

0	A train is coasting around a large circular track. It is then switched to a smaller circular track. How does its speed change? Assume no friction, and assume the train is a point mass
	It stays the same (90%)    It's unclear (30% stays the same, 70% other)

1	If the energy of the train doesn't change, will its speed stay the same?
	Yes (95%)    Yes (60%)

3	If the translational kinetic energy of the train changed, would its energy have to change?
	Yes (95%)    Yes (70%)

6	Do any of these other types of energy change?
	No (96%)    No (75%)

8	Are there types of energy that a point mass can have apart from translational kinetic energy that change in this scenario?
	No (96%)    No (80%)

9	Can the point mass have types of energy apart from translational kinetic energy and gravitational potential energy that would be relevant in this scenario?
	No (96%)    No (85%)

11	Is this a complete list of types of energy that might be relevant in this scenario: - gravitational potential energy - elastic potential energy - rotational kinetic energy - translational kinetic energy
	Yes (96%)    Yes (90%)

12	Can the point mass have elastic potential energy or rotational kinetic energy?
	No (99%)    No (95%)

13	Does the point mass's height above the Earth's surface change?
	No (~100%)    No (99%)

14	Are there any other significant sources of gravity apart from the earth?
	No (99%)    No (98%)

10	Does the gravitational potential energy of the point mass change in this scenario?
	No (99%)    No (95%)

15	Conditioned on 13=No and 14=No, does the gravitational potential energy of the point mass change?
	No (~100%)    No (99%)

18	Does 'conditioned on 13=No and 14=No' mean we only need to consider the object's height above earth's surface, and that its height doesn't change?
	Yes (~100%)    Yes (99%)

32	Wikipedia quote: 'Close to the Earth's surface, the gravitational field is approximately constant, and the gravitational potential energy of an object reduces to mass*[gravity of earth]*height
	Yes (~100%)    Yes (99%)

33	Does the mass of the point mass change?
	No (~100%)    Yes (99%)

4	If the speed of the train changed, would its translational kinetic energy have to change?
	Yes (99%)    Yes (85%)

21	Is the translational kinetic energy for a point mass equal to 0.5 times the square of the magnitude of its velocity?
	Yes (~100%)    Yes (96%)

22	Is the speed of the train around the track the same thing as the magnitude of its velocity?
	Yes (~100%)    Yes (96%)

23	Do 21 and 22 together imply that translational kinetic energy is a quadratic function of speed, and therefore that it must change if speed changes?
	Yes (99%)    Yes (94%)

26	Do 21 and 22 together imply that translational kinetic energy is a quadratic function of speed?
	Yes (~100%)    Yes (99%)

27	Do we only need to consider positive speeds?
	Yes (99%)    Yes (98%)

28	If y is a quadratic function of x, does y have a different value for every different positive value of x?
	Yes (~100%)    Yes (98%)