

# How are sexual identity and mental health changing in Stockholm? What does the data say?

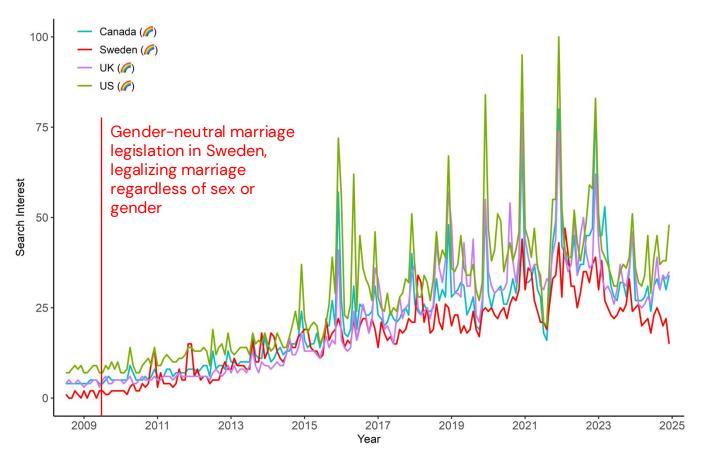
Kyriaki Kosidou, Willi Zhang, Anna Mia Ekström July 28, 2025



kyriaki.kosidou@regionstockholm.se willi.zhang@ki.se anna.mia.ekstrom@ki.se.

## Google Search Trends for 'LGBTQ'

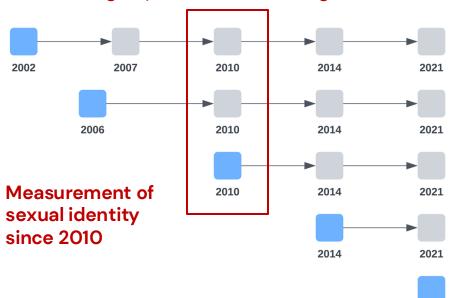
From January 1, 2009 to June 30, 2025



Search interest is measured relative to the highest point on the chart for the given region and time. Source: Google Trends.

#### The Stockholm Public Health Cohort

#### Cohort – a group of individuals being followed over time



# "How do you define your sexual orientation?"

- "Heterosexual"
- "Homosexual"
- "Bisexual"

2021

"Uncertain" or "none of the above"

Total = 98,317 individuals

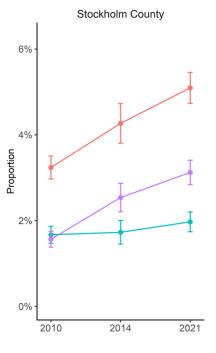
#### Data Quality

- Included heterosexual (straight), homosexual (gay or lesbian), and bisexual
- Failed to include pansexual, asexual, queer, questioning, and other identities
- The common challenges in public surveys: inclusive & simple

## Population Trends in Sexual Identity

In Stockholm County, 2010-2021

#### LGB identity has been increasing, 2010–2021

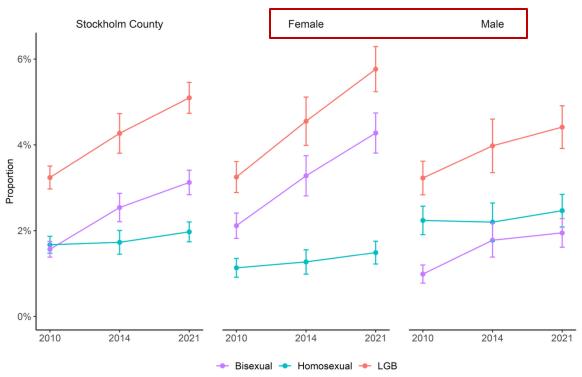


- Homosexual identity: from
  1.7% in 2010 to 2.0% in 2021
- Bisexual identity: from 1.6% in 2010 to 2.5% in 2014 and 3.1% in 2021

