GRTS Survey Designs for an Area Resource

Thomas Kincaid

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1 Preliminaries

This document presents example GRTS survey designs for an area resource. The area resource used in the designs is Omernik level 3 ecoregions within Utah. Four survey designs will be presented: (1) an unstratified, equal probability design; (2) an unstratified, unequal probability design; (3) a stratified, equal probability design; and (4) an unstratified, unequal probability design with an oversample and a panel structure for survey over time. The sampling frame used for the survey designs is contained in either an ESRI shapefile or an sp package object. The frame contains the coordinates for a set of polygons that define the area resource in addition to attribute data associated with the polygons. The coordinate system for the set of points in the sampling frame is an equal area projection rather than latitude and longitude. An equal area projection is used so that calculation of distance between points is valid.

The initial step is to use the library function to load the spsurvey package. After the package is loaded, a message is printed to the R console indicating that the spsurvey package was loaded successfully.

Load the spsurvey package

```
> # Load the spsurvey package
> library(spsurvey)
>
```

Version 2.5 of the spsurvey package was loaded successfully.

2 Shapefile attribute data

The next step is to read the attribute data from the shapefile. The read.dbf function in the spsurvey package is used to read the attribute (dbf) file in the shapefile and assign it to a data frame named att. The att data frame is printed by entering the data frame name at the R prompt.

The ecoregion attribute will be used to define stratum codes and unequal selection probability (multidensity) categories for the survey designs. Ecoregion is contained in a variable named "level3_nam" and includes seven unique values. Frame area is summarized for the ecoregion attribute. Note that ecoregion area measured in hectares is contained in the variable named "area_ha". The tapply function is used to calculate total area for each ecoregion. The addmargins function is applied to the output from tapply to calculate total area for all all ecoregions, and the round function is used to round value to whole numbers. Finally, the resulting table is displayed.

Read the attribute table from the shapefile

```
> # Read the attribute table from the shapefile
> att <- read.dbf("UT_ecoregions")
>
```

Display the attribute data frame

> # Display the attribute data frame
> att

	Level3	Level3_Nam	n Area_ha	$area_mdm$
1	80	Northern Basin and Range	e 1.42202e+11	2639990439
2	18	Wyoming Basir	1.33312e+11	2910588302
3	13	Central Basin and Range	3.09949e+11	82064546355

```
4
       19 Wasatch and Uinta Mountains 4.47240e+10 42569491524
5
                    Colorado Plateaus 1.26379e+11 85797163092
       20
6
       21
                     Southern Rockies 5.40909e+08
                                                      540909129
7
       14
               Mojave Basin and Range 1.29599e+11
                                                     1931860757
8
       19 Wasatch and Uinta Mountains 3.43657e+08
                                                      343657270
9
       19 Wasatch and Uinta Mountains 6.26102e+08
                                                      626102339
10
       21
                     Southern Rockies 4.05534e+08
                                                      405534288
```

>

Summarize frame area by ecoregion

```
> # Summarize frame area by ecoregion
> temp <- tapply(att$Area_ha, att$Level3_Nam, sum)
> temp <- round(addmargins(temp), 0)
> temp
```

Colorado Plateaus	Central Basin and Range
126379000000	309949000000
Northern Basin and Range	Mojave Basin and Range
142202000000	129599000000
Wasatch and Uinta Mountains	Southern Rockies
45693759000	946443000
Sum	Wyoming Basin
888081202000	133312000000

>

Ecoregions in Utah are displayed in Figure 1. To produce the figure, first the read.shape function in the spsurvey package is used to read the shapefile and assign it to an object named shp. The shp object takes the form of a spatial data object defined in the sp package. Specifically, shp belongs to class "SpatialPolygonsDataFrame". For further information about spatial data objects, see documentation for the sp package. The spplot function in the sp package is used to create the figure.

3 Unstratified, equal probability, GRTS survey design

The first survey design is an unstratified, equal probability design. The set seed function is called so that, if necessary, the designs can be replicated.

