

Team Leader: ([William Wang](#)) Team Member: ([Daniel Yang](#))

Database:

Note: Some of the recurrence operators, critical exponents, and asymptotics were either unable to be found or not applicable, thus left empty (ex: 8, where every other number in the sequence is 0)

1. $[1,0,0], [0,1,0], [0,0,1], [2,0,0], [0,2,0], [0,0,2], [1,1,1], [2,2,2]$
-

Sequence:

$[1, 7, 248, 9741, 426719, 19725956, 945573793, 46496604627, 2330130198628]$

Description:

Number of paths from $(0,0,0)$ to (i,i,i) by only using the atomic steps $[1,0,0]$, $[0,1,0]$, $[0,0,1]$, $[2,0,0]$, $[0,2,0]$, $[0,0,2]$, $[1,1,1]$, and $[2,2,2]$

Not in the OEIS

Good Sequence:

$[1, 2, 20, 328, 7480, 203176, 6211182, 206714074, 7336899407, 273892391945]$

Description:

Number of paths from $(0,0,0)$ to (i,i,i) by only using the atomic steps $[1,0,0]$, $[0,1,0]$, $[0,0,1]$, $[2,0,0]$, $[0,2,0]$, $[0,0,2]$, $[1,1,1]$, $[2,2,2]$ such that the first coordinate is always greater than or equal to the second coordinate, and the second coordinate is always greater than or equal to the third coordinate, i.e. $x \geq y \geq z$

Not in the OEIS

2. [1,0,0],[0,1,0],[0,0,1],[1,1,1],[2,2,2]]

Sequence:

[1, 7, 116, 2397, 54845, 1329644, 33464881, 864627351, 22776683200, 609024723535]

Description:

Number of paths from (0,0,0) to (i,i,i) by only using the atomic steps [1,0,0], [0,1,0], [0,0,1], [1,1,1], [2,2,2].

Recurrence Operator:

$$\begin{aligned} & \frac{-(3 * n + 17) * (n + 2)^2}{((3 * n + 11) * (n + 6)^2)} - \frac{(3 * n + 17) * (9 * n^3 + 87 * n^2 + 269 * n + 272) * N}{((3 * n + 14) * (3 * n + 11) * (n + 6)^2)} \\ & - \frac{(3 * n + 16) * (3 * n + 7) * N^2}{((3 * n + 14) * (3 * n + 11) * (n + 6)^2)} \\ & + \frac{(45 * n^4 + 780 * n^3 + 4997 * n^2 + 14044 * n + 14640) * N^3}{((3 * n + 14) * (3 * n + 11) * (n + 6)^2)} \\ & + \frac{(3 * n + 16) * (3 * n + 13) * N^4}{((3 * n + 14) * (3 * n + 11) * (n + 6)^2)} - \frac{(3 * n + 16) * (30 * n^2 + 310 * n + 793) * N^5}{((3 * n + 14) * (n + 6)^2) + N^6} \end{aligned}$$

Growth Constant (Estimated): 29.994446134523878569082844977816299001754214184457

Critical Exponent: -1

Not published in the OEIS previously

Submitted and published in the OEIS: A339390

Good Sequence:

[1, 2, 11, 94, 1102, 15555, 248239, 4324125, 80451430, 1575855961, 32170583918]

Description:

Number of paths from (0,0,0) to (i,i,i) by only using the atomic steps [1,0,0], [0,1,0], [0,0,1], [1,1,1], [2,2,2] such that the first coordinate is always greater than or equal to the second coordinate, and the second coordinate is always greater than or equal to the third coordinate, i.e. $x \geq y \geq z$

