



#### **BASICS**

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# Agenda

- 1) Introduction
- 2) OMNeT++ Handbook
- 3) RINASim overview
- 4) Interactive Demo
- 5) Conclusion



# 1) Introduction

How to install?
Where to get it?
Documentation and useful links.

### Requirements

- OMNeT++ discrete event simulator
  - Windows, Linux, FreeBSD environment
  - Free for non-commercial purposes
  - Supported on version 5.0
    - The last release compatible with OMNeT++ 4.6 is <a href="https://github.com/kvetak/RINA/releases/tag/August2016-v4">https://github.com/kvetak/RINA/releases/tag/August2016-v4</a>
  - No other libraries or frameworks needed
    - Potential cooperation with INET framework



#### VM Install

- Out-of-the box virtual machine
  - OMNeT++ 5.0 with the newest RINASim
  - Generic OVA appliance
    - MintLinux
  - Created on VMWare Workstation
    - ...should work also on VirtualBox and Qemu

 Download from <u>http://nes.fit.vutbr.cz/ivesely/vm/RINASim.zip</u>

#### Windows Installation

OMNeT++

- Uses MINGW32\_NT-10.0-WOW
- Older versions

Category: OMNeT++ Releases

Cookbook

OMNeT++ 5.0 (Windows)

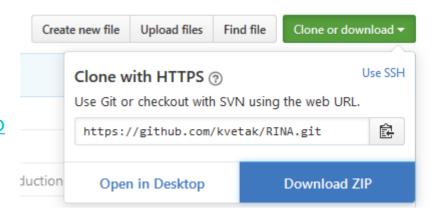
Release 5.0 is a result of developmen

new features compared to the last 4 x

1) Download OMNeT++

https://omnetpp.org/omnetpp/send/30-omnet-releases/2307-omnetpp-50-windows

- 2) ./configure && make http://omnetpp.org/doc/omnetpp/InstallGuide.pdf
- 3) Download RINASim <a href="https://github.com/kvetak/RINA/archive/master.zip">https://github.com/kvetak/RINA/archive/master.zip</a>
- 4) Import RINASim project



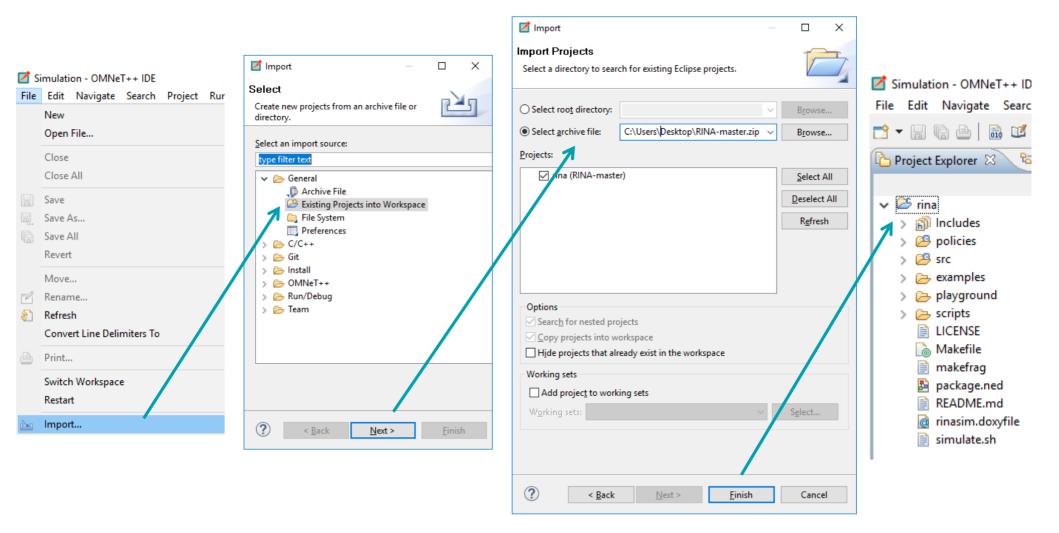
#### **Installation Linux**

- gcc 4.9.2 with C++11 support
- Cookbook
  - 1) Requirements

build-essential gcc g++ bison flex perl tcl-dev tk-dev libxml2-dev zlib1g-dev default-jre doxygen graphviz libwebkitgtk-1.0-0

- 2) Download OMNeT++
  <a href="https://omnetpp.org/omnetpp/send/30-omnet-releases/2305-omnetpp-50-linux">https://omnetpp.org/omnetpp/send/30-omnet-releases/2305-omnetpp-50-linux</a>
- 3) ./configure && make http://omnetpp.org/doc/omnetpp/InstallGuide.pdf
- 4) Download RINASim <a href="https://github.com/kvetak/RINA/archive/master.zip">https://github.com/kvetak/RINA/archive/master.zip</a>
- 5) Import RINASim project

# Importing RINASim Project



# **Navigation**

/src

... RINASim core source codes

/Common

... common or shared ADTs

/CS

... high-level nodes

/DAF

... DAF components

/DIF

... DIF components

/policies

... programmable set of policies

/examples

... accompanied scenarios

/playground

... unmainted/experimental scenarios

/out

... compiled project binaries

/doc

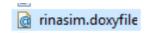
... Doxygen source code documentation

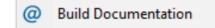
/scripts

... devel batches for SLOC and fingerprinting

#### **Documentation**

- Doxygen
  - http://nes.fit.vutbr.cz/ivesely/doxy
  - Important ADTs, ongoing work
  - Build it in folder /doc







- http://ict-pristine.eu/?p=472
- http://ict-pristine.eu/?p=772



- Nasty details about RINASim are in my dissertation
  - VESELÝ, Vladimír. A NEW DAWN OF NAMING, ADDRESSING AND ROUTING ON THE INTERNET. Brno, 2016. Available from: <a href="http://www.fit.vutbr.cz/study/DP/PD.php?id=515">http://www.fit.vutbr.cz/study/DP/PD.php?id=515</a>. PhD. Thesis. Brno University of Technology, Faculty of Information Technology. 2016-04-12. Supervisor Švéda Miroslav.

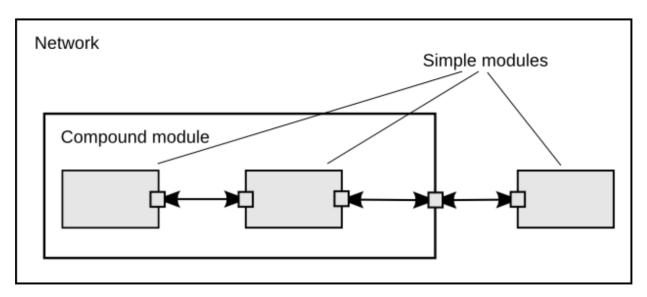


# 2) OMNeT++ Handbook

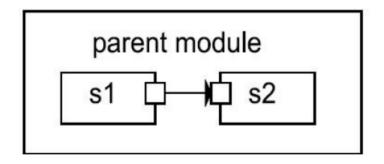
The fast and the furios introductory course for OMNeT++ discrete event simulator

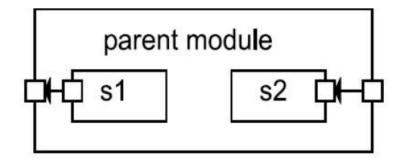
#### **Simulation Module**

Modules



Gates (input, output, inout), messages





## Languages

- NED
  - to define models and interconnections
  - \*.ned
- C++
  - to implement model behavior
  - \*.h and \*.cc
- Message definition
  - to deploy easily C++ message classes
  - \*.msg

# Module's Hierarchy

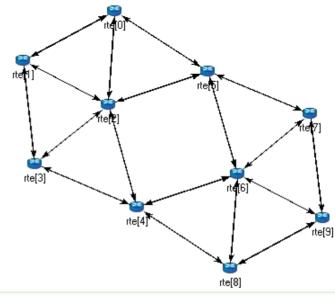
#### Simple

```
simple TestModul
{
   parameters:
      @display("i=block/queue");
   gates:
      input in;
      output out;
}
```

