R

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19 January, 2020

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# **Preface: Motivation**

All the notes I have done here are about R. While I have tried my best, probably there are still some typos and errors. Please feel free to let me know in case you find one. Thank you!

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### Chapter 1

# apply, lapply, sapply

#### 1.1 apply

```
m_trying <- matrix(C<-(1:10),nrow=2, ncol=5)
m_trying

## [,1] [,2] [,3] [,4] [,5]
## [1,] 1 3 5 7 9
## [2,] 2 4 6 8 10

## Operating on the columns
apply(m_trying, 2, sum)

## [1] 3 7 11 15 19

## Operating on the rows
apply(m_trying, 1, sum)

## [1] 25 30</pre>
```

#### 1.2 lapply

"lapply returns a list of the same length as X, each element of which is the result of applying FUN to the corresponding element of X."

lapply operates on lists. Thus, as we can see below, even if m\_trying is not a list, each cell becomes a list.

```
results1<-lapply(m_trying,sum)
str(results1)

## List of 10
## $ : int 1
## $ : int 2
## $ : int 3
## $ : int 4
## $ : int 5
## $ : int 6
## $ : int 7
## $ : int 8
## $ : int 9
## $ : int 10

is.list(results1)</pre>
```

#### 1.3 sapply

"sapply() function takes list, vector or data frame as input and gives output in vector or matrix."

```
results2<-sapply(m_trying, sum)
str(results2)

## int [1:10] 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10

is.list(results2)

## [1] FALSE

is.matrix(results2)

## [1] FALSE

is.data.frame(results2)

## [1] FALSE</pre>
```

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is.vector(results2)

## [1] TRUE

### Chapter 2

### C

```
mydata1<-matrix(runif(4*2),4,2)</pre>
mydata1
             [,1]
                       [,2]
## [1,] 0.6718513 0.2906222
## [2,] 0.6817739 0.2613887
## [3,] 0.8843620 0.2274622
## [4,] 0.1204287 0.5684971
str(mydata1)
## num [1:4, 1:2] 0.672 0.682 0.884 0.12 0.291 ...
mydata2<-c(mydata1)
mydata2
## [1] 0.6718513 0.6817739 0.8843620 0.1204287 0.2906222 0.2613887 0.2274622
## [8] 0.5684971
str(mydata2)
## num [1:8] 0.672 0.682 0.884 0.12 0.291 ...
```