The initial step is to create a list named Equaldsgn that contains information for specifying the survey design. Since the survey design is unstratified, the list contains a single item

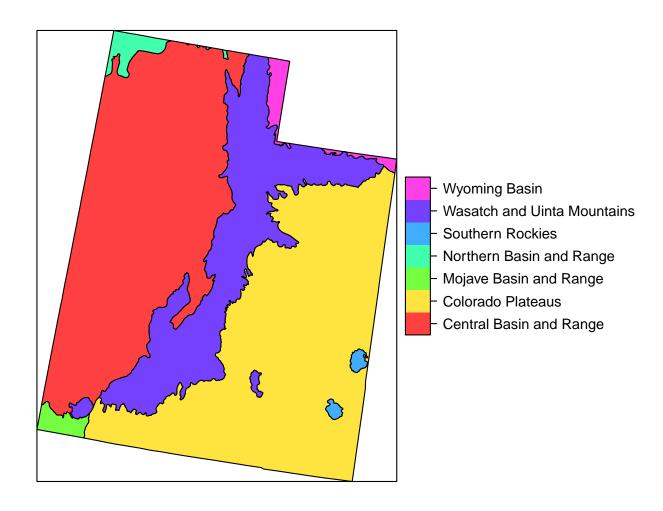


Figure 1: Ecoregions in Utah.

named "None" that also is a list. The "None" list includes two items: panel, which is used to specify the sample size for each panel, and seltype, which is used to input the type of random selection for the design. For this example, panel is assigned a single value named "PanelOne" that is set equal to 115, and seltype is assigned the value "Equal", which indicates equal probability selection.

The grts function in the spsurvey package is called to select the survey design. The following arguments are included in the call to grts: (1) design: the named list of stratum design specifications, which is assigned the Equaldsgn list; (2) DesignID: name for the design, which is used to create a site ID for each site and is assigned the value "EQUAL"; (3) type.frame: the type of frame, which is assigned the value "area" to indicate an area resource; (4) src.frame: source of the frame, which is assigned the value "shapefile" to indicate a shapefile frame; (5) in.shape: name of the input shapefile, which is assigned the value "UT_ecoregions"; (6) att.frame: the data frame of attributes associated with elements in the frame, which is assigned the att data frame; and (7) shapefile: option to create a shapefile containing the survey design information, which is assigned FALSE.

During execution of the grts function, messages are printed that indicate the initial number of hierarchical levels used for the GRTS grid, the current number of levels, and the final number of levels. The set of messages is printed for each stratum, and is labeled with the stratum name. For this example, the set of messages is labeled "None", i.e., the name used in the Equaldsgn list. Upon completion of the call to grts, the initial six sites for the survey design and a design summary are printed.

Call the set seed function so that the design can be replicated

Stratum: None

Initial number of levels: 4 Current number of levels: 4 Final number of levels: 4

Print the initial six lines of the survey design

- > # Print the initial six lines of the survey design
- > head(Equalsites@data)

```
xcoord ycoord mdcaty
                                                         panel EvalStatus
     siteID
                                          wgt stratum
1 EQUAL-001 -1361882 1986078 Equal 1911563856
                                                 None PanelOne
                                                                  NotEval
2 EQUAL-002 -1304045 2195914 Equal 1911563856
                                                 None PanelOne
                                                                  NotEval
3 EQUAL-003 -1269657 1803336 Equal 1911563856
                                                 None PanelOne
                                                                  NotEval
4 EQUAL-004 -1311248 1689394 Equal 1911563856
                                                 None PanelOne
                                                                  NotEval
5 EQUAL-005 -1353690 2074387 Equal 1911563856
                                                 None PanelOne
                                                                  NotEval
6 EQUAL-006 -1389763 2190386 Equal 1911563856
                                                 None PanelOne
                                                                  NotEval
 EvalReason Level3
                                Level3_Nam
                                               Area_ha
1
                 13 Central Basin and Range 3.09949e+11
2
                 13 Central Basin and Range 3.09949e+11
                         Colorado Plateaus 1.26379e+11
3
                20
4
                         Colorado Plateaus 1.26379e+11
                 20
5
                 13 Central Basin and Range 3.09949e+11
6
                 13 Central Basin and Range 3.09949e+11
```

>

Print the survey design summary

- > # Print the survey design summary
- > dsgnsum(Equalsites)

Design Summary: Number of Sites

stratum None Sum 115 115

>

4 Unstratified, unequal probability, GRTS survey design

The second survey design is an unstratified, unequal probability design. Ecoregions are used to identify multidensity categories. List Unequaldsgn is assigned design specifications. Since the survey design is unstratified, Unequaldsgn includes a single list named "None" that contains three items: panel, seltype, and caty.n. The value for panel is the same as for the equal probability design, and seltype is assigned "Unequal" to indicate unequal selection probabilities. The third item, caty.n, assigns sample sizes for each of seven multidensity categories, where ecoregion names are used as the categories. Note that the sum of sample sizes provided in caty.n must equal the value in panel.

