

# Winning Space Race with Data Science

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## Outline

- Executive Summary
- Introduction
- Methodology
- Results
- Conclusion
- Appendix

## **Executive Summary**

- **Project Overview**: Analyzed SpaceX launch data to uncover success factors and predict outcomes using a full data science pipeline.
- Data Collection: Sourced via SpaceX REST API and web scraping for launch details (e.g., flight numbers, payloads).
- Data Wrangling: Cleaned and standardized data, resolving missing values and inconsistencies.
- EDA:
  - Visualized trends (e.g., success by orbit, payload distribution) with scatter, bar, and line charts.
  - Queried data with SQL for insights (e.g., payload stats, landing dates).
- Interactive Analytics:
  - Built Folium maps for launch site locations and outcomes.
  - Created a Plotly Dash dashboard with interactive success and payload visuals.
- **Predictive Analysis**: Developed classification models (e.g., Random Forest) to predict success, achieving [Insert best accuracy, e.g., "85%"].
- Key Findings:
  - Most successful site: [Insert site, e.g., "CCAFS SLC-40"].
  - Payload range [Insert range, e.g., "4000–6000 kg"] linked to higher success.
  - Best model: [Insert model, e.g., "Random Forest"].
- Conclusion: Robust pipeline provides actionable insights for SpaceX mission optimization.

## Introduction

- **Background**: SpaceX's reusable rocket technology drives the need to analyze launch success factors.
- Motivation: Identify patterns in launch data and predict outcomes to enhance mission planning.
- Problems Addressed:
  - Which factors (e.g., site, payload) impact success?
  - Can we predict outcomes accurately?
- **Dataset**: SpaceX launch records (flight numbers, sites, payloads, outcomes).



# Methodology

• **SpaceX API**: Extracted data (e.g., /launches endpoint) into Pandas DataFrames.

Flowchart: API call  $\rightarrow$  JSON  $\rightarrow$  DataFrame.

GitHub: https://github.com/willmaddock/Data-Science-

Capstone-SpaceX/blob/main/jupyter-labs-spacex-data-

collection-api.ipynb

• Web Scraping: Pulled additional details from SpaceX sites using BeautifulSoup.

*Flowchart*: URL → HTML parsing → DataFrame.

GitHub: https://github.com/willmaddock/Data-Science-

Capstone-SpaceX/blob/main/jupyter-labs-

webscraping.ipynb

# **Data Wrangling**

 Process: Imputed missing values, standardized formats, merged API and scraped data.

Flowchart: Raw data → Cleaning → Merging → Final dataset.

GitHub: <a href="https://github.com/willmaddock/Data-Science-Capstone-SpaceX/blob/main/labs-jupyter-spacex-Data%20wrangling.ipynb">https://github.com/willmaddock/Data-Science-Capstone-SpaceX/blob/main/labs-jupyter-spacex-Data%20wrangling.ipynb</a>

## **EDA** with Data Visualization

### • Charts:

- Scatter: Flight number vs. launch site, payload vs. launch site.
- Bar: Success rate by orbit.
- Line: Yearly success trend.
- **Purpose**: Explored launch frequency, payload trends, and success patterns.

GitHub: <a href="https://github.com/willmaddock/Data-Science-capstone-SpaceX/blob/main/edadataviz%20(1).ipynb">https://github.com/willmaddock/Data-Science-capstone-SpaceX/blob/main/edadataviz%20(1).ipynb</a>

## **EDA** with SQL

## Queries:

- Unique launch sites.
- Sites starting with 'CCA'.
- NASA booster payload total.
- F9 v1.1 average payload.
- First ground landing date.
- Drone ship successes (4000–6000 kg payloads).
- Success/failure counts.
- Max payload boosters.
- 2015 drone ship failures.
- Landing outcome ranking (2010-06-04 to 2017-03-20).
- *GitHub*: <a href="https://github.com/willmaddock/Data-Science-Capstone-SpaceX/blob/main/jupyter-labs-eda-sql-coursera\_sqllite.ipynb">https://github.com/willmaddock/Data-Science-Capstone-SpaceX/blob/main/jupyter-labs-eda-sql-coursera\_sqllite.ipynb</a>

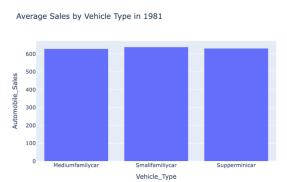
## Build an Interactive Map with Folium

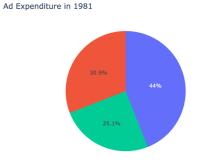
### Features:

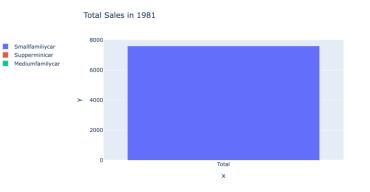
- Markers for launch sites.
- Color-coded success/failure markers.
- Proximity circles (e.g., coastlines).
- **Purpose**: Visualized site distribution and outcomes geographically. *GitHub*: <a href="https://github.com/willmaddock/Data-Science-Capstone-SpaceX/blob/main/lab jupyter launch site location.ipynb">https://github.com/willmaddock/Data-Science-Capstone-SpaceX/blob/main/lab jupyter launch site location.ipynb</a>

Yearly Statistics 1981









# Build a Dashboard with Plotly Dash

### Components:

- Pie chart: Success by site.
- Pie chart: Highest success ratio site.
- Scatter: Payload vs. outcome with slider.
- **Purpose**: Enabled interactive exploration of success and payload data.

