# Interacting with the Web

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### **Outline**

- Using Node as a web client
- Building a web server
- Real-time integration using Socket.IO

### Making web requests in Node

```
var http = require('http');

Instance of http.ClientRequest (a WritableStream)

var req = http.request(options, function(res) {
    // process callback
});

Instance of http.ClientResponse (a ReadableStream)
```

- "options" can be one of the following:
  - A URL string
  - An object specifying values for host, port, method, path, headers, auth, etc.
- The returned ClientRequest can be written/piped to for POST requests
- The ClientResponse object is provided via either callback (shown above) or as a "response" event on the request object.
- http.get() available as a simplified interface for GET requests



# **Building a Web Server in Node**

```
var http = require('http');

Instance of http.ServerRequest (a ReadableStream)

var server = http.createServer(function(req, res) {
    // process request
    });
    server.listen(port, [host]);

Instance of http.ServerResponse (a WritableStream)
```

- Each request is provided via either callback (shown above) or as a "request" event on the server object
- The ServerRequest can be read from (or piped) for POST uploads
- The ServerResponse can be piped to when returning stream-oriented data in a response
- SSL support is provided by a similar https.createServer()



#### **Real-Time Communication with Socket.IO**



# **Socket.IO Exchange**

Server: Browser:



# To learn more about Web Apps in Node



### **Conclusion**

- Using http.request() as a web client
- Building a web server with http.createServer()
- Using Socket.IO for real-time communication



### References

- Node.js documentation <u>http://nodejs.org/api/</u>
- Socket.IO <u>http://socket.io/</u>