

### UNIVERSIDAD PRIVADA DE TACNA

# FACULTAD DE INGENIERIA Escuela Profesional de Ingeniería de Sistemas

### TRABAJO ENCARGADO

Curso: Inteligencia de Negocios

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Tacna - Perú

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## PRACTICA DE LABORATORIO N° 02 Creando un Reporte Interactivo en Power BI

#### 1. OBJETIVOS

✓ A. Elaboración de reportes con Power BI con base de datos SQL.

#### 2. REQUERIMIENTOS

#### ✓ Conocimientos

Para el desarrollo de esta práctica se requerirá de los siguientes conocimientos básicos:

- Conocimientos básicos de administración de base de datos Microsoft SQL Server.
- Conocimientos básicos de SQL.

#### ✓ Software

Asimismo se necesita los siguientes aplicativos:

- Microsoft SQL Server 2016 o superior
- Base de datos AdventureWorksLT2016 o superior
- Tener los archivos de recursos del laboratorio.
- Power BI Desktop.
- Tener una cuenta Microsoft registrada en el Portal de Power Bi

#### 3. CONSIDERACIONES INICIALES

✓ Generar una carpeta o directorio Power BI en un lugar accesible para guardar los resultados de la práctica.

#### 4. DESARROLLO

Ejercicio 1: Conectando a Power BI a datos

Tarea 1: Conectar a datos existentes

 Abrir SQL Server Management Studio, y conectar a la instancia de base de datos (local) utilizando autenticación de Windows. 2. En el menú Archivo (**File**), en el submenu Abrir (**Open**), hacer click en **Project/Solution**, y buscar el archivo

#### Project.ssmssln.

- 3. En el Explorador de Soluciones, expandir Consultas (**Queries**), y luego hacer doble click en el archivo **Lab Exercise 1.sql**.
- 4. Abrir Power Bl Desktop.
- 5. En la ventana Power Bl Desktop, hacer click en Obtener Data (Get Data).
- 6. En el cuadro Obtener Datos, click base de datos Microsoft SQL, y entonces click en Conectar
- 7. En la ventana base de datos Server database, En **Servidor**, escribir (**local**).
- 8. En Base de Datos (opcional), tipear AdventureWorksLT.
- 9. Expandir el cuadro **Opciones Avanzadas**. Copiar el script **Task 1** del archivo **Lab Exercise 1.sql**. y pegar la consulta en Power BI, en el cuadro sentencia SQL. Luego presionar OK.
- 10. En la ventana de vista preliminar click en Cargar.
- 11. En Power Bl Desktop, click Obtener Datos y luego click en Mas.
- 12. Repetir los pasos del 6 al 10, utilizando el script Task 2.
- 13. De regreso en el reporte. Guardar el archivo como AdventureWorksLT Sales.pbix.



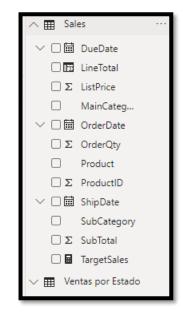
Tarea 2: Graficar Datos

- 1. En el panel Campos (Fields), click derecho sobre Query1, Renombrar, tipear Customers y presionar Enter.
- 2. Para el Query2, hacer lo mismo del paso 1 y colocar el nombre Sales.
- 3. Expandir ambas tablas para ver todas las filas.
- 4. En la barra de navegación, click Datos (Data).
- 5. In the Fields pane, click the Customers table, if it is not already selected.
- 6. Right-click the NameStyle column, and click Delete.

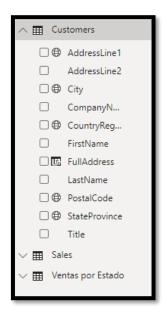
- 7. In the Delete Column dialog box, click Delete.
- 8. Repetir el paso 6 y 7 para la columna SalesPerson.
- 9. Right-click the CustomerID column, and then click Hide in Report View.
- 10. Click the AddressLine1 column header.
- 11. On the Modeling ribbon, in the Properties group, click Data Category: Uncategorized, and then click Address.
- 12. Click the City column header.
- 13. On the Modeling ribbon, in the Properties group, click Data Category: Uncategorized, and then click City.
- 14. Click the StateProvince column header.
- 15. On the Modeling ribbon, in the Properties group, click Data Category: Uncategorized, and then click State or Province.
- 16. Click en el encabezado de columna CountryRegion.
- 17. On the Modeling ribbon, in the Properties group, click Data Category: Uncategorized, and then click Country/Region.
- 18. Click en el encabezado de columna PostalCode.
- 19. On the Modeling ribbon, in the Properties group, click Data Category: Uncategorized, and then click Postal Code.
- 20. On the Modeling ribbon, in the Calculations group, click New Column, and then in the formula bar, type the following expression and press Enter:

