$$\tau = H(\boldsymbol{\Theta})\ddot{\boldsymbol{\Theta}} + V(\boldsymbol{\Theta}, \dot{\boldsymbol{\Theta}}) + G(\boldsymbol{\Theta})$$

where H is the inertia matrix, V is a matrix of centripetal and coriolis terms, and G is a matrix of body or gravitational torques. For the 2-DOF robot example in class, this matrix equation took the

$$\begin{bmatrix} \boldsymbol{\tau}_1 \\ \boldsymbol{\tau}_2 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} H_{11} & H_{12} \\ H_{21} & H_{22} \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} \ddot{\boldsymbol{\theta}}_1 \\ \ddot{\boldsymbol{\theta}}_2 \end{bmatrix} + \begin{bmatrix} 0 & -2h & -h \\ h & 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} \dot{\boldsymbol{\theta}}_1^2 \\ \dot{\boldsymbol{\theta}}_1 \dot{\boldsymbol{\theta}}_2 \\ \dot{\boldsymbol{\theta}}_2^2 \end{bmatrix} + \begin{bmatrix} G_1 \\ G_2 \end{bmatrix}$$

Use the recursive Newton-Euler algorithm to derive the algebraic solutions for the terms in the

Hint: You can follow the derivations in Ch. 10 of Hollerbach's notes, EXCEPT for the part where he assumes the centers of mass of the links are exactly halfway along each link, and you'll need to include gravitational effects.



f = for - frz + M, g

where :

FBD

g= -y.g

шнере

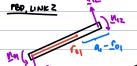
NEWTON - EULER

FULLE

fi = Pi = mi foi

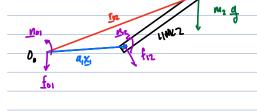
 $\underline{w}_{01} = \theta_1 \underline{z}_0$ 

Figure 10.5: (A) Kinematic diagram of two-link planar manipulator. (B) Free-body diagram



Waz = 1, 20 + tr 20 =





COG. PERIVATIVES

$$\frac{\dot{L}^{0}}{\dot{L}^{0}} = \frac{\partial}{\partial r} \left( L^{0} \left( \dot{X}^{1} \right) \right) = L^{0} \left( \dot{M}^{0} \times \dot{X}^{1} \right)$$

FORCE BALANCE

$$\underline{\Gamma_{02}} = \frac{d}{dt} \left( a_1 \underline{x}_1 + \Gamma_{12} \underline{x}_2 \right)$$

$$f_z = M_z \ddot{V}_{02} = f_{12} + M_z q$$

$$q = -q y,$$

$$(6 + 6)^2 C Y - C$$



= INERTIAL FRAME

8 for

I; = C.O.G.

(Poz=(0+0)

$$\underline{\Omega} = \underline{I}_2 \underline{w}_{02} + \underline{w}_{02} \times \underline{I}_2 \underline{w}_{02}$$

$$\underline{n}_2 = \underline{n}_{12} \cdot (\underline{n}_1 \underline{x}_2) \times \underline{n}_{12}$$