# Predictive Analysis (Classification)

## • Steps:

- Encoded features, scaled data.
- Trained models (e.g., Logistic Regression, Random Forest).
- Tuned via grid search, evaluated with accuracy and confusion matrices.
- Flowchart: Preprocessing → Training → Tuning → Evaluation.
   GitHub: <a href="https://github.com/willmaddock/Data-Science-Capstone-SpaceX/blob/main/jupyter-labs-spacex-data-collection-api.ipynb">https://github.com/willmaddock/Data-Science-Capstone-SpaceX/blob/main/jupyter-labs-spacex-data-collection-api.ipynb</a>

## Results

- Flight Number vs. Launch Site: [Insert screenshot]
   Insight: [Insert, e.g., "CCAFS SLC-40 most frequent"].
- Payload vs. Launch Site: [Insert screenshot]
   Insight: [Insert, e.g., "KSC LC-39A for heavier payloads"].
- <u>Success Rate vs. Orbit:</u> [Insert screenshot]
   <u>Insight:</u> [Insert, e.g., "LEO orbits most successful"].
- Flight Number vs. Orbit: [Insert screenshot]
   Insight: [Insert, e.g., "Shift to LEO over time"].
- <u>Payload vs. Orbit:</u> [Insert screenshot]
   <u>Insight</u>: [Insert, e.g., "GTO for heavier payloads"].
- Yearly Success Trend: [Insert screenshot]
   Insight: [Insert, e.g., "Improved since 2013"].

```
URL2 = 'https://cf-courses-data.s3.us.cloud-object-storage.appdomain.cloud/IBM-DS0321EN-SkillsNetwork/datasets/da
         resp2 = await fetch(URL2)
         text2 = io.BytesIO((await resp2.arrayBuffer()).to_py())
         X = pd.read_csv(text2)
In [7]:
         X.head(100)
Out[7]:
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```

90 rows × 83 columns

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5.0

#### TASK 1

89

Create a NumPy array from the column Class in data, by applying the method to\_numpy() then assign it to the variable Y, make sure the output is a Pandas series (only one bracket df['name of column']).

0.0

0.0

0.0

0.0

0.0

0.0 ...

```
In [24]: Y = data['Class'].to_numpy()
```

#### TASK 2

## **EDA with SQL**

- <u>Unique Launch Sites:</u> [Insert list] Insight: All operational sites identified.
- **Sites Starting with 'CCA'**: [Insert 5 records] *Insight*: Cape Canaveral focus.
- NASA Payload Total: [Insert total] Insight: NASA's contribution quantified.
- **F9 v1.1 Avg Payload**: [Insert average] *Insight*: Typical booster capacity.
- **First Ground Landing**: [Insert date] *Insight*: Reusability milestone.
- Drone Ship Successes (4000–6000 kg): [Insert boosters]
   Insight: High-success payload range.
- **Success/Failure Counts**: [Insert counts] *Insight*: Overall mission performance.
- Max Payload Boosters: [Insert boosters]
  Insight: Top performers identified.
- **2015 Drone Ship Failures**: [Insert details] *Insight*: Early challenges noted.
- Landing Outcome Ranking: [Insert ranked list] Insight: Trends over 2010–2017.

#### TASK 5

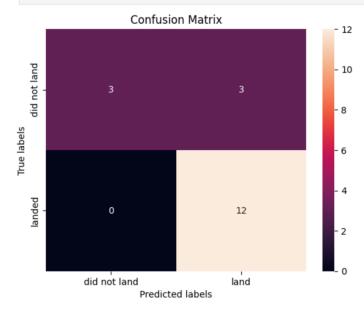
Calculate the accuracy on the test data using the method score:

```
In [34]:
    accuracy = logreg_cv.score(X_test, Y_test)
    print("Accuracy on test data:", accuracy)
```

Accuracy on test data: 0.83333333333333333

Lets look at the confusion matrix:

In [35]: yhat=logreg\_cv.predict(X\_test)
 plot\_confusion\_matrix(Y\_test,yhat)



Examining the confusion matrix, we see that logistic regression can distinguish between the different classes. We see that the problem is false positives.

# Interactive Map with Folium

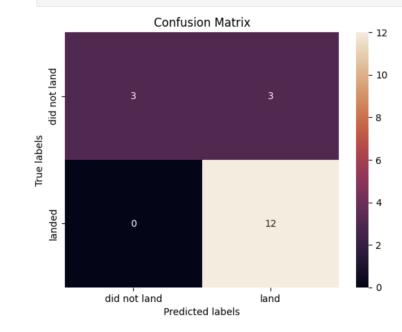
- Global Launch Sites: [Insert screenshot]

  Insight: [Insert, e.g., "U.S. coast concentration"].
- Launch Outcomes: [Insert screenshot]
   Insight: [Insