

## TP KUBERNETES PARTIE 2

### I - Installation ArgoCD

```
kubectl create namespace argocd
```

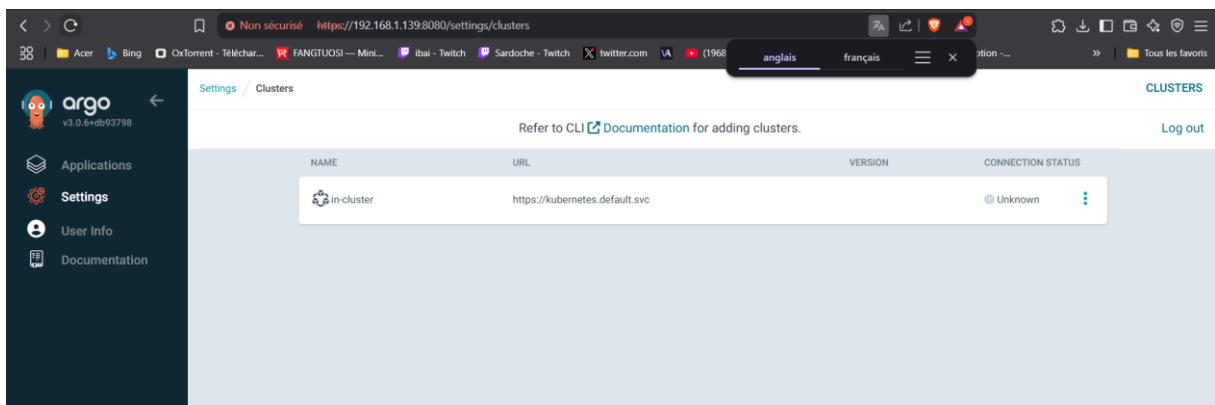
```
kubectl apply -n argocd -f https://raw.githubusercontent.com/argoproj/argo-cd/stable/manifests/install.yaml
```

```
argocd admin initial-password -n argocd
```

```
kubectl port-forward --address 0.0.0.0 svc/argocd-server -n argocd 8080:443
```

```
kubectl patch svc argocd-server -n argocd -p '{"spec": {"type": "LoadBalancer"}}'
```

<https://192.168.1.139:8080/settings/clusters>



### II – Déploiement de l'application ArgoCD

Installation d'un Ingress Controller via ces commandes suivantes :

```
kubectl apply -f https://raw.githubusercontent.com/kubernetes/ingress-nginx/controller-v1.10.1/deploy/static/provider/cloud/deploy.yaml
```

```
kubectl -n ingress-nginx get svc
```

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```
debian@debian:~/aws$ kubectl apply -f https://raw.githubusercontent.com/kubernetes/ingress-nginx/controller-v1.10.1/deploy/static/provider/cloud/deploy.yaml
kubectl -n ingress-nginx get svc
namespace/ingress-nginx created
serviceaccount/ingress-nginx created
serviceaccount/ingress-nginx-admission created
role.rbac.authorization.k8s.io/ingress-nginx created
role.rbac.authorization.k8s.io/ingress-nginx-admission created
clusterrole.rbac.authorization.k8s.io/ingress-nginx created
clusterrole.rbac.authorization.k8s.io/ingress-nginx-admission created
rolebinding.rbac.authorization.k8s.io/ingress-nginx created
rolebinding.rbac.authorization.k8s.io/ingress-nginx-admission created
clusterrolebinding.rbac.authorization.k8s.io/ingress-nginx created
clusterrolebinding.rbac.authorization.k8s.io/ingress-nginx-admission created
configmap/ingress-nginx-controller created
service/ingress-nginx-controller created
service/ingress-nginx-controller-admission created
deployment.apps/ingress-nginx-controller created
job.batch/ingress-nginx-admission-create created
job.batch/ingress-nginx-admission-patch created
ingressclass.networking.k8s.io/nginx created
validatingwebhookconfiguration.admissionregistration.k8s.io/ingress-nginx-admission created
```

NAME	PORT(S)	TYPE	CLUSTER-IP	EXTERNAL-IP
ingress-nginx-controller		LoadBalancer	10.100.204.44	a13517d9cabcc42a2911de6da23f02c1-977322706.us-east-
1.elb.amazonaws.com	80:30236/TCP,443:31357/TCP		5s	
ingress-nginx-controller-admission	443/TCP	ClusterIP	10.100.166.115	<none>
			4s	

### III - Création d'une application ArgoCD

Création du fichier **ingress.yaml** :

