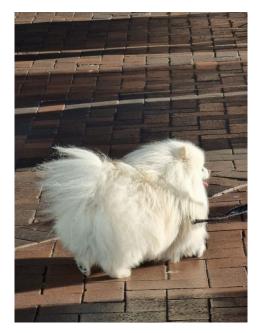
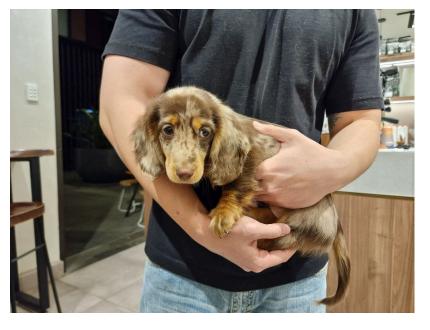
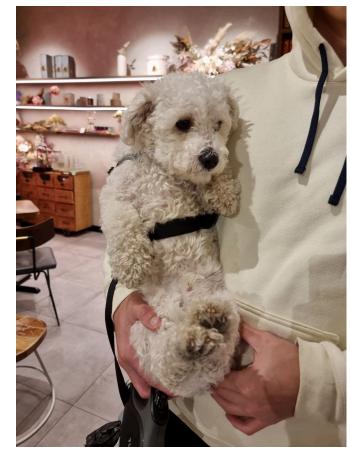
I saw these dogs











COMP1511 Week 5!

T14A: 2pm – 5pm

Tutors: Me + Vivian Zheng



My GitHub:



https://shorturl.at/zMTX5



EdStem Lessons:



https://shorturl.at/krtG9



The Agenda

2D Arrays Recap (10 mins)

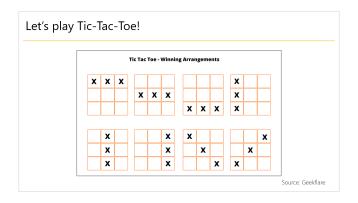
```
2D arrays are almost identical to 1D arrays

// 1D Array
int array_1d[3] = { 1, 2, 3 };
int array_1d_all_zeros[10] = { 0 };

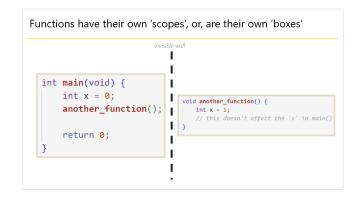
// 2D Array
int array_2d[3][3] = { 1, 2, 3 }, { 4, 5, 6 }, { 7, 8, 9 } };
int array_2d_all_zeros[10][20] = { 0 };

// yes, this is exactly the same
```

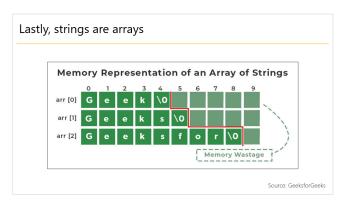
2D Arrays Practice (20 mins)



Arrays + Functions (10 mins)



String Functions (20 mins)

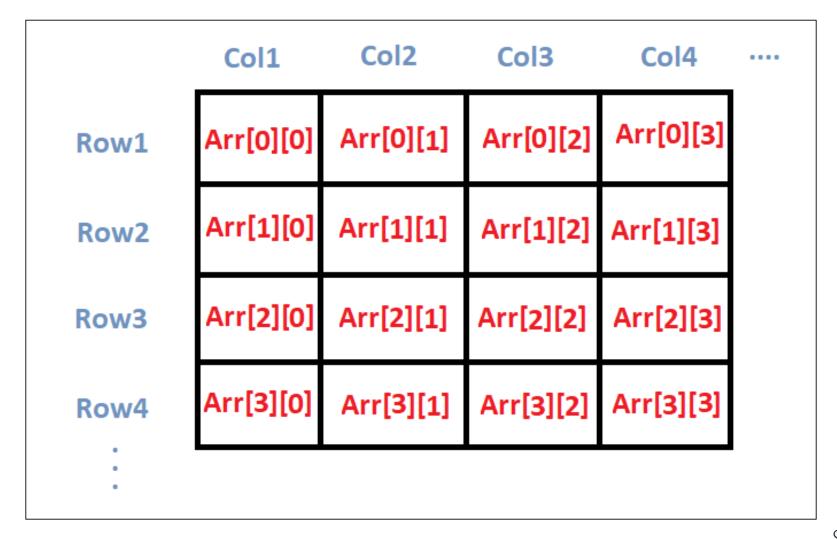


2D arrays are almost identical to 1D arrays

```
// 1D Array
int array_1d[3] = { 1, 2, 3 };
int array_1d_all_zeros[10] = { 0 };

// 2D Array
int array_2d[3][3] = { { 1, 2, 3 }, { 4, 5, 6 }, { 7, 8, 9 } };
int array_2d_all_zeros[10][20] = { 0 }; // yes, this is exactly the same
```

...including array indexing...



Source: DigitalOcean

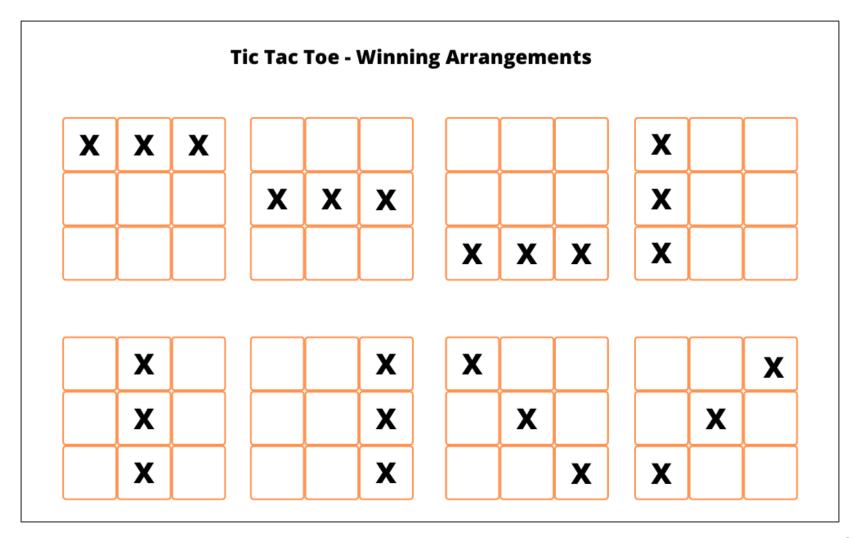
...or reading then printing...

```
// Reading and printing the first element
printf("%d", array_1d[0]);
printf("%d", array_2d[0][0]);
```

...or writing to an index

```
// Writing into the first element
array_1d[0] = 7;
array_2d[0][0] = 7;
```

Let's play Tic-Tac-Toe!



Source: Geekflare

If you're interested, learn the minimax algorithm



Functions have their own 'scopes', or, are their own 'boxes'

```
invisible wall
int main(void) {
     int x = 0;
                                    void another_function() {
     another_function();
                                        int x = 1;
                                       // this doesn't affect the `x` in main()
     return 0;
```

Lastly, strings are arrays

