

Name: _____

NetID: _____ Lecture: A B

Discussion: Thursday Friday 9 10 11 12 1 2 3 4 5 6

(15 points) Check the (single) box that best characterizes each item.

Algorithm A takes $\log_2 n$ time. On one input, A takes x time. How long will it take if I double the input size?

$x + 1$ ☐ $2x$ ☐ 2^x ☐ x^2 ☐

$$T(1) = c$$

$$\Theta(n)$$

☐

$$\Theta(n \log n)$$

☐

$$\Theta(n^2)$$

☐

$$\Theta(n^3)$$

☐

$$T(n) = 4T(n/2) + n$$

$$\Theta(n^{\log_3 2})$$

☐

$$\Theta(n^{\log_2 3})$$

☐

$$\Theta(2^n)$$

☐

$$\Theta(3^n)$$

☐

The running time of binary search is $O(n \log n)$.

true ☐false ☐

For a problem to satisfy the definition of NP, a “yes” answer must have a succinct justification.

true ☐false ☐

Deciding whether an input logic expression be made true by appropriate choice of input values.

polynomial ☐exponential ☐in NP ☐

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(15 points) Check the (single) box that best characterizes each item.

| | | | | | | | | |
|--|------------------|--------------------------|------------------------|--------------------------|------------------------|--------------------------|---------------|--------------------------|
| Karatsuba's integer multiplication algorithm | $\Theta(\log n)$ | <input type="checkbox"/> | $\Theta(n)$ | <input type="checkbox"/> | $\Theta(n \log n)$ | <input type="checkbox"/> | $\Theta(n^2)$ | <input type="checkbox"/> |
| | $\Theta(n^3)$ | <input type="checkbox"/> | $\Theta(n^{\log_3 2})$ | <input type="checkbox"/> | $\Theta(n^{\log_2 3})$ | <input type="checkbox"/> | $\Theta(2^n)$ | <input type="checkbox"/> |

| | | | | | | | | |
|----------------------|------------------|--------------------------|--------------------|--------------------------|---------------|--------------------------|--------------------|--------------------------|
| $T(1) = d$ | $\Theta(\log n)$ | <input type="checkbox"/> | $\Theta(\sqrt{n})$ | <input type="checkbox"/> | $\Theta(n)$ | <input type="checkbox"/> | $\Theta(n \log n)$ | <input type="checkbox"/> |
| $T(n) = 2T(n/4) + n$ | $\Theta(n^2)$ | <input type="checkbox"/> | $\Theta(n^3)$ | <input type="checkbox"/> | $\Theta(2^n)$ | <input type="checkbox"/> | $\Theta(3^n)$ | <input type="checkbox"/> |

| | | | | |
|---|---------------|--------------------------|----------------|--------------------------|
| The running time of merge is recursively defined by $T(1) = d$ and $T(n) =$ | $T(n-1) + c$ | <input type="checkbox"/> | $T(n-1) + cn$ | <input type="checkbox"/> |
| | $2T(n-1) + c$ | <input type="checkbox"/> | $2T(n-1) + cn$ | <input type="checkbox"/> |

| | | | | | | |
|--|------|--------------------------|-------|--------------------------|-----------|--------------------------|
| Circuit satisfiability can be solved in polynomial time. | true | <input type="checkbox"/> | false | <input type="checkbox"/> | not known | <input type="checkbox"/> |
| | | | | | | |

| | | | | |
|---|------|--------------------------|-------|--------------------------|
| For a problem to satisfy the definition of co-NP, a "no" answer must have a succinct justification. | true | <input type="checkbox"/> | false | <input type="checkbox"/> |
| | | | | |

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(15 points) Check the (single) box that best characterizes each item.

| | | | | | | | | |
|------------------------------|------------------|--------------------------|------------------------|--------------------------|------------------------|--------------------------|---------------|--------------------------|
| The running time of merge | $\Theta(\log n)$ | <input type="checkbox"/> | $\Theta(n)$ | <input type="checkbox"/> | $\Theta(n \log n)$ | <input type="checkbox"/> | $\Theta(n^2)$ | <input type="checkbox"/> |
| | $\Theta(n^3)$ | <input type="checkbox"/> | $\Theta(n^{\log_3 2})$ | <input type="checkbox"/> | $\Theta(n^{\log_2 3})$ | <input type="checkbox"/> | $\Theta(2^n)$ | <input type="checkbox"/> |

| | | | | | | | | |
|---------------------|------------------------|--------------------------|------------------------|--------------------------|---------------|--------------------------|---------------|--------------------------|
| $T(1) = d$ | $\Theta(n)$ | <input type="checkbox"/> | $\Theta(n \log n)$ | <input type="checkbox"/> | $\Theta(n^2)$ | <input type="checkbox"/> | $\Theta(n^3)$ | <input type="checkbox"/> |
| $T(n) = T(n-1) + n$ | $\Theta(n^{\log_3 2})$ | <input type="checkbox"/> | $\Theta(n^{\log_2 3})$ | <input type="checkbox"/> | $\Theta(2^n)$ | <input type="checkbox"/> | $\Theta(3^n)$ | <input type="checkbox"/> |

| | | | | | | | | |
|----------------------|------------------------|--------------------------|------------------------|--------------------------|---------------|--------------------------|---------------|--------------------------|
| $T(1) = d$ | $\Theta(n)$ | <input type="checkbox"/> | $\Theta(n \log n)$ | <input type="checkbox"/> | $\Theta(n^2)$ | <input type="checkbox"/> | $\Theta(n^3)$ | <input type="checkbox"/> |
| $T(n) = 2T(n/3) + d$ | $\Theta(n^{\log_3 2})$ | <input type="checkbox"/> | $\Theta(n^{\log_2 3})$ | <input type="checkbox"/> | $\Theta(2^n)$ | <input type="checkbox"/> | $\Theta(3^n)$ | <input type="checkbox"/> |

| | | | | | | |
|---|------|--------------------------|-------|--------------------------|-----------|--------------------------|
| The solution to the Tower of Hanoi puzzle with n disks requires $\Theta(2^n)$ steps | true | <input type="checkbox"/> | false | <input type="checkbox"/> | not known | <input type="checkbox"/> |
|---|------|--------------------------|-------|--------------------------|-----------|--------------------------|

| | | | | | | |
|--|------|--------------------------|-------|--------------------------|-----------|--------------------------|
| The chromatic number of a graph with n nodes can be found in polynomial time. | true | <input type="checkbox"/> | false | <input type="checkbox"/> | not known | <input type="checkbox"/> |
|--|------|--------------------------|-------|--------------------------|-----------|--------------------------|

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(6 points) Fill in the missing bits of a recursive implementation of Merge, which merges two lists of integers sorted in increasing order. Use the functions first (first element), rest (everything after first element), and cons (adds number to list).

Merge(L_1, L_2 : sorted lists of real numbers)if (L_1 is empty and L_2 is empty) return emptylistelse if (L_2 is empty or $\text{first}(L_1) \leq \text{first}(L_2)$)

else

(9 points) Check the (single) box that best characterizes each item.

| | | | | | | | | |
|----------------------|------------------------|--------------------------|------------------------|--------------------------|---------------|--------------------------|---------------|--------------------------|
| $T(1) = d$ | $\Theta(n)$ | <input type="checkbox"/> | $\Theta(n \log n)$ | <input type="checkbox"/> | $\Theta(n^2)$ | <input type="checkbox"/> | $\Theta(n^3)$ | <input type="checkbox"/> |
| $T(n) = 3T(n/3) + c$ | $\Theta(n^{\log_3 2})$ | <input type="checkbox"/> | $\Theta(n^{\log_2 3})$ | <input type="checkbox"/> | $\Theta(2^n)$ | <input type="checkbox"/> | $\Theta(3^n)$ | <input type="checkbox"/> |

The Towers of Hanoi puzzle
requires exponential time.

true ☐ false ☐ not known ☐

Finding the chromatic number of a graph
with n nodes requires $\Theta(2^n)$ time.

true ☐ false ☐ not known ☐

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(15 points) Check the (single) box that best characterizes each item.