```
apiVersion: networking.k8s.io/v1
kind: Ingress
metadata:
  name: hello-ingress
  annotations:
    nginx.ingress.kubernetes.io/rewrite-target: /
spec:
  rules:
    - host: hello.local
      http:
        paths:
          - path: /
            pathType: Prefix
            backend:
              service:
                name: hello-kubernetes
                port:
                  number: 80
  deployment :
```

Ajout d'une entrée dans le fichier **/etc/hosts** :

**<IP-ingress> hello.local -> 10.100.204.44 hello.local**

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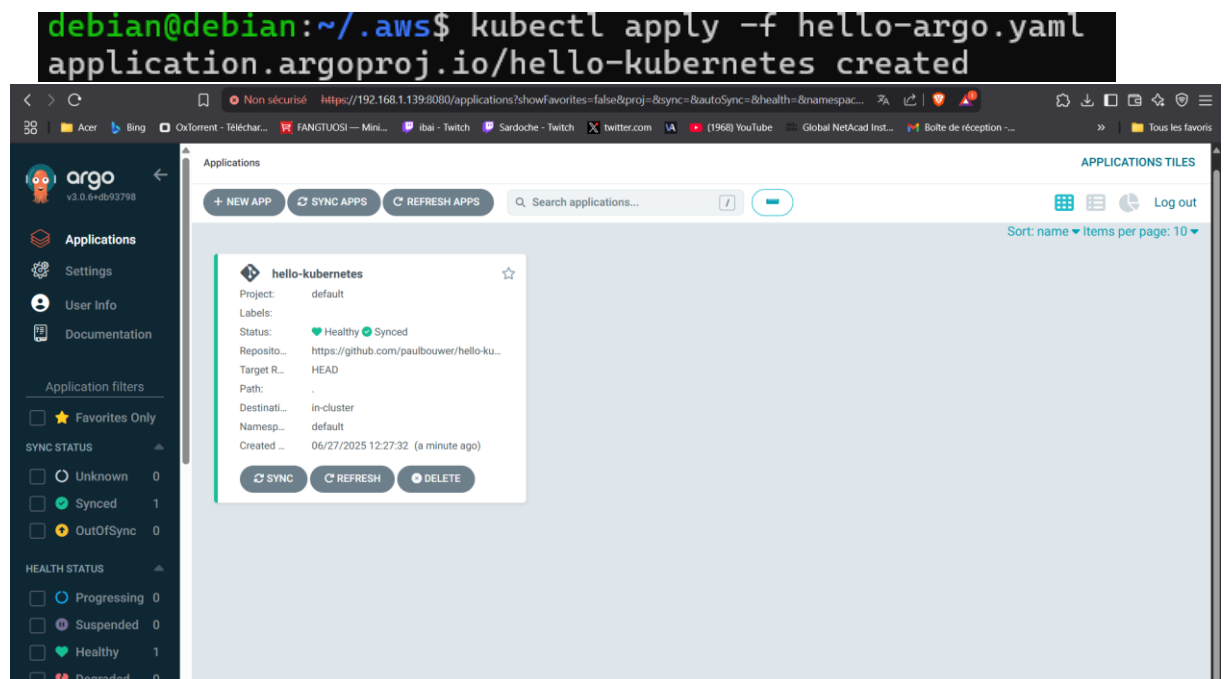
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Création du fichier **hello-argo.yaml** :