#### Compound

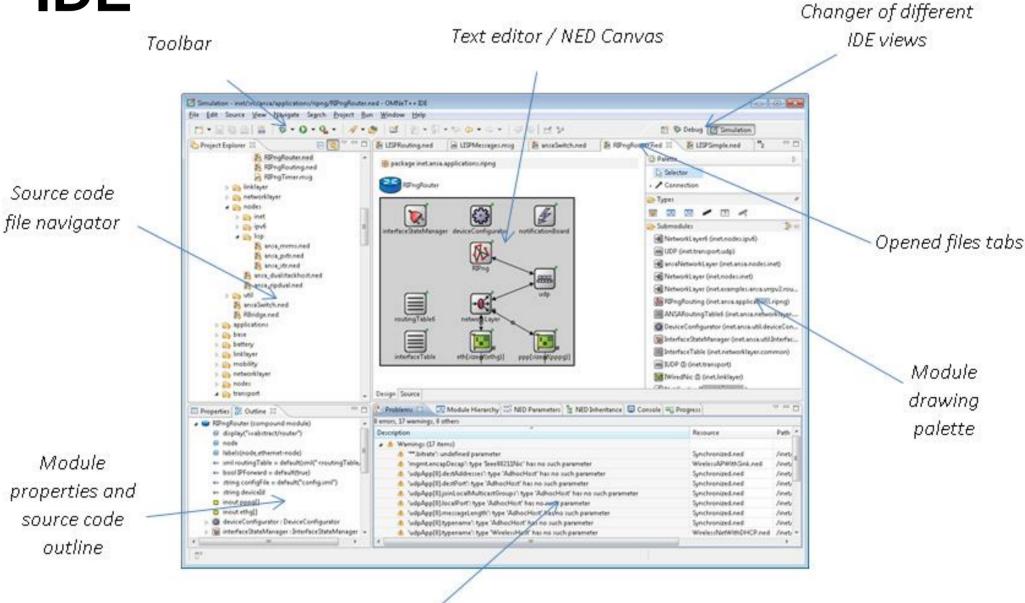
```
module Router
{
    parameter:
        @display("i=block/router");
    gates:
        inout SerialInterface[];
        inout EthInterface[];
        submodules:
        tcp: TCP;
        ip: IP;
        layer1: physicalLayer;
    connections:
        tcp.ipIn <-- ip.tcpOut;
        tcp.ipOut --> ip.tcpIn;
        layer1.ipIn <-- ip.llIn;
        layer1.ipOut --> ip.llOut;
}
```

#### Network



```
//
// A network
//
network Network
{
    submodules:
        node1: Node;
        node2: Node;
        node3: Node;
        ...
    connections:
        node1.port++ <--> {datarate=100Mbps;} <--> node2.port++;
        node2.port++ <--> {datarate=100Mbps;} <--> node4.port++;
        node4.port++ <--> {datarate=100Mbps;} <--> node6.port++;
        ...
}
```

#### **IDE**



Console output / Compile logger

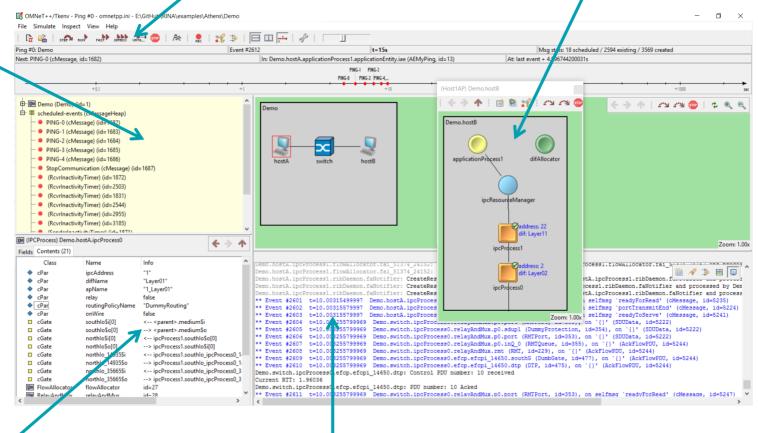
@ictpristine

#### **Simulation**

Control buttons

Detached graphical component detail

Scheduled messages



Component parameters

Console log

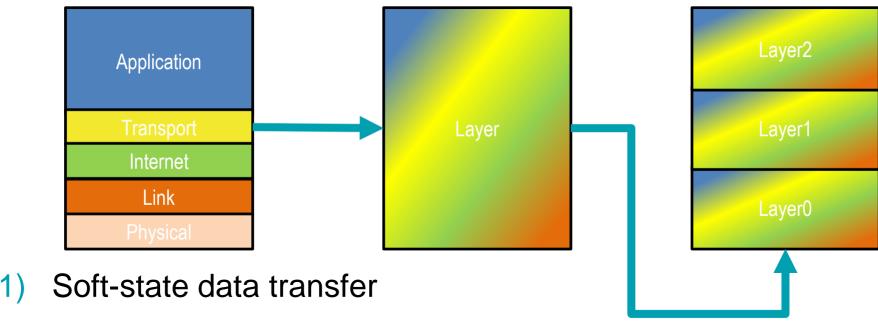


# 3) RINASim Overview

How are things stitched together? Components and their purpose

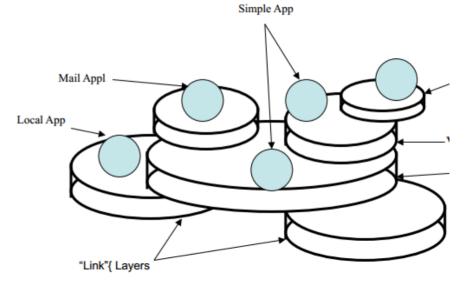
#### TCP/IP vs RINA

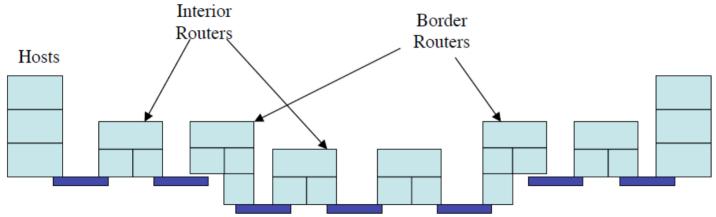
 One generic layer for interprocess communication called **DIF** that limits scope

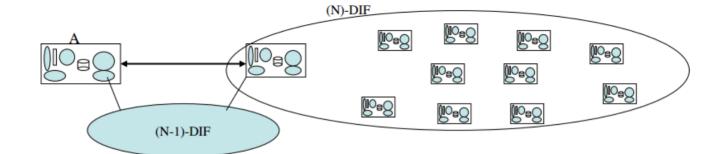


- Complete addressing and naming
- Single generic application protocol
- 4) Split between fixed mechanism and programmable policy

#### **RINA Network**







# Design

- Split between mechanism and policy
  - Modules as interfaces

```
queueMonitorPolicy: <qMonitorPolicyName> like IntRMTOMonitorPolicy {
      @display("p=295,55;is=s");
  maxOueuePolicy: <maxOPolicyName> like IntRMTMaxOPolicy {
      @display("p=415,55;is=s");
    queueMonitorPolicy
                              maxQueuePolicy
#Congestion parameters
**.interiorRouter.relayIpc.relayAndMux.de faultMaxQLength = 5
**.interiorRouter.relayIpc.relayAndMux.de aultThreshQLength = 3
**.interiorRouter.relayIpc.relayAndMux.maxQPolicyName = "REDDropper"
**.interiorRouter.relayIpc.relayAndMux.qMonitorPolicyName = "REDMonitor"
```

# **Configuring Parameters ①**

How to setup your simulation?