Recurrence Operator:

$$\begin{aligned} & \frac{-(n - 3) * (n - 8) * (3 * n + 17)}{((3 * n + 11) * (n + 8) * (n + 7))} - \frac{(3 * n + 17) * (9 * n^3 - 21 * n^2)}{((3 * n + 11) * (n + 8) * (n + 7))} \\ & - \frac{226 * n + 224}{((3 * n + 11) * (n + 8) * (n + 7) * (3 * n + 14))} - \frac{28 * (3 * n + 16) * (3 * n + 7) * N^2}{((3 * n + 11) * (n + 8) * (n + 7) * (3 * n + 14))} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& + \frac{(45 * n^4 + 510 * n^3 + 1271 * n^2 - 2498 * n - 8960) * N^3}{((3 * n + 11) * (n + 8) * (n + 7) * (3 * n + 14))} \\
& + \frac{28 * (3 * n + 16) * (3 * n + 13) * N^4}{((3 * n + 11) * (n + 8) * (n + 7) * (3 * n + 14))} \\
& - \frac{2 * (3 * n + 16) * (15 * n^2 + 155 * n + 392) * N^5}{((n + 8) * (n + 7) * (3 * n + 14))} + N^6
\end{aligned}$$

Growth Constant (estimated): 29.994446134523878569082844977816299001754214184457
Critical Exponent: -4

Not in the OEIS

3. [2,1,0],[1,2,0],[0,2,1],[0,1,2],[1,0,2],[2,0,1]

Sequence:

[1, 0, 6, 12, 90, 360, 2040, 10080, 54810, 290640, 1588356, 8676360, 47977776, 266378112]

Description:

Number of paths from (0,0,0) to (i,i,i) by only using the permutations of the numbers 0,1,2 as atomic steps, i.e. the atomic steps [2,1,0],[1,2,0],[0,2,1],[0,1,2],[1,0,2],[2,0,1].

Recurrence Operator:

$$\frac{-36 * (n + 2) * (n + 1)}{(n + 3)^2} - \frac{24 * (n + 2)^2 * N}{(n + 3)^2} - \frac{(n + 2) * N^2}{(n + 3)} + N^3$$

Growth Constant (Estimated): 6

Critical Exponent: -1

In the OEIS: A002898, but our description of the sequence was not mentioned previously

Submitted and published a new comment for A002898, which was our description

Good Sequence:

[1, 0, 1, 0, 4, 4, 31, 76, 376, 1332, 5994, 24828, 112016, 500044, 2313815, 10787288, 51270984, ...]

Description:

Number of paths from (0,0,0) to (i,i,i) by only using the atomic steps [2,1,0], [1,2,0], [0,2,1], [0,1,2], [1,0,2], [2,0,1] such that the first coordinate is always greater than or equal to the second coordinate, and the second coordinate is always greater than or equal to the third coordinate, i.e. $x \geq y \geq z$

Not in the OEIS

4. [1,2,3],[1,3,2],[2,1,3],[2,3,1],[3,1,2],[3,2,1]

Sequence:

[1, 0, 0, 0, 6, 0, 12, 0, 90, 0, 360, 0, 2040, 0, 10080, 0, 54810, 0, 290640, 0, 1588356]

Description:

Number of paths from (0,0,0) to (i,i,i) by only using permutations of the numbers 1,2,3 as atomic steps, i.e. the atomic steps [1,2,3], [1,3,2], [2,1,3], [2,3,1], [3,1,2], [3,2,1]

Not in the OEIS

Good Sequence:

[1, 0, 0, 0, 1, 0, 0, 0, 4, 0, 4, 0, 31, 0, 76, 0, 376, 0, 1332, 0, 5994]

Description:

Number of paths from (0,0,0) to (i,i,i) by only using the atomic steps [1,2,3], [1,3,2], [2,1,3], [2,3,1], [3,1,2], [3,2,1] such that the first coordinate is always greater than or equal to the second coordinate, and the second coordinate is always greater than or equal to the third coordinate, i.e. $x \geq y \geq z$

Not in the OEIS

5. $[1,0,0], [0,1,0], [0,0,1], [2,0,0], [0,2,0], [0,0,2], [3,0,0], [0,3,0], [0,0,3], [1,1,1], [2,2,2], [3,3,3]$

Sequence:

$[1, 7, 248, 11380, 560089, 29125351, 1569958128, 86788339340, 4888825879881]$

Description:

Number of paths from $(0,0,0)$ to (i,i,i) by only using the atomic steps $[1,0,0], [0,1,0], [0,0,1], [2,0,0], [0,2,0], [0,0,2], [3,0,0], [0,3,0], [0,0,3], [1,1,1], [2,2,2], [3,3,3]$.

