Symmetric:  Antisymmetric:   
Transitive:

2. (5 points) Recall that  $\mathbb{Z}^2$  is the set of all pairs of integers. Let's define the equivalence relation  $\sim$  on  $\mathbb{Z}^2$  as follows:  $(a, b) \sim (p, q)$  if and only  $ab = pq$ . List three members of  $[(5, 6)]$ .

3. (5 points) Let  $T$  be the relation defined on set of pairs  $(x, y) \in \mathbb{R}^2$  such that  $(x, y)T(p, q)$  if and only if  $x \leq p$  and  $y \leq q$ . Is  $T$  antisymmetric? Informally explain why it is, or give a concrete counter-example showing that it is not.

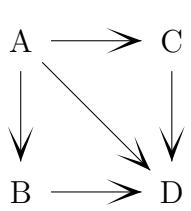
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1. (5 points) Check all boxes that correctly characterize this relation on the set  $\{A, B, C, D, E, F\}$ .



Reflexive:  Irreflexive:   
Symmetric:  Antisymmetric:   
Transitive:

2. (5 points) Suppose that  $R$  is a relation on a set  $A$ . Using precise mathematical words and notation, define what it means for  $R$  to be antisymmetric.

3. (5 points) Suppose that  $R$  is an equivalence relation on the integers. Is it true that  $y \in [x]_R$  if and only if  $x \in [y]_R$ , for any integers  $x$  and  $y$ ? Informally explain why it's true or give a concrete counter-example.

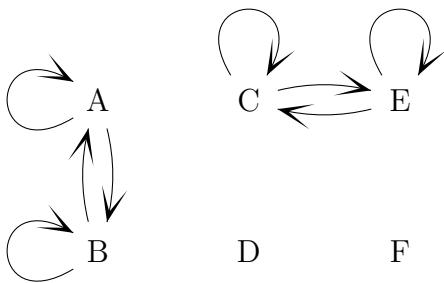
Name: \_\_\_\_\_

NetID: \_\_\_\_\_

Lecture: A B

Discussion: Thursday Friday 10 11 12 1 2 3 4 5 6

1. (5 points) Check all boxes that correctly characterize this relation on the set  $\{A, B, C, D, E, F\}$ .



Reflexive:  Irreflexive:   
Symmetric:  Antisymmetric:   
Transitive:

2. (5 points) Suppose that  $R$  is a relation on a set  $A$ . Using precise mathematical words and notation, define what it means for  $R$  to be symmetric.

3. (5 points) Suppose that  $R$  is the relation on the set of integers such that  $aRb$  if and only if  $|a - b| \leq 13$ . Is  $R$  transitive? Informally explain why it is, or give a concrete counter-example showing that it is not.

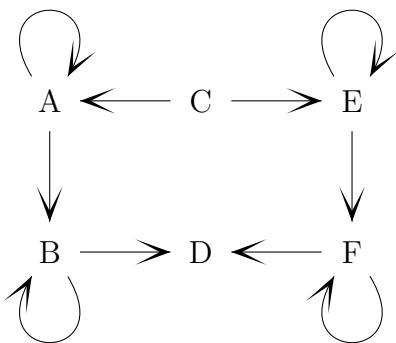
Name: \_\_\_\_\_

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Lecture: A B

Discussion: Thursday Friday 10 11 12 1 2 3 4 5 6

1. (5 points) Check all boxes that correctly characterize this relation on the set  $\{A, B, C, D, E, F\}$ .



- |             |                          |                |                          |
|-------------|--------------------------|----------------|--------------------------|
| Reflexive:  | <input type="checkbox"/> | Irreflexive:   | <input type="checkbox"/> |
| Symmetric:  | <input type="checkbox"/> | Antisymmetric: | <input type="checkbox"/> |
| Transitive: | <input type="checkbox"/> |                |                          |

2. (5 points) Suppose that  $S$  is the set of all binary strings (i.e. finite sequences of 1's and 0's). Suppose that  $\sim$  is the relation on  $S$  where  $a \sim b$  if and only if  $a$  and  $b$  contain the same number of 1's. For example,  $0101 \sim 100001$ . List three members of  $[111]$ .

3. (5 points) Let  $T$  be the relation defined on set of pairs  $(x, y) \in \mathbb{R}^2$  such that  $(x, y)T(p, q)$  if and only if  $x - p \leq y - q$ . Is  $T$  transitive? Informally explain why it is, or give a concrete counter-example showing that it is not.

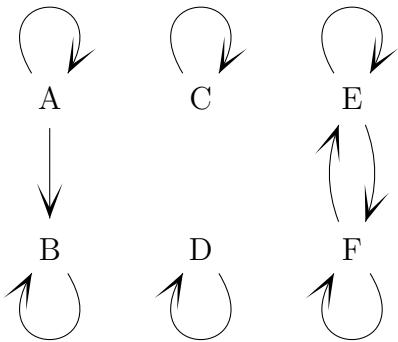
Name: \_\_\_\_\_

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Lecture: A B

Discussion: Thursday Friday 10 11 12 1 2 3 4 5 6

1. (5 points) Check all boxes that correctly characterize this relation on the set  $\{A, B, C, D, E, F\}$ .

Reflexive:  Irreflexive: Symmetric:  Antisymmetric: Transitive: 

2. (5 points) Let's define the equivalence relation  $\sim$  on  $\mathbb{R}$  such that  $x \sim y$  if and only if  $|x - y| \in \mathbb{Z}$ . List three members of  $[1.7]$ .

3. (5 points) Let  $T$  be the relation defined on set of pairs  $(x, y) \in \mathbb{R}^2$  such that  $(x, y)T(p, q)$  if and only if  $xp + yq = 0$ . Is  $T$  irreflexive? Informally explain why it is, or give a concrete counter-example showing that it is not.

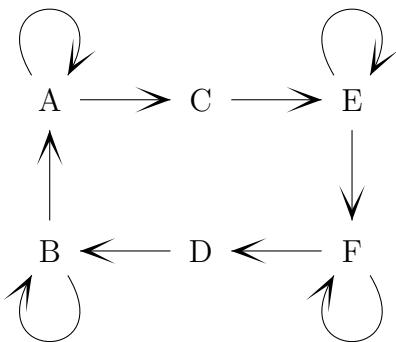
Name: \_\_\_\_\_

NetID: \_\_\_\_\_

Lecture: A B

Discussion: Thursday Friday 10 11 12 1 2 3 4 5 6

1. (5 points) Check all boxes that correctly characterize this relation on the set  $\{A, B, C, D, E, F\}$ .



- Reflexive:  Irreflexive:   
Symmetric:  Antisymmetric:   
Transitive:

2. (5 points) Can a relation be reflexive, symmetric, and also antisymmetric? Either give such a relation or briefly explain why it's not possible to construct one.

3. (5 points) Let  $R$  be the relation on  $\mathbb{Z}$  such that  $xRy$  if and only if  $|x| + |y| = 2$

Is  $R$  transitive? Informally explain why it is, or give a concrete counter-example showing that it is not.