

Please work independently on this (not with other students in a study session)

1. Assume the following create table statement works correctly. Now circle P (pass), F (fail) for each insert statement below

```
create table painters
(painter_id integer,
rate number(4,2),
tax_id varchar2(10) unique,
constraint p_pk primary key (painter_id)
);
```

P / F insert into painters (rate, painter\_id) values (99.996, 200);

P / F insert into painters values (201, 49.99, '777888');

P / F insert into painters (tax\_id, rate, painter\_id)
values ('777888', 99.991, 203);

P / F insert into painters values (202, 19.49);

P / F insert into painters (tax\_id, rate) values ('888999', 21.75);

P / F insert into painters values (444, 50, '989898');

2. What two key words are mandatory when writing the simplest SQL statement?

a. \_\_\_\_\_

b. \_\_\_\_\_

3. SELECT statement is said to have two capabilities one that governs rows returned and the other which columns.

c. You may use the SELECT statement to choose a subset of the rows in a given table. What word from chapter 4 describes this \_\_\_\_\_?

a. The SELECT statement can choose a subset of the columns to return. What word from chapter 4 describes this \_\_\_\_\_?