Not in the OEIS

Good Sequence:

$[1, 2, 20, 392, 10076, 308794, 10635713, 398441947, 15910609458, 668028916680]$

Description:

Number of paths from $(0,0,0)$ to (i,i,i) by only using the atomic steps $[1,0,0], [0,1,0], [0,0,1], [2,0,0], [0,2,0], [0,0,2], [3,0,0], [0,3,0], [0,0,3], [1,1,1], [2,2,2], [3,3,3]$ such that the first coordinate is always greater than or equal to the second coordinate, and the second coordinate is always greater than or equal to the third coordinate, i.e. $x \geq y \geq z$

Not in the OEIS

6. $[1,1,0],[1,0,1],[0,1,1]$

Sequence:

$[1, 0, 6, 0, 90, 0, 1680, 0, 34650, 0, 756756, 0, 17153136, 0,$
 $399072960, 0, 9465511770, 0, 227873431500, 0, 5550996791340]$

Description:

Number of paths from $(0,0,0)$ to (i,i,i) by only using the atomic steps $[1,1,0],[1,0,1],[0,1,1]$.

Not in the OEIS

Good Sequence:

$[1, 0, 1, 0, 5, 0, 42, 0, 462, 0, 6006, 0, 87516, 0, 1385670, 0, 23371634, 0, 414315330, 0]$

Description:

Number of paths from $(0,0,0)$ to (i,i,i) by only using the atomic steps $[1,1,0],[1,0,1],[0,1,1]$ such that the first coordinate is always greater than or equal to the second coordinate, and the second coordinate is always greater than or equal to the third coordinate, i.e. $x \geq y \geq z$

Not in the OEIS

7. [1,1,0],[1,0,1],[0,1,1],[1,1,1]

Sequence:

[1, 1, 7, 25, 151, 751, 4411, 24697, 146455, 862351, 5195257, 31392967, 191815339]

Description:

Number of paths from (0,0,0) to (i,i,i) by only using the atomic steps [1,1,0],[1,0,1],[0,1,1],[1,1,1].

Recurrence Operator:

$$\frac{-(3 * n + 7) * (n + 1)^2}{((3 * n + 4) * (n + 3)^2)} - \frac{(3 * n + 5) * (24 * n^2 + 88 * n + 75) * N}{((3 * n + 4) * (n + 3)^2)} - \frac{(9 * n^3 + 57 * n^2 + 116 * n + 74) * N^2}{((3 * n + 4) * (n + 3)^2)} + N^3$$

Critical Exponent: -1

In the OEIS: A208425, but our description of the sequence was not mentioned previously

Submitted and published a new comment for A208425, which was our description

Good Sequence:

[1, 1, 2, 5, 16, 56, 218, 897, 3907, 17677, 82864, 399191, 1970684, 9928426, 50931050]

Description:

Number of paths from (0,0,0) to (i,i,i) by only using the atomic steps [1,1,0], [1,0,1], [0,1,1], [1,1,1] such that the first coordinate is always greater than or equal to the second coordinate, and the second coordinate is always greater than or equal to the third coordinate, i.e. $x \geq y \geq z$

Recurrence Operator:

$$\frac{-n * (3 * n + 7) * (n - 1)}{((n + 5) * (3 * n + 4) * (n + 7))} - \frac{4 * (3 * n + 5) * (6 * n^2 + 22 * n + 21) * N}{((n + 5) * (3 * n + 4) * (n + 7))} - \frac{(n + 1) * (9 * n^2 + 75 * n + 140) * N^2}{((n + 5) * (3 * n + 4) * (n + 7))} + N^3$$

Critical Exponent: -4

Not in the OEIS

8. $[1,1,0],[1,0,1],[0,1,1],[2,2,0],[2,0,2],[0,2,2]$

Sequence:

$[1, 0, 6, 0, 222, 0, 8280, 0, 347850, 0, 15381828, 0, 705379416, 0, 33176670912, 0, 1590179139450,$
 $0, 77338582832940, 0, 3805317108650772]$

Description:

Number of paths from $(0,0,0)$ to (i,i,i) by only using the atomic steps $[1,1,0]$, $[1,0,1]$, $[0,1,1]$, $[2,2,0]$, $[2,0,2]$, $[0,2,2]$.