FullAddress = Customers[AddressLine1] & ", " & Customers[City] & ", " & Customers[StateProvince] & ", " & Customers[CountryRegion] & ", " & Customers[PostalCode]

- 21. In the Fields pane, click Sales.
- 22. Right-click the RevisionNumber column, and click Delete.
- 23. In the Delete Column dialog box, click Delete.
- 24. Realizar el paso 23 y 34 para la columna SalesOrderNumber.
- 25. Right-click the CustomerID column, and then click Hide in Report View.
- 26. Realizar el paso 26 para las columnas SalesOrderID y SalesOrderDetailID.
- 27. On the Modeling ribbon, in the Calculations group, click New Column, and then in the formula bar, type the following expression and press Enter:



LineTotal = Sales[OrderQty] \* Sales[ListPrice]



- 28. Click the LineTotal column header.
- 29. On the Modeling ribbon, in the Formatting group, click Format: General, point to Currency, and then click \$ English (United States).
- 30. On the Modeling ribbon, in the Calculations group, click New Measure, and then in the formula bar, type the following expression and press Enter.

TargetSales = SUM('Sales'[LineTotal]) \* 1.2

31. Click Save, and then leave Power BI Desktop open for the next task.

Tarea 3: Combinar Data

- 1. In File Explorer, and then open the States.xlsx file.
- 2. In the States worksheet, select all of the values in the two columns, and then press Ctrl+C.
- 3. In Power BI Desktop, on the Home ribbon, click Enter Data.
- 4. In the Create Table dialog box, click in the table, and then press Ctrl+V. Power BI detects that thefirst row is a column header.
- 5. In the **Name** box, type **Sales by State**, and then click **Load**.
- 6. On the **Home** ribbon, click **Get Data**, and then click **Web**.
- 7. In the **From Web** dialog box, in the **URL** box, type

Columna1 🔻	Columna2 🔻	Código de estado
Alabama	0	AL
Alaska	0	AK
Arizona	0	AZ
Arkansas	0	AR
California	444120,48	CA
Colorado	17641,75	CO
Connecticut	0	CT
Delaware	0	DE
District of Columbia	0	DC
Florida	0	FL
Georgia	0	GA
Hawaii	0	HI
Idaho	0	ID
Illinois	0	IL
Indiana	0	IN
Iowa	0	IA
Kansas	0	KS
Kentucky	0	KY
Louisiana	0	LA
Maine	0	ME
Maryland	0	MD
Massachusetts	0	MA
Michigan	0	MI

http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/List of U.S. state abbreviations, and then click OK.

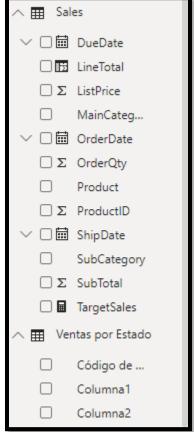
- 8. In the Navigator dialog box, select Codes and abbreviations for U.S. states, territories and other regions, and then click Load.
- 9. In the **Fields** pane, click **Codes and abbreviations for U.S. states, territories and other regions** to display the data. The table has 26 rows at the bottom that are not needed.
- 10. On the Home ribbon, in the External Data group, click Edit Queries, then click Edit Queries.
- 11. In Query Editor, in the **Queries** pane, click **Codes and abbreviations for U.S. states, territories** and other regions.
- 12. On the Home ribbon, click Reduce Rows, click Remove Rows, and then click Remove Bottom

#### Rows.

- 13. In the Remove Bottom Rows dialog box, in the Number of rows box, type 26, and then click OK.
- 14. Click the ANSI2 column header, and then hold down the Ctrl key while selecting all of the columns to the right. This selects multiple rows.
- 15. Still holding down Ctrl, click the **Name and status of region2** and **Header** columns to include this in the selection.
- 16. On the **Home** ribbon, click **Manage Columns**, click **Remove Columns**, and then click **Remove Columns**.
- 17. In the **Query Settings** pane, under **Properties**, in the **Name** box, type **States with Codes**, and then press Enter.
- 18. On the **Home** ribbon, in the **Transform** group, click **Use First Row as Headers**.
- 19. Right-click the **United States of America** column header, click **Rename**, type **State Name**, and then press Enter.