- Statically preconfigured
  - NED parameters in omnetpp.ini
  - More complex configuration (lists) in config.xml

- On-the-fly
  - not supported everywhere

# **Configuring Parameters ②**

omnetpp.ini

```
#Static addressing
**.hostA.ipcProcess0.ipcAddress = "1"

**.hostA.ipcProcess0.difName = "Layer0"

**.hostB.ipcProcess0.ipcAddress = "2"

**.hostB.ipcProcess0.difName = "Layer0"

#QoS settings

**.ra.qoscubesData = xmldoc("config.xml", "Configuration/QoSCubesSet")
```

```
<Configuration>
   <Host id="host">
       <DA>
           <Directory>
                <APN apn="SourceA">
                    <DIF difName="Laver0" ipcA ress="1"
                </APN>
                <APN apn="DestinationB"
                    <DIF difName="I
                                    er0" ipcAddress="2" />
                </APN>
           </Directory>
       </DA>
   </Host>
   <OoSCubesSet>
       <QoSCube id="QoSCube WithoutDTCP">
           <AverageBandwidth>10000000</AverageBandwidth>
           <AverageSDUBandwidth>1000</AverageSDUBandwidth>
           <PeakBandwidthDuration>20000000</PeakBandwidthDuration>
           <PeakSDUBandwidthDuration>2000</PeakSDUBandwidthDuration>
           <BurstPeriod>10000000/BurstPeriod>
           <BurstDuration>1000000</BurstDuration>
           <UndetectedBitError>0.01</UndetectedBitError>
           <PDUDroppingProbability>0</PDUDroppingProbability>
           <MaxSDUSize>1500</MaxSDUSize>
           <PartialDelivery>0</PartialDelivery>
           <IncompleteDelivery>0</IncompleteDelivery>
           <ForceOrder>0</ForceOrder>
            May 11 lowahla Can NOZ /May 11 lowahla Ca
```

```
(list < QoSCube > ) ... 2. host A.ipc Process 0. resource Allocator. ra. this - > QoSCubes
Fields Contents (0)
白爾 this->QoSCubes (list<QoSCube>)
   = elements[3] (QoSCube)
       □ [0] = QoSCube Id> QoSCube WithoutDTCP
                 average BW = 10000000 bit/s, average SDU BW = 1000 SDU/s
                 peak BW duration = 20000000 bit/s, peak SDU BW duration = 2000 SDU/s
                 burst period = 10000000 usecs, burst duration = 1000000 usecs
                 undetect, bit errors = 0.01%, PDU dropping probability = 0%
                 max SDU Size = 1500 B
                 partial delivery = no, incomplete delivery = no
                 force order = no
                 max allowed gap = 0 SDUs
                 delay = 1000000 usecs, jitter = 500000 usecs
                 cost-time = 0 $/ms, cost-bits = 0 $/Mb
                 A-Time = 0ms
                resiliency factor = do-not-care
      中[1] = QoSCube Id> QoSCube WithDTCP \ average BW = 10000000 bit/s, average

由 [2] = QoSCube Id> MGMT-QoSCube \ average BW = 12000 bit/s, average SDU
```

running simulation

config.xml

### **Policy Implementations**

- √ 

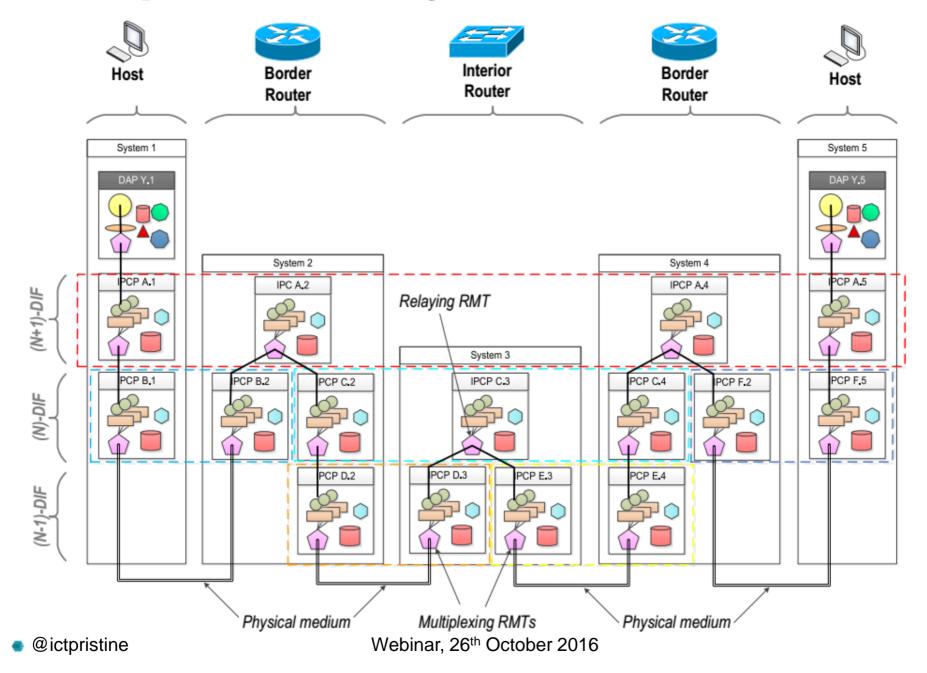
  ☐ policies
  - □ DAF
  - → DIF
    - - - > 🗁 ECN
        - > @ ECNSlowDown
        - > A LostControlPDU
        - > ProOverridePeak
        - > @ NoRateSlowDown
        - > RateReduction
        - > RcvFCOverrun
        - > RcvrAck
        - > @ RcvrControlAck
        - > @ RcvrFC
        - > @ ReceivingFC
        - > ReconcileFC
        - > @ RxTimerExpiry
        - > 

          SenderAck
        - > @ SendingAck
        - > A SndFCOverrun
        - > 🛅 TxControl

- v 🛅 DTP
  - > 🔓 InitialSeqNum
  - > @ Rcvrlnactivity
  - > @ RTTEstimator
  - > @ SenderInactivity
- > In EFCPPolicy.cc
- > In EFCPPolicy.h
- 🗸 🔓 FA
  - > 🔓 AllocateRetry
  - > a MultilevelQoS
  - > @ NewFlowRequest
- v 🔓 RA
  - AddressComparator
  - > 🕋 PDUFG
  - > @ QueueAlloc
  - > 🔓 QueuelDGen

- v 🙉 RMT
  - > En MaxQueue
  - > 済 Monitor
  - > @ PDUForwarding
  - > 済 Scheduler
- v 🛅 Routing
  - > 🕋 common
  - > @ DCRouting
  - > a DomainRouting
  - > a DummyRouting
  - > PortsLoadRouting
  - > a SimpleRouting
  - > a TDomainRouting
  - > a TSimpleRouting
- → M SDUProtection
  - > a DummyProtection
  - > 🔓 FixedDelay

# **Computation Systems** ①



# **Computation Systems 2**

Hosts and Routers

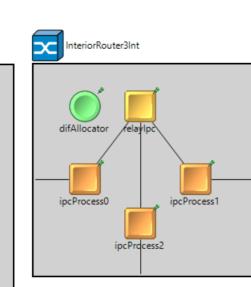


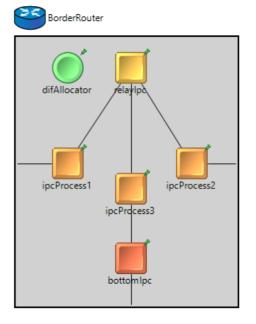






- BorderRouter.ned
- BorderRouter2n1nm.ned
- BorderRouter2n1nmLeft.ned
- BorderRouter3n1nm.ned
- DC AS.ned
- DC CR.ned
- DC Server.ned
- DC TOR.ned
- DC VM.ned
- Host1AP Adm.ned
- Host1AP.ned
- Host1APNInt.ned
- Host2AP.ned
- HostNAP Adm.ned
- HostNAP.ned
- HostNAPNAE.ned
- InteriorRouter2Int.ned
- InteriorRouter3Int.ned
- InteriorRouter4Int.ned
- InteriorRouterNInt Adm.ned
- InteriorRouterNInt.ned
- InteriorRouterNMInt.ned
- Shim M Adm.ned
- TestHost1AP.ned
- ViFIB\_MGM.ned
- ViFIB.ned
- VIFIBNode.ned
- VIFIBNodeGL1.ned
- VIFIBNodeGL2.ned