Not in the OEIS

Good Sequence:

$[1, 0, 1, 0, 14, 0, 227, 0, 5095, 0, 133766, 0, 3939013, 0, 125968801, 0, 4290568003,$
 $0, 153574639342, 0, 5721989787415]$

Description:

Number of paths from $(0,0,0)$ to (i,i,i) by only using the atomic steps $[1,1,0]$, $[1,0,1]$, $[0,1,1]$, $[2,2,0]$, $[2,0,2]$, $[0,2,2]$ such that the first coordinate is always greater than or equal to the second coordinate, and the second coordinate is always greater than or equal to the third coordinate, i.e. $x \geq y \geq z$

Not in the OEIS

9. $[3,1,0],[1,3,0],[0,3,1],[0,1,3],[1,0,3],[3,0,1]$

Sequence:

$[1, 0, 0, 0, 12, 0, 0, 0, 900, 0, 0, 0, 124320, 0, 0, 0, 20404692, 0, 0, 0, 3565834272]$

Description:

Number of paths from $(0,0,0)$ to (i,i,i) by moving through the 3D lattice like a long chess knight in 3D (3 steps in one direction, 1 in perpendicular direction), i.e. using the atomic steps $[3,1,0]$, $[1,3,0]$, $[0,3,1]$, $[0,1,3]$, $[1,0,3]$, $[3,0,1]$

Not in the OEIS

Good Sequence:

$[1, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 6, 0, 0, 0, 368, 0, 0, 0, 30305, 0, 0, 0, 2914078]$

Description:

Number of paths from $(0,0,0)$ to (i,i,i) by only using the atomic steps $[3,1,0]$, $[1,3,0]$, $[0,3,1]$, $[0,1,3]$, $[1,0,3]$, $[3,0,1]$ such that the first coordinate is always greater than or equal to the second coordinate, and the second coordinate is always greater than or equal to the third coordinate, i.e. $x \geq y \geq z$

Not in the OEIS

10. $[i,0,0],[0,i,0],[0,0,i]$, $i=1..n$

Sequence:

[1, 6, 222, 9918, 486924, 25267236, 1359631776, 75059524392, 4223303759148]

Description:

Number of paths from $(0,0,0)$ to (i,i,i) by moving through the 3D lattice like a chess rook in 3D, i.e. the atomic steps $[n,0,0]$, $[0,n,0]$, $[0,0,n]$, $n=1..i$

In the OEIS: A144045

Good Sequence:

[1, 1, 14, 290, 7680, 238636, 8285506, 312077474, 12509563082, 526701471002]

Description:

Number of paths from $(0,0,0)$ to (i,i,i) by only using the atomic steps $[n,0,0]$, $[0,n,0]$, $[0,0,n]$, $n=1..i$ such that the first coordinate is always greater than or equal to the second coordinate, and the second coordinate is always greater than or equal to the third coordinate, i.e. $x \geq y \geq z$

In the OEIS: A227580

11. $[i,0,0],[0,i,0],[0,0,i],[i,i,i],i=1..n$

Sequence:

[1, 7, 248, 11380, 577124, 30970588, 1724240804, 98508192580, 5736813639188]

Description:

Number of paths from (0,0,0) to (i,i,i) by moving through the 3D lattice like a chess queen in 3D, i.e. the atomic steps $[n,0,0],[0,n,0],[0,0,n],[n,n,n],n=1..i$