The running time of Karatsuba's algorithm is recursively defined by $T(1) = d$ and $T(n) =$

$4T(n/2) + cn$

☐
☐

$2T(n/2) + cn$

$4T(n/2) + c$

☐
☐

$3T(n/2) + cn$

$T(1) = d$

$\Theta(n)$

☐
☐

$\Theta(n \log n)$

☐
☐

$\Theta(n^2)$

☐
☐

$\Theta(n^3)$

☐
☐

$T(n) = 2T(n-1) + c$

$\Theta(n^{\log_3 2})$

$\Theta(n^{\log_2 3})$

$\Theta(2^n)$

$\Theta(3^n)$

The running time of the Towers of Hanoi solver is recursively defined by $T(1) = d$ and $T(n) =$

$2T(n-1) + c$

☐
☐

$2T(n/2) + c$

$2T(n-1) + cn$

☐
☐

$2T(n/2) + cn$

For a problem to satisfy the definition of co-NP, a "yes" answer must have a succinct justification.

true

☐

false

☐

The Towers of Hanoi puzzle can be solved in polynomial time.

true

☐

false

☐

not known

☐

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(15 points) Check the (single) box that best characterizes each item.

| | | | | | | | | |
|--|---------------|--------------------------|------------------|--------------------------|---------------|--------------------------|--------------------|--------------------------|
| Adding element to start of array (array gets longer) | $\Theta(1)$ | <input type="checkbox"/> | $\Theta(\log n)$ | <input type="checkbox"/> | $\Theta(n)$ | <input type="checkbox"/> | $\Theta(n \log n)$ | <input type="checkbox"/> |
| | $\Theta(n^2)$ | <input type="checkbox"/> | $\Theta(n^3)$ | <input type="checkbox"/> | $\Theta(2^n)$ | <input type="checkbox"/> | $\Theta(3^n)$ | <input type="checkbox"/> |

| | | | | | | | | |
|------------------------------------|------------------------|--------------------------|------------------------|--------------------------|---------------|--------------------------|---------------|--------------------------|
| $T(1) = d$ $T(n) = 3T(n/2) + d$ | $\Theta(n)$ | <input type="checkbox"/> | $\Theta(n \log n)$ | <input type="checkbox"/> | $\Theta(n^2)$ | <input type="checkbox"/> | $\Theta(n^3)$ | <input type="checkbox"/> |
| | $\Theta(n^{\log_3 2})$ | <input type="checkbox"/> | $\Theta(n^{\log_2 3})$ | <input type="checkbox"/> | $\Theta(2^n)$ | <input type="checkbox"/> | $\Theta(3^n)$ | <input type="checkbox"/> |

| | | | | | | | | |
|--------------------------------------|------------------------|--------------------------|------------------------|--------------------------|---------------|--------------------------|---------------|--------------------------|
| $T(1) = c$ $T(n) = 2T(n/2) + n^2$ | $\Theta(n)$ | <input type="checkbox"/> | $\Theta(n \log n)$ | <input type="checkbox"/> | $\Theta(n^2)$ | <input type="checkbox"/> | $\Theta(n^3)$ | <input type="checkbox"/> |
| | $\Theta(n^{\log_3 2})$ | <input type="checkbox"/> | $\Theta(n^{\log_2 3})$ | <input type="checkbox"/> | $\Theta(2^n)$ | <input type="checkbox"/> | $\Theta(3^n)$ | <input type="checkbox"/> |

| | | | | | | |
|--|------|--------------------------|-------|--------------------------|-----------|--------------------------|
| Problems in class NP require exponential time | true | <input type="checkbox"/> | false | <input type="checkbox"/> | not known | <input type="checkbox"/> |
|--|------|--------------------------|-------|--------------------------|-----------|--------------------------|

| | | | | | | |
|--|------|--------------------------|-------|--------------------------|-----------|--------------------------|
| The Marker Making problem can be solved in polynomial time. | true | <input type="checkbox"/> | false | <input type="checkbox"/> | not known | <input type="checkbox"/> |
|--|------|--------------------------|-------|--------------------------|-----------|--------------------------|

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(15 points) Check the (single) box that best characterizes each item.

| | | | | | | | | |
|---------------------|------------------|--------------------------|--------------------|--------------------------|---------------|--------------------------|--------------------|--------------------------|
| $T(1) = d$ | $\Theta(\log n)$ | <input type="checkbox"/> | $\Theta(\sqrt{n})$ | <input type="checkbox"/> | $\Theta(n)$ | <input type="checkbox"/> | $\Theta(n \log n)$ | <input type="checkbox"/> |
| $T(n) = T(n/3) + c$ | $\Theta(n^2)$ | <input type="checkbox"/> | $\Theta(n^3)$ | <input type="checkbox"/> | $\Theta(2^n)$ | <input type="checkbox"/> | $\Theta(3^n)$ | <input type="checkbox"/> |

| | | | | | | | | |
|--------------------------------|---------------|--------------------------|------------------|--------------------------|---------------|--------------------------|--------------------|--------------------------|
| Dividing a linked list in half | $\Theta(1)$ | <input type="checkbox"/> | $\Theta(\log n)$ | <input type="checkbox"/> | $\Theta(n)$ | <input type="checkbox"/> | $\Theta(n \log n)$ | <input type="checkbox"/> |
| | $\Theta(n^2)$ | <input type="checkbox"/> | $\Theta(n^3)$ | <input type="checkbox"/> | $\Theta(2^n)$ | <input type="checkbox"/> | $\Theta(3^n)$ | <input type="checkbox"/> |

| | | | | |
|--|---------------|--------------------------|----------------|--------------------------|
| The running time of the Towers of Hanoi solver is recursively defined by $T(1) = d$ and $T(n) =$ | $2T(n/2) + c$ | <input type="checkbox"/> | $2T(n/2) + cn$ | <input type="checkbox"/> |
| | $2T(n-1) + c$ | <input type="checkbox"/> | $2T(n-1) + cn$ | <input type="checkbox"/> |

| | | | | | | |
|--------------------------------------|------------|--------------------------|-------------|--------------------------|-------|--------------------------|
| Producing all parses for a sentence. | polynomial | <input type="checkbox"/> | exponential | <input type="checkbox"/> | in NP | <input type="checkbox"/> |
|--------------------------------------|------------|--------------------------|-------------|--------------------------|-------|--------------------------|

| | | | | | | |
|---------------------------------|------------|--------------------------|-------------|--------------------------|-------|--------------------------|
| The Travelling Salesman Problem | polynomial | <input type="checkbox"/> | exponential | <input type="checkbox"/> | in NP | <input type="checkbox"/> |
|---------------------------------|------------|--------------------------|-------------|--------------------------|-------|--------------------------|

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(15 points) Check the (single) box that best characterizes each item.

| | | | | | | | | |
|---------------------|------------------|--------------------------|--------------------|--------------------------|---------------|--------------------------|--------------------|--------------------------|
| $T(1) = d$ | $\Theta(\log n)$ | <input type="checkbox"/> | $\Theta(\sqrt{n})$ | <input type="checkbox"/> | $\Theta(n)$ | <input type="checkbox"/> | $\Theta(n \log n)$ | <input type="checkbox"/> |
| $T(n) = T(n/2) + n$ | $\Theta(n^2)$ | <input type="checkbox"/> | $\Theta(n^3)$ | <input type="checkbox"/> | $\Theta(2^n)$ | <input type="checkbox"/> | $\Theta(3^n)$ | <input type="checkbox"/> |

Algorithm A takes 2^n time. On one input, A takes x time. How long will it take if I add one to the input size?