Host2AP

applicationProcess1 difAllocator applicationProcess2

ipcResourceManager

ipcProcess1

ipcProcess0

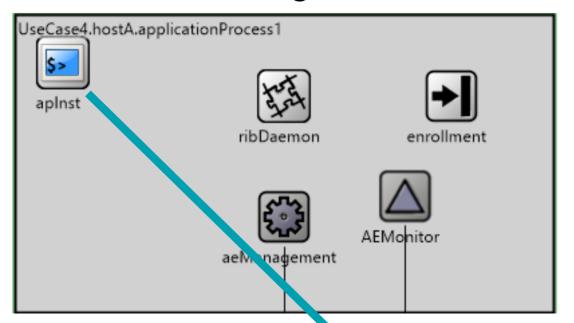
# **DAF Components**

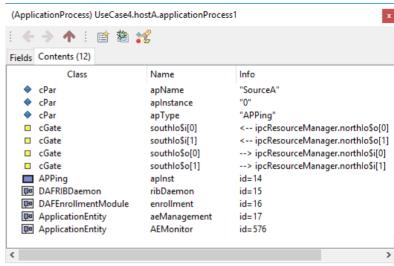
- Application Process (AP)
- Application Entity (AE)
- Common Distribute Apod. Prot.
- DIF Allocator (DA)
- DAF Enrollment
- IPC Resource Manager (IRM)
- DAF RIB Daemon

- 🗸 🔼 src
  - > 📂 Common
  - > 📂 CS
  - DAF
    - > 📂 AE
    - > 🗁 AEManagement
    - > 🗁 AF
    - > 📂 CDAP
    - > > DA
    - > Enrollment
    - IRM
    - > 🗁 RIB
      - ApplicationProcess.ned
      - ApplicationProcess2AE.ned
      - ApplicationProcessNAE.ned

### **Application Process**

Contains a single AP instance



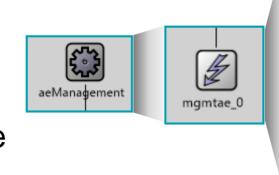


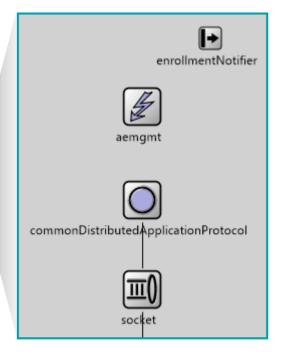
Application code is written using CDAP API

```
if ( !strcmp(msg->getName(), "start") ) {
    invokeId = getNewInvokel ();
    a_open(invokeId, par("dstApName").stringValue(), "0", "AEMonitor", "-1");
}
else if (!strcmp(msg->getName(), "stop")) {
    a_close(conID);
}
```

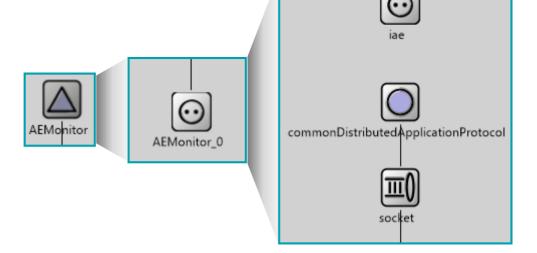
# **Application Entity**

- AP has AE instances
  - suffix \_instanceID
  - AEManagementModule instance for exchange of management CDAP messages





Another AEs delivering
 IPC for AP instance



# **Common Distributed App Protocol**

 Simulation module used by AF and RIBd

#### CDAP

 Sends/Receives CDAP messages

#### CDAPSplitter

 Delegates CDAP message to appropriate module

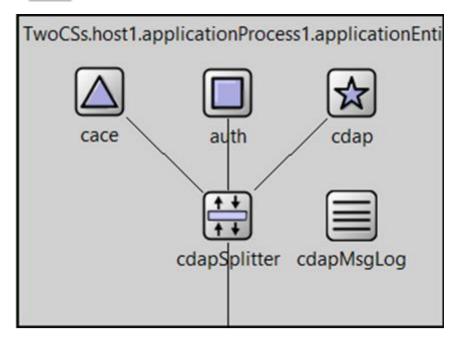
#### CDAPMsgLog

Statistic collector

#### CACE + AUTH

 Used by Enrollment or during authentication phase





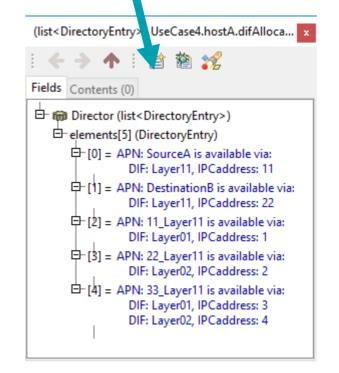
#### **DIF Allocator**

- Knows how AP/IPCP is reachable via which IPCP
- Configured externally
- "Unique" naming scheme
  - whatever string allowing different interpretations
  - IPCP name is concatenation of unambiguous address and DIF name



namingInformation

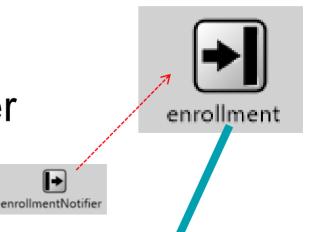
neighborTable



#### **DAF Enrollment**

Notified by Enrollment Notifier within AE

Maintains state about AE's enrollment



```
(list<DAFEnrollmentStateTableEntry>) ...tionProcess1.enrollme...

Fields Contents (0)

Fields Contents (0)

StateTable (list<DAFEnrollmentStateTableEntry>)

elements[2] (DAFEnrollmentStateTableEntry)

Fields Contents (0)

Remote> AP: SourceA (0) AE: mgmt (0)

Remote> AP: DestinationB (0) AE: mgmt (0)

CACEConnectionStatus: established

DAFEnrollmentStatus: enrolled

Fig. 1 = Local> AP: SourceA (0) AE: AEMonitor (0)

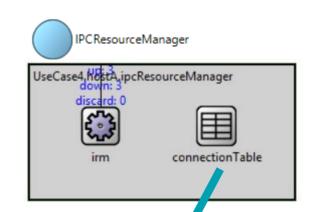
Remote> AP: DestinationB (0) AE: AEMonitor (-1)

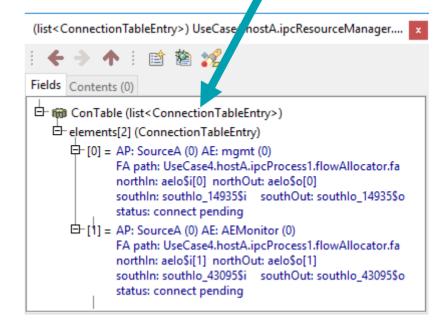
CACEConnectionStatus: established

DAFEnrollmentStatus: nil
```

# **IPC** Resource Manager

- Interconnects APs with IPCs
- Passes messages from applications to DIFs





#### **DAF RIB Daemon**

Shared database for AP instance functionality



 Its functionality is not bound to other concrete components comparing to IPCP's RIBd