```
apiVersion: argoproj.io/v1alpha1
kind: Application
metadata:
  name: hello-kubernetes
  namespace: argocd
spec:
  project: default
  source:
    repoURL: https://github.com/paulbouwer/hello-kubernetes
    path: .
    targetRevision: HEAD
  destination:
    server: https://kubernetes.default.svc
    namespace: default
  syncPolicy:
    automated: {} # Pour sync auto (à désactiver pour test manuel)
  ingress:
    enabled: true
```

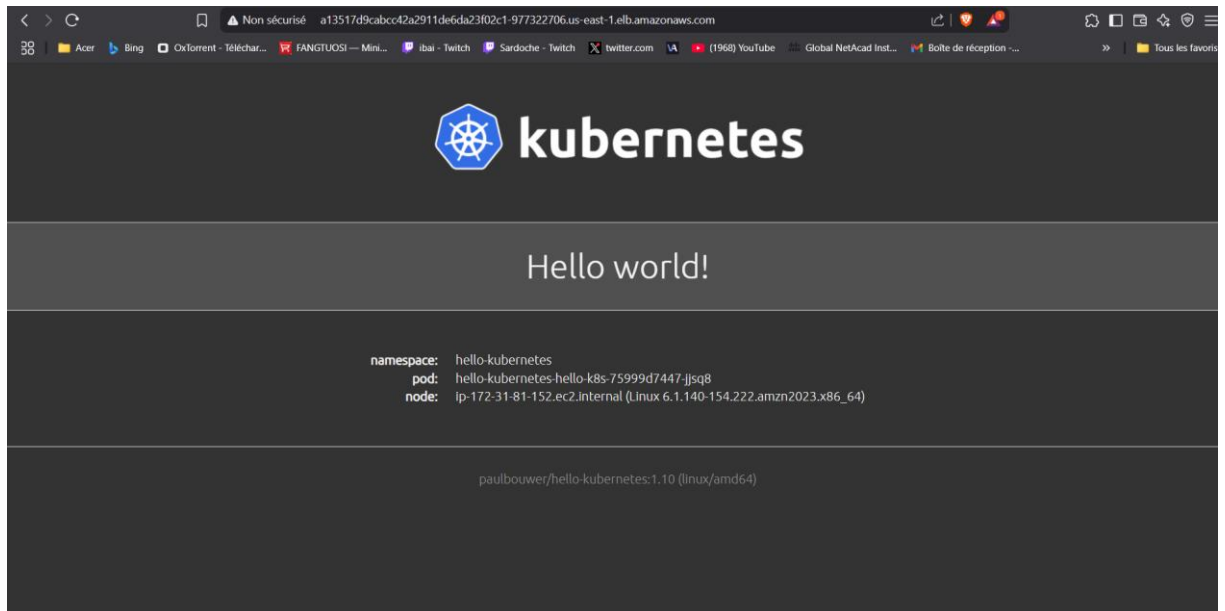
#### **IV - Déploiement de l'application ArgoCD**

Déploiement de l'application via cette commande : `kubectl apply -f hello-argo.yaml`



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URL d'accès : <http://a13517d9cabcc42a2911de6da23f02c1-977322706.us-east-1.elb.amazonaws.com/>

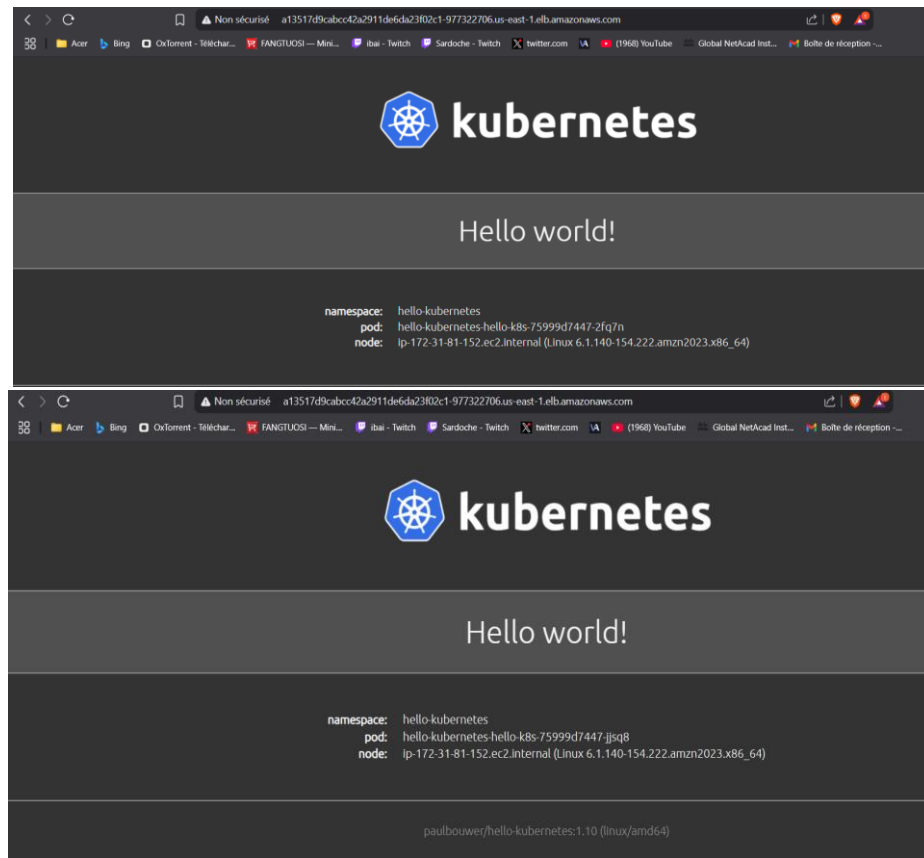


Test de scalabilité de Kubernetes :

```
debian@debian:~/aws$ kubectl scale deployment hello-kubernetes-hello-k8s --replicas=4 -n hello-kubernetes
deployment.apps/hello-kubernetes-hello-k8s scaled
```

Pour vérifier si cela fonctionne, il faut porter une attention particulière au pod qui change après chaque rechargement de la page Web :

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## V - Test de résilience Argo CD

Test n°1 : Suppression manuelle d'un Pod (auto-heal)

