DS 644: Homework 2

Instructions. Answer the following multiple choice questions by selecting the correct choices.

1. (6 points) Scala Higher-order Functions

All parts of this question refer to the following sum function.

```
def sum(f: Int => Int): (Int, Int) => Int = {
  def sumF(a: Int, b: Int): Int = {
    if (a > b) 0
    else f(a) + sumF(a + 1, b)
  }
  sumF
}
```

- (a) What does sum(2, 3) compute?
 - \square 2 + 3
 - \Box 2 + 2 + 3 + 3
 - \Box 2 * 2 + 3 * 3
 - \square a function that takes two integer arguments and returns their sum
 - \square sum(2, 3) causes a run-time error.
 - \square sum(2, 3) causes a compile-time error.
- (b) What does $sum(x \Rightarrow x)(2, 3)$ compute?
 - \square 2 + 3
 - \Box 2 + 2 + 3 + 3
 - \Box 2 * 2 + 3 * 3
 - □ a function that takes two integer arguments and returns their sum
 - \square sum(x => x)(2, 3) causes a run-time error.
 - \square sum(x => x)(2, 3) causes a compile-time error.
- (c) What does $sum(x \Rightarrow x)$ return?
 - \square 2 + 3
 - \Box 2 + 2 + 3 + 3
 - \Box 2 * 2 + 3 * 3
 - □ a function that takes two integer arguments and returns their sum
 - \square sum(x => x)(2, 3) causes a run-time error.
 - \square sum(x => x)(2, 3) causes a compile-time error.
- (d) What does sum($x \Rightarrow x + x$)(2, 3) compute?
 - \square 2 + 3
 - \Box 2 + 2 + 3 + 3
 - $\Box 2 * 2 + 3 * 3$
 - □ a function that takes two integer arguments and returns their sum
 - \square sum(x => x + x)(2, 3) causes a run-time error.
 - \square sum(x => x + x)(2, 3) causes a compile-time error.

```
(e) What does sum(x \Rightarrow x * x)(2, 3) compute?
              \square 2 + 3
              \Box 2 + 2 + 3 + 3
              \Box 2 * 2 + 3 * 3
              □ a function that takes two integer arguments and returns their sum
              \square sum(x => x * x)(2, 3) causes a run-time error.
              \square sum(x => x * x)(2, 3) causes a compile-time error.
   (f) What does sum(x \Rightarrow x / 1.0)(2, 3) compute?
              \square 2 + 3
              \Box 2 + 2 + 3 + 3
              \Box 2 * 2 + 3 * 3
              □ a function that takes two integer arguments and returns their sum
              \square sum(x => x/1.0)(2, 3) causes a run-time error.
              \square sum(x => x/1.0)(2, 3) causes a compile-time error.
2. Scala Pattern Matching 1
   Consider the general form of pattern matching in Scala,
   e match { case p1 => e1 ... case pn => en }
   Which of the following are true statements?
         □ Scala matches the value of the selector e with the patterns p1, ..., pn in the order
            in which they are written.
         ☐ The match expression is rewritten to the right-hand side of the first case where the
            pattern matches the selector e.
         □ References to pattern variables are replaced by the corresponding parts in the selec-
            tor.
         \square All of the above.
         \square None of the above.
3. Scala Pattern Matching 2
   Consider the following Scala program.
   trait Expr
   case class Number(n: Int) extends Expr
   case class Sum(e1: Expr, e2: Expr) extends Expr
   object Number{
     def apply(n: Int) = new Number(n)
   }
  object Sum{
     def apply(e1: Expr, e2: Expr) = new Sum(e1, e2)
```

```
def eval(e: Expr): Int = e match {
     case Number(n) => n
     case Sum(e1, e2) => eval(e1) + eval(e2)
   What is the result of the following expression?
   eval(Sum(Number(1), Number(2)))
               \square 2 \square 3 \square None of the above.
   \Box 0
         \Box 1
4. Consider the Scala code below.
   val x = List(1,2,3)
   val y = List(0, x, 4)
   (a) What is the type of x?
              □ List[T]
              □ List[Int]
              □ List[Any]
              □ List[Nothing]
              □ List[Object]
   (b) What is the type of y?
              □ List[T]
              □ List[Int]
              □ List[Any]
              □ List[Nothing]
              \square List(0, x, 4) causes a run-time error.
              \square List(0, x, 4) causes a compile-time error.
    (c) What is y.length?
              \Box 0
              \square 3
              \Box 5
              □ y.length causes a run-time error.
              □ y.length causes a compile-time error.
   (d) What is x == List(1, 2, y.length)?
              \square List(1, 2, 3)
              \square List(x, 1, 2, 3)
              □ true
              □ false
              \square None of these.
```

5.	Reducing lists with foldLeft.
	Suppose you want to implement a (polymorphic) reverse function, which reverses the order of a given list, xs: List[T], using Scala's foldLeft function.
	You start with
	<pre>def reverse[T](xs: List[T]): List[T] = (xs foldLeft ???)((ys, y) => ???)</pre>
	 (a) What aspect of the code above tells you that this reverse function will be polymorphic? □ It operates on lists. □ The second ??? will be a function, so it's "higher-order." □ There is a folding or "reduction" operation involved.
	☐ There is a folding or "reduction" operation involved. ☐ It is recursive.
	☐ It takes a type parameter T.
	(b) The first set of three question marks ??? should be replaced with which of the following? □ Nil □ List() □ List[T]() □ List[T](0) □ ys :: y □ y :: ys
	(c) The second set of three question marks ??? should be replaced with which of the following?
	□ Nil
	□ List()
	□ List[T]()
	□ List[T](0)
	□ ys :: y
	□ y :: ys