$x + 2$ ☐ $2x$ ☐ 2^x ☐ x^2 ☐

| | | | | | | | | |
|----------------------|------------------------|--------------------------|------------------------|--------------------------|---------------|--------------------------|---------------|--------------------------|
| $T(1) = d$ | $\Theta(n)$ | <input type="checkbox"/> | $\Theta(n \log n)$ | <input type="checkbox"/> | $\Theta(n^2)$ | <input type="checkbox"/> | $\Theta(n^3)$ | <input type="checkbox"/> |
| $T(n) = 3T(n/2) + n$ | $\Theta(n^{\log_3 2})$ | <input type="checkbox"/> | $\Theta(n^{\log_2 3})$ | <input type="checkbox"/> | $\Theta(2^n)$ | <input type="checkbox"/> | $\Theta(3^n)$ | <input type="checkbox"/> |

Problems in class P (as in P vs. NP) require exponential time

true ☐ false ☐ not known ☐

The Travelling Salesman problem can be solved in polynomial time.

true ☐ false ☐ not known ☐

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(15 points) Check the (single) box that best characterizes each item.

| | | | | | | | | |
|---------------------|------------------|--------------------------|--------------------|--------------------------|---------------|--------------------------|--------------------|--------------------------|
| $T(1) = d$ | $\Theta(\log n)$ | <input type="checkbox"/> | $\Theta(\sqrt{n})$ | <input type="checkbox"/> | $\Theta(n)$ | <input type="checkbox"/> | $\Theta(n \log n)$ | <input type="checkbox"/> |
| $T(n) = T(n/2) + d$ | $\Theta(n^2)$ | <input type="checkbox"/> | $\Theta(n^3)$ | <input type="checkbox"/> | $\Theta(2^n)$ | <input type="checkbox"/> | $\Theta(3^n)$ | <input type="checkbox"/> |

| | | | | | | | | |
|----------------------|------------------|--------------------------|--------------------|--------------------------|---------------|--------------------------|--------------------|--------------------------|
| $T(1) = d$ | $\Theta(\log n)$ | <input type="checkbox"/> | $\Theta(\sqrt{n})$ | <input type="checkbox"/> | $\Theta(n)$ | <input type="checkbox"/> | $\Theta(n \log n)$ | <input type="checkbox"/> |
| $T(n) = 2T(n/4) + c$ | $\Theta(n^2)$ | <input type="checkbox"/> | $\Theta(n^3)$ | <input type="checkbox"/> | $\Theta(2^n)$ | <input type="checkbox"/> | $\Theta(3^n)$ | <input type="checkbox"/> |

Finding a value in a sorted array is $\Theta(2^n)$.true ☐false ☐

Problems in class P (as in P vs. NP)

require exponential time

true ☐false ☐not known ☐

The Travelling Salesman

problem can be solved in

polynomial time.

true ☐false ☐not known ☐

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(15 points) Check the (single) box that best characterizes each item.

| | | | | | | | | |
|----------------------|------------------------|--------------------------|------------------------|--------------------------|---------------|--------------------------|---------------|--------------------------|
| $T(1) = d$ | $\Theta(n)$ | <input type="checkbox"/> | $\Theta(n \log n)$ | <input type="checkbox"/> | $\Theta(n^2)$ | <input type="checkbox"/> | $\Theta(n^3)$ | <input type="checkbox"/> |
| $T(n) = 3T(n/3) + c$ | $\Theta(n^{\log_3 2})$ | <input type="checkbox"/> | $\Theta(n^{\log_2 3})$ | <input type="checkbox"/> | $\Theta(2^n)$ | <input type="checkbox"/> | $\Theta(3^n)$ | <input type="checkbox"/> |

| | | | | | | | | |
|---------------------|------------------|--------------------------|--------------------|--------------------------|---------------|--------------------------|--------------------|--------------------------|
| $T(1) = d$ | $\Theta(\log n)$ | <input type="checkbox"/> | $\Theta(\sqrt{n})$ | <input type="checkbox"/> | $\Theta(n)$ | <input type="checkbox"/> | $\Theta(n \log n)$ | <input type="checkbox"/> |
| $T(n) = T(n/2) + n$ | $\Theta(n^2)$ | <input type="checkbox"/> | $\Theta(n^3)$ | <input type="checkbox"/> | $\Theta(2^n)$ | <input type="checkbox"/> | $\Theta(3^n)$ | <input type="checkbox"/> |

Algorithm A takes 2^n time. On one input, A takes x time. How long will it take if I double the input size?

$x + 2$ ☐ $2x$ ☐ 2^x ☐ x^2 ☐

Problems in class NP require exponential time

true ☐ false ☐ not known ☐

Circuit satisfiability can be solved in polynomial time.

true ☐ false ☐ not known ☐

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(15 points) Check the (single) box that best characterizes each item.

| | | | | | | | | |
|---------------------|------------------------|--------------------------|------------------------|--------------------------|---------------|--------------------------|---------------|--------------------------|
| $T(1) = d$ | $\Theta(n)$ | <input type="checkbox"/> | $\Theta(n \log n)$ | <input type="checkbox"/> | $\Theta(n^2)$ | <input type="checkbox"/> | $\Theta(n^3)$ | <input type="checkbox"/> |
| $T(n) = T(n-1) + n$ | $\Theta(n^{\log_3 2})$ | <input type="checkbox"/> | $\Theta(n^{\log_2 3})$ | <input type="checkbox"/> | $\Theta(2^n)$ | <input type="checkbox"/> | $\Theta(3^n)$ | <input type="checkbox"/> |

| | | | | | | | | |
|----------------------|------------------|--------------------------|--------------------|--------------------------|---------------|--------------------------|--------------------|--------------------------|
| $T(1) = d$ | $\Theta(\log n)$ | <input type="checkbox"/> | $\Theta(\sqrt{n})$ | <input type="checkbox"/> | $\Theta(n)$ | <input type="checkbox"/> | $\Theta(n \log n)$ | <input type="checkbox"/> |
| $T(n) = 2T(n/4) + n$ | $\Theta(n^2)$ | <input type="checkbox"/> | $\Theta(n^3)$ | <input type="checkbox"/> | $\Theta(2^n)$ | <input type="checkbox"/> | $\Theta(3^n)$ | <input type="checkbox"/> |

The running time of mergesort is $O(n^3)$. true ☐ false ☐

For a problem to satisfy the definition of NP, a “no” answer must have a succinct justification. true ☐ false ☐

The Travelling Salesman Problem polynomial ☐ exponential ☐ in NP ☐

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(15 points) Check the (single) box that best characterizes each item.

| | | | | | | | | |
|----------------------|------------------------|--------------------------|------------------------|--------------------------|---------------|--------------------------|---------------|--------------------------|
| $T(1) = d$ | $\Theta(n)$ | <input type="checkbox"/> | $\Theta(n \log n)$ | <input type="checkbox"/> | $\Theta(n^2)$ | <input type="checkbox"/> | $\Theta(n^3)$ | <input type="checkbox"/> |
| $T(n) = 2T(n/2) + n$ | $\Theta(n^{\log_3 2})$ | <input type="checkbox"/> | $\Theta(n^{\log_2 3})$ | <input type="checkbox"/> | $\Theta(2^n)$ | <input type="checkbox"/> | $\Theta(3^n)$ | <input type="checkbox"/> |

| | | | | | | | | |
|----------------------|------------------------|--------------------------|------------------------|--------------------------|---------------|--------------------------|---------------|--------------------------|
| $T(1) = d$ | $\Theta(n)$ | <input type="checkbox"/> | $\Theta(n \log n)$ | <input type="checkbox"/> | $\Theta(n^2)$ | <input type="checkbox"/> | $\Theta(n^3)$ | <input type="checkbox"/> |
| $T(n) = 3T(n-1) + c$ | $\Theta(n^{\log_3 2})$ | <input type="checkbox"/> | $\Theta(n^{\log_2 3})$ | <input type="checkbox"/> | $\Theta(2^n)$ | <input type="checkbox"/> | $\Theta(3^n)$ | <input type="checkbox"/> |

Algorithm A takes n^5 time. On one input, A takes x time. How long will it take if I double the input size?