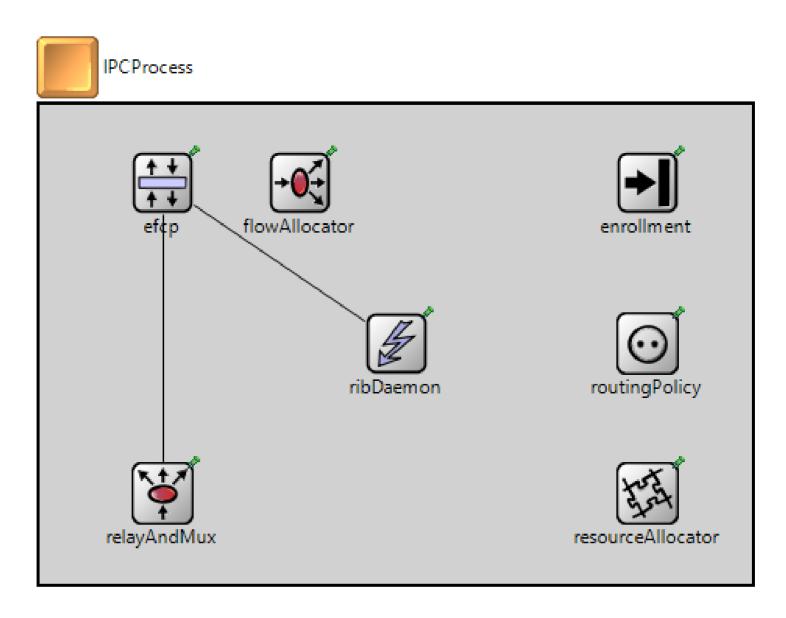
## **DIF Components**

- Flow Allocator (FA)
- Error and Flow Control Prot.
- Delimiting
- Enrollment
- RIB Daemon
- SDU Protection
- Relaying and Multiplexing Task
- Resource Allocator (RA)
- Routing



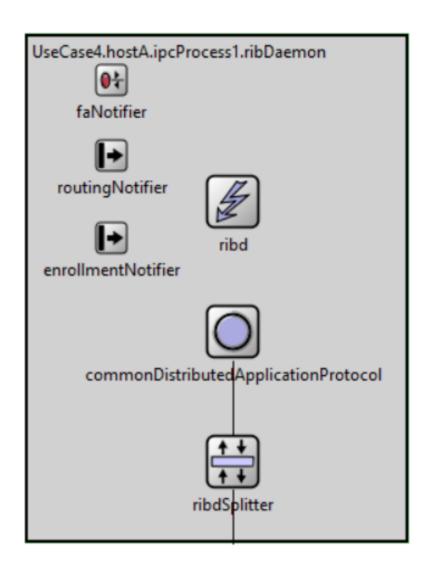
- > 👝 Common
- > > CS
- DAF
- V 👝 DIF
  - Delimiting
  - > 📂 EFCP
  - > Enrollment
  - > 📂 FA
  - > 🎏 NSM
  - > 📂 RA
  - > 🎏 RIB
  - > 🎏 RMT
  - Routing
  - > 📂 SDUProtection
    - IPCProcess.ned

### **IPC Process**



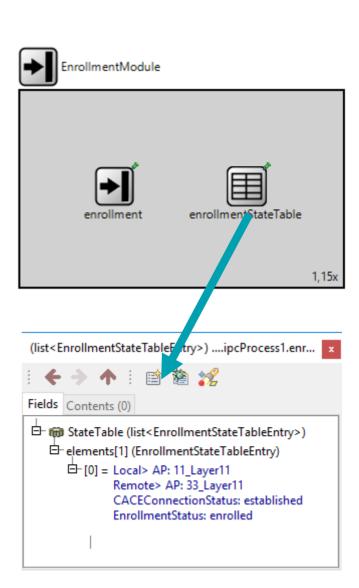
#### **RIB Daemon**

- Generates / Processes IPCP management messages
- The main IPCP's AE
- RIBd
  - Core functionality
- CDAP
  - Socket-like message sender/receiver
- Notifiers
  - FA, Routing, Enrollment hooks to RIBd
- RIBdSplitter
  - Passes CDAP msgs to/from appropriate EFCPI
  - Placeholder for socket behavior



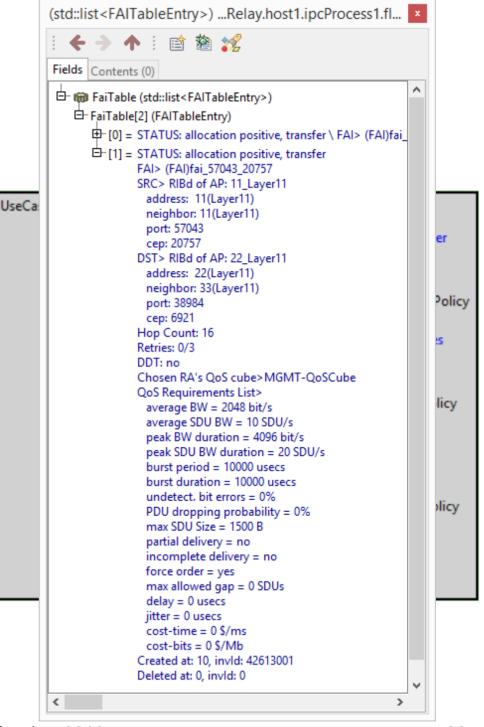
#### **DIF Enrollment**

- Maintains enrollment status for a given DIF
- Used when allocating connections between IPCPs



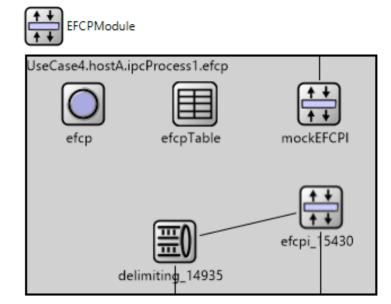
#### Flow Allocator

- Manages flow lifecycle
- FA
  - Core functionality
- FAI\_portId\_cepId
  - Instance
- NFlowTable
  - Information about all (N)-DIF connections
- NewFlowRequestPolicy
  - Score or Min compare
- AllocateRetryPolicy
  - Upon treshold reach
- QoSComparerPolicy
  - For multi QoSCube routing purposes



#### **Error and Flow Control Protocol**

- EFCP
  - Manages EFCP instances
- EFCPTable
  - Table of known EFCPIs
- Delimiting\_portId
  - Creates SDUs from incoming PDUs
- EFCPI\_cepld
  - Provides DTP and DTCP services
- MockEFCPI
  - Provides unreliable communication for IPCP management messages
  - Simple en/decapsulater between SDUs and PDUs



#### **EFCP Instance**

- DTP
  - Actual Data Transfer
- DTCP
  - Handles Flow Control and ReXmission

- DTPState
  - Holds all DTP related variables

(DTPState) UseCase4.hostA.ip... x

Name

rtt

mpl

Info

2

50

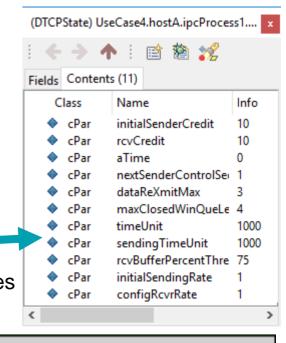
Fields Contents (2)