For this survey design, a shapefile will be used as the sampling frame. The following arguments are included in the call to grts: (1) design: assigned the Unequaldsgn list; (2) DesignID: assigned the value "UNEQUAL"; (3) type.frame: assigned the value "area"; (4) src.frame: assigned the value "shapefile"; (5) in.shape: assigned the value "UT_ecoregions"; (6) att.frame: assigned the att data frame; (7) mdcaty: name of the column in the attributes data frame that identifies the unequal probability category for each element in the frame, which is assigned the value "level3_nam"; and (8) shapefile: assigned the value FALSE. Upon completion of the call to grts, the initial six sites for the survey design and a design summary are printed.

Create the design list

Select the sample

Stratum: None

Initial number of levels: 4 Current number of levels: 4 Current number of levels: 6 Current number of levels: 7 Final number of levels: 7

Print the initial six lines of the survey design

- > # Print the initial six lines of the survey design
- > head(Unequalsites@data)

	siteID	xcoord	ycoord			${\tt mdcaty}$	wgt	stratum
1	UNEQUAL-001	-1471013	2106177	Central	${\tt Basin}$	and Range	3282581854	None
2	UNEQUAL-002	-1354503	1848229	${\tt Wasatch} \ {\tt and}$	${\tt Uinta}$	${\tt Mountains}$	1741570045	None
3	UNEQUAL-003	-1298067	1916720	Wasatch and	${\tt Uinta}$	${\tt Mountains}$	1741570045	None
4	UNEQUAL-004	-1165284	1728905	Ç	Souther	n Rockies	94644342	None
5	UNEQUAL-005	-1395426	2161246	Central	Basin	and Range	3282581854	None
6	UNEQUAL-006	-1483098	1743104	Wasatch and	${\tt Uinta}$	${\tt Mountains}$	1741570045	None
	panel EvalStatus EvalReason Level3 Area_ha							
1	PanelOne	NotEval		13 3.0	09949e	⊦ 11		
2	PanelOne	NotEval		19 4.4	47240e+	+1 0		
3	PanelOne	NotEval		19 4.4	47240e+	+1 0		
4	PanelOne	NotEval		21 4.0)5534e+	+08		
5	PanelOne	NotEval		13 3.0)9949e+	+11		
6	PanelOne	NotEval		19 4.4	47240e+	+10		

>

Print the survey design summary

- > # Print the survey design summary
- > dsgnsum(Unequalsites)

Design Summary: Number of Sites Classified by mdcaty (Multidensity Category)

${\tt mdcaty}$

Central Basin and Range Colorado Plateaus
27 25

Mojave Basin and Range Northern Basin and Range
9 9

Southern Rockies Wasatch and Uinta Mountains
9 25

Wyoming Basin Sum
11 115

5 Stratified, equal probability, GRTS survey design

The third survey design is a stratified, equal probability design. Ecoregions are used to identify strata. List Stratdsgn is assigned design specifications. The ecoregion attribute is used to identify strata. Stratdsgn includes seven lists, one for each stratum. The names for the lists match the levels of the stratum variable, i.e., the unique values of the ecoregion attribute. Each list in Stratdsgn contains two items: panel and seltype. The value for panel is the same as for the equal probability design, and seltype is assigned "Equal".

For this survey design, an sp package object will be used as the sampling frame. Recall that the read.shape function was used to read the shapefile and assign its output to an sp object named shp. The following arguments are included in the call to grts: (1) design: assigned the Stratdsgn list; (2) DesignID: assigned the value "STRATIFIED"; (3) type.frame: assigned the value "area"; (4) src.frame: assigned the value "sp.object" to indicate that the sampling frame is provided by an sp object; (5) sp.object: name of the sp object, which is assigned the shp object; (6) att.frame: assigned the att data frame; 7) stratum: name of the column in the attributes data frame that identifies the stratum code for each element in the frame, which is assigned the value "level3_nam"; and (8) shapefile: assigned the value FALSE. Upon completion of the call to grts, the initial six sites for the survey design and a design summary are printed.

