

Credit: CSE3110 - Iterative Algorithm 1
Assignment: ReverseList

Describe the errors you've encountered while working on this assignment. What caused the error and how do you overcome the error?

Error: Forgot to update counter variable that kept track of the amount of user inputs.

```
1 package Mastery;
2
3 import Stack2And3_SkillBuilders.Stack3;
4 import java.util.*;
5
6 public class ReverseList {
7
8     public static void main(String[] args)
9     {
10         int number = 0, counter = 0;
11         Stack3 stack = new Stack3();
12         Scanner input = new Scanner(System.in);
13
14         while(number != 999 || counter == 10)
15         {
16             System.out.println("Enter a number: ");
17             counter = input.nextInt();
18             stack.push(number);
19         }
20
21         input.close();
22
23         System.out.println(stack);
24     }
25 }
```

ReverseList [Java Application] C:\Program Files\Eclipse\eclipse\plugins\org.e

Enter a number:
1
Enter a number:
2
Enter a number:
3
Enter a number:
4
Enter a number:
5
Enter a number:
6
Enter a number:
7
Enter a number:
8
Enter a number:
9
Enter a number:
10
Enter a number:
11
Enter a number:

Solution: Updated the counter variable each time the loop ran.

```
while(true)
{
    System.out.println("Enter a
    number = input.nextInt();
    stack.push(number);
    counter++;
    -- -- -- -- --
```

Error: Split stack toString to a string but split by newline instead of a space.

```
12
13     input.close();
14     /*
15     for (String s: words)
16     {
17         counter ++;
18     }
19     */
20     stackNumbers = stack.toString().split("" + '\n');
21
22     for(int i = stack.size(); i > -1; i--)
23     {
24         System.out.println(stackNumbers[i]);
25     }
26
27 }
28 }
```

Problems @ Javadoc Console X Git Staging

minated> ReverseList [Java Application] C:\Program Files\Eclipse\eclipse\plugins\org.eclipse.justj.openjdk.hotspot.jre.full.win32.x86_64_21.0.3.v

ter a number:

ter a number:

ter a number:

9

ception in thread "main" [java.lang.ArrayIndexOutOfBoundsException](#): Index 4 out of bounds for length 1
at Chapter13/Mastery.ReverseList.main([ReverseList.java:29](#))

Solution: Split the toString into a string array, separated elements with " ".

```
22
23     input.close();
24
25     stackNumbers = stack.toString().split("" + " ");
26     /*
27     for (String s: stackNumbers)
28     {
```

Error: Arrays start at index 0 so for the for loop the starting index(the last element) would be the `stack.size()` minus 1. Since I didn't do that and made the termination condition of the for loop just the stack size I ran into an out of bounds error.

```
31      */
32      for(int i = stack.size() /*- 1*/; i > -1; i--)
33      {
34          System.out.println(stackNumbers[i]);
35      }
36
37
38
39  }
40
41  }
42
```

Problems @ Javadoc Console X Git Staging

<terminated> ReverseList [Java Application] C:\Program Files\Eclipse\eclipse\plugins\org.eclipse.justj.openjdk.hotspot.jre.full.win32.x86_64_21.0.3.v2

Enter a number:
1
Enter a number:
2
Enter a number:
3
Enter a number:
999

Exception in thread "main" [java.lang.ArrayIndexOutOfBoundsException](#): Index 4 out of bounds for length 4
at Chapter13/Mastery.ReverseList.main([ReverseList.java:34](#))

Solution(Shown above in the comments) : added minus 1 to the termination condition for the for loop.

Error: Includes 999 as part of the list and stack.

```
22      ,
23      input.close();
24
25      stackNumbers = stack.toString().split(" " + " ");
26      /*
27      for (String s: stackNumbers)
28      {
29          orderedNumbers;
30      }
31      */
32      for(int i = stack.size() - 1; i > -1; i--)
33      {
34          System.out.println(stackNumbers[i]);
35      }
36
37
38
39  }
40
41  }
42
```

Problems @ Javadoc Console X Git Staging

<terminated> ReverseList [Java Application] C:\Program Files\Eclipse\eclipse\plugins\org.eclipse.just

Enter a number:
1
Enter a number:
2
Enter a number:
3
Enter a number:
999
999
3
2
1

Solution: Added an if statement to pop 999 if it was inputted by the user.

```
9      {
10          int number = 0, counter = 0;
11          Stack3 stack = new Stack3();
12          String[] stackNumbers, orderedNumbers;
13          Scanner input = new Scanner(System.in);
14
15          while(number != 999 || counter == 10)
16          {
17              System.out.println("Enter a number: ");
18              number = input.nextInt();
19              stack.push(number);
20              counter++;
21
22              if (number == 999)
23              {
24                  stack.pop();
25              }
26          }
27
28          input.close();
29
30          stackNumbers = stack.toString().split(" " + '
<terminated> ReverseList [Java Application] C:\Program Files\Eclipse\eclipse
Enter a number:
1
Enter a number:
2
Enter a number:
3
Enter a number:
999
3
2
1
```

Error: Counter system and list termination not working.

```
5
6 public class ReverseList {
7
8     public static void main(String[] args)
9     {
10         int number = 0, counter = 0;
11         Stack3 stack = new Stack3();
12         String[] stackNumbers;
13         Scanner input = new Scanner(System.in);
14
15         while(number != 999 || counter >= 10)
16         {
17             System.out.println("Enter a number (999 to quit): ");
18             number = input.nextInt();
19             stack.push(number);
20             counter++;
21
22             if (number == 999)
23             {
24                 stack.pop();
25             }
26         }
27     }
28 }
```

ReverseList [Java Application] C:\Program Files\Eclipse\eclipse\plugins\org.eclipse.justj.openjdk.

Enter a number (999 to quit):
1
Enter a number (999 to quit):
2
Enter a number (999 to quit):
3
Enter a number (999 to quit):
4
Enter a number (999 to quit):
5
Enter a number (999 to quit):
6
Enter a number (999 to quit):
7
Enter a number (999 to quit):
8
Enter a number (999 to quit):
9
Enter a number (999 to quit):
10
Enter a number (999 to quit):
1
Enter a number (999 to quit):
999
Enter a number (999 to quit):
999
Enter a number (999 to quit):
9
Enter a number (999 to quit):
9
Enter a number (999 to quit):

Solution: Added conditionals to break the loop and just made the loop a while true loop.

```
while(true)
{
    System.out.println("Enter a number (999 to quit): ");
    number = input.nextInt();
    stack.push(number); //Push to stack
    counter++; //Update counter variable

    if (number == 999) //Break condition
    {
        stack.pop(); //Pops 999
        break;
    }
    else if(counter >= 10) //Break Condition
    {
        break;
    }
}

input.close(); //Close user input
```