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Generated Questions

1. What is the difference between syntax and semantics?
   - ○ A. Syntax is how words combine to form meaning, and semantics is how words are organized into phrases and sentences.
   - ◉ B. Syntax is how words are organized into phrases and sentences, and semantics is how the meaning of words combine to form the meaning of sentences.
   - ○ C. Both syntax and semantics refer to the same concept.
   - ○ D. Neither syntax nor semantics has anything to do with language.

2. What is the purpose of descriptive linguistics?
   - ◉ A. To describe how a language should be used
   - ○ B. To prescribe how a language should be used
   - ○ C. To describe how a language is actually used
   - ○ D. To create new rules for a language

3. What is an idiolect?
   - ○ A. A dialect spoken in a particular region
   - ○ B. A variety of language used in a particular social group
   - ◉ C. The language spoken by an individual
   - ○ D. The language spoken by a group of speakers

4. What do grammaticality rules do?
   - ◉ A. They accept useless utterances and block out perfectly communicative ones.
   - ◉ B. They block out useless utterances and accept perfectly communicative ones.
   - ○ C. They are not useful in understanding language.
   - ○ D. They limit the expressivity of language.

5. What is a probe in NLP?
   - ○ A. A language model trained to extract linguistic information
   - ◉ B. A small, supervised model trained to extract linguistic information
   - ○ C. A type of grammar rule
   - ○ D. A type of word in a language

6. What is the purpose of testing a model's latent space?
   - ◉ A. To see if it encodes structural information
   - ○ B. To see if it can generate new words
   - ○ C. To compare it to other language models
   - ○ D. To test its speed and efficiency

7. What does the syntax of English word order give us?
   - ○ A. The subject of a sentence
   - ○ B. The verb of a sentence
   - ○ C. The object of a sentence
   - ◉ D. The meaning of a sentence

8. What is structural generalization?
   - ◉ A. Novel combinations of old structures
   - ○ B. Distinct words and structures in different roles
   - ○ C. A way of dealing with differential object marking
   - ○ D. The ability to interpret idioms and metaphors

9. What is the main advantage of high-dimensional spaces in capturing specificities and subtleties of language meaning?
   - ○ A. They are more rigid than rules
   - ○ B. They are less sensitive to context
   - ◉ C. They are better at capturing complexities than rules
   - ○ D. They are more predictable than rules

10. What is the difference between syntax and semantics in language?
    - ○ A. Semantics is concerned with grammar structure, while syntax is concerned with word meaning
    - ◉ B. Semantics is concerned with word meaning, while syntax is concerned with grammar structure
    - ○ C. Both syntax and semantics refer to the same concept
    - ○ D. Neither syntax nor semantics has anything to do with language

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