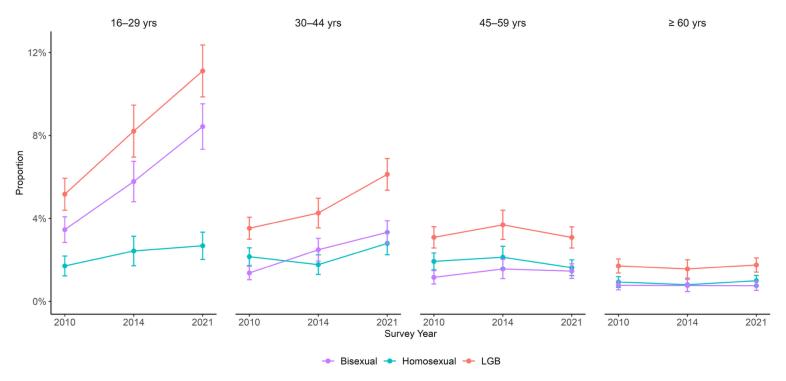
→ Bisexual → Homosexual → LGB

#### LGB identity has been increasing, 2010–2021

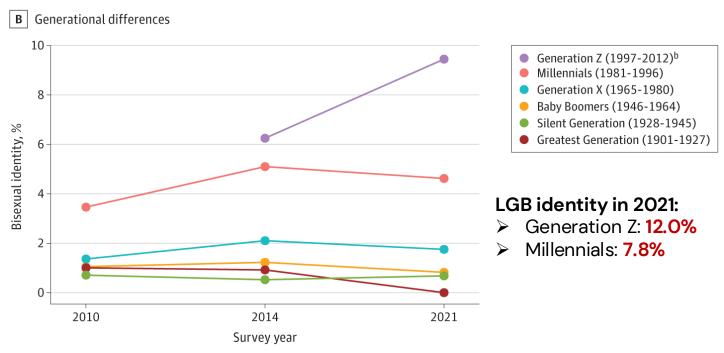
Sex – as assigned at birth or legally registered



# LGB identity is more common among younger people

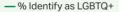


# LGB identity is more common among younger generations

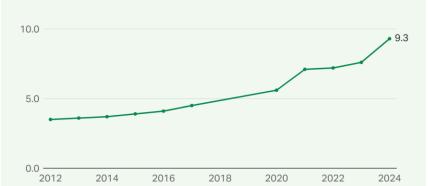


#### Americans' Self-Identification as Lesbian, Gay, Bisexual, Transgender or Something Other Than Heterosexual, 2012-2024

Which of the following do you consider yourself to be? You can select as many as apply. Straight or heterosexual; Lesbian; Gay; Bisexual; Transgender







Respondents who volunteer another identity (e.g., queer; same-gender-loving; pansexual) are recorded as "Other LGBTQ+" by interviewers. These responses are included in the LGBTQ+ estimate. Data were not collected in 2018 and 2019.

2012-2013 wording: Do you, personally, identify as lesbian, gay, bisexual or transgender?

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#### U.S. Adults' Self-Identification as LGBTQ+, by Generation, 2024

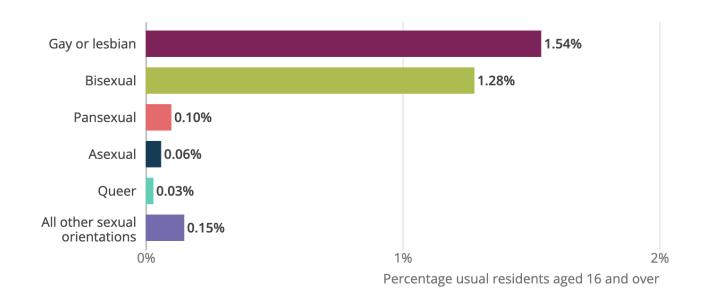
Figures are the percentage who consider themselves to be Lesbian; Gay; Bisexual; Transgender; or something other than heterosexual.

