

✔ Congratulations! You passed!

Grade received 100% To pass 80% or higher

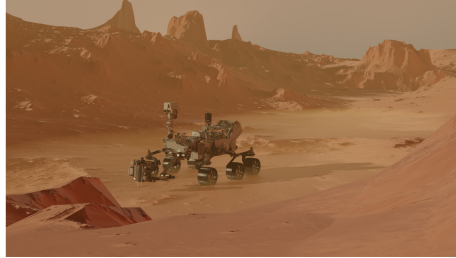
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1. You are an astronaut on a mission to planet Mars. Using two robotic spacecraft, the Perseverance and Curiosity rovers, your mission is to collect rock samples to bring back to Earth to determine if there is life on the red planet. As a trained astronaut, you know that each rover has a weight limit for samples.

1 / 1 point

You split the rocks between the two rovers. You first place 2 basalt samples (volcanic rock) and 3 meteorite rocks to Perseverance that weigh 15 grams in total.

You then put 2 basalt samples and 4 meteorites to Curiosity that weigh 16 grams in total. Your goal is to determine how much each sample weighs (b for basalt, m for meteorite). You know that the collected samples are all the same size and shape, so all basalt samples will have the same weight, just as all meteorite samples will have identical weight.



To help you calculate the weight of each rock sample, your spacecraft user interface requires you to input the system of equations that represents the weights of the samples on each one of the rovers.

Which of the following systems of equations do you input?

- ☒
$$\begin{cases} 2b + 3m = 15 \\ 2b + 4m = 16 \end{cases}$$
- ☐
$$\begin{cases} 5b + 2m = 25 \\ 6b + 7m = 19 \end{cases}$$
- ☐
$$\begin{cases} 3b + 2m = 15 \\ 4b + 2m = 16 \end{cases}$$
- ☐
$$\begin{cases} 2b + 3m = 16 \\ 2b + 4m = 15 \end{cases}$$

✔ Correct

Correct! This system of equations represents the weights of each rock sample noted with variables b for basalt and m for meteorite. The first equation represents the weight of the samples on the Perseverance rover, while the second on the Curiosity rover.

2. Which of the following matrices represents the system of equations?

1 / 1 point

$$\begin{array}{l} 2 \text{ (rock)} + 3 \text{ (meteorite)} = 15 \\ 2 \text{ (rock)} + 4 \text{ (meteorite)} = 16 \end{array}$$

- ☒
$$\begin{bmatrix} 2 & 3 \\ 2 & 4 \end{bmatrix}$$
- ☐
$$\begin{bmatrix} 3 & 15 \\ 4 & 16 \end{bmatrix}$$
- ☐
$$\begin{bmatrix} 2 & 2 \\ 3 & 4 \end{bmatrix}$$
- ☐
$$\begin{bmatrix} 2 & 3 \\ 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

✔ Correct

Correct! This is the correct representation of the system of equations in matrix form.

3. Calculate the determinant of the matrix. Is the matrix singular or non-singular?

1 / 1 point



The image above represents the following matrix:

$$\begin{bmatrix} 2 & 3 \\ 2 & 4 \end{bmatrix}$$

Where the first column represents the rocks and the second column represents the meteorites.

Hint: To find the determinant apply the formula $[ad-bc]$. A matrix of determinant 0 is singular, while a determinant different than 0 represents a complete system, thus a non-singular matrix.

- ☐ 2, Singular
- ☒ 2, Non-singular
- ☐ -2, Singular
- ☐ 0, Singular

✔ Correct

Well done! You have correctly calculated the determinant and identified the singularity of the matrix.

4. Determine if the above matrix has linearly dependent or independent rows.

1 / 1 point

- ☒ Linearly independent
- ☐ Linearly dependent
- ☐ It cannot be determined

✔ Correct

Well done! The matrix has linearly independent rows. You cannot obtain one row by using row operations on the other row.

5. How much does each rock sample weigh?

1 / 1 point

Hint: Solve the system of equations to determine the weight of each rock sample.

- ☐ basalt = 1g, meteorite = 6g
- ☐ basalt = 2g, meteorite = 1g
- ☐ basalt = 1g, meteorite = 2g
- ☒ basalt = 6g, meteorite = 1g

✔ Correct

Correct! The system of equations has a unique solution at point (6, 1) where $b = 6$, and $m = 1$. In other words, the basalt rock sample weighs 6 grams, and the meteorite rock sample weighs 1 gram.