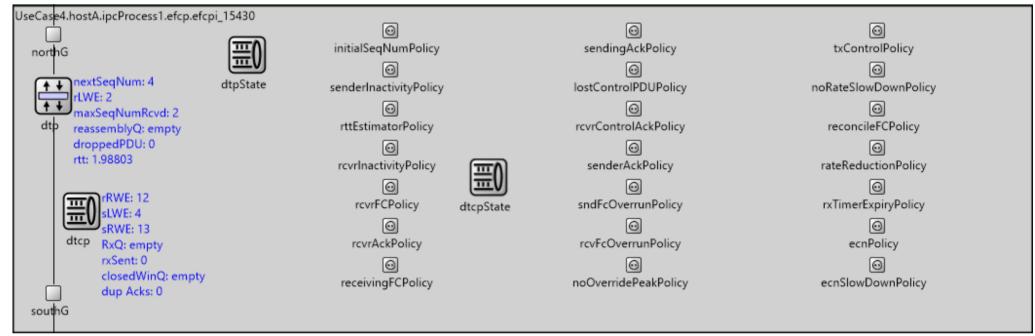
cPar

cPar

Class

- DTCPState
  - Holds all DTCP related variables

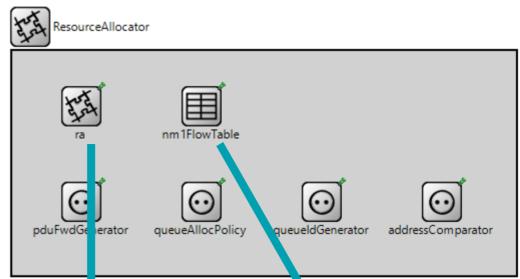


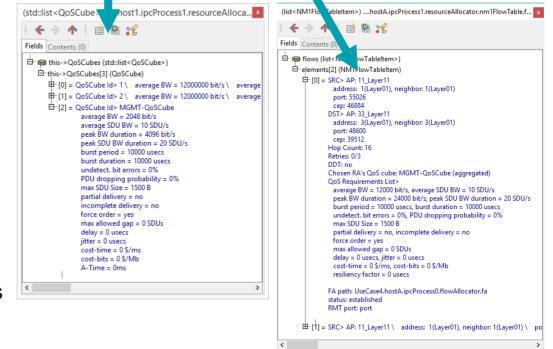


- EFCP policies
  - Triggered during various DTP states

#### **Resource Allocator**

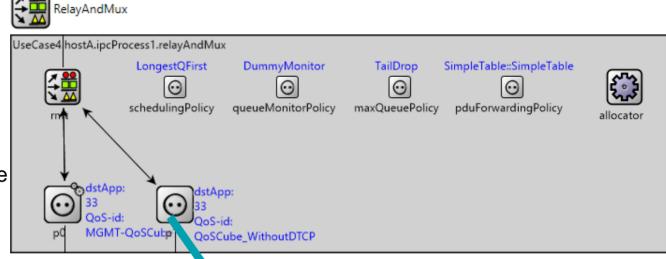
- Provides access to (N-1)-DIFs and their resources
- RA
  - Core functionality
  - Manages IPCP's QoSCubes
- NM1FlowTable
  - Information about current (N-1)-flows
- PDUFwdGenerator
  - Forwarding information management
- QueueAllocPolicy
  - How and when should RMT queues be allocated?
- QueueldGenerator
  - In which RMT queue should a PDU be stored?
- AddressComparator
  - Syntax and comparison of addresses





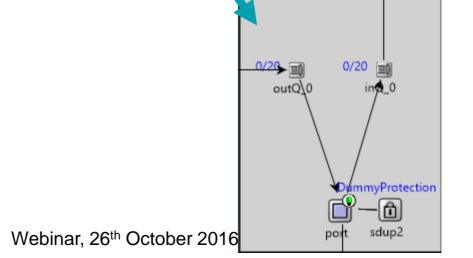
### Relaying and Multiplexing Task

- Relays incoming/outgoing PDU to proper destination (either an EFCP instance or an (N-1)-flow)
- RMT
  - The core PDU forwarder
- SchedulingPolicy
  - When a PDU needs to be sent/received, which queue should it be taken from?
- QueueMonitorPolicy
  - Keeping information about port/queue states
- MaxQueuePolicy
  - What should happen to a queue when it overflows?
- PDUForwardingPolicy
  - Where should be PDU relayed based on a given header?



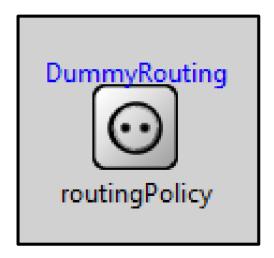
RMTPort

UseCase4.hostA.ipcProcess1.relayAnd



# Routing

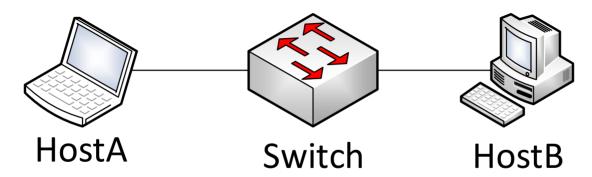
- The policy computing optimal paths to other destinations by given metrics
- Usually some sort of routing algorithm exchanging information with other members of a DIF



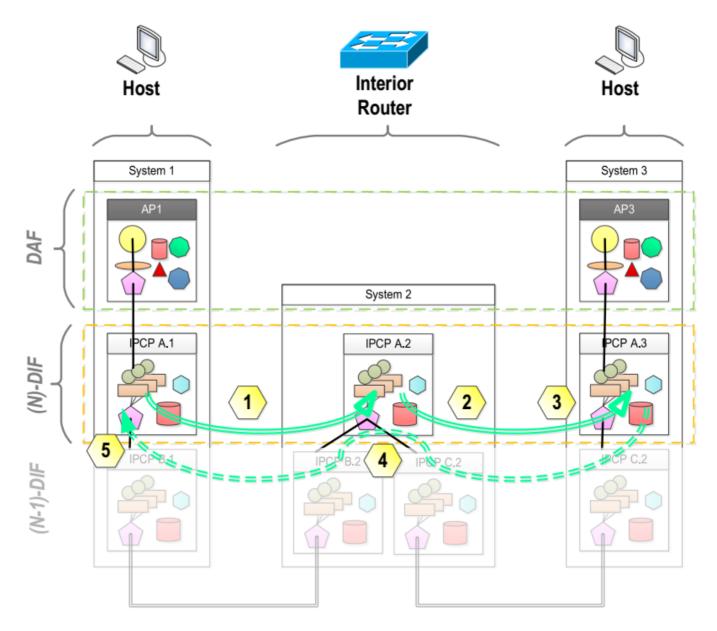


#### **Interactive Demo**

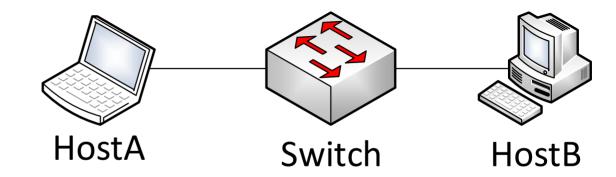
How IPC works between two hosts interconnected to a common node?



# **Topology**



#### Cookbook

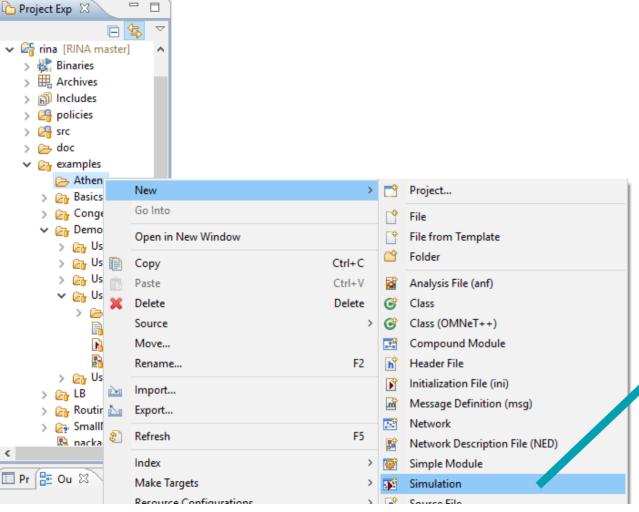


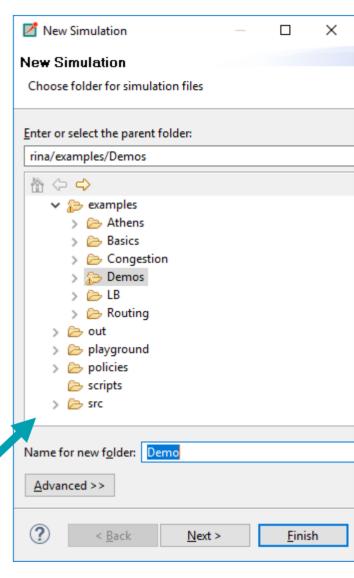
- Topology
  - 2 × host with single AP
  - 1 × interior router
  - 2 × datarate channel between
- Task
  - 1) Setup network
  - 2) Schedule simulation
  - 3) Run
- Goal
  - To observe IPC between two hosts interconnected by a interior router

