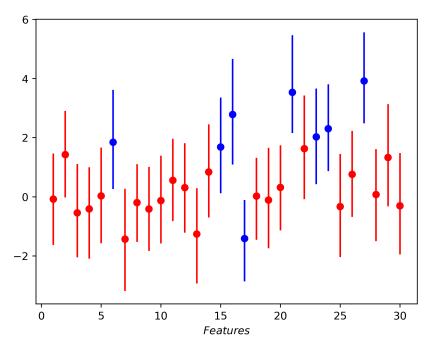
Question 1

a



Screenshot of code here: 0.1.

- i. C is a hyperparameter used for regularization to prevent overfitting of the Logistics Regression model. This is inversely proportional to the penalty constant λ and penalises models that have a lot of features and therefore the effect is that it reduces each feature importance.
- ii. The effect that this has on the Bootstrap graph is that it increases the variance of each feature, therefore making the 90% confidence intervals larger and less reliable. At C=0.1, most of the features have their average at 0 with a very small confidence interval. Because I know how the data was generated and I know that the mean for each feature *should* be 0, I know that this is a reliable estimate. However in the real world when I don't know how the data was generated, a model with C=0.1 would probably be overfit on the data and not perform well on new inputs.

Appendix

0.1 q1a

```
def q1a():
data = import_data(Q1_DATA_DIR)
Xtrain = data.iloc[:, :30].to_numpy()
Ytrain = data.Y.to_numpy()
# Set random seed
np.random.seed(12)
B = 500
C = 1000
p = Xtrain.shape[1]
coef_mat = np.zeros(shape=(B,p))
for b in range(B):
    b_sample = np.random.choice(np.arange(Xtrain.shape[0]), size=Xtrain.shape[0])
    Xtrain_b = Xtrain[b_sample]
    Ytrain_b = Ytrain[b_sample]
    mod = LogisticRegression(penalty="l1", solver="liblinear", C=C).fit(Xtrain_b, Ytrain_b)
    coef_mat[b,:] = mod.coef_
means = np.mean(coef_mat, axis=0)
lower = np.quantile(coef_mat, 0.05, axis=0)
upper = np.quantile(coef_mat, 0.95, axis=0)
colors = ["red" if lower[i] \leftarrow 0 and upper[i] \rightarrow 0 else "blue" for i in range(p)]
\verb|plt.vlines(x=np.arange(1,p+1), ymin=lower, ymax=upper, colors=colors)|\\
plt.scatter(x=np.arange(1,p+1), y=means, color=colors)
plt.xlabel("$Features$")
plt.savefig("./outputs/NPBootstrap.png", dpi=400)
```