

Modular Defi Crypto Portfolio System Design Document

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Introduction

The growing adoption of decentralized finance (DeFi) has created opportunities to automate and optimize portfolio management in the cryptocurrency space. This document presents the design of a modular and extensible system for managing crypto portfolios, leveraging the Numerai meta-model for informed decision-making. The proposed system integrates three core entities: the Oracle, Portfolio Manager, and DEX (Decentralized Exchange), each connected through well-defined interfaces.

The primary objective of this system is to facilitate efficient portfolio rebalancing, enabling users to dynamically adjust their investments based on real-time market data and predictive analytics. By adopting a modular architecture, the system ensures scalability, maintainability, and ease of integration with new

platforms or data sources. This document provides an overview of the system’s architecture, core components, and a Python implementation of the key modules to demonstrate its functionality.

Overview

This document outlines a modular and extensible system for managing a crypto portfolio driven by Numerai’s meta-model data. The design incorporates three core entities:

- **Oracle**
- **Portfolio Manager**
- **DEX (Decentralized Exchange)**

Each entity is connected through well-defined interfaces (see Fig. 1) to ensure modularity, scalability, and maintainability.

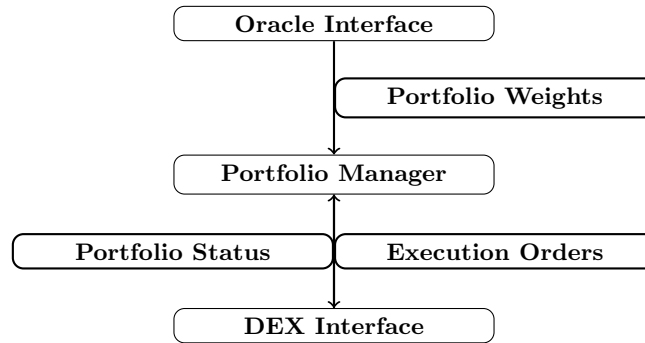


Figure 1: Portfolio Manager as Central Entity Connected to Oracle and DEX Interface.

Components

1. Oracle Interface

Description: The Oracle computes optimal portfolio weights based on real-time data and Numerai’s meta-model.

Responsibilities:

- Fetch portfolio weights for a specific timestamp.
- Validate the correctness and normalization of portfolio weights.

Interface:

- `fetch_portfolio_weights(timestamp: str) -> dict`: Fetch portfolio weights for the specified timestamp.
- `validate_weights(weights: dict) -> bool`: Validate the portfolio weights.

2. Portfolio Manager

Description: The central entity that orchestrates interactions between the Oracle and DEX.

Responsibilities:

- Fetch portfolio weights from the Oracle.
- Rebalance the portfolio using the DEX interface.

Interface:

- `manage_portfolio(timestamp: str) -> None`: Fetch portfolio weights from the Oracle and send them to the DEX for execution.

3. DEX Interface

Description: A module to interact with decentralized exchanges for executing trades.

Responsibilities:

- Provide the tradable assets on the platform.
- Set portfolio weights by executing trades to match the specified allocations.

Interface:

- `get_universe() -> list`: Retrieve the list of tradable assets on the DEX.
- `set_portfolio_weights(weights: dict) -> dict`: Execute trades to rebalance the portfolio according to the provided weights.

Architecture

Connections

- **Oracle → Portfolio Manager**
 - The Oracle provides normalized portfolio weights to the Portfolio Manager.
 - The Portfolio Manager requests updates from the Oracle periodically or based on triggers.

- **Portfolio Manager** → **DEX**

- The Portfolio Manager sends computed weights to the DEX for execution.
- The DEX returns execution metrics and updated portfolio status.

Data Flow

1. The Portfolio Manager pings the Oracle to fetch updated portfolio weights.
2. The Oracle computes weights using external data and validates them.
3. The Portfolio Manager receives the weights and sends them to the DEX.
4. The DEX executes trades to rebalance the portfolio, manages USDC flows, and reports back to the Portfolio Manager.

Benefits of Modular Design

- **Modularity:** Components can be developed and tested independently.
- **Scalability:** Supports the addition of new DEXs or Oracle implementations.
- **Extensibility:** Future-proofed for emerging technologies and platforms.
- **Maintainability:** Clear interfaces reduce the risk of errors when updating components.

Python Code: Portfolio Manager and Interfaces

The following code implements the Portfolio Manager class, along with generic Oracle and DEX interfaces, to demonstrate how the system can be orchestrated:

```
1 from abc import ABC, abstractmethod
2
3 # Generic Oracle Interface
4 class OracleInterface(ABC):
5     @abstractmethod
6     def fetch_portfolio_weights(self, timestamp: str) -> dict:
7         """Fetch portfolio weights for the given timestamp."""
8         pass
9
10    @abstractmethod
11    def validate_weights(self, weights: dict) -> bool:
12        """Validate the portfolio weights."""
13        pass
14
15 # Generic DEX Interface
16 class DEXInterface(ABC):
```

```

17     @abstractmethod
18     def get_universe(self) -> list:
19         """Get the tradable assets from the DEX."""
20         pass
21
22     @abstractmethod
23     def set_portfolio_weights(self, weights: dict) -> dict:
24         """Fetch the current position for the given symbol."""
25         pass
26
27 # Portfolio Manager
28 class PortfolioManager:
29     def __init__(self, oracle: OracleInterface, dex: DEXInterface):
30         """Initialize the Portfolio Manager with an Oracle
31         implementation."""
32         self.oracle = oracle
33         self.dex = dex
34
35     def manage_portfolio(self, timestamp: str):
36         """Fetch weights from the Oracle and print them."""
37         print(f"[PortfolioManager] Requesting portfolio weights for
38         {timestamp}.")
39         tradable_universe = dex.get_universe()
40         # tradable_universe = ['BTC', 'ETH', 'AAVE', 'LDO', 'SUI', 'WLD',
41         #                       'GOAT', 'EIGEN', 'AVAX', 'ENS']
42         weights = self.oracle.fetch_portfolio_weights(
43             timestamp,
44             tradable_universe
45         )
46
47         if not self.oracle.validate_weights(weights):
48             raise ValueError("Invalid portfolio weights received
49             from Oracle.")
50
51         print(f"[PortfolioManager] Portfolio weights: {weights}")
52
53         dex.set_portfolio_weights( weights )
54
55 if
56 if __name__ == "__main__":
57     # Instantiate Oracle and DEX interfaces
58     oracle = NumeraiTBNOracle()
59     dex = HyperLiquidDEX("testnet")
60
61     # Instantiate Portfolio Manager with Oracle
62     portfolio_manager = PortfolioManager(oracle, dex)
63
64     # Perform portfolio management
65     portfolio_manager.manage_portfolio(timestamp=datetime.now(
66         timezone.utc).strftime("%Y-%m-%dT%H:%M:%SZ"))

```

Listing 1: Portfolio Manager with Oracle and DEX Interfaces

Future Work

- Extend the Portfolio Manager for advanced features such as risk management, performance analytics and backtesting.