$2x$ ☐ $5x$ ☐ $32x$ ☐ x^5 ☐

The Marker Making problem can be solved in polynomial time.

true ☐ false ☐ not known ☐

Problems in class P (as in P vs. NP) require exponential time

true ☐ false ☐ not known ☐

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(15 points) Check the (single) box that best characterizes each item.

| | | | | | | | | |
|---------------------|------------------|--------------------------|--------------------|--------------------------|---------------|--------------------------|--------------------|--------------------------|
| $T(1) = d$ | $\Theta(\log n)$ | <input type="checkbox"/> | $\Theta(\sqrt{n})$ | <input type="checkbox"/> | $\Theta(n)$ | <input type="checkbox"/> | $\Theta(n \log n)$ | <input type="checkbox"/> |
| $T(n) = T(n/2) + d$ | $\Theta(n^2)$ | <input type="checkbox"/> | $\Theta(n^3)$ | <input type="checkbox"/> | $\Theta(2^n)$ | <input type="checkbox"/> | $\Theta(3^n)$ | <input type="checkbox"/> |

| | | | | | | | | |
|----------------------|------------------------|--------------------------|------------------------|--------------------------|---------------|--------------------------|---------------|--------------------------|
| $T(1) = d$ | $\Theta(n)$ | <input type="checkbox"/> | $\Theta(n \log n)$ | <input type="checkbox"/> | $\Theta(n^2)$ | <input type="checkbox"/> | $\Theta(n^3)$ | <input type="checkbox"/> |
| $T(n) = 3T(n/3) + n$ | $\Theta(n^{\log_3 2})$ | <input type="checkbox"/> | $\Theta(n^{\log_2 3})$ | <input type="checkbox"/> | $\Theta(2^n)$ | <input type="checkbox"/> | $\Theta(3^n)$ | <input type="checkbox"/> |

| | | | | | | | | |
|---|------------------|--------------------------|------------------------|--------------------------|------------------------|--------------------------|---------------|--------------------------|
| All ways to assign True/False values to n input variables | $\Theta(\log n)$ | <input type="checkbox"/> | $\Theta(n)$ | <input type="checkbox"/> | $\Theta(n \log n)$ | <input type="checkbox"/> | $\Theta(n^2)$ | <input type="checkbox"/> |
| | $\Theta(n^3)$ | <input type="checkbox"/> | $\Theta(n^{\log_3 2})$ | <input type="checkbox"/> | $\Theta(n^{\log_2 3})$ | <input type="checkbox"/> | $\Theta(2^n)$ | <input type="checkbox"/> |

| | | | | | | |
|---|------------|--------------------------|-------------|--------------------------|-------|--------------------------|
| Producing all parses for a sentence. | polynomial | <input type="checkbox"/> | exponential | <input type="checkbox"/> | in NP | <input type="checkbox"/> |
|---|------------|--------------------------|-------------|--------------------------|-------|--------------------------|

| | | | | | | |
|--|------|--------------------------|-------|--------------------------|-----------|--------------------------|
| The chromatic number of a graph with n nodes can be found in polynomial time. | true | <input type="checkbox"/> | false | <input type="checkbox"/> | not known | <input type="checkbox"/> |
|--|------|--------------------------|-------|--------------------------|-----------|--------------------------|

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(15 points) Check the (single) box that best characterizes each item.

| | | | | | | | | |
|----------------------|------------------------|--------------------------|------------------------|--------------------------|---------------|--------------------------|---------------|--------------------------|
| $T(1) = d$ | $\Theta(n)$ | <input type="checkbox"/> | $\Theta(n \log n)$ | <input type="checkbox"/> | $\Theta(n^2)$ | <input type="checkbox"/> | $\Theta(n^3)$ | <input type="checkbox"/> |
| $T(n) = 3T(n/2) + n$ | $\Theta(n^{\log_3 2})$ | <input type="checkbox"/> | $\Theta(n^{\log_2 3})$ | <input type="checkbox"/> | $\Theta(2^n)$ | <input type="checkbox"/> | $\Theta(3^n)$ | <input type="checkbox"/> |

| | | | | | | | | |
|---------------------|------------------|--------------------------|--------------------|--------------------------|---------------|--------------------------|--------------------|--------------------------|
| $T(1) = d$ | $\Theta(\log n)$ | <input type="checkbox"/> | $\Theta(\sqrt{n})$ | <input type="checkbox"/> | $\Theta(n)$ | <input type="checkbox"/> | $\Theta(n \log n)$ | <input type="checkbox"/> |
| $T(n) = T(n-1) + c$ | $\Theta(n^2)$ | <input type="checkbox"/> | $\Theta(n^3)$ | <input type="checkbox"/> | $\Theta(2^n)$ | <input type="checkbox"/> | $\Theta(3^n)$ | <input type="checkbox"/> |

The running time of the Towers of Hanoi solver is $\Theta(n!)$

true ☐ false ☐

Circuit satisfiability can be solved in exponential time.

true ☐ false ☐ not known ☐

Producing all parses for a sentence requires exponential time.

true ☐ false ☐ not known ☐

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(15 points) Check the (single) box that best characterizes each item.

| | | | | | | | | |
|---------------------|------------------|--------------------------|--------------------|--------------------------|---------------|--------------------------|--------------------|--------------------------|
| $T(1) = d$ | $\Theta(\log n)$ | <input type="checkbox"/> | $\Theta(\sqrt{n})$ | <input type="checkbox"/> | $\Theta(n)$ | <input type="checkbox"/> | $\Theta(n \log n)$ | <input type="checkbox"/> |
| $T(n) = T(n/2) + n$ | $\Theta(n^2)$ | <input type="checkbox"/> | $\Theta(n^3)$ | <input type="checkbox"/> | $\Theta(2^n)$ | <input type="checkbox"/> | $\Theta(3^n)$ | <input type="checkbox"/> |

| | | | | | | | | |
|----------------------|------------------------|--------------------------|------------------------|--------------------------|---------------|--------------------------|---------------|--------------------------|
| $T(1) = d$ | $\Theta(n)$ | <input type="checkbox"/> | $\Theta(n \log n)$ | <input type="checkbox"/> | $\Theta(n^2)$ | <input type="checkbox"/> | $\Theta(n^3)$ | <input type="checkbox"/> |
| $T(n) = 2T(n/3) + d$ | $\Theta(n^{\log_3 2})$ | <input type="checkbox"/> | $\Theta(n^{\log_2 3})$ | <input type="checkbox"/> | $\Theta(2^n)$ | <input type="checkbox"/> | $\Theta(3^n)$ | <input type="checkbox"/> |

Algorithm A takes 2^n time. On one input, A takes x time. How long will it take if I add one to the input size?

| | | | | | | | |
|---------|--------------------------|------|--------------------------|-------|--------------------------|-------|--------------------------|
| $x + 2$ | <input type="checkbox"/> | $2x$ | <input type="checkbox"/> | 2^x | <input type="checkbox"/> | x^2 | <input type="checkbox"/> |
|---------|--------------------------|------|--------------------------|-------|--------------------------|-------|--------------------------|

Problems in class P (as in P vs. NP) can be solved in exponential time

| | | | | | |
|------|--------------------------|-------|--------------------------|-----------|--------------------------|
| true | <input type="checkbox"/> | false | <input type="checkbox"/> | not known | <input type="checkbox"/> |
|------|--------------------------|-------|--------------------------|-----------|--------------------------|

Deciding if a graph is 2-colorable

| | | | | | |
|------------|--------------------------|-------------|--------------------------|-------|--------------------------|
| polynomial | <input type="checkbox"/> | exponential | <input type="checkbox"/> | in NP | <input type="checkbox"/> |
|------------|--------------------------|-------------|--------------------------|-------|--------------------------|

Name: _____

NetID: _____ Lecture: A B

Discussion: Thursday Friday 9 10 11 12 1 2 3 4 5 6

(6 points) Your partner has implemented the function Merge(A,B), which merges two sorted linked lists of integers. Using Merge, fill in the missing parts of this implementation of Mergesort.