In the OEIS: A229482

Good Sequence:

[1, 2, 20, 392, 10488, 333672, 11915064, 462573560, 19135907480, 832159886696]

Description:

Number of paths from (0,0,0) to (i,i,i) by only using the atomic steps $[n,0,0], [0,n,0], [0,0,n], [n,n,n], n=1..i$ such that the first coordinate is always greater than or equal to the second coordinate, and the second coordinate is always greater than or equal to the third coordinate, i.e. $x \geq y \geq z$

Not in the OEIS

Sequence List Dictionary (lexicographic)

- (4) [1, 0, 0, 0, 6, 0, 12, 0, 90, 0, 360, 0, 2040, 0, 10080, 0, 54810, 0, 290640, 0, 1588356]
- (9) [1, 0, 0, 0, 12, 0, 0, 0, 900, 0, 0, 0, 124320, 0, 0, 0, 20404692, 0, 0, 0, 3565834272]
- (6) [1, 0, 6, 0, 90, 0, 1680, 0, 34650, 0, 756756, 0, 17153136, 0, 399072960, 0, 9465511770, 0, 227873431500, 0, 5550996791340]
- (8) [1, 0, 6, 0, 222, 0, 8280, 0, 347850, 0, 15381828, 0, 705379416, 0, 33176670912, 0, 1590179139450, 0, 77338582832940, 0, 3805317108650772]
- (3) [1, 0, 6, 12, 90, 360, 2040, 10080, 54810, 290640, 1588356, 8676360, 47977776, 266378112]
- (7) [1, 1, 7, 25, 151, 751, 4411, 24697, 146455, 862351, 5195257, 31392967, 191815339]
- (10) [1, 6, 222, 9918, 486924, 25267236, 1359631776, 75059524392, 4223303759148]
- (2) [1, 7, 116, 2397, 54845, 1329644, 33464881, 864627351, 22776683200, 609024723535]
- (1) [1, 7, 248, 9741, 426719, 19725956, 945573793, 46496604627, 2330130198628]
- (5) [1, 7, 248, 11380, 560089, 29125351, 1569958128, 86788339340, 4888825879881]
- (11) [1, 7, 248, 11380, 577124, 30970588, 1724240804, 98508192580, 5736813639188]

Good Sequence List Dictionary (lexicographic)

- (9) [1, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 6, 0, 0, 0, 368, 0, 0, 0, 30305, 0, 0, 0, 2914078]
 - (4) [1, 0, 0, 0, 1, 0, 0, 0, 4, 0, 4, 0, 31, 0, 76, 0, 376, 0, 1332, 0, 5994]
 - (3) [1, 0, 1, 0, 4, 4, 31, 76, 376, 1332, 5994, 24828, 112016, 500044, 2313815, 10787288, 51270984]
 - (6) [1, 0, 1, 0, 5, 0, 42, 0, 462, 0, 6006, 0, 87516, 0, 1385670, 0, 23371634, 0, 414315330, 0]
 - (8) [1, 0, 1, 0, 14, 0, 227, 0, 5095, 0, 133766, 0, 3939013, 0, 125968801, 0, 42905680030, 0, 153574639342, 0, 5721989787415]
 - (7) [1, 1, 2, 5, 16, 56, 218, 897, 3907, 17677, 82864, 399191, 1970684, 9928426, 50931050]
 - (10) [1, 1, 14, 290, 7680, 238636, 8285506, 312077474, 12509563082, 526701471002]
 - (2) [1, 2, 11, 94, 1102, 15555, 248239, 4324125, 80451430, 1575855961, 32170583918]
 - (1) [1, 2, 20, 328, 7480, 203176, 6211182, 206714074, 7336899407, 273892391945]
 - (5) [1, 2, 20, 392, 10076, 308794, 10635713, 398441947, 15910609458, 668028916680]
 - (11) [1, 2, 20, 392, 10488, 333672, 11915064, 462573560, 19135907480, 832159886696]
-

Interesting Patterns:

