HW2

Goal

- 1. Draw a sphere: Earth
- 2. The Earth is rotating.
- 3. Add textures on the Earth

*Use GLSL to do this homework, otherwise you'll get zero points.

Spec

Camera:

Position: (0, 0, 3)

Center: (0, 0, 0)

Up vector: (0, 1, 0)

Earth:

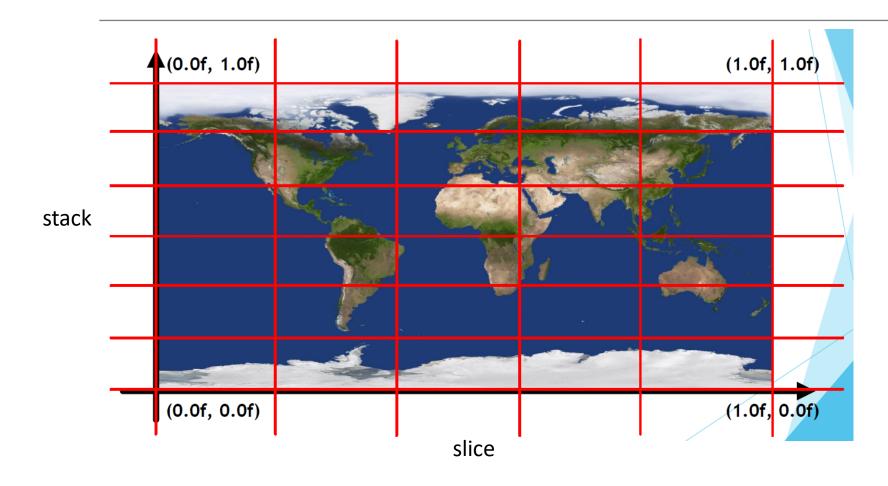
Slice: 360

Stack: 180

Radius: 1

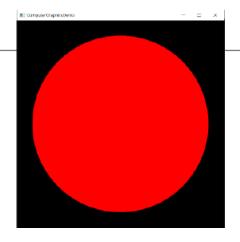
Texture: earth_texture_map.jpg

Texture coordinates



Score

➤ 1. Successfully draw a sphere and show on the window. (65%) Ex:



≥ 2. Add the texture on the sphere and rotate it. (25%) Ex:



≥3. Demo (10%) (We will ask you some questions about this homework)

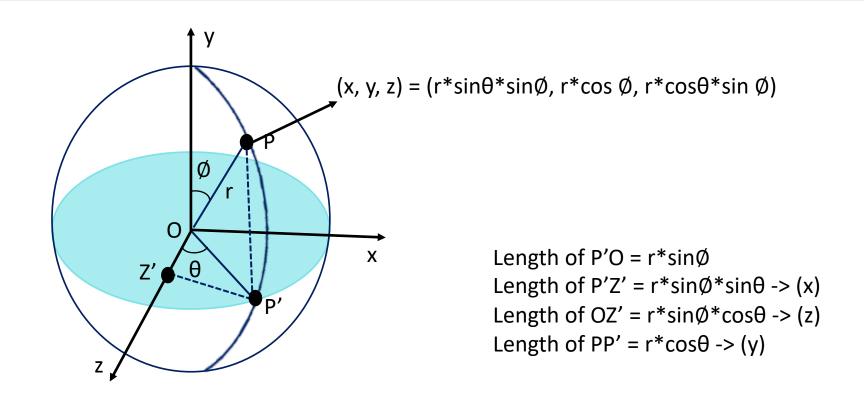
Others

- 1. Use Visual Studio 2017 or 2019 for this homework. (If you use Mac, you should bring your computer to demo.)
- 2. You can do this homework from the "HW2Example" project file and follow the instructions in HW2guideline.pdf.
- 3. Zip your Visual Studio project into "StudentID_HW2.zip", and upload it to New e3.
- 4. The deadline is at 11:55 pm on November 25.
- 5. If you submit your homework late, the score will be discounted.

```
submit between (11/26 ~ 12/2) : Your final score * 0.9 submit between (12/2 ~ 12/9) : Your final score * 0.8 submit after 12/10 : Your final score * 0.7
```

How to draw a sphere

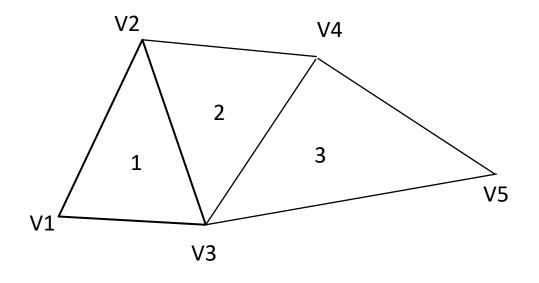
Draw a sphere

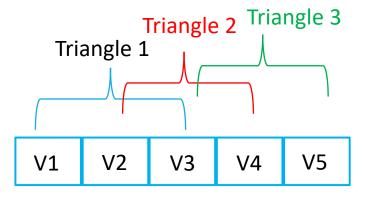


Draw a sphere

Triangle strip – Reuse some vertices to draw the triangles, so we can save the storage space.

According to the picture, we only need 5 vertices to store 3 triangles.





Draw a sphere

We will give you a sample code (sphere.cpp).

If you don't know how to draw a sphere in HW1, you can take the code as reference.

The code is written in fixed function pipeline, you may need to change it to programmable pipeline in homework 2.

```
#include <cmath>
#define PI 3.14159265358
void mySphere(int slice, int stack) {
   double x, y, z;
   double slice_step = 2 * PI / slice, stack_step = PI / stack;
   for (int i = 0; i < slice; i++) {
       glBegin(GL_TRIANGLE_STRIP);
       for (int j = 0; j < stack + 1; j++) {
           x = sin(j * stack_step) * cos(i*slice_step);
           y = cos(j * stack_step);
           z = sin(j * stack step) * sin(i*slice step);
           glNormal3d(x, y, z);
           glVertex3d(x, y, z);
           x = \sin(j * stack_step) * \cos((i + 1)*slice_step);
           y = cos(j * stack step);
           z = \sin(j * stack_step) * \sin((i + 1)*slice_step);
           glNormal3d(x, y, z);
           glVertex3d(x, y, z);
       glEnd();
```