Mergesort($L = (a_1, a_2, \dots, a_n)$) \\ input is a linked list L containing n integers

p = floor(n/2)

(9 points) Check the (single) box that best characterizes each item.

| | | | | | | | | |
|----------------------|------------------------|--------------------------|------------------------|--------------------------|---------------|--------------------------|---------------|--------------------------|
| $T(1) = d$ | $\Theta(n)$ | <input type="checkbox"/> | $\Theta(n \log n)$ | <input type="checkbox"/> | $\Theta(n^2)$ | <input type="checkbox"/> | $\Theta(n^3)$ | <input type="checkbox"/> |
| $T(n) = 3T(n/2) + d$ | $\Theta(n^{\log_3 2})$ | <input type="checkbox"/> | $\Theta(n^{\log_2 3})$ | <input type="checkbox"/> | $\Theta(2^n)$ | <input type="checkbox"/> | $\Theta(3^n)$ | <input type="checkbox"/> |

| | | | | | | | | |
|--------------------------|---------------|--------------------------|------------------|--------------------------|---------------|--------------------------|--------------------|--------------------------|
| Merging two sorted lists | $\Theta(1)$ | <input type="checkbox"/> | $\Theta(\log n)$ | <input type="checkbox"/> | $\Theta(n)$ | <input type="checkbox"/> | $\Theta(n \log n)$ | <input type="checkbox"/> |
| | $\Theta(n^2)$ | <input type="checkbox"/> | $\Theta(n^3)$ | <input type="checkbox"/> | $\Theta(2^n)$ | <input type="checkbox"/> | $\Theta(3^n)$ | <input type="checkbox"/> |

Circuit satisfiability can be solved in polynomial time.

true ☐ false ☐ not known ☐

Name: _____

NetID: _____ Lecture: A B

Discussion: Thursday Friday 9 10 11 12 1 2 3 4 5 6

(15 points) Check the (single) box that best characterizes each item.

| | | | | | | | | |
|----------------------|------------------------|--------------------------|------------------------|--------------------------|---------------|--------------------------|---------------|--------------------------|
| $T(1) = d$ | $\Theta(n)$ | <input type="checkbox"/> | $\Theta(n \log n)$ | <input type="checkbox"/> | $\Theta(n^2)$ | <input type="checkbox"/> | $\Theta(n^3)$ | <input type="checkbox"/> |
| $T(n) = 3T(n/2) + n$ | $\Theta(n^{\log_3 2})$ | <input type="checkbox"/> | $\Theta(n^{\log_2 3})$ | <input type="checkbox"/> | $\Theta(2^n)$ | <input type="checkbox"/> | $\Theta(3^n)$ | <input type="checkbox"/> |

| | | | | | | | | |
|----------------------|------------------------|--------------------------|------------------------|--------------------------|---------------|--------------------------|---------------|--------------------------|
| $T(1) = d$ | $\Theta(n)$ | <input type="checkbox"/> | $\Theta(n \log n)$ | <input type="checkbox"/> | $\Theta(n^2)$ | <input type="checkbox"/> | $\Theta(n^3)$ | <input type="checkbox"/> |
| $T(n) = 2T(n/2) + c$ | $\Theta(n^{\log_3 2})$ | <input type="checkbox"/> | $\Theta(n^{\log_2 3})$ | <input type="checkbox"/> | $\Theta(2^n)$ | <input type="checkbox"/> | $\Theta(3^n)$ | <input type="checkbox"/> |

| | | | | | | | | |
|---------------------|---------------|--------------------------|------------------|--------------------------|---------------|--------------------------|--------------------|--------------------------|
| Adding element to | $\Theta(1)$ | <input type="checkbox"/> | $\Theta(\log n)$ | <input type="checkbox"/> | $\Theta(n)$ | <input type="checkbox"/> | $\Theta(n \log n)$ | <input type="checkbox"/> |
| head of linked list | $\Theta(n^2)$ | <input type="checkbox"/> | $\Theta(n^3)$ | <input type="checkbox"/> | $\Theta(2^n)$ | <input type="checkbox"/> | $\Theta(3^n)$ | <input type="checkbox"/> |

Problems in class NP (as in P vs. NP)
can be solved in polynomial timetrue ☐ false ☐ not known ☐The solution to the Tower of
Hanoi puzzle with n disks
requires $\Theta(2^n)$ stepstrue ☐ false ☐ not known ☐

Name: _____

NetID: _____ Lecture: A B

Discussion: Thursday Friday 9 10 11 12 1 2 3 4 5 6

(15 points) Check the (single) box that best characterizes each item.

| | | | | | | | | |
|----------------------|------------------------|--------------------------|------------------------|--------------------------|---------------|--------------------------|---------------|--------------------------|
| $T(1) = d$ | $\Theta(n)$ | <input type="checkbox"/> | $\Theta(n \log n)$ | <input type="checkbox"/> | $\Theta(n^2)$ | <input type="checkbox"/> | $\Theta(n^3)$ | <input type="checkbox"/> |
| $T(n) = 3T(n/2) + d$ | $\Theta(n^{\log_3 2})$ | <input type="checkbox"/> | $\Theta(n^{\log_2 3})$ | <input type="checkbox"/> | $\Theta(2^n)$ | <input type="checkbox"/> | $\Theta(3^n)$ | <input type="checkbox"/> |

The running time of binary search is recursively defined by $T(1) = d$ and $T(n) =$

| | | | |
|---------------|--------------------------|----------------|--------------------------|
| $T(n/2) + c$ | <input type="checkbox"/> | $T(n/2) + cn$ | <input type="checkbox"/> |
| $2T(n/2) + c$ | <input type="checkbox"/> | $2T(n/2) + cn$ | <input type="checkbox"/> |

Algorithm A takes $\log_2 n$ time. On one input, A takes x time. How long will it take if I double the input size?

| | | | | | | | |
|---------|--------------------------|------|--------------------------|-------|--------------------------|-------|--------------------------|
| $x + 1$ | <input type="checkbox"/> | $2x$ | <input type="checkbox"/> | 2^x | <input type="checkbox"/> | x^2 | <input type="checkbox"/> |
|---------|--------------------------|------|--------------------------|-------|--------------------------|-------|--------------------------|

The Towers of Hanoi puzzle can be solved in polynomial time.

| | | | | | |
|------|--------------------------|-------|--------------------------|-----------|--------------------------|
| true | <input type="checkbox"/> | false | <input type="checkbox"/> | not known | <input type="checkbox"/> |
|------|--------------------------|-------|--------------------------|-----------|--------------------------|