20. Right-click the **US USA 840** column header, click **Rename**, type **State Code Long**, and then press Enter.

- Right-click the US column header, click Rename, type State Code Short, and then press Enter.
- 22. In the Queries pane, click Sales by State.
- 23. On the **Home** ribbon, click **Combine**, and then click **Merge Queries**.
- 24. In the **Merge** dialog box, in the **Sales by State** table, click the **States** column.
- 25. In the list, click **States with Codes**, click the **State Name** column, and then click **OK**. The new column is added to the table and contains the merged **States with Codes** table.
- 26. In the column header, click the Expand icon, clear (Select All Columns), select State Code Short, and then click OK. The column now shows just the state codes.
- 27. Right-click the column, click **Rename**, type **State Code**, and then press Enter.
- 28. On the File menu, click Close & Apply.
- 29. In the **Fields** pane, right-click **States with Codes**, and then click **Hide in Report View**.



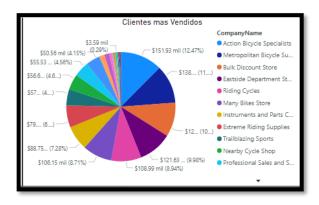
Ejercicio 2: Construyendo Reportes en Power BI

#### Tarea 1: Crear un Gráfico

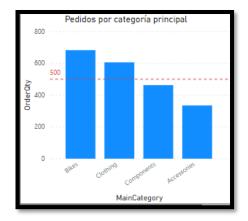
- 1. En Power Bl Desktop, en la barra derecha de navegación, hacer click en Reporte (Report).
- 2. En el panel de Visualizaciones (Visualizations), hacer click en Gauge.
- 3. Arrastar el campo LineTotal de la table Sales a la propiedad Valor (Value) del objeto gauge.
- 4. Arrastrar la medida **TargetSales** de la table **Sales** a la propiedad Valor destino (**Target value**) del objeto gauge.
- 5. Hacer click Format, exppandir Gauge axis, and then in the Max box, type 146000.
- 6. Expandir Titulo (**Title**), en el cuadro Texto de Titulo (**Title Text**), tipear Meta de Ventas (**Target Sales**), y luego hacer click en **Center**.



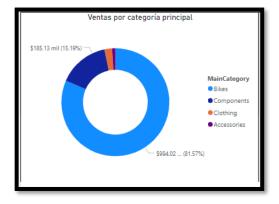
- 7. Click the report canvas, and then drag the **CompanyName** field from the **Customers** table onto the report. Power BI automatically creates a table.
- 8. Arrastar the **LineTotal** field from the **Sales** table onto the report.
- 9. Make sure that the table has focus, and then in the Visualizations pane, click Pie chart.
- 10. Expand the chart to make all of the company names visible by using the resizer handles on the edge of the chart.
- 11. With the focus still on the pie chart, click **Format**, and then expand **Title**.
- 12. In the **Title Text** box, type **Top Selling Customers**, and then click **Center**.



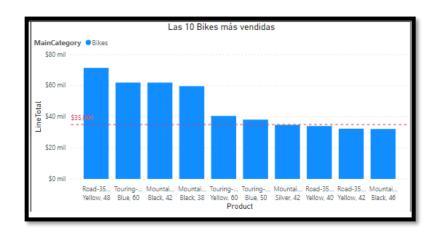
- 13. Arrastar el campo **MainCategory** de la tabla **Sales** table onto the report canvas. Power BI creates a table.
- 14. Arrastar el campo OrderQty dentro de la tabla.
- 15. In the **Visualizations** pane, click **Stacked bar chart**.
- 16. In the Visualizations pane, click Fields.
- 17. Drag the **OrderQty** field onto the **Color saturation** property. Notice that the colors change.
- 18. In the Visualizations pane, click Analytics, expand Constant Line, and then click Add.
- 19. In the Value box, type 500.
- 20. Change Color to red, toggle Data label to On, and then change the color to red.
- 21. In the Visualizations pane, click Format, and expand Title.
- 22. In the Title Text box, type Orders by Main Category, and then click Center.