$$x_2 = (0_2 x_1 + So_2 y_1)$$

$$y_0 = (0_1 y_1 + So_1 x_1)$$

$$y_1 = y_1$$

$$y_2 = y_1$$

$$y_3 = y_4$$

$$y_4 = y_4$$

$$y_5 = y_4$$

$$y_6 = y_1$$

$$y_7 = y_8$$

$$y_8 = y_1$$

$$y_8 =$$

$$x_1 \times y_1 = e_1$$

$$x_1 \times y_1 = 0$$

$$y_1 \times y_1 = 0$$

$$y_1 \times y_1 = 0$$

$$y_1 \times y_1 = 0$$

$$= \underbrace{Z_{1} \cdot \left[ I_{2} \left( \ddot{\theta}_{1} + \ddot{\theta}_{2} \right) \frac{1}{20} + \left( \dot{\theta}_{1} + \dot{\theta}_{1} \right) \frac{1}{20} \times I_{2}^{2} \left( \dot{\theta}_{1} + \dot{\theta}_{2} \right) \frac{1}{20} \right]}_{+ Z_{1} \cdot \left[ r_{11} r_{01} m_{2} \dot{\theta}_{1} \right] \cdot \left[ r_{12} r_{01} m_{2} S \dot{\theta}_{1} \dot{\theta}_{2} \right]}_{+ Z_{1} \cdot \left[ r_{12} r_{01} m_{2} \dot{\theta}_{1} \right] \cdot \left[ r_{12} r_{01} m_{2} S \dot{\theta}_{2} \dot{\theta}_{1} \right] \frac{1}{21} + r_{12} r_{01} m_{2} \left[ \dot{\theta}_{1} + \dot{\theta}_{2} \right] \frac{1}{21}$$

$$= \underbrace{Z_{1} \cdot \left[ J_{2} \left( \dot{\theta}_{1} + \dot{\theta}_{2} \right) \frac{1}{20} \times J_{2}^{2} \left( \dot{\theta}_{1} + \dot{\theta}_{2} \right) \frac{1}{20} \right]}_{+ Z_{1} \cdot \left[ \dot{\theta}_{1} + \dot{\theta}_{2} \right]} \frac{1}{21} \cdot \underbrace{J_{1} \cdot \left[ \dot{\theta}_{1} + \dot{\theta}_{2} \right] \frac{1}{20} \times J_{2}^{2} \left( \dot{\theta}_{1} + \dot{\theta}_{2} \right) \frac{1}{21}}_{+ Z_{1} \cdot \left[ \dot{\theta}_{1} + \dot{\theta}_{2} \right]} \frac{1}{21} \cdot \underbrace{J_{1} \cdot \left[ \dot{\theta}_{1} + \dot{\theta}_{2} \right] \frac{1}{20} \times J_{2}^{2} \left( \dot{\theta}_{1} + \dot{\theta}_{2} \right) \frac{1}{21}}_{+ Z_{1} \cdot \left[ \dot{\theta}_{1} + \dot{\theta}_{2} \right]} \frac{1}{21} \cdot \underbrace{J_{1} \cdot \left[ \dot{\theta}_{1} + \dot{\theta}_{2} \right] \frac{1}{20} \times J_{2}^{2} \left( \dot{\theta}_{1} + \dot{\theta}_{2} \right) \frac{1}{21}}_{+ Z_{1} \cdot \left[ \dot{\theta}_{1} + \dot{\theta}_{2} \right]} \frac{1}{21} \cdot \underbrace{J_{1} \cdot \left[ \dot{\theta}_{1} + \dot{\theta}_{2} \right]}_{+ Z_{1} \cdot \left[ \dot{\theta}_{1} + \dot{\theta}_{2} \right] \frac{1}{20}}_{+ Z_{1} \cdot \left[ \dot{\theta}_{1} + \dot{\theta}_{2} \right]} \frac{1}{21} \cdot \underbrace{J_{1} \cdot \left[ \dot{\theta}_{1} + \dot{\theta}_{2} \right]}_{+ Z_{1} \cdot \left[ \dot{\theta}_{1} + \dot{\theta}_{2} \right]}_{+ Z_{1} \cdot \left[ \dot{\theta}_{1} + \dot{\theta}_{2} \right]} \frac{1}{21} \cdot \underbrace{J_{1} \cdot \left[ \dot{\theta}_{1} + \dot{\theta}_{2} \right]}_{+ Z_{1} \cdot \left[ \dot{\theta}_{1} + \dot{\theta}_{2} \right]}_{+ Z_{1} \cdot \left[ \dot{\theta}_{1} + \dot{\theta}_{2} \right]} \frac{1}{21} \cdot \underbrace{J_{1} \cdot \left[ \dot{\theta}_{1} + \dot{\theta}_{2} \right]}_{+ Z_{1} \cdot \left[ \dot{\theta}_{1} + \dot{\theta}_{2}$$

