

定向覆盖模糊测试工具的设计与实现

毕业设计中期检查

雷尚远

南京邮电大学计算机学院

2023 年 4 月 17 日



① Background

② 参考文献

① Background

Pre-Knowledge

Motivation

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What Fuzzing is?

Defination[1]

- **Fuzzing** Fuzzing is the execution of the PUT using input(s) sampled from an input space (the “fuzz input space”) that protrudes the expected input space of the PUT.
- PUT: Program Under Test
- **Fuzz testing** Fuzz testing is the use of fuzzing to test if a PUT violates a correctness policy.
- **Fuzzer** A fuzzer is a program that performs fuzz testing on a PUT.
- **Bug Oracle** A bug oracle is a program, perhaps as part of a fuzzer, that determines whether a given execution of the PUT violates a specific correctness policy.
- **Fuzz Configuration** A fuzz configuration of a fuzz algorithm comprises the parameter value(s) that control(s) the fuzz algorithm.
- **Seed** A seed is a (commonly well-structured) input to the PUT, used to generate test cases by modifying it.

What Fuzzing is?

Fuzz Testing

Input: \mathbb{C} , t_{limit}

Output: \mathbb{B} // a finite set of bugs

```
1  $\mathbb{B} \leftarrow \emptyset$ 
2  $\mathbb{C} \leftarrow \text{Preprocess}(\mathbb{C})$ 
3 while  $t_{\text{elapsed}} < t_{\text{limit}} \wedge \text{Continue}(\mathbb{C})$  do
4      $\text{conf} \leftarrow \text{Schedule}(\mathbb{C}, t_{\text{elapsed}}, t_{\text{limit}})$ 
5      $\text{tcs} \leftarrow \text{InputGen}(\text{conf})$ 
6     //  $O_{\text{bug}}$  is embedded in a fuzzer
7      $\mathbb{B}', \text{execinfos} \leftarrow \text{InputEval}(\text{conf}, \text{tcs}, O_{\text{bug}})$ 
8      $\mathbb{C} \leftarrow \text{ConfUpdate}(\mathbb{C}, \text{conf}, \text{execinfos})$ 
9      $\mathbb{B} \leftarrow \mathbb{B} \cup \mathbb{B}'$ 
9 return  $\mathbb{B}$ 
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Fuzzing Algorithm

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```

- \mathbb{C} : a set of fuzz configurations
- t_{limit} : timeout
- \mathbb{B} : a set of discovered bugs

Fuzzing Algorithm

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```

PREPROCESS (\mathbb{C}) $\rightarrow \mathbb{C}$

- **Instrumentation**
 - grey-box and white-box fuzzers
 - **static**/dynamic(INPUTEVAL)
- **Seed Selection**
 - weed out potentially redundant configurations
- **Seed Trimming**
 - reduce the size of seeds
- **Preparing a Driver Application**
 - library Fuzzing, kernel Fuzzing

Fuzzing Algorithm

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Stop Condition

- $t_{\text{elapsed}} < t_{\text{limit}}$
- $\text{CONTINUE}(\mathbb{C}) \rightarrow \{\text{True}, \text{False}\}$
- Determine whether a new fuzz iteration should occur

Fuzzing Algorithm

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```

SCHEDULE ($\mathbb{C}, t_{\text{elapsed}}, t_{\text{limit}}$) \rightarrow conf

- **Function**
 - Pick important information(conf)
- **FCS Problem**
 - *exploration*: Spent time on gathering more accurate information on each configuration to inform future decisions
 - *exploitation*: Spent time on fuzzing the configurations that are currently believed to lead to more favorable outcomes

Fuzzing Algorithm

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```

$\text{INPUTGEN}(\text{conf}) \rightarrow tcs$

- **function**
 - Generate testcases
- **classification**
 - Generation-based(*Model-based*)
 - Mutation-based(*Model-less*)
 - White-box Fuzzers: symbolic execution

Fuzzing Algorithm

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```

INPUTEVAL($\text{conf}, \text{tcs}, O_{\text{bug}}$)
 $\rightarrow \mathbb{B}', \text{execinfos}$

- **Fuzzing PUT**

- tcs
- \mathbb{B}'

- **Feedback Information**

- conf, tcs
- execinfos (tcs, crashes, stack
backtrace hash, edge coverage, etc.)

Fuzzing Algorithm

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```

- $\text{CONFUPDATE}(\mathbb{C}, \text{conf}, \text{execinfos}) \rightarrow \mathbb{C}$
- Update Fuzz Configuration(distinguishability)
- Seed Pool Update
- $\mathbb{B} \cup \mathbb{B}' \rightarrow \mathbb{B}$
- Update Bugs Set

Fuzzing Algorithm

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Classification

The amount of collected information defines the color of a fuzzer[1].

```

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```

- program instrumentation
 - static
 - dynamic
- processor traces
- system call usage
- etc.