```
debian@debian:~/.aws$ kubectl get pods -n hello-kubernetes
NAME                                READY  STATUS   RESTARTS  AGE
hello-kubernetes-hello-k8s-75999d7447-2fq7n  1/1    Running  0         98m
hello-kubernetes-hello-k8s-75999d7447-jjsq8  1/1    Running  0         98m
debian@debian:~/.aws$ kubectl delete pod hello-kubernetes-hello-k8s-75999d7447-jjsq8 -n hello-kubernetes
pod "hello-kubernetes-hello-k8s-75999d7447-jjsq8" deleted
debian@debian:~/.aws$ kubectl get pods -n hello-kubernetes
NAME                                READY  STATUS   RESTARTS  AGE
hello-kubernetes-hello-k8s-75999d7447-2fq7n  1/1    Running  0         100m
hello-kubernetes-hello-k8s-75999d7447-xg5g7  1/1    Running  0         52s
debian@debian:~/.aws$
```

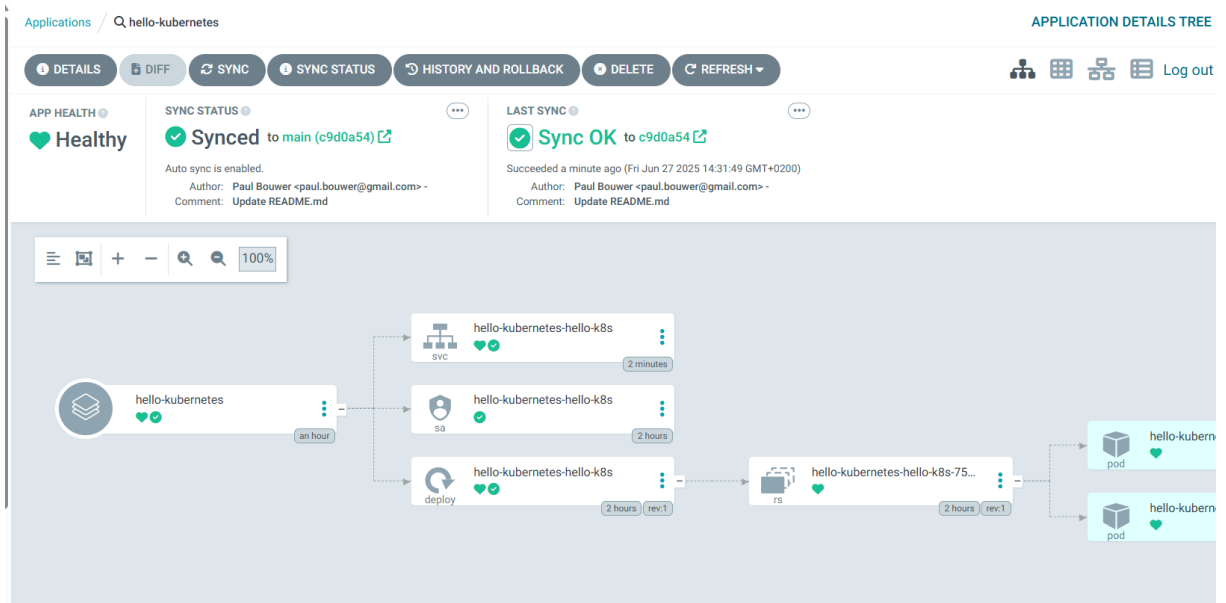
Argo CD détecte le pod manquant et Kubernetes recrée automatiquement le pod

Test n°2 : Suppression manuelle d'un Service (sync automatique)

```
debian@debian:~/.aws$ kubectl delete svc hello-kubernetes-hello-k8s -n hello-kubernetes
service "hello-kubernetes-hello-k8s" deleted
```

Nous voyons que le service SVC est recréé automatiquement

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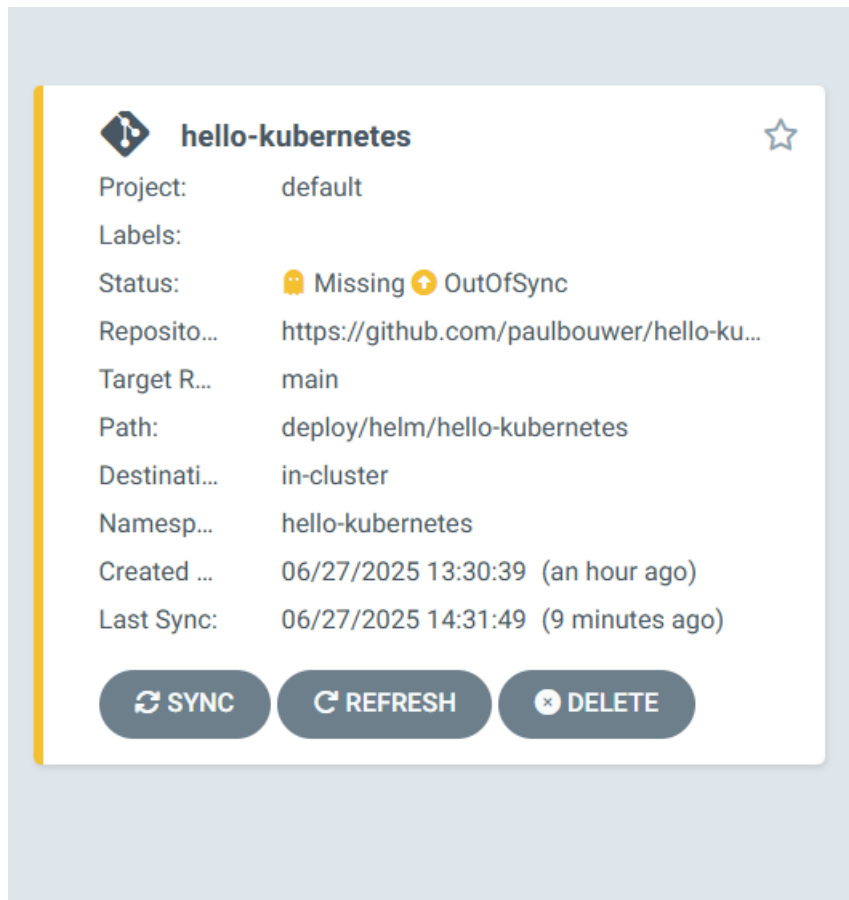


Test n°3 : Suppression manuelle d'un Service (sync manuel)

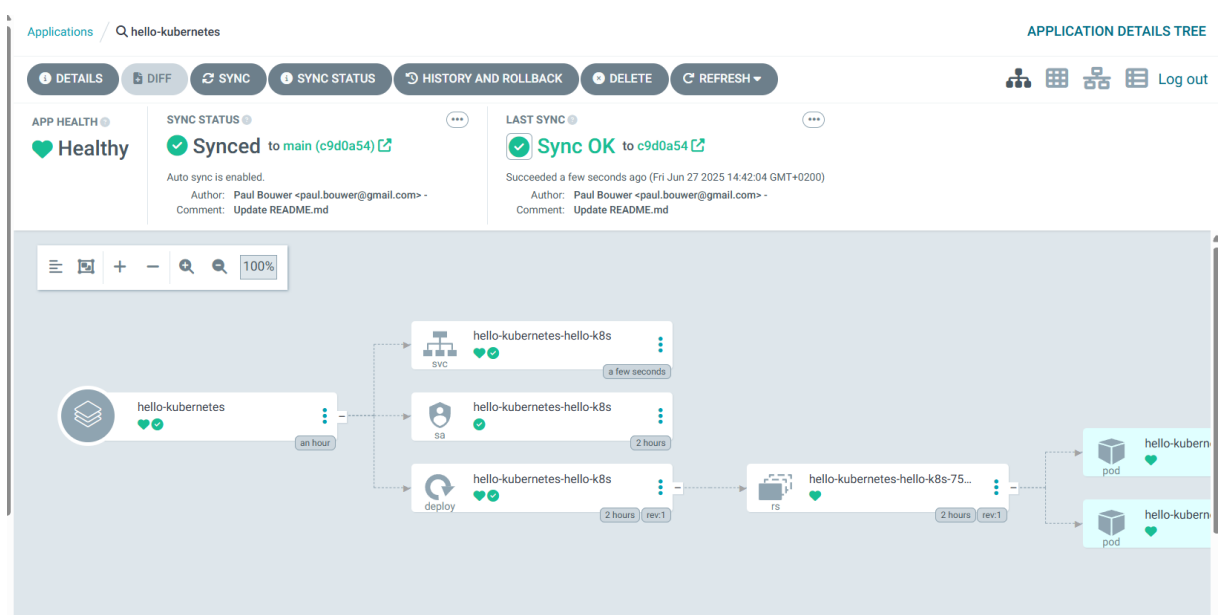
```
debian@debian:~/aws$ kubectl delete svc hello-kubernetes-hello-k8s -n hello-kubernetes
service "hello-kubernetes-hello-k8s" deleted
```