Create the design list

```
> Stratdsgn <- list("Central Basin and Range"=list(panel=c(PanelOne=25),
                                                    seltype="Equal"),
                    "Colorado Plateaus"=list(panel=c(PanelOne=25),
+
                                              seltype="Equal"),
                    "Mojave Basin and Range"=list(panel=c(PanelOne=10),
                                                   seltype="Equal"),
                    "Northern Basin and Range"=list(panel=c(PanelOne=10),
                                                     seltype="Equal"),
                    "Southern Rockies"=list(panel=c(PanelOne=10),
                                             seltype="Equal"),
                    "Wasatch and Uinta Mountains"=list(panel=c(PanelOne=25),
                                                        seltype="Equal"),
                    "Wyoming Basin"=list(panel=c(PanelOne=10),
                                          seltype="Equal"))
Select the sample
> Stratsites <- grts(design=Stratdsgn,
                     DesignID="STRATIFIED",
```

```
type.frame="area",
                     src.frame="sp.object",
                     sp.object=shp,
                     att.frame=att,
                     stratum="Level3_Nam",
                     shapefile=FALSE)
Stratum: Central Basin and Range
Initial number of levels: 3
Current number of levels: 3
Current number of levels: 4
Final number of levels: 4
Stratum: Colorado Plateaus
Initial number of levels: 3
Current number of levels: 3
Current number of levels: 4
Final number of levels: 4
Stratum: Mojave Basin and Range
Initial number of levels: 2
Current number of levels: 2
Current number of levels: 3
Final number of levels: 3
Stratum: Northern Basin and Range
Initial number of levels: 2
Current number of levels: 2
Current number of levels: 4
Final number of levels: 4
Stratum: Southern Rockies
Initial number of levels: 2
Current number of levels: 2
Current number of levels: 3
Current number of levels: 4
Final number of levels: 4
Stratum: Wasatch and Uinta Mountains
Initial number of levels: 3
Current number of levels: 3
Current number of levels: 4
Final number of levels: 4
```

Stratum: Wyoming Basin

```
Initial number of levels: 2
Current number of levels: 2
Current number of levels: 3
Current number of levels: 4
Final number of levels: 4
```

Print the initial six lines of the survey design

- > # Print the initial six lines of the survey design
- > head(Stratsites@data)

```
siteID
                   xcoord ycoord mdcaty
                                                wgt
                                                                     stratum
1 STRATIFIED-001 -1529774 1751713
                                   Equal 3282581854 Central Basin and Range
2 STRATIFIED-002 -1456864 2008542
                                   Equal 3282581854 Central Basin and Range
3 STRATIFIED-003 -1382436 1851915
                                   Equal 3282581854 Central Basin and Range
4 STRATIFIED-004 -1376583 2129989
                                   Equal 3282581854 Central Basin and Range
5 STRATIFIED-005 -1542866 1885916
                                   Equal 3282581854 Central Basin and Range
6 STRATIFIED-006 -1509108 1963177
                                   Equal 3282581854 Central Basin and Range
     panel EvalStatus EvalReason Level3
                                            Area_ha
1 PanelOne
              NotEval
                                     13 3.09949e+11
2 PanelOne
              NotEval
                                     13 3.09949e+11
3 PanelOne
             NotEval
                                     13 3.09949e+11
4 PanelOne
              NotEval
                                     13 3.09949e+11
5 PanelOne
              NotEval
                                     13 3.09949e+11
6 PanelOne
              NotEval
                                     13 3.09949e+11
```

Print the survey design summary

- > # Print the survey design summary
- > dsgnsum(Stratsites)

Design Summary: Number of Sites

stratum

Central Basin and Range Colorado Plateaus Northern Basin and Range Mojave Basin and Range 10 Southern Rockies Wasatch and Uinta Mountains 25 Wyoming Basin Sum 10 115