Problems in class NP (as in P vs. NP) can be solved in exponential time

| | | | | | |
|------|--------------------------|-------|--------------------------|-----------|--------------------------|
| true | <input type="checkbox"/> | false | <input type="checkbox"/> | not known | <input type="checkbox"/> |
|------|--------------------------|-------|--------------------------|-----------|--------------------------|

Name: _____

NetID: _____ Lecture: A B

Discussion: Thursday Friday 9 10 11 12 1 2 3 4 5 6

(15 points) Check the (single) box that best characterizes each item.

| | | | | | | | | |
|----------------------|------------------------|--------------------------|------------------------|--------------------------|---------------|--------------------------|---------------|--------------------------|
| $T(1) = c$ | $\Theta(n)$ | <input type="checkbox"/> | $\Theta(n \log n)$ | <input type="checkbox"/> | $\Theta(n^2)$ | <input type="checkbox"/> | $\Theta(n^3)$ | <input type="checkbox"/> |
| $T(n) = 4T(n/2) + n$ | $\Theta(n^{\log_3 2})$ | <input type="checkbox"/> | $\Theta(n^{\log_2 3})$ | <input type="checkbox"/> | $\Theta(2^n)$ | <input type="checkbox"/> | $\Theta(3^n)$ | <input type="checkbox"/> |

| | | | | | | | | |
|--|---------------|--------------------------|------------------|--------------------------|---------------|--------------------------|--------------------|--------------------------|
| Adding element to start of array (array gets longer) | $\Theta(1)$ | <input type="checkbox"/> | $\Theta(\log n)$ | <input type="checkbox"/> | $\Theta(n)$ | <input type="checkbox"/> | $\Theta(n \log n)$ | <input type="checkbox"/> |
| | $\Theta(n^2)$ | <input type="checkbox"/> | $\Theta(n^3)$ | <input type="checkbox"/> | $\Theta(2^n)$ | <input type="checkbox"/> | $\Theta(3^n)$ | <input type="checkbox"/> |

Algorithm A takes 2^n time. On one input, A takes x time. How long will it take if I double the input size?

$x + 2$ ☐ $2x$ ☐ 2^x ☐ x^2 ☐

Deciding whether an input logic expression be made true by appropriate choice of input values.

polynomial ☐ exponential ☐ in NP ☐

For a problem to satisfy the definition of co-NP, a “no” answer must have a succinct justification.

true ☐ false ☐

Name: _____

NetID: _____

Lecture: A B

Discussion: Thursday Friday 9 10 11 12 1 2 3 4 5 6

(15 points) Check the (single) box that best characterizes each item.

| | | | | | | | | |
|----------------------|------------------|--------------------------|--------------------|--------------------------|---------------|--------------------------|--------------------|--------------------------|
| $T(1) = d$ | $\Theta(\log n)$ | <input type="checkbox"/> | $\Theta(\sqrt{n})$ | <input type="checkbox"/> | $\Theta(n)$ | <input type="checkbox"/> | $\Theta(n \log n)$ | <input type="checkbox"/> |
| $T(n) = 2T(n/4) + c$ | $\Theta(n^2)$ | <input type="checkbox"/> | $\Theta(n^3)$ | <input type="checkbox"/> | $\Theta(2^n)$ | <input type="checkbox"/> | $\Theta(3^n)$ | <input type="checkbox"/> |

The running time of the Towers of Hanoi solver is recursively defined by $T(1) = d$ and $T(n) =$

$$2T(n-1) + c$$
☐

$$2T(n/2) + c$$
☐

$$2T(n-1) + cn$$
☐

$$2T(n/2) + cn$$
☐

Algorithm A takes n^2 time. On one input, A takes x time. How long will it take if I double the input size?

$x + 1$
☐

$2x$
☐

$4x$
☐

x^3
☐

Determining whether a graph with n edges is connected.

polynomial ☐exponential ☐in NP ☐

Problems in class NP require exponential time

true ☐false ☐not known ☐

Name: _____

NetID: _____ Lecture: A B

Discussion: Thursday Friday 9 10 11 12 1 2 3 4 5 6

(15 points) Check the (single) box that best characterizes each item.

| | | | | | | | | |
|----------------------|------------------------|--------------------------|------------------------|--------------------------|---------------|--------------------------|---------------|--------------------------|
| $T(1) = c$ | $\Theta(n)$ | <input type="checkbox"/> | $\Theta(n \log n)$ | <input type="checkbox"/> | $\Theta(n^2)$ | <input type="checkbox"/> | $\Theta(n^3)$ | <input type="checkbox"/> |
| $T(n) = 4T(n/2) + n$ | $\Theta(n^{\log_3 2})$ | <input type="checkbox"/> | $\Theta(n^{\log_2 3})$ | <input type="checkbox"/> | $\Theta(2^n)$ | <input type="checkbox"/> | $\Theta(3^n)$ | <input type="checkbox"/> |

| | | | | | | | | |
|----------------------|------------------------|--------------------------|------------------------|--------------------------|---------------|--------------------------|---------------|--------------------------|
| $T(1) = c$ | $\Theta(n)$ | <input type="checkbox"/> | $\Theta(n \log n)$ | <input type="checkbox"/> | $\Theta(n^2)$ | <input type="checkbox"/> | $\Theta(n^3)$ | <input type="checkbox"/> |
| $T(n) = 3T(n/3) + n$ | $\Theta(n^{\log_3 2})$ | <input type="checkbox"/> | $\Theta(n^{\log_2 3})$ | <input type="checkbox"/> | $\Theta(2^n)$ | <input type="checkbox"/> | $\Theta(3^n)$ | <input type="checkbox"/> |

| | | | | | | | | |
|---------------------------------|---------------|--------------------------|------------------|--------------------------|---------------|--------------------------|--------------------|--------------------------|
| Changing last value in array | $\Theta(1)$ | <input type="checkbox"/> | $\Theta(\log n)$ | <input type="checkbox"/> | $\Theta(n)$ | <input type="checkbox"/> | $\Theta(n \log n)$ | <input type="checkbox"/> |
| | $\Theta(n^2)$ | <input type="checkbox"/> | $\Theta(n^3)$ | <input type="checkbox"/> | $\Theta(2^n)$ | <input type="checkbox"/> | $\Theta(3^n)$ | <input type="checkbox"/> |

In a set of n 2D points, which pair of points is closest? polynomial ☐ exponential ☐ in NP ☐

For a problem to satisfy the definition of NP, a “yes” answer must have a succinct justification. true ☐ false ☐

Name: _____

NetID: _____ Lecture: A B

Discussion: Thursday Friday 9 10 11 12 1 2 3 4 5 6

(6 points) Fill in the missing bits of this recursive algorithm for returning the location of a number k in a sorted list of numbers a_p, a_2, \dots, a_q .

search(p,q,k) \\\ assume $p \leq q$

$m := \lfloor (p + q)/2 \rfloor$

if $k = a_m$ then return m

else if $(k < a_m)$ and $p < m$ then

else if $(k > a_m)$ and $q > m$ then

else return -1 \\\ i.e. error, not found

(9 points) Check the (single) box that best characterizes each item.

| | | | | | | | | |
|----------------------|------------------------|--------------------------|------------------------|--------------------------|---------------|--------------------------|---------------|--------------------------|
| $T(1) = c$ | $\Theta(n)$ | <input type="checkbox"/> | $\Theta(n \log n)$ | <input type="checkbox"/> | $\Theta(n^2)$ | <input type="checkbox"/> | $\Theta(n^3)$ | <input type="checkbox"/> |
| $T(n) = 4T(n/2) + n$ | $\Theta(n^{\log_3 2})$ | <input type="checkbox"/> | $\Theta(n^{\log_2 3})$ | <input type="checkbox"/> | $\Theta(2^n)$ | <input type="checkbox"/> | $\Theta(3^n)$ | <input type="checkbox"/> |

| | | | | | | | | |
|---------------------------------------|---------------|--------------------------|------------------|--------------------------|---------------|--------------------------|--------------------|--------------------------|
| Changing last value in linked list | $\Theta(1)$ | <input type="checkbox"/> | $\Theta(\log n)$ | <input type="checkbox"/> | $\Theta(n)$ | <input type="checkbox"/> | $\Theta(n \log n)$ | <input type="checkbox"/> |
| | $\Theta(n^2)$ | <input type="checkbox"/> | $\Theta(n^3)$ | <input type="checkbox"/> | $\Theta(2^n)$ | <input type="checkbox"/> | $\Theta(3^n)$ | <input type="checkbox"/> |