```
1 project: default
2 source:
3   repoURL: https://github.com/paulbouwer/hello-kubernetes
4   path: deploy/helm/hello-kubernetes
5   targetRevision: main
6   helm:
7     releaseName: hello-k8s
8     values: |
9       ingress:
10         configured: true
11         hostname: a13517d9cabcc42a2911de6da23f02c1-977322706.us-east-1.elb.amazonaws.com
12         className: nginx
13         service:
14           type: ClusterIP
15 destination:
16   server: https://kubernetes.default.svc
17   namespace: hello-kubernetes
18 syncPolicy:
19   automated: {}
20 syncOptions:
21   - CreateNamespace=true
22
```

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Affichage d'ArgoCD après synchronisation manuelle :



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## VI - Déploiement d'une image depuis un Repo Privé

On commence par cloner le repository

```
sipeadmin@CYRION-SRV-TF01:~$ # Cloner le repo GitHub
git clone https://github.com/paulbouwer/hello-kubernetes.git
cd hello-kubernetes
Clonage dans 'hello-kubernetes'...
remote: Enumerating objects: 294, done.
remote: Counting objects: 100% (115/115), done.
remote: Compressing objects: 100% (49/49), done.
remote: Total 294 (delta 81), reused 66 (delta 66), pack-reused 179 (from 1)
Réception d'objets: 100% (294/294), 162.50 Kio | 13.54 Mio/s, fait.
Résolution des deltas: 100% (134/134), fait.
```

On se connecte ensuite à notre compte

Docker Hub

```
sipeadmin@CYRION-SRV-TF01:~/hello-kubernetes$ sudo docker login
Login with your Docker ID to push and pull images from Docker Hub. If you don't have a Docker ID, head over to https://hub.docker.com to create one.
Username: adamschricke
Password:
WARNING! Your password will be stored unencrypted in /root/.docker/config.json.
Configure a credential helper to remove this warning. See
https://docs.docker.com/engine/reference/commandline/login/#credentials-store