1. An interesting pattern that can be observed is that the atomic steps in 3 are nested within the atomic steps seen in 4

For example:

Same as atomic steps in 3

- (a) SeqW([0, 1, 2], [0, 2, 1], [1, 0, 2], [1, 2, 0], [2, 0, 1], [2, 1, 0], 20);
[0, 6, 12, 90, 360, 2040, 10080, 54810, 290640, 1588356, 8676360, 47977776, 266378112,
1488801600, 8355739392, 47104393050, 266482019232, 1512589408044, 8610448069080,
49144928795820]

Same as atomic steps in 4

- (b) SeqW([1, 2, 3], [1, 3, 2], [2, 1, 3], [2, 3, 1], [3, 1, 2], [3, 2, 1], 20);
[0, 0, 0, 6, 0, 12, 0, 90, 0, 360, 0, 2040, 0, 10080, 0, 54810, 0, 290640, 0, 1588356]
- (c) SeqW([2, 3, 4], [2, 4, 3], [3, 2, 4], [3, 4, 2], [4, 2, 3], [4, 3, 2], 20);
[0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 6, 0, 0, 12, 0, 0, 90, 0, 0, 360, 0, 0, 2040, 0,]
- (d) SeqW([3, 4, 5], [3, 5, 4], [4, 3, 5], [4, 5, 3], [5, 3, 4], [5, 4, 3], 20);
[0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 6, 0, 0, 0, 12, 0, 0, 0, 90, 0, 0, 0, 360]

2. A Similar pattern can be seen with the same list in Good Walks

For example:

Same as atomic steps in

- (a) SeqGW([0, 1, 2], [0, 2, 1], [1, 0, 2], [1, 2, 0], [2, 0, 1], [2, 1, 0], 20);
[0, 1, 0, 4, 4, 31, 76, 376, 1332, 5994, 24828, 112016, 500044, 2313815, 10787288,
51270984, 246265136, 1198208064, 5887369312, 29212675530]

Same as atomic steps in

- (b) SeqGW([1, 2, 3], [1, 3, 2], [2, 1, 3], [2, 3, 1], [3, 1, 2], [3, 2, 1], 20);
[0, 0, 0, 1, 0, 0, 0, 4, 0, 4, 0, 31, 0, 76, 0, 376, 0, 1332, 0, 5994]
- (c) SeqGW([2, 3, 4], [2, 4, 3], [3, 2, 4], [3, 4, 2], [4, 2, 3], [4, 3, 2], 20);
[0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 1, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 4, 0, 0, 4, 0, 0, 31, 0, 0]
- (d) SeqGW([3, 4, 5], [3, 5, 4], [4, 3, 5], [4, 5, 3], [5, 3, 4], [5, 4, 3], 20);
[0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 1, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 4, 0, 0, 0, 4]

Conjecture: By increasing the values of each atomic step by 1 in every list of atomic steps, a 0 is added before the original integer sequence and between every value of the original integer sequence. i.e. If $x_1, x_2, x_3, x_4, x_5, x_6, \dots$ is some integer sequence corresponding to some list of atomic steps $\{[i], [j], [k]\}$, then the integer sequence corresponding to the list of atomic steps $\{[i+1], [j+1], [k+1]\}$, where $i+1$ is equal to i with 1 added to every value in i is $0, x_1, 0, x_2, 0, x_3, 0, x_4, 0, x_5, 0, x_6, \dots$

Application Does this work for all lists of atomic steps? Let's test:

ListNo. 9

(a) SeqW([0, 1, 3], [0, 3, 1], [1, 0, 3], [1, 3, 0], [3, 0, 1], [3, 1, 0], 20);

[0, 0, 0, 12, 0, 0, 0, 900, 0, 0, 0, 124320, 0, 0, 0, 20404692, 0, 0, 0, 3565834272]

(b) SeqW([1, 2, 4], [1, 4, 2], [2, 1, 4], [2, 4, 1], [4, 1, 2], [4, 2, 1], 20);

[0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 12, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 900, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0]

Conjecture seems to work!