G TERMS

FROM ABOVE ...

```
SINCE WE'L BE MULTIPLYING BY ZO TO GET C_1 = \overline{2} \circ \underline{Mo}_1 , WE CAN
                                       MAKE SOME SIMPLIFICATIONS :
                                                                                                                                       I_{1} = I_{1,1} = \Rightarrow \begin{cases} I_{1} \underline{\dot{w}}_{01} = (\theta_{1}) I_{1,1} = \underline{z}_{0} \\ \underline{a}_{01} \times I_{1} \underline{w}_{01} = 0 \end{cases}
         n = I, wo + wo × I wo
                n = - (01 x1 x fo1+ (41- (01) x1 x (-f12) + 101 - n12
                             " \underline{N}_{01} = \underline{I}_{1} \underline{i}_{001} + \underline{i}_{001} \times \underline{I}_{1}\underline{i}_{001} + \underline{i}_{01} \underline{x}_{1} \times \underline{f}_{01} + \underline{i}_{01} - \underline{f}_{12} + \underline{i}_{12} + \underline{i}_{12} (same pules as \underline{I}_{2})
      : 1 = 30 · 101 = 30 · [I1,33 (A) 30 + 101 x1 > (A) 4 + 101 x1 > (A) 4 - 101 x1 > (A) x1 x f12] + 72
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 101 101 × 102 - 101 × 102 =0 -
         T, = 12 + Iz, 55(\vec{\theta}_1) + 20. | (61 \times 1 \times (m_1 q y - 101 \vec{\theta}_1 \text{ y_1 - (61 \vec{\theta}_2)^2 \rac{\theta}_1 \times 1 + a_1 \times 1 m_2 q y - 101 \vec{\theta}_1 \text{ y_1 - m_1 \vec{\theta}_1 \times 1 \vec{\theta}_2 \text{ \rac{\theta}_2 \text{ \rac{\t
                                                                                                                                                        x2 = 00, x1 + S0241
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     10= 10,4, + 50,x,
                                                 FROM EARLIER:
                                                                                60 x1 x (m,qy ~ r0, 8, 4, - r0, 8, x1)
                                                                                (0, x, x m, 8 (0, 3, + 20, x) = 10, M, 8 (0, 5)
                                                                              ro, XI × ro, B, AI
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     x1 = (02 x2 - S02 42
                                                                             \log \overline{x}_1 \times (-\log \dot{\theta}_1^2) \underline{x}_1 = 0
                                                                                                                     = ( CO, M, Q CO, + CO, O, ) Z,
                                                          a, x, /m2 g/o +m2 (m, co, 0, 4, -m, co, 0, x,+ (0, +62) r,2 42 - (0, +02) r,2 x2)
                                                                           " a, x, x m2 g (16, y, + 50, x, ) = a, m2 (6, 2,
                                                                           1 a, x, x m2 (0, 0, y) = a, ro, m, m2 0, 3,
                                                                            10, X1 × - (m2 ro, 0, x,)
                                                                          $ a, (CO2 x2 - SO2 y2) × m2 r,z (Θ,+Θ=) 42 = a, m, r,z CO2 (Θ,+Θ=) €2
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             22 = 3.

Δ α, ((6, x2 - 56, y2) × μ(-Γι (0, + 6)²) x2 = - α, Γι2 μ(6, +6)² 502 = 22

                                   ~ (a, m, lo, ta, ro,m,m, 0, + a,m, r, co, (0,+0) - a, r, (6,+0) 50) 2,
                       \Upsilon_{1} = \Upsilon_{2} + I_{2,53}(\ddot{\theta_{1}}) + \frac{1}{20} \cdot \left[ \frac{(f_{01} m_{1}q_{2} C\theta_{1} + f_{01}^{2}\ddot{\theta}_{1})}{(f_{01}m_{1}q_{2} C\theta_{1} + f_{01}^{2}\ddot{\theta}_{1})} + \frac{(a_{1} m_{2} C\theta_{1} + a_{1} r_{01} m_{1} m_{2}(\ddot{\theta}_{1}) + a_{1} m_{1} r_{12} C\theta_{2}(\ddot{\theta}_{1} + \ddot{\theta}_{2})}{(a_{1} m_{1} r_{12} C\theta_{2} + a_{1} r_{12} C\theta_{2})} - a_{1} r_{12}(\dot{\theta}_{1} + \dot{\theta}_{2})^{2} S\theta_{2} + a_{1} r_{12}(\ddot{\theta}_{1} + \ddot{\theta}_{2})^{2} 
                                        = Iz, 23(\vartheta_1) + \tau_2 + \vartheta_1^2(\vartheta_1) + \tau_1 \vartheta_1 \vartheta_2 + \vartheta_1 \vartheta_2 \vartheta_1 + \vartheta_1 \vartheta_1 \vartheta_2 + \vartheta_1 \vartheta_1 \vartheta_2 \vartheta_1 + \vartheta_1 \varthe
                                                                                                  Ye = (Fz, 53 + mz r, 2) (0, + 02) + 10, r, 2 mz (02(0, ) + 10, r, 2 mz 50(0, 2) + r, r, 2 mz g (coz co, - 502 50,)
: T' = (I2,53 + rol + a, m, rol mz + rol riz mz (Oz) " + (a, m, riz COz + I2,53 + mz riz ) (O, + Oz) + (-m, a, riz SOz) (O, + Oz) + (rol riz mz (O)) (Oz)
                                                          + (ro, m, q +4, mz) (10) + r,z mz q (102 00, - 50250)
```