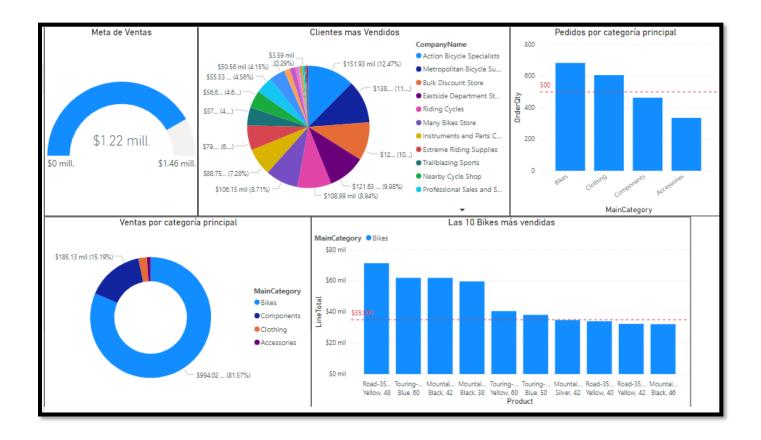
- 23. Click the report canvas to give it focus, and then in the Visualizations pane, click Donut chart.
- 24. In the Sales table, select MainCategory and LineTotal.
- 25. In the **Visualizations** pane, click **Format**, and then expand **Title**.
- 26. In the **Title Text** box, type **Sales by Main Category**, and then click **Center**.



- 27. Drag the **Product** field from the **Sales** table onto the report canvas. Power BI creates a table.
- 28. Drag the **LineTotal** field from the **Sales** table onto the products table chart.
- 29. In the Sales table, select the MainCategory field.
- 30. In the Visualizations pane, click Fields.
- 31. In the Filters pane, expand LineTotal(All).
- 32. In the **Show items when the value** list, select **is greater than**, and then in the box below, type **32000**.
- 33. Hacer click en Aplicar filtro (Apply filter).
- 34. Expand MainCategory(All), and then select Bikes.
- 35. In the Visualizations pane, click Stacked column chart.
- 36. In the Visualizations pane, click Format, and then expand Title.
- 37. In the Title Text box, type Top 10 Selling Bikes, and then click Center.



- 38. In the Visualizations pane, click Analytics, expand Constant Line, and then click Add.
- 39. In the Value box, type 35000, and then set Color to red.
- 40. Toggle Data label to On, and then set Color to red.
- 41. Expand the chart to fill the remaining space on the report canvas. If necessary, move your visuals around to make them fit.
- 42. Click Save.



Tarea 2: Crear una Visualización de Mapa

- 1. At the bottom of the report, click the + icon to add a new page.
- 2. In the **Fields** pane, in the **Customers** table, select the **City** field. Power BI adds a map to the report.
- 3. In the **Fields** pane, in the **Sales** table, select the **LineTotal** field.
- 4. Using the grabber tool on the right side of the chart, resize the map to show all of the bubbles.
- 5. Notice that the bubbles are proportionally sized to represent the data.
- 6. In the Visualizations pane, click Format, and then expand Title.
- 7. In the **Title Text** box, type **World Sales by City**, and then click **Center**.
- 8. Click the report canvas, and then in the **Sales by State** table, select the **State Code** column. Power BI automatically adds a map.
- 9. In the Sales by State table, select the SalesYTD column.
- 10. In the **Visualizations** pane, click **Filled Map**. Using the grabber tool on the right side and at the bottom of the chart, resize the map to show all the states.
- 11. Notice that the sales cluster in one area.



- 12. Position the cursor on **California(CA)** to see the sales figure. The value has not been formatted as currency.
- 13. In the Sales by State table, click the SalesYTD column.
  - 14. On the **Modeling** ribbon, select **Format:General**, click **Currency**, and then select **\$ English** (**United Stated**).
  - 15. Position the cursor on California(CA) on the map, and notice that the value has been formatted.
  - 16. In the **Visualizations** pane, click **Format**, and then expand **Title**.
  - 17. In the **Title Text** box, type **Sales by State**, and then click **Center**.
  - 18. Click **Save**, and then leave the report open for the next exercise.

**Results**: After this exercise, you should have created a report that has chart visuals and is ready to publish to the Power BI service.