Generation	%
Generation Z (born 1997-2006)	23.1
Millennials (born 1981-1996)	14.2
Generation X (born 1965-1980)	5.1
Baby boomers (born 1946-1964)	3.0
Silent Generation (born 1945 or earlier)	1.8

Based on aggregated data from 2024 Gallup telephone polls

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#### England and Wales, 2021

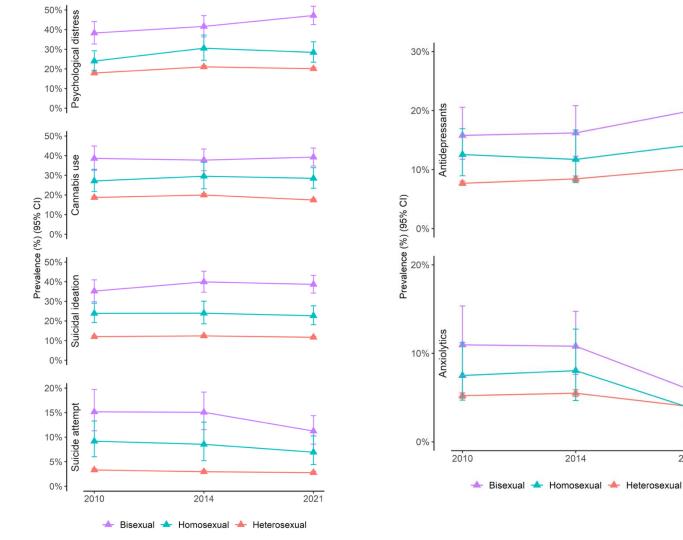


Source: Office for National Statistics - Census 2021

More people feel comfortable identifying as LGBTQIA+, especially among younger generations

## Mental Health by Sexual Identity

In Stockholm County, 2010-2021

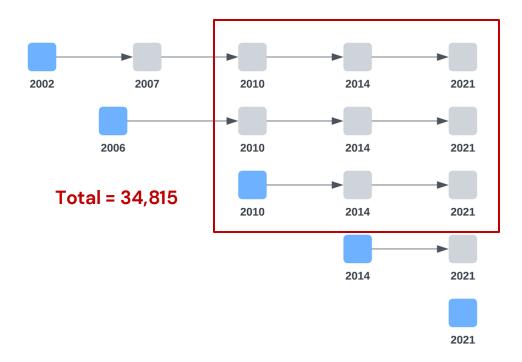


Mental health challenges are still common among LGB people in Stockholm

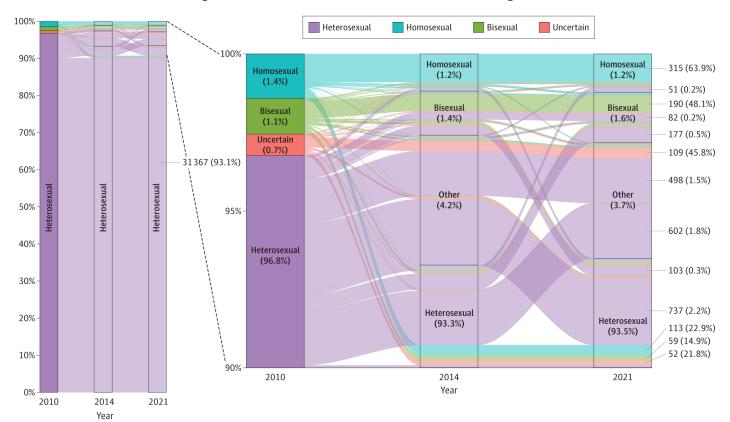
# Individual Fluidity of Sexual Identity