$$C_{12} = C(\theta_1 + \theta_2)$$

SUMMING 0, 0, +0, 02 TERMS

ro, rizmz 502 0, 2 - a, rizmz 502 6,2 - Za, rizmz 502 - A, riz Mz 502 62

SUMMING GRAVITATIONAL TORNIS :

$$\mathcal{L}_{1} = \begin{bmatrix} \Gamma_{01} \, m_{1} q + a_{1} m_{2} & \Gamma_{12} \, m_{2} \alpha_{1} \\ 0 & \Gamma_{12} \, m_{2} q \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} C\theta_{1} \\ C(\theta_{1} + \theta_{2}) \end{bmatrix}$$

$$= \begin{bmatrix} (I_{2,53} + r_{0|}^{2} + a_{1}r_{0|}m_{1}m_{2} + r_{01}r_{12}m_{2}(\theta_{2})_{1} \left(a_{1}m_{1}r_{12}(\theta_{2} + I_{2,13} + m_{2}r_{12}^{2}\right) & \left(a_{1}m_{1}r_{12}(\theta_{2} + I_{2,13} + m_{2}r_{12}^{2}\right) \\ (I_{2,53} + m_{2}r_{12}^{2}) & \left(I_{2,53} + m_{2}r_{12}^{2}\right) \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\begin{bmatrix}
0 & -2h & -h \\
h & 0 & 0
\end{bmatrix}
\begin{bmatrix}
\dot{\theta}_1^2 \\
\dot{\theta}_1\dot{\theta}_2 \\
\dot{\theta}_1^2
\end{bmatrix}$$

## FULL DYNAMICS

$$\begin{bmatrix} \gamma_1 \\ \gamma_2 \end{bmatrix} = H \begin{bmatrix} \dot{\theta}_1 \\ \ddot{\theta}_2 \end{bmatrix} + V \begin{bmatrix} \dot{\theta}_1^2 \\ \dot{\theta}_1 \dot{\theta}_2 \\ \dot{\theta}_2^2 \end{bmatrix} + C$$

FIND H V G ABOVE