### 1) Setup network

Create new simulation in folder

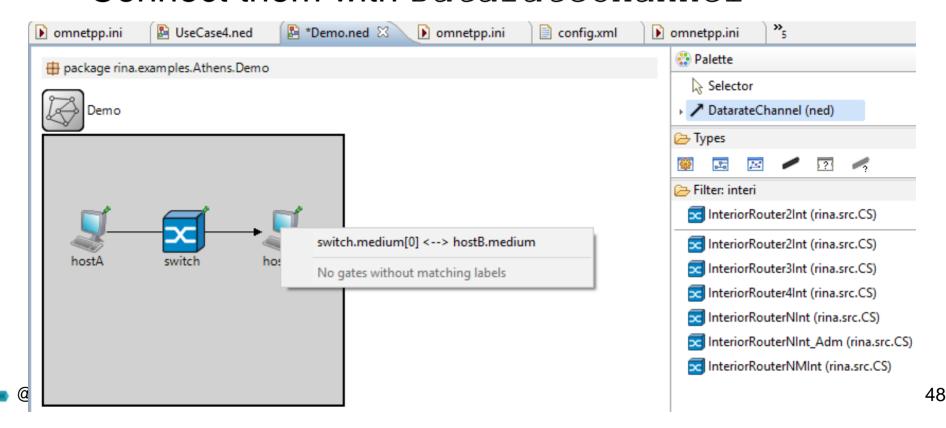
examples/Demos/Demo





# 1) Setup network

- Open Demo.ned and add two Host1AP onto canvas and one InteriorRouter2Int
  - Rename them with F6
  - Connect them with DatarateChannel



### 1) Setup network

- Change DatarateChannel properties
  - Setup delay, ber, datarate

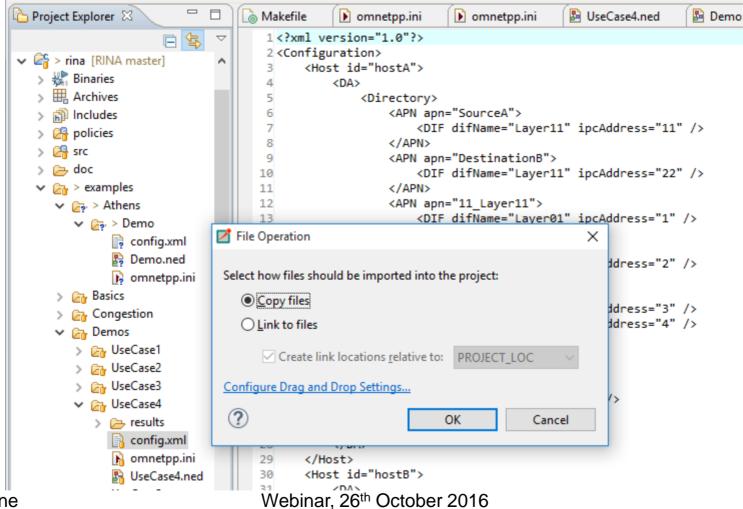
```
omnetpp.ini
                                  ▶ Demo.ned ※
                                                                    config.xml
                UseCase4.ned
                                                   omnetpp.ini
                                                                                   omnetpp.ini
  1
    package rina.examples.Athens.Demo;
    import ned.DatarateChannel;
    import rina.src.CS.Host1AP;
    import rina.src.CS.InteriorRouter2Int;
  89 network Demo
  9
        @display("bgb=282,253");
 10
         submodules:
 11⊝
            hostA: Host1AP {
 12
13
                 @display("p=42,90");
 14
15
            hostB: Host1AP {
16
                 @display("p=223,90");
17
            switch: InteriorRouter2Int {
 18
                 @display("p=132,90");
 19
20
21⊝
         connections:
22
            hostA.medium <--> DatarateChannel { datarate = 100Mbps; delay = 100us; ber = 0; } <--> switch.medium[0];
23
            switch.medium[1] <--> DatarateChannel { datarate = 100Mbps; delay = 100us; ber = 0; } <--> hostB.medium;
24
 25
```

### 2) Schedule simulation

- config.xml
  - DIF Allocator settings
  - Schedule enrollment events
  - Available QoS Cubes
- omnetpp.ini
  - Assign addresses
  - Bind config.xml
  - Schedule AEMyPing

# 2) Schedule simulation: config.xml

Copy config.xml from examples/Demos/UseCase4/config.xml



@ictpristine

51

#### 2) Schedule simulation: config.xml

```
k?xml version="1.0"?>
     F| <Configuration>
           <Host id="hostA">
                       <ADN app="SourceA">
                            <DIF difName="Laver11" incAddress="11" />
                       <APN ann="DestinationB">
                            <DIF difName="Laver11" incAddress="22" />
                       <APN apn="11 Laver11">
                            <DIF difName="Laver01" ipcAddress="1" />
                       <APN apn="22 Laver11">
                            <DIF difName="Laver02" incAddress="2" />
                       <APN apn="33 Laver11">
                            <DIF difName="Laver01" ipcAddress="3" />
                            <DIF difName="Laver02" ipcAddress="4" />
                   </Directory
23
                   <NeighborTable>
24
                       <APN apn="22 Laver11">
                           <Neighbor apn="33 Layer11" />
                   </NeighborTable>
28
29
           </Hosts
30
           <Host id="hostB">
31
32
                   <Directory>
33
                       <APN apn="SourceA">
34
                           <DIF difName="Layer11" ipcAddress="11" />
35
36
                       <ADN ann="DestinationB">
                           <DIF difName="Laver11" ipcAddress="22" />
38
39
                       <APN apn="11 Layer11">
40
                           <DIF difName="Layer01" ipcAddress="1" />
41
42
                       <APN apn="22 Layer11">
43
                           <DIF difName="Laver02" ipcAddress="2" />
44
45
                       <APN apn="33 Layer11">
46
                            <DIF difName="Laver01" ipcAddress="3" />
47
                            <DIF difName="Layer02" ipcAddress="4" />
48
                       </APN>
49
                   </Directory>
50
                   <NeighborTable>
                       <APN apn="11 Layer11">
51
52
                           <Neighbor apn="33 Layer11" />
53
                       </APN>
54
                   </NeighborTable>
55
56
               <Enrollment>
                   <Pre><Preenrollment>
58
                       <SimTime t="5">
                           <Connect src="22 Layer11" dst="33 Layer11" />
                       </SimTime>
                   </Preenrollment>
               </Enrollment>
           </Host>
```