Login Succeeded
```

On va ensuite créer l'image privée C poussée sur Docker Hub :



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```
sipeadmin@TP-kube:~/hello-kubernetes$ kubectl label namespace default istio-injection=enabled
namespace/default labeled
sipeadmin@TP-kube:~/hello-kubernetes$ kubectl apply -f samples/bookinfo/platform/kube/bookinfo.yaml
service/details created
serviceaccount/bookinfo-details created
deployment.apps/details-v1 created
service/ratings created
serviceaccount/bookinfo-ratings created
deployment.apps/ratings-v1 created
service/reviews created
serviceaccount/bookinfo-reviews created
deployment.apps/reviews-v1 created
deployment.apps/reviews-v2 created
deployment.apps/reviews-v3 created
service/productpage created
serviceaccount/bookinfo-productpage created
deployment.apps/productpage-v1 created
sipeadmin@TP-kube:~/hello-kubernetes$ kubectl get svc istio-ingressgateway -n istio-system
NAME                TYPE        CLUSTER-IP      EXTERNAL-IP      PORT(S)
istio-ingressgateway LoadBalancer  10.100.72.200    80,324205608432faecf07f0d34206b-392452453.us-east-1.elb.amazonaws.com  15021:31821/TCP,80:30217/TCP,443:31483/TCP,31400:32155/TCP,15443:30942/TCP
sipeadmin@TP-kube:~/hello-kubernetes$ kubectl apply -f samples/bookinfo/networking/bookinfo-gateway.yaml
gateway.networking.istio.io/bookinfo-gateway created
virtualservice.networking.istio.io/bookinfo created
sipeadmin@TP-kube:~/hello-kubernetes$

1358 docker build -t sipeadmin/hello-kubernetes:private .
1361 docker build -t sipeadmin/hello-kubernetes:private .
1362 docker push sipeadmin/hello-kubernetes:private
```

On fait la création du secret Kubernetes regcred pour autoriser le cluster à tirer l'image privée

```
1363 kubectl create secret docker-registry regcred --docker-username=sipeadmin --docker-password=jW9TzxdN0SRzn4jg --docker-email=cgroult@cyrion-automobile.fr -n hello-kubernetes
```

## VII - Service MESH avec ISTIO

On télécharge  
l'application

```
sipeadmin@CYRION-SRV-IF01:~/hello-kubernetes$ curl -L https://istio.io/downloadIstio | sh -
% Total    % Received % Xferd  Average Speed   Time    Time     Time  Current
           Dload  Upload   Total   Spent    Left   Speed
100 101    100    101     0     0   1759      0 --:--:-- --:--:-- --:--:-- 1771
100 5124    100    5124     0     0  25275      0 --:--:-- --:--:-- --:--:--    0

Downloading istio-1.26.2 from https://github.com/istio/istio/releases/download/1.26.2/istio-1.26.2-linux-amd64.tar.gz ...

Istio 1.26.2 download complete!
```

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## Déploiement de l'application

```
sipeadmin@TP-kube:~$ curl -L https://istio.io/downloadIstio | sh -
% Total    % Received % Xferd  Average Speed   Time    Time     Time  Current
           Dload  Upload  Total   Spent    Left     Speed

  00  101  100   101    0     0  1308      0 --:--:-- --:--:-- --:--:-- 1485
  00 5124 100   5124    0     0 21647      0 --:--:-- --:--:-- --:--:-- 21647

Downloading istio-1.26.2 from https://github.com/istio/istio/releases/download/1.26.2/istio-1.26.2-linux-amd64.tar.gz ...
Istio 1.26.2 download complete!

The Istio release archive has been downloaded to the istio-1.26.2 directory.

To configure the istioctl client tool for your workstation,
add the /home/sipeadmin/istio-1.26.2/bin directory to your environment path variable with:
    export PATH="$PATH:/home/sipeadmin/istio-1.26.2/bin"

Begin the Istio pre-installation check by running:
    istioctl x precheck

Try Istio in ambient mode
    https://istio.io/latest/docs/ambient/getting-started/
Try Istio in sidecar mode
    https://istio.io/latest/docs/setup/getting-started/
Install guides for ambient mode
    https://istio.io/latest/docs/ambient/install/
Install guides for sidecar mode
    https://istio.io/latest/docs/setup/install/

Need more information? Visit https://istio.io/latest/docs/
sipeadmin@TP-kube:~$ cd istio-*
sipeadmin@TP-kube:~/istio-1.26.2$ export PATH=$PWD/bin:$PATH
sipeadmin@TP-kube:~/istio-1.26.2$ istioctl install --set profile=demo -y

Istio core installed
Istiod installed
Egress gateways installed
Ingress gateways installed
Installation complete
sipeadmin@TP-kube:~/istio-1.26.2$
```

## On applique le manifeste Bookinfo et configure Gateway + VirtualService

```
sipeadmin@TP-kube:~/istio-1.26.2$ kubectl label namespace default istio-injection-enabled
namespace/default labeled
sipeadmin@TP-kube:~/istio-1.26.2$ kubectl apply -f samples/bookinfo/platform/kube/bookinfo.yaml
service/details created
serviceaccount/bookinfo-details created
deployment.apps/details-v1 created
service/ratings created
serviceaccount/bookinfo-ratings created
deployment.apps/ratings-v1 created
service/reviews created
serviceaccount/bookinfo-reviews created
deployment.apps/reviews-v1 created
deployment.apps/reviews-v2 created
deployment.apps/reviews-v3 created
service/productpage created
serviceaccount/bookinfo-productpage created
deployment.apps/productpage-v1 created
sipeadmin@TP-kube:~/istio-1.26.2$ kubectl get svc istio-ingressgateway -n istio-system
NAME                TYPE                CLUSTER-IP      EXTERNAL-IP      PORT(S)
istio-ingressgateway LoadBalancer        10.100.72.200    a83d2c8d56868432faecd7f8d34286b-392452453.us-east-1.elb.amazonaws.com    15021:31821/TCP,80:38217/TCP,443:31483/TCP,31400:32155/TCP,15443:38942/TCP
sipeadmin@TP-kube:~/istio-1.26.2$ kubectl apply -f samples/bookinfo/networking/bookinfo-gateway.yaml
gateway.networking.istio.io/bookinfo-gateway created
sipeadmin@TP-kube:~/istio-1.26.2$ kubectl apply -f samples/bookinfo/networking/virtualservices/bookinfo-tour.yaml
virtualservice.networking.istio.io/bookinfo created
sipeadmin@TP-kube:~/istio-1.26.2$
```

On a ici la preuve que l'application Bookinfo fonctionne via l'URL du LoadBalancer avec ces différentes versions et variations.