For a problem to satisfy the definition of co-NP,
a “yes” answer must have a succinct justification.

true ☐ false ☐

Name: _____

NetID: _____ Lecture: A B

Discussion: Thursday Friday 10 11 12 1 2 3 4 5 6

(15 points) Check the (single) box that best characterizes each item.

| | | | | | | | | |
|----------------------|------------------|--------------------------|--------------------|--------------------------|---------------|--------------------------|--------------------|--------------------------|
| $T(1) = d$ | $\Theta(\log n)$ | <input type="checkbox"/> | $\Theta(\sqrt{n})$ | <input type="checkbox"/> | $\Theta(n)$ | <input type="checkbox"/> | $\Theta(n \log n)$ | <input type="checkbox"/> |
| $T(n) = 2T(n/4) + n$ | $\Theta(n^2)$ | <input type="checkbox"/> | $\Theta(n^3)$ | <input type="checkbox"/> | $\Theta(2^n)$ | <input type="checkbox"/> | $\Theta(3^n)$ | <input type="checkbox"/> |

| | | | | | | | | |
|----------------------------------|------------------|--------------------------|------------------------|--------------------------|------------------------|--------------------------|---------------|--------------------------|
| The running time of mergesort | $\Theta(\log n)$ | <input type="checkbox"/> | $\Theta(n)$ | <input type="checkbox"/> | $\Theta(n \log n)$ | <input type="checkbox"/> | $\Theta(n^2)$ | <input type="checkbox"/> |
| | $\Theta(n^3)$ | <input type="checkbox"/> | $\Theta(n^{\log_3 2})$ | <input type="checkbox"/> | $\Theta(n^{\log_2 3})$ | <input type="checkbox"/> | $\Theta(2^n)$ | <input type="checkbox"/> |

| | | | | | | | | |
|---|------------------|--------------------------|------------------------|--------------------------|------------------------|--------------------------|---------------|--------------------------|
| All ways to assign True/False values to n input variables | $\Theta(\log n)$ | <input type="checkbox"/> | $\Theta(n)$ | <input type="checkbox"/> | $\Theta(n \log n)$ | <input type="checkbox"/> | $\Theta(n^2)$ | <input type="checkbox"/> |
| | $\Theta(n^3)$ | <input type="checkbox"/> | $\Theta(n^{\log_3 2})$ | <input type="checkbox"/> | $\Theta(n^{\log_2 3})$ | <input type="checkbox"/> | $\Theta(2^n)$ | <input type="checkbox"/> |

| | | | | | | |
|------------------------------------|------------|--------------------------|-------------|--------------------------|-------|--------------------------|
| The Travelling Salesman Problem | polynomial | <input type="checkbox"/> | exponential | <input type="checkbox"/> | in NP | <input type="checkbox"/> |
|------------------------------------|------------|--------------------------|-------------|--------------------------|-------|--------------------------|

| | | | | | | |
|---|------|--------------------------|-------|--------------------------|-----------|--------------------------|
| NP Complete problems require exponential time. | true | <input type="checkbox"/> | false | <input type="checkbox"/> | not known | <input type="checkbox"/> |
|---|------|--------------------------|-------|--------------------------|-----------|--------------------------|

Name: _____

NetID: _____ Lecture: A B

Discussion: Thursday Friday 10 11 12 1 2 3 4 5 6

(15 points) Check the (single) box that best characterizes each item.

| | | | | | | | | |
|----------------------|------------------------|--------------------------|------------------------|--------------------------|---------------|--------------------------|---------------|--------------------------|
| $T(1) = d$ | $\Theta(n)$ | <input type="checkbox"/> | $\Theta(n \log n)$ | <input type="checkbox"/> | $\Theta(n^2)$ | <input type="checkbox"/> | $\Theta(n^3)$ | <input type="checkbox"/> |
| $T(n) = 3T(n-1) + d$ | $\Theta(n^{\log_3 2})$ | <input type="checkbox"/> | $\Theta(n^{\log_2 3})$ | <input type="checkbox"/> | $\Theta(2^n)$ | <input type="checkbox"/> | $\Theta(3^n)$ | <input type="checkbox"/> |

| | | | | | | | | |
|-------------------------|------------------|--------------------------|------------------------|--------------------------|------------------------|--------------------------|---------------|--------------------------|
| Dividing a list in half | $\Theta(\log n)$ | <input type="checkbox"/> | $\Theta(n)$ | <input type="checkbox"/> | $\Theta(n \log n)$ | <input type="checkbox"/> | $\Theta(n^2)$ | <input type="checkbox"/> |
| | $\Theta(n^3)$ | <input type="checkbox"/> | $\Theta(n^{\log_3 2})$ | <input type="checkbox"/> | $\Theta(n^{\log_2 3})$ | <input type="checkbox"/> | $\Theta(2^n)$ | <input type="checkbox"/> |

Algorithm A takes n^5 time. On one input, A takes x time. How long will it take if I double the input size?

| | | | | | | | |
|------|--------------------------|------|--------------------------|-------|--------------------------|-------|--------------------------|
| $2x$ | <input type="checkbox"/> | $5x$ | <input type="checkbox"/> | $32x$ | <input type="checkbox"/> | x^5 | <input type="checkbox"/> |
|------|--------------------------|------|--------------------------|-------|--------------------------|-------|--------------------------|

Problems in class P (as in P vs. NP) require exponential time

| | | | | | |
|------|--------------------------|-------|--------------------------|-----------|--------------------------|
| true | <input type="checkbox"/> | false | <input type="checkbox"/> | not known | <input type="checkbox"/> |
|------|--------------------------|-------|--------------------------|-----------|--------------------------|

Producing all parses for a sentence requires exponential time.

| | | | | | |
|------|--------------------------|-------|--------------------------|-----------|--------------------------|
| true | <input type="checkbox"/> | false | <input type="checkbox"/> | not known | <input type="checkbox"/> |
|------|--------------------------|-------|--------------------------|-----------|--------------------------|

Name: _____

NetID: _____ Lecture: A B

Discussion: Thursday Friday 10 11 12 1 2 3 4 5 6

(15 points) Check the (single) box that best characterizes each item.

| | | | | | | | | |
|----------------------|------------------------|--------------------------|------------------------|--------------------------|---------------|--------------------------|---------------|--------------------------|
| $T(1) = d$ | $\Theta(n)$ | <input type="checkbox"/> | $\Theta(n \log n)$ | <input type="checkbox"/> | $\Theta(n^2)$ | <input type="checkbox"/> | $\Theta(n^3)$ | <input type="checkbox"/> |
| $T(n) = 3T(n/2) + d$ | $\Theta(n^{\log_3 2})$ | <input type="checkbox"/> | $\Theta(n^{\log_2 3})$ | <input type="checkbox"/> | $\Theta(2^n)$ | <input type="checkbox"/> | $\Theta(3^n)$ | <input type="checkbox"/> |

| | | | | | | | | |
|--------------------------|------------------|--------------------------|------------------------|--------------------------|------------------------|--------------------------|---------------|--------------------------|
| Merging two sorted lists | $\Theta(\log n)$ | <input type="checkbox"/> | $\Theta(n)$ | <input type="checkbox"/> | $\Theta(n \log n)$ | <input type="checkbox"/> | $\Theta(n^2)$ | <input type="checkbox"/> |
| | $\Theta(n^3)$ | <input type="checkbox"/> | $\Theta(n^{\log_3 2})$ | <input type="checkbox"/> | $\Theta(n^{\log_2 3})$ | <input type="checkbox"/> | $\Theta(2^n)$ | <input type="checkbox"/> |