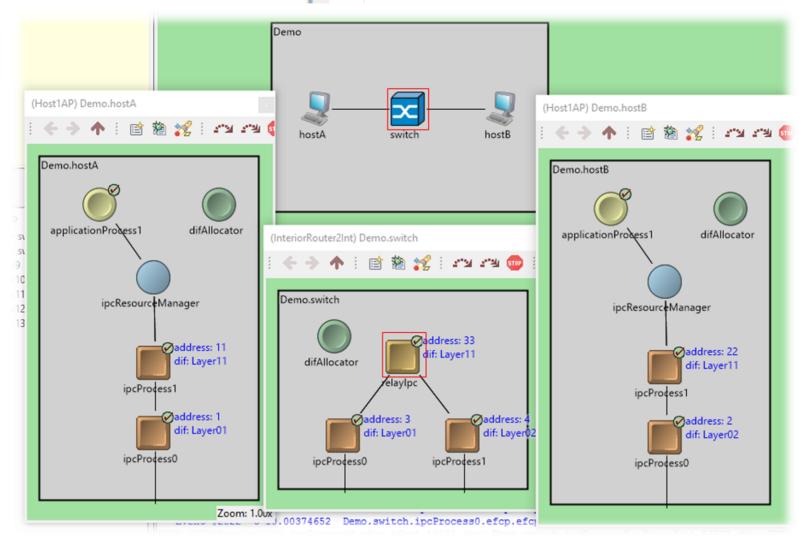
```
<Router id="switch">
               -DAS
                           <DIF difName="Laver11" incAddress="11" />
                       <ADN app="DestinationB">
                          <DIF difName="Laver11" incAddress="22" />
                      <APN app="11 Laver11">
                          <DIF difName="Laver01" ipcAddress="1" />
                       <APN ann="22 Laver11">
                          <DIF difName="Laver02" incAddress="2" />
79
                      <APN apn="33 Laver11">
80
                          <DIF difName="Laver01" incAddress="3" />
                           <DIF difName="Laver02" ipcAddress="4" />
82
                      Z/ADMS
22
                   </Directory
               Z/DAS
           <OnSCubesSet>
               <OoSCube id="OoSCube WithoutDTCP">
                   <AverageBandwidth>10000000</AverageBandwidth>
89
                   <AverageSDUBandwidth>1000</AverageSDUBandwidth>
90
                   <PeakBandwidthDuration>20000000</PeakBandwidthDuration>
91
                   <PeakSDUBandwidthDuration>2000</PeakSDUBandwidthDuration>
92
                   <PuretDeriod>10000000
93
                   <BurstDuration>1000000</BurstDuration>
94
                   <UndetectedBitError>O O1</UndetectedBitError>
95
                   <PDUDroppingProbability>0</PDUDroppingProbability>
96
                   <MaxSDUSize>1500</MaxSDUSize>
                   <PartialDelivery>0</PartialDelivery>
98
                   <IncompleteDelivery>0</IncompleteDelivery>
99
                   <ForceOrder>0</ForceOrder>
                   <MaxAllowableGap>0</MaxAllowableGap>
                   <Delay>1000000</Delay>
                   <CostTime>0</CostTime>
                   <CostBits>0</CostBits>
.05
               </OoSCube>
               <QoSCube id="QoSCube WithDTCP">
106
                   <AverageBandwidth>10000000</AverageBandwidth>
108
                   <AverageSDUBandwidth>1000</AverageSDUBandwidth>
109
                   <PeakBandwidthDuration>20000000</PeakBandwidthDuration>
                   <PeakSDIJBandwidthDuration>2000

«PuretDeriod>10000000
/PuretDeriod>
112
                   <BurstDuration>1000000</BurstDuration>
113
                   <UndetectedBitError>0.01</UndetectedBitError>
114
                   <PDUDroppingProbability>0</PDUDroppingProbability>
115
                   <MaxSDUSize>1500</MaxSDUSize>
116
                   <PartialDelivery>0</PartialDelivery>
117
                   <IncompleteDelivery>0</IncompleteDelivery>
118
                   <ForceOrder>1</ForceOrder>
119
                   <MaxAllowableGap>0</MaxAllowableGap>
120
                   <Delay>1000000</Delay>
                   <Jitter>500000</Jitter>
                   <CostTime>0</CostTime>
                   <CostBits>0</CostBits>
               </QoSCube>
          </OoSCubesSet>
```

#### 2) Schedule simulation: omnetpp.ini

```
1@[Generall
2 network = Demo
3 check-signals = true
4 sim-time-limit = 5min
 5 debug-on-errors = true
6 #Application setup
7 **.hostA.applicationProcess1.apName = "SourceA"
8 **.hostB.applicationProcess1.apName = "DestinationB"
9 **.apTvpe = "APPing"
10 #Static addressing
11 # Bottom DIF HostA<->Switch
12 **.hostA.ipcProcessO.ipcAddress = "1"
13 **.hostA.ipcProcess0.difName = "Laver01"
14 **.switch.ipcProcess0.ipcAddress = "3"
15 **.switch.incProcessO.difName = "Laver01"
16 # Bottom DIF HostB<->Switch
17 **.hostB.ipcProcess0.ipcAddress = "2"
18 **.hostB.ipcProcess0.difName = "Laver02"
19 **.switch.ipcProcess1.ipcAddress = "4"
20 **.switch.ipcProcess1.difName = "Laver02"
21 # Top DIF HostA<->Switch<->HostB
22 **.hostA.ipcProcess1.ipcAddress = "11"
23 **.hostB.ipcProcess1.ipcAddress = "22"
24 **.host*.ipcProcess1.difName = "Laver11"
25 **.switch.relavIpc.ipcAddress = "33"
26 **.switch.relavIpc.difName = "Laver11"
27 #DIF Allocator settings
28 **.hostA.difAllocator.configData = xmldoc("config.xml", "Configuration/Host[@id='hostA']/DA")
29 **.hostB.difAllocator.confiqData = xmldoc("confiq.xml", "Confiquration/Host[@id='hostB']/DA")
30 **.switch.difAllocator.configData = xmldoc("config.xml", "Configuration/Router[@id='switch']/DA")
31 #Enrollment settings
32 **.switch.**.enrollment.isSelfEnrolled = true
33 **.hostB.ipcProcess1.enrollment.configData = xmldoc("config.xml", "Configuration/Host[@id='hostB']/Enrollment")
35 **.ra.goscubesData = xmldoc("config.xml", "Configuration/QoSCubesSet")
36
37@ [Config Ping]
38 fingerprint = "dff8-6343"
39 #PingApp setup
40 **.hostA.applicationProcess1.apInst.dstApName = "DestinationB"
41 **.hostA.applicationProcess1.apInst.startAt = 10s
42 **.hostA.applicationProcess1.apInst.stopAt = 20s
  **.hostA.applicationProcess1.AEMonitor.**.iae.size = 1024B
```

## 3) Run



#### **Notable Events**

- t=5
  - hostB enrolls to Layer02 and Layer11
- t=10
  - hostA creats flows for AP communication
- $\bullet$  t=10.3
  - SourceA and DestinationB apps exchange ping messages
- t=20
  - hostA deallocates Layer11 flow



## 5) Conclusion

Final remarks Usual problems

#### Summary

- Educational tool
  - A way how to visualize what is happening in the native RINA network
  - Helps to improve learning curve

- Research tool
  - Check the growing list of citations <u>https://rinasim.omnetpp.org/#references</u>

# Something Is Not Working

- 1) Simulation crashes before it starts
  - Serious bug in your NED/C++ code
- 2) Simulation crashes after initialization
  - Error in static preconfiguration
    - > check omnetpp.ini and config.xml
- 3) Simulation does not do what is supposed to
  - Error in your code logic
    - → check the output of the Console
    - → try to debug using GDB

#### **Other Topics**

- We did not cover
  - How to play with policies? How to implement own policy?
  - How to collect and interpret results?

Interested?

#### You Want to Use RINASim

Messages like:

study architecture with RINA (Recursive Internetworking Architecture). I am willing to work with RINASim simulator, but unfortunately does not work with programming. I intend to work with simulator to collect data and analyze with another framework (INET). The goal of my research is to make a performance study between RINA architectures and TCP/IP using the RINA and INET frameworks.

Initially I was thinking of running some tests using wireless models with RINASim and then comparing them to the INET Framework models. Since I am not fluent in OMNeT, using the 4.6 version is an extreme pain because I haven't seen any working examples other than with LTE, which is currently out of my scope. OMNeT 5.0 finally has a semi-understandable wireless tutorial so I was trying to make my life easier.

- Currently, RINASim does not offer any real data-link layer technology
- In order to use RINASim, you need to be programmer whether you like it or not ☺

my research project is to

#### Need Help?

- Check the official webpage
  - Visit <a href="https://rinasim.omnetpp.org">https://rinasim.omnetpp.org</a>



- Skype group chat
  - <u>skype:?chat&blob=-bdq6qH\_uDXIIbRk\_4\_XwqZyplfXPl4IzCq4P-S0BrsttjqPR8CNJKV9-Yyn1TYopaYZD2g3bIC\_Yv0C</u>
  - https://join.skype.com/B9Tt5aTPd0nC



- Sign to mailing-list <u>rinasim@fit.vutbr.cz</u>
  - Use <a href="http://www.fit.vutbr.cz/mailman/listinfo/rinasim">http://www.fit.vutbr.cz/mailman/listinfo/rinasim</a>







## Thank you for your attention!