BookInfo Sample

Sign in

### The Comedy of Errors

Wikipedia Summary: The Comedy of Errors is one of **William Shakespeare's** early plays. It is his shortest and one of his most farcical comedies, with a major part of the humour coming from slapstick and mistaken identity, in addition to puns and word play.

[Learn more about Istio](#) →


Book Details

ISBN-10	Publisher	Pages	Type	Language
1234567890	PublisherA	200	paperback	English

Book Reviews

★★★★★

"An extremely entertaining play by Shakespeare. The slapstick humour is refreshing!"




Reviewer1

Reviews served by: reviews-v2-55666457d-jp12r

★★★★☆

"Absolutely fun and entertaining. The play lacks thematic depth when compared to other plays by Shakespeare."



Reviewer2

Reviews served by: reviews-v2-55666457d-jp12r

BookInfo Sample

Sign in

### The Comedy of Errors

Wikipedia Summary: The Comedy of Errors is one of **William Shakespeare's** early plays. It is his shortest and one of his most farcical comedies, with a major part of the humour coming from slapstick and mistaken identity, in addition to puns and word play.


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Book Details

ISBN-10	Publisher	Pages	Type	Language
1234567890	PublisherA	200	paperback	English

Book Reviews


"An extremely entertaining play by Shakespeare. The slapstick humour is refreshing!"



Reviewer1

Reviews served by: reviews-v1-598b896c9d-sbdtf

"Absolutely fun and entertaining. The play lacks thematic depth when compared to other plays by Shakespeare."



Reviewer2

Reviews served by: reviews-v1-598b896c9d-sbdtf

BookInfo Sample

Sign in

### The Comedy of Errors

Wikipedia Summary: The Comedy of Errors is one of **William Shakespeare's** early plays. It is his shortest and one of his most farcical comedies, with a major part of the humour coming from slapstick and mistaken identity, in addition to puns and word play.

[Learn more about Istio](#) →


Book Details

ISBN-10	Publisher	Pages	Type	Language
1234567890	PublisherA	200	paperback	English

Book Reviews

★★★★★

"An extremely entertaining play by Shakespeare. The slapstick humour is refreshing!"




Reviewer1

Reviews served by: reviews-v3-564544b4d6-7642t

★★★★☆

"Absolutely fun and entertaining. The play lacks thematic depth when compared to other plays by Shakespeare."



Reviewer2

Reviews served by: reviews-v3-564544b4d6-7642t

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ISTIO permet de contrôler les requêtes circulant entre les micro-services et peut aussi chiffrer les requêtes.

## VIII - Illustration HPA

On a déployé un HPA pour php-apache, qui scale automatiquement nos pods en réponse à la charge CPU. Puis on a atteint jusqu'à 9 rélicas, ce qui prouve que l'autoscaling fonctionne parfaitement.

Déploiement initial :

```
See kubectl run --help for usage.
sipeadmin@TP-kube:~$ nano php-apache-deployment.yaml
sipeadmin@TP-kube:~$ nano php-apache-service.yaml
sipeadmin@TP-kube:~$ kubectl apply -f php-apache-deployment.yaml
deployment.apps/php-apache created
sipeadmin@TP-kube:~$ kubectl apply -f php-apache-service.yaml
service/php-apache created
sipeadmin@TP-kube:~$ kubectl autoscale deployment php-apache \
> --cpu-percent=50 \
> --min=1 \
> --max=10
horizontalpodautoscaler.autoscaling/php-apache autoscaled
sipeadmin@TP-kube:~$ kubectl get pods
NAME                                READY   STATUS    RESTARTS   AGE
php-apache-f47445f6-7qn8n           1/1     Running   0           43s
sipeadmin@TP-kube:~$ kubectl get svc
NAME      TYPE        CLUSTER-IP   EXTERNAL-IP   PORT(S)   AGE
kubernetes  ClusterIP   10.100.0.1    <none>        443/TCP   5h38m
php-apache ClusterIP   10.100.152.249 <none>        80/TCP    52s
sipeadmin@TP-kube:~$ kubectl get hpa
NAME              REFERENCE                TARGETS      MINPODS   MAXPODS   REPLICAS   AGE
php-apache        Deployment/php-apache      cpu: 0%/50%   1         10        1           56s
sipeadmin@TP-kube:~$ kubectl get hpa -w
NAME              REFERENCE                TARGETS      MINPODS   MAXPODS   REPLICAS   AGE
php-apache        Deployment/php-apache      cpu: 0%/50%   1         10        1           84s
sipeadmin@TP-kube:~$
```

