

```
fun append (xs,ys) =  
  if xs=[]  
  then ys  
  else (hd xs)::append(tl xs,ys)  
  
fun map (f,xs) =  
  case xs of  
    [] => []  
  | x::xs' => (f x)::(map(f,xs'))  
  
val a = map (increment, [4,8,12,16])  
val b = map (hd, [[8,6],[7,5],[3,0,9]])
```

Programming Languages

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The REPL and Error Messages

Pragmatics

Last two segments have built up key conceptual foundation

But you also need some pragmatics:

- How do we run programs using the REPL?
- What happens when we make mistakes?

Work on developing resilience to mistakes

use

`use "foo.sml"` is an unusual expression

It enters bindings from the file `foo.sml`

Result is `()` bound to variable `it`

- Ignorable

The REPL

- Read-Eval-Print-Loop is well named
- Can just treat it as a strange/convenient way to run programs
 - But more convenient for quick try-something-out
 - Then move things over to a testing file for easy reuse
- For reasons discussed in next segment, do *not* use **use** without restarting the REPL session
 - (But using it for multiple files at beginning of session is okay)

Errors

Your mistake could be:

- Syntax: What you wrote means nothing or not the construct you intended
- Type-checking: What you wrote does not type-check
- Evaluation: It runs but produces wrong answer, or an exception, or an infinite loop

Keep these straight when debugging even if sometimes one kind of mistake appears to be another

Play around

Best way to learn something: Try lots of things and don't be afraid of errors

- Slow down
- Don't panic
- Read what you wrote very carefully

Maybe watching me make a few mistakes will help...