Algorithm A takes 2^n time. On one input, A takes x time. How long will it take if I add one to the input size?

| | | | | | | | |
|---------|--------------------------|------|--------------------------|-------|--------------------------|-------|--------------------------|
| $x + 2$ | <input type="checkbox"/> | $2x$ | <input type="checkbox"/> | 2^x | <input type="checkbox"/> | x^2 | <input type="checkbox"/> |
|---------|--------------------------|------|--------------------------|-------|--------------------------|-------|--------------------------|

Problems in class NP need exponential time

| | | | | | |
|------|--------------------------|-------|--------------------------|-----------|--------------------------|
| true | <input type="checkbox"/> | false | <input type="checkbox"/> | not known | <input type="checkbox"/> |
|------|--------------------------|-------|--------------------------|-----------|--------------------------|

The chromatic number of a graph with n nodes can be found in polynomial time.

| | | | | | |
|------|--------------------------|-------|--------------------------|-----------|--------------------------|
| true | <input type="checkbox"/> | false | <input type="checkbox"/> | not known | <input type="checkbox"/> |
|------|--------------------------|-------|--------------------------|-----------|--------------------------|

Name: _____

NetID: _____ Lecture: A B

Discussion: Thursday Friday 10 11 12 1 2 3 4 5 6

(15 points) Check the (single) box that best characterizes each item.

| | | | | | | | | |
|----------------------|------------------------|--------------------------|------------------------|--------------------------|---------------|--------------------------|---------------|--------------------------|
| $T(1) = d$ | $\Theta(n)$ | <input type="checkbox"/> | $\Theta(n \log n)$ | <input type="checkbox"/> | $\Theta(n^2)$ | <input type="checkbox"/> | $\Theta(n^3)$ | <input type="checkbox"/> |
| $T(n) = 2T(n/3) + d$ | $\Theta(n^{\log_3 2})$ | <input type="checkbox"/> | $\Theta(n^{\log_2 3})$ | <input type="checkbox"/> | $\Theta(2^n)$ | <input type="checkbox"/> | $\Theta(3^n)$ | <input type="checkbox"/> |

| | | | | | | | | |
|----------------------------|------------------|--------------------------|------------------------|--------------------------|------------------------|--------------------------|---------------|--------------------------|
| The Towers of Hanoi solver | $\Theta(\log n)$ | <input type="checkbox"/> | $\Theta(n)$ | <input type="checkbox"/> | $\Theta(n \log n)$ | <input type="checkbox"/> | $\Theta(n^2)$ | <input type="checkbox"/> |
| | $\Theta(n^3)$ | <input type="checkbox"/> | $\Theta(n^{\log_3 2})$ | <input type="checkbox"/> | $\Theta(n^{\log_2 3})$ | <input type="checkbox"/> | $\Theta(2^n)$ | <input type="checkbox"/> |

Algorithm A takes $\log_2 n$ time. On one input, A takes x time. How long will it take if I double the input size?

| | | | | | | | |
|---------|--------------------------|------|--------------------------|-------|--------------------------|-------|--------------------------|
| $x + 1$ | <input type="checkbox"/> | $2x$ | <input type="checkbox"/> | 2^x | <input type="checkbox"/> | x^2 | <input type="checkbox"/> |
|---------|--------------------------|------|--------------------------|-------|--------------------------|-------|--------------------------|

Deciding if a graph is 2-colorable

| | | | | | |
|------------|--------------------------|-------------|--------------------------|-------|--------------------------|
| polynomial | <input type="checkbox"/> | exponential | <input type="checkbox"/> | in NP | <input type="checkbox"/> |
|------------|--------------------------|-------------|--------------------------|-------|--------------------------|

The Towers of Hanoi puzzle requires exponential time.

| | | | | | |
|------|--------------------------|-------|--------------------------|-----------|--------------------------|
| true | <input type="checkbox"/> | false | <input type="checkbox"/> | not known | <input type="checkbox"/> |
|------|--------------------------|-------|--------------------------|-----------|--------------------------|

Name: _____

NetID: _____ Lecture: A B

Discussion: Thursday Friday 10 11 12 1 2 3 4 5 6

(15 points) Check the (single) box that best characterizes each item.

| | | | | | | | | |
|----------------------|------------------------|--------------------------|------------------------|--------------------------|---------------|--------------------------|---------------|--------------------------|
| $T(1) = c$ | $\Theta(n)$ | <input type="checkbox"/> | $\Theta(n \log n)$ | <input type="checkbox"/> | $\Theta(n^2)$ | <input type="checkbox"/> | $\Theta(n^3)$ | <input type="checkbox"/> |
| $T(n) = 3T(n/3) + n$ | $\Theta(n^{\log_3 2})$ | <input type="checkbox"/> | $\Theta(n^{\log_2 3})$ | <input type="checkbox"/> | $\Theta(2^n)$ | <input type="checkbox"/> | $\Theta(3^n)$ | <input type="checkbox"/> |

| | | | | | | | | |
|---|------------------|--------------------------|------------------------|--------------------------|------------------------|--------------------------|---------------|--------------------------|
| Karatsuba's integer multiplication algorithm | $\Theta(\log n)$ | <input type="checkbox"/> | $\Theta(n)$ | <input type="checkbox"/> | $\Theta(n \log n)$ | <input type="checkbox"/> | $\Theta(n^2)$ | <input type="checkbox"/> |
| | $\Theta(n^3)$ | <input type="checkbox"/> | $\Theta(n^{\log_3 2})$ | <input type="checkbox"/> | $\Theta(n^{\log_2 3})$ | <input type="checkbox"/> | $\Theta(2^n)$ | <input type="checkbox"/> |

Finding a value in a sorted array is $\Theta(2^n)$. true ☐ false ☐

Circuit satisfiability is
NP complete. true ☐ false ☐ not known ☐

The Marker Making problem can be
solved in polynomial time. true ☐ false ☐ not known ☐

Name: _____

NetID: _____ Lecture: A B

Discussion: Thursday Friday 10 11 12 1 2 3 4 5 6

(6 points) Fill in the missing bits of the recursive algorithm for solving the Towers of Hanoi puzzle.

hanoi(A, B, C : pegs, $d_1, d_2 \dots d_n$: disks) \\ move n disks from peg A to peg B if ($n = 1$) move d_1 from A to B

else

 move d_n from A to B

(9 points) Check the (single) box that best characterizes each item.

$T(1) = c$

$\Theta(n)$

☐

$\Theta(n \log n)$

☐

$\Theta(n^2)$

☐

$\Theta(n^3)$

☐

$T(n) = 4T(n/2) + n$

$\Theta(n^{\log_3 2})$

☐

$\Theta(n^{\log_2 3})$

☐

$\Theta(2^n)$

☐

$\Theta(3^n)$

☐

The running time of
binary search

$\Theta(\log n)$

☐

$\Theta(n)$

☐

$\Theta(n \log n)$

☐

$\Theta(n^2)$

☐

$\Theta(n^3)$

$\Theta(n^{\log_3 2})$

☐

$\Theta(n^{\log_2 3})$

☐

$\Theta(2^n)$

☐

Marker Making

polynomial ☐exponential ☐in NP ☐