Mise en place du HPA :

```
sipeadmin@TP-kube:~$ kubectl run -i --tty load-generator --image=busybox /bin/sh
If you don't see a command prompt, try pressing enter.
# while true; do wget -q -O- http://php-apache.default.svc.cluster.local; done
^C
```

Scaling des pods sous charge :

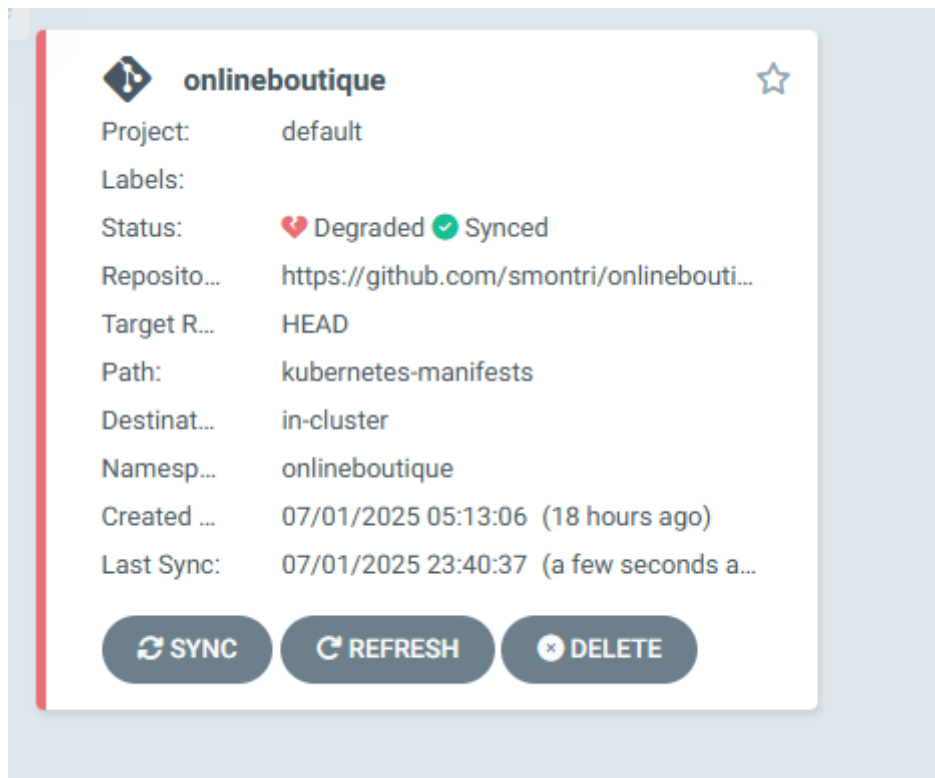
```
sipeadmin@TP-kube:~$ kubectl get pods -w
NAME                                READY   STATUS    RESTARTS   AGE
load-generator                      1/1     Running   0           2m54s
php-apache-f47445f6-4jkh4           1/1     Running   0           2m13s
php-apache-f47445f6-7817z           1/1     Running   0           2m13s
php-apache-f47445f6-7qn8n           1/1     Running   0           7m7s
php-apache-f47445f6-8c4hp           1/1     Running   0           118s
php-apache-f47445f6-bptjs           1/1     Running   0           118s
php-apache-f47445f6-dr44t           1/1     Running   0           2m13s
php-apache-f47445f6-vc67g           1/1     Running   0           118s
php-apache-f47445f6-xrlq4           1/1     Running   0           118s
php-apache-f47445f6-zhxx4           0/1     Pending   0           103s
```

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```
ipadm@TP-kube: $ kubectl run -i --tty load-generator --image=busybox /bin/sh
you don't see a command prompt, try pressing enter.
# while true; do wget -q -O- http://php-apache.default.svc.cluster.local; done
# exit
session ended, resume using 'kubectl attach load-generator -c load-generator -i -t' command when the pod is running
ipadm@TP-kube: $ kubectl delete deployment php-apache
deployment.apps "php-apache" deleted
ipadm@TP-kube: $ kubectl delete hpa php-apache
horizontalpodautoscaler.autoscaling "php-apache" deleted
ipadm@TP-kube: $ kubectl delete pod load-generator
pod "load-generator" deleted
```

## IX - Application onlineboutique via ArgoCD

L'application ArgoCD est créée et synchronisée :



Ingress configurés :

*hello-kubernetes* → *aws.cyrion*

*automobile.fr onlineboutique* → *ELB AWS*

Preuve des hôtes et ports configurés :

NAMESPACE	NAME	CLASS	HOSTS	ADDRESS	PORTS	AGE
hello-kubernetes	hello-kubernetes-ingress	nginx	aws.cyrion-automobile.fr	a3c6fbdc22d6f4976811509d9b148bd-424651689.us-east-1.elb.amazonaws.com	80, 443	21h
onlineboutique	onlineboutique-ingress	nginx	a3c6fbdc22d6f4976811509d9b148bd-424651689.us-east-1.elb.amazonaws.com	a3c6fbdc22d6f4976811509d9b148bd-424651689.us-east-1.elb.amazonaws.com	80	18h