# Assignment 1

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# **Experiment Setting**

## I. Hardware Specification

• CPU: Intel(R) Core(TM) i5-8500 CPU 3.00GHz 3.00 GHz

• GPU: NVIDIA GeForce GTX 1060 6GB

### II. Package Version

• python 3.8.8

• torch 1.7.0+cu101

• torchvision 0.8.1+cu101

• numpy 1.23.5

• tqdm 4.64.1

• matplotlib 3.6.2

## III. Testing Images

Testing images as the one shown in Figure 1 drawn by matplotlib.



Figure 1: testing images.

# IV. All the experiment parameters and details in q2

In this paragraph, I will describe the details of this implementation, as follows.

### 1. How to convert testing data to images?

First, reading data from *json* file and the data format is list. I converted the data format from *list* to *numpy*. The reason for doing this is to facilitate subsequent feeding of the model. Second, I used the *matplotlib* package to convert the information in *numpy arrays* into images. It is worth noting here that I used the *subplot* function in the *matplotlib* package and removed the display of the x-axis and y-axis.

### 2. What are my hyperparameters for model training?

(a) batch\_size : 64 (b) epoch : 30 (c) loss function : CrossEntropyLoss (d) optimizer : Adam(learning rate : 0.0003, weight\_decay : 1e-5)

### 3. What have I tried and used for model training?

- (a) Data augmentation. (b) Use function  $clip\_grad\_norm$  to avoid gradient explosion. (C) Use torch.save to save the best model weights from training and use it to evaluate the testing images.
- (d) Use the *tqdm* package to view the status of training.

#### 4. Some processing needs to be done on the testing data.

(a) Because the value of the training data is between 0-1, it is necessary to normalize the value of the testing data to 0-1.

### 5. How to concatenate prediction results?

First, store the predicted results of each test image into a *list*, and then use the function *concatenate* in the *numpy* package to flatten the *numpy arrays* stored in the *list*.