

Effortlessly Scale Your Applications with OpenShift Serverless

Willian Rampazzo



What we'll discuss today

- What is OpenShift Serverless?
- Which services are available in OpenShift Serverless?
- OpenShift Serverless demo.



What is OpenShift Serverless?

OpenShift Serverless provides Kubernetes native **building blocks** that enable developers to **create and deploy serverless**, **event-driven applications** on OpenShift Container Platform.

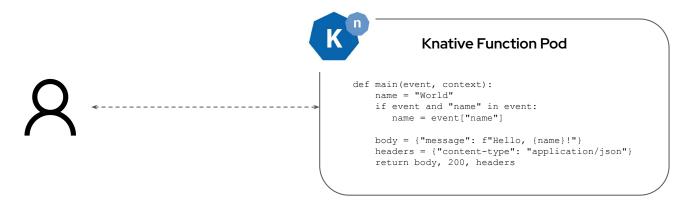
Serverless applications can scale up and down (to zero) on demand and be triggered by a number of event sources.

OpenShift Serverless is based on the open source <u>Knative project</u>, which provides portability and consistency for hybrid and multi-cloud environments by enabling an enterprise-grade serverless platform.



Which services are available in OpenShift Serverless?

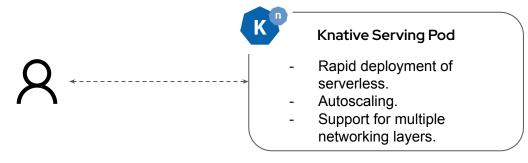
Functions: enables you to create functions that are deployed as Knative Services, leveraging the capabilities of Knative Serving and Eventing.





Which services are available in OpenShift Serverless?

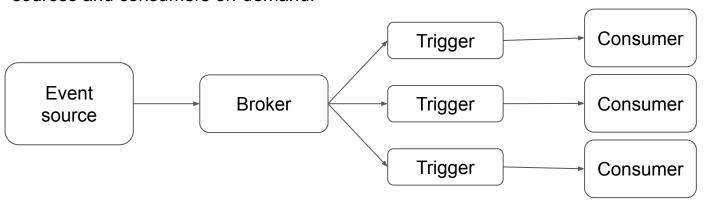
Serving: enables the deployment and serving of applications and functions through serverless containers. It streamlines application deployment, automatically scales in response to incoming traffic, and provides custom rollout strategies that involve traffic splitting.





Which services are available in OpenShift Serverless?

Eventing: is a platform that offers flexible components for connecting event sources and consumers on-demand.



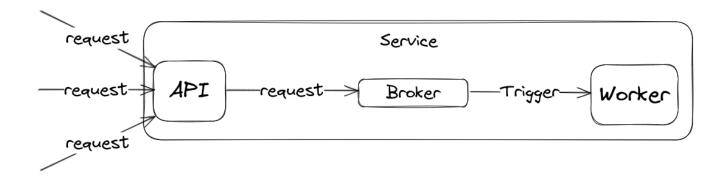


OpenShift Serverless demo: The infrastructure.

- Red Hat OpenShift Local (formerly Red Hat CodeReady Containers)
- Red Hat OpenShift Serverless



OpenShift Serverless demo: The application.





OpenShift Serverless demo: The application.

The **API** receives the work request and forwards it to the broker.

```
1 def request_work(work_request: dict):
       """Creates a new work request for a given url."""
       config = load_config()
      # get the broker url from the config
      url = config.get("broker", "url")
       # create the CloudEvent request headers
      headers = {
 8
           "ce-specversion": "1.0",
           "ce-id": str(uuid.uuid4()),
           "ce-source": "api/request work",
11
           "ce-type": "com.api.request_work",
12
13
           "ce-time": datetime.now(timezone.utc).isoformat(),
14
      }
15
16
      # create the request data
17
       data = json.dumps(work_request).encode()
18
19
       # send the request to the worker
20
       r = requests.post(url, headers=headers, data=data, timeout=5)
21
      # return a status code
23
       return Response(status_code=status.HTTP_202_ACCEPTED)
```



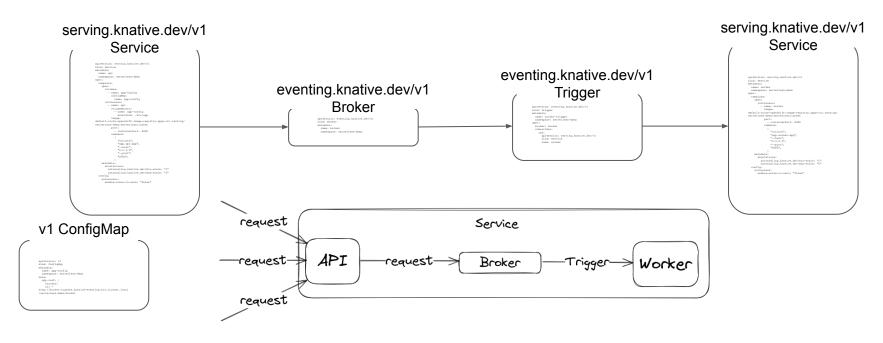
OpenShift Serverless demo: The application.

The **Worker** receives the work request from the broker, schedules it, and executes it.

```
1 def do the work(work info: dict):
       """Execute the work request."""
       logger.info("Executing work: %s", work_info["work"])
      # simulate the work execution
      time.sleep(work_info["duration"])
 9
      logger.info("Work completed: %s", work_info["work"])
10
11
12 @app.post("/")
13 def schedule the work(work info: dict, background tasks: BackgroundTasks):
       """Schedule a new work request.""
14
15
16
      # execute the work in background
      background_tasks.add_task(do_the_work, work_info)
17
18
19
      # OpenShift Serverless needs an explicit return
       return Response(status code=status.HTTP 202 ACCEPTED
20
```

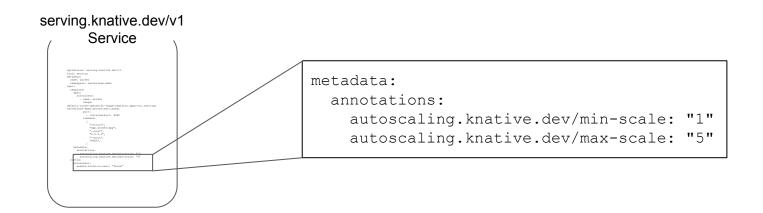


OpenShift Serverless demo: The deployment.



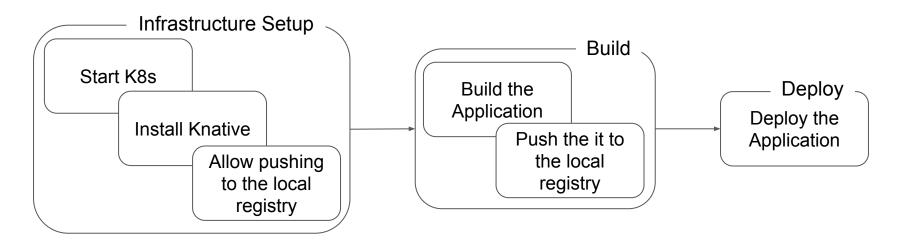


OpenShift Serverless demo: The deployment.





OpenShift Serverless demo: Steps.





OpenShift Serverless demo: Build and Push.

Build and push video.



OpenShift Serverless demo: Deploy.

Deploy video.



OpenShift Serverless demo: Test.

Test the application video.



OpenShift Serverless demo: Flood.

Flood the application video.



Effortlessly Scale Your Applications with OpenShift Serverless

Thank you!

Demo source: https://github.com/willianrampazzo/serverless-demo

