Lecture 12 (2/27) Self-Test

Score for this survey: **1** out of 1 Submitted Mar 2 at 12:27am This attempt took 1 minute.

	Question 1
	Recall that the fragmentation offset is on units of 8 bytes. This means that packet sizes must always be multiples of 8 bytes.
	○ True
ou Answered	False
	False.

	Question 2	
	Which of the following does IPv6 devote more header space to than IPv4?	
ou Answered	✓ Dealing with problems	
ou Answered	✓ Parsing the packet correctly	
	□ Special Handling	

 Delivering the packet 	
Delivering the packet.	
Question 3	
——————————————————————————————————————	

ou Answered

✓ Indicating priority handling

Parsing the packet correctly

Delivering the packet

Dealing with problems

Dealing with problems

and

Parsing packet correctly

Question 4

By the end-to-end principle, all routers should check for header corruption.

True

Which field in the IPv4 header can be exploited to leak information about the network topology? Destination address ToS TTL Protocol identifier

ou Answered

Question 6 Consider the following forwarding entries: 000* -> port 1 001* -> port 2 010* -> port 1 011* -> port 1 100* -> port 3

	101* -> port 1 110* -> port 1 111* -> port 1		
	Is there any destination address that overlaps with more than one of them? (update: note that "them" here refers to the prefixes)		
	○ No		
ou Answered	Yes		
	○ It depends		
	No.		
	Question 7		
	The following routing table is a valid representation of the forwarding entries from the previous question:		
	000* -> port 1		
	001* -> port 2 01* -> port 1		
	100* -> port 3		
	101* -> port 1		
	11* -> port 1		
ou Answered	• True		
	○ False		

True

Question 8

Using LPM, the following routing table is a valid representation of the forwarding entries from the previous question.

*** -> port 1

001* -> port 2

100* -> port 3

ou Answered

True

False

True

Question 9

A router has the following four entries in its routing table:

168.0.0.0/6-> port 1

160.0.0.0/4 -> port 2

192.0.0.0/3 -> port 3

default -> port 4

For the destination address 11000100 00101111 01000010 111010011, indicate to which port the packet would be forwarded.

	O port 1
	O port 2
ou Answered	o port 3
	O port 4
	port 3

	Question 10
	For the same forwarding entries as in the previous question, to which port would a packet with the following destination address be forwarded: 10111000 10111101 00100000 100101111
	O port 1
	oport 2
ou Answered	o port 3
	oport 4
	port 4