>

6 Unstratified, unequal probability, GRTS survey design with an oversample and a panel structure for survey over time

The fourth survey design is an unstratified, unequal probability design with an oversample and a panel structure for survey over time. List Paneldsgn is assigned design specifications. Since the survey design is unstratified, Paneldsgn includes a single list named "None" that contains four items: panel, seltype, caty.n, and over. A vector identifying sample sizes for five panels is assigned to panel. The value "Unequal" is assigned to seltype, which indicates unequal selection probabilities. The third item, caty.n, assigns sample sizes for each of seven multidensity categories, where ecoregion names are used as the categories. Note that the sum of sample sizes provided in caty.n must equal the sum of sample sizes in panel. The value 100 is assigned to over, which specifies an oversample of 100 sites. An oversample is replacement sites for the survey design. The grts function attempts to distribute the oversample proportionately among sample sizes for the multidensity categories. If the oversample proportion for one or more categories is not a whole number, a warning message is printed and the proportionate to the category sample sizes, and the warning message is printed by calling the warnings function.

For this survey design, a shapefile will be used as the sampling frame. The following arguments are included in the call to grts: (1) design: assigned the Paneldsgn list; (2) DesignID: assigned the value "UNEQUAL"; (3) type.frame: assigned the value "area"; (4) src.frame: assigned the value "shapefile"; (5) in.shape: assigned the value "UT_ecoregions"; (6) att.frame: assigned the att data frame; (7) mdcaty: assigned the value "level3_nam"; and (8) shapefile: assigned the value FALSE. Upon completion of the call to grts, the initial six sites for the survey design and a design summary are printed.

Create the design list

Select the sample

> Panelsites <- grts(design=Paneldsgn,

```
DesignID="UNEQUAL",
                     type.frame="area",
                     src.frame="shapefile",
                     in.shape="reg1_lakes",
                     att.frame=att,
                     mdcaty="Level3_Nam",
                     shapefile=FALSE)
Stratum: None
Initial number of levels: 5
Current number of levels: 5
Current number of levels: 7
Final number of levels: 7
Print the warning message
> # Print the warning message
> warnings()
Warning message:
In grts(design = Paneldsgn, DesignID = "UNEQUAL", type.frame = "area", :
Oversample size is not proportional to category sample sizes for stratum
"None".
Print the initial six lines of the survey design
> # Print the initial six lines of the survey design
> head(Panelsites@data)
                xcoord ycoord
                                                                wgt stratum panel
       siteID
                                                 mdcaty
1 UNEQUAL-001 -1157287 1661084
                                      Colorado Plateaus 1361859732
                                                                       None Year1
2 UNEQUAL-002 -1213951 1954093
                                      Colorado Plateaus 1361859732
                                                                       None Year1
3 UNEQUAL-003 -1542076 1770381 Central Basin and Range 1282258537
                                                                       None Year1
4 UNEQUAL-004 -1261338 2135698
                                          Wyoming Basin 194039220
                                                                       None Year1
                                                                       None Year1
5 UNEQUAL-005 -1185851 1770761
                                      Colorado Plateaus 1361859732
                                       Southern Rockies
                                                                       None Year1
6 UNEQUAL-006 -1138910 1801524
                                                           63096228
  EvalStatus EvalReason Level3
                                    Area_ha
                             20 1.26379e+11
1
     NotEval
2
     NotEval
                             20 1.26379e+11
3
    NotEval
                             13 3.09949e+11
4
    NotEval
                             18 1.33312e+11
5
     NotEval
                             20 1.26379e+11
6
     NotEval
                            21 5.40909e+08
```

>

Print the survey design summary

- > # Print the survey design summary
- > dsgnsum(Panelsites)

Design Summary: Number of Sites Classified by mdcaty (Multidensity Category) and panel

	panel						
mdcaty	OverSamp	Year1	Year2	Year3	Year4	Year5	Sum
Central Basin and Range	28	11	13	11	12	14	89
Colorado Plateaus	23	18	14	10	14	11	90
Mojave Basin and Range	5	4	3	3	3	4	22
Northern Basin and Range	7	3	3	3	2	3	21
Southern Rockies	6	4	2	5	1	2	20
Wasatch and Uinta Mountains	26	8	10	15	16	15	90
Wyoming Basin	7	2	5	3	2	1	20
Sum	102	50	50	50	50	50	352

>