bpfbox: Simple Precise Process Confinement in eBPF

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October 21, 2020

bpfbox at a Glance

- bpfbox is a novel process confinement mechanism for Linux
 - Using a new Linux technology called eBPF

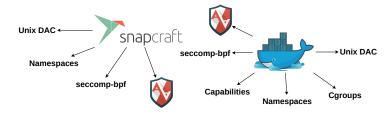
 Users write per-application policy in a simple policy language

- Policy is enforced by attaching eBPF programs to LSM hooks
 - Integrates cross-layer state into policy decisions



Motivation

► Existing process confinement mechanisms are **complex**



Existing process confinement mechanisms are difficult to use



► Can we do any better?

eBPF Changes the Game

eBPF enables:

- ► Fine-grained system introspection
- ▶ Integration of cross-layer state with policy enforcement
- Rapid prototyping
- ► Safe production deployment of new security solutions

We have an opportunity to **rethink process confinement** from the ground up.

eBPF in the Beginning

eBPF \equiv **E**xtended **B**erkley **P**acket **F**ilter...

- ▶ But it has little to do with Berkley, packets, or filtering nowadays
- ► The name BPF is preserved for historical reasons

So then what is eBPF?

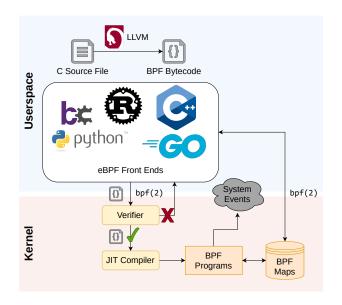
- ► A major re-write of the Linux BPF engine
 - ► Alexei Starovoitov and Daniel Borkmann
- ► Merged into the Linux kernel in 2014
- ► The point was fine-grained, cross-layer system introspection

What Can eBPF Do?



Direct Packet Userspace Hardware LSM Hooks Access **Functions Block Device** TCP / IP **System Calls** 1/0 And much more... Kernelspace Sockets Stack Traces **Functions**

How eBPF Works



eBPF in 2020

eBPF is now more than just an observability tool.

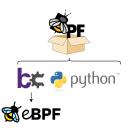
- ► eBPF provides a **safe**, **efficient**, and **flexible** way for privileged users to extend the kernel
- eBPF turns Linux into a programmable kernel

Linux 5.7 → KRSI (Kernel Runtime Security Instrumentation)

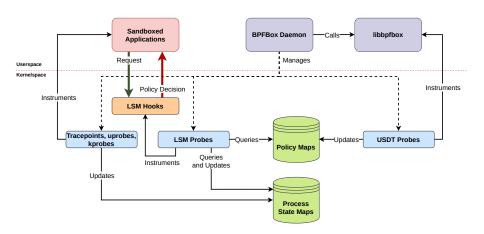
- ► Attach BPF programs to LSM hooks
- ► Make security decisions and generate audit logs with eBPF

bpfbox Implementation

- Userspace daemon using the Python3 bcc module
- Kernelspace components are all eBPF
 - ► Tracepoints, kprobes, uprobes, LSM probes (KRSI)
 - ► Under 2000 source lines of kernelspace code
- bpfbox is light-weight, flexible, and production-safe
 - lacktriangle Works out of the box on any vanilla Linux kernel ≥ 5.8



bpfbox Architecture



Policy Design Goals

1. Simplicity

► Policy should be simple enough for ad hoc confinement

2. Application transparency

▶ Policy should not require changes to the confined application

3. Flexibility

► Policy should offer optional layers of granularity

4. Security

- Policy should follow the principle of least privilege
- ▶ It should be difficult to write an insecure policy

Rules and Directives

Rules specify access to system objects:

- ► fs(file, access)
- ▶ net(socket, access)
- ► signal(prog, sig)
- etc.

Directives augment blocks of rules:

- ► #[directive] syntax
- Specify actions to be taken on a block of rules
- ► Add additional context to a block of rules

Taints and Transitions

- ▶ #[taint] → Start confinement
- ▶ #[transition] → Switch profiles on execve

```
#![profile "/bin/mywebdaemon"]
#[taint] {
    net(inet, any)
    net(inet6, any)
}
/* ... */
#[transition] {
    fs("/bin/myhelper", getattr|read|exec)
}
```

Policy at the Function Call Level

- ▶ #[func "foo"] → Apply rules only within a call to foo()
- ightharpoonup #[kfunc "foo"] ightharpoonup Same thing, but for kernel functions

```
#![profile "/sbin/mylogin"]
#[func "check_password"]
#[allow] {
    fs("/etc/passwd", read)
    fs("/etc/shadow", read)
#[func "add_user"]
#[allow] {
    fs("/etc/passwd", read|append)
    fs("/etc/shadow", read|append)
}
/* ... */
```

Performance Evaluation

Methodology

- ► Phoronix Test Suite OSBench
 - Measures basic OS functionality
 - ► (spawning processes, memory allocations, etc.)
- ► Phoronix Test Suite Apache
 - ► Benchmark Apache httpd packets per second
- ► Kernel compilation benchmarks
 - Measure Linux kernel compilation performance
 - ► Heavy workload, spawning lots of processes

Performance Evaluation

Results

- ▶ Phoronix OSBench
 - Average case: bpfbox is roughly equivalent to AppArmor
 - Worst case: bpfbox performs significantly better than AppArmor
- ► Phoronix Apache
 - bpfbox and AppArmor are roughly equivalent
- ► Kernel compilation
 - ► Average case: bpfbox is **roughly equivalent** to AppArmor
 - ► Worst case: bpfbox performs **better in kernelspace** overhead and **worse in userspace** overhead

Contributions

► First policy enforcement engine written in eBPF

Integration of userspace and kernelspace state with LSM layer enforcement

- ► A simple policy language for ad hoc process confinement
 - ► But with optional complexity for **fine-grained protection**

Acknowledgements

Special thanks to:

- ► Alexei Starovoitov and Daniel Borkmann (creators of eBPF)
- ► K.P. Singh (creator of KRSI)
- ► Fellow **bcc contributors** (an awesome eBPF framework)
- ► Anonymous CCSW'2020 reviewers (valuable feedback)

This work was supported by NSERC through a Discovery Grant.



github.com/willfindlay/bpfbox Check out the project on GitHub!