In Stockholm County, 2010-2021

#### The Stockholm Public Health Cohort



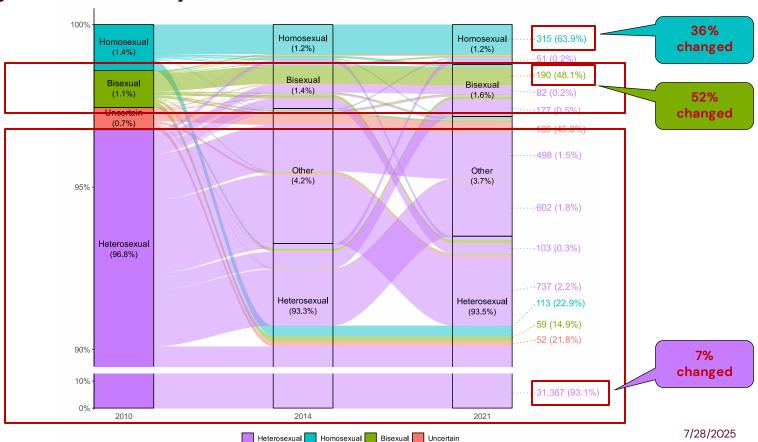
#### Individual Fluidity of Sexual Identity



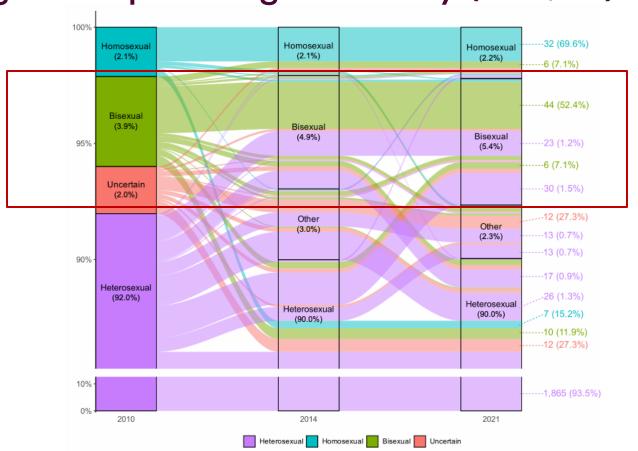
Zhang W & Kosidou K, et al. JAMA Netw Open. 2024;7:e2447627.

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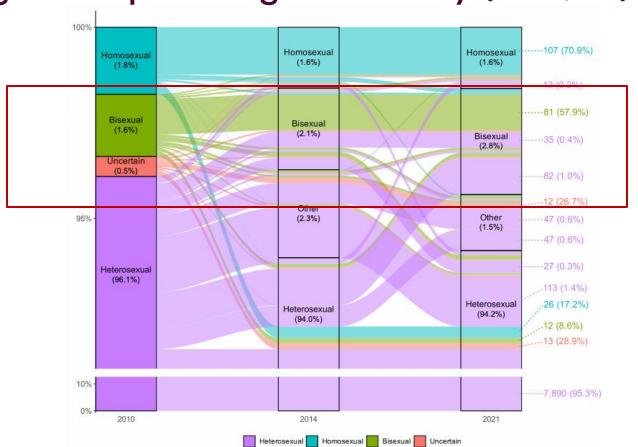
#### Among All Participants (N = 34,815)



#### Among Participants Aged 16-29 y (N = 2,168)



#### Among Participants Aged 30-44 y (N = 8,615)



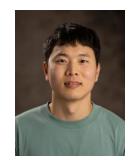
- Many people experienced change(s) in sexual identity over time
- Some began to adopt a bisexual identity as they grew older

#### Acknowledgements

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- Fredrik Liljeros, PhD, Stockholm University
- Gunnar Brandén, PhD, Region Stockholm















#### Join the Conversation

- What do you think of the findings? What could be the reasons?
- In what ways do you think people feel more (or less) open to express their sexual identity today?
- How do legal rights translate (or not) into everyday well-being for LGBTQIA+ people?
- What would better mental health support for LGBTQIA+ people look like today?
- How can public health researchers better support LGBTQIA+ well-being and visibility?
- > What kind of resources, support, or representation would you like to see more of in Sweden or internationally on this type of research?