Classification

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Program Instrumentation

- Static
 - source code
 - intermediate code
 - binary-level
- Dynamic

Classification

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Program Instrumentation

- Static
- **Dynamic**
 - dynamically-linked libraries
 - execution feedback: branch coverage, new path, etc.
 - race condition bugs: thread scheduling

Classification

Classification of Fuzzing

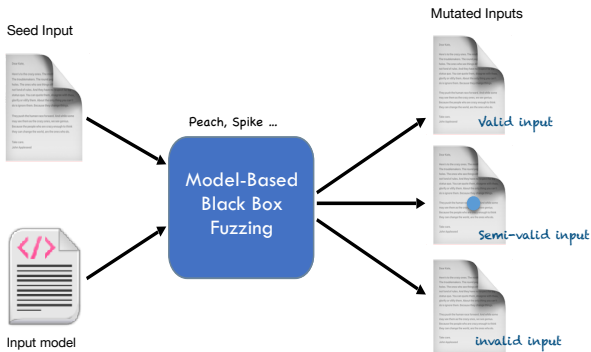
- **Black-box Fuzzing**
 - no program analysis, no feedback
- **White-box Fuzzing**
 - mostly program analysis
- **Grey-box Fuzzing**
 - no program analysis, but feedback

Why Grey-box Fuzzing ?

- Black-box Fuzzing

Definition: techniques that do not see the internals of the PUT, and can observe only the input/output behavior of the PUT, treating it as a black-box[1].

-No **program analysis**, no **feedback**

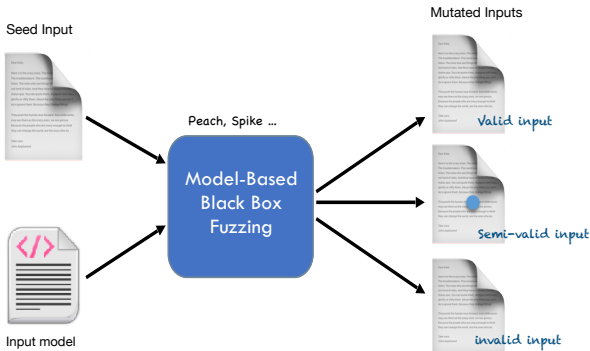


Why Grey-box Fuzzing ?

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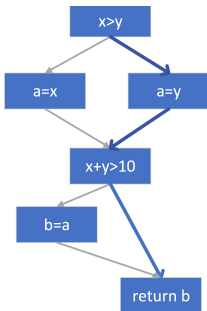
- You have no view of the PUT, but have some view of the input/output domain
- Fuzzing configurations are not changed according to some feedback - some fuzzer may add the testcases to seed pool
- Not effective**

Why Grey-box Fuzzing ?

• White-box Fuzzing

Definition: techniques that generates test cases by analyzing the internals of the PUT and the information gathered when executing the PUT[1].

- Requires heavy-weight **program analysis** and constraint solving.



Cover more paths

$x \leq y \wedge x + y \leq 10$

$x \leq y \wedge \neg x + y \leq 10$

$\neg x \leq y$

Program Analysis

- Symbolic Execution
- Constrains Satisfaction

Seed Input



(optional) crash locations

PUT States
Dynamic
Symbolic
Execution
(optional) taint analysis

Test cases



Why Grey-box Fuzzing ?

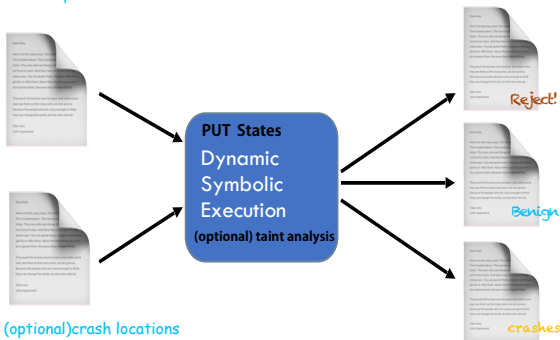
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Test cases

Seed Input



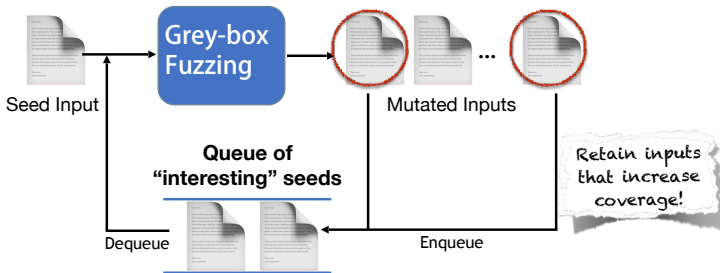
- You have the view of the PUT state(CFG,CG)
- Program analysis (effective but not **efficient**!)

Why Grey-box Fuzzing ?

- Grey-box Fuzzing

Definition: techniques that can obtain *some* information internal to the PUT and/or its executions to generate test cases[1].

- Uses only lightweight instrumentation to glean some program structure
- And coverage **feedback**



Why Grey-box Fuzzing ?

Grey-box Fuzzing is frequently used

- **State-of-the-art** in automated vulnerability detection
- **Extremely efficient** coverage-based input generation
 - All program analysis before/at **instrumentation time**.
 - Start with a seed corpus, choose a seed file, fuzz it.
 - Add to corpus only if new input increases coverage.

Why Directed Grey-box Fuzzing ?

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Why Directed Grey-Box Fuzz?

- 大家都会 \LaTeX ，好多学校都有自己的 Beamer 主题

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- [1] MANÈS V J, HAN H, HAN C, et al. The art, science, and engineering of fuzzing: A survey[J]. IEEE Transactions on Software Engineering, 2019, 47(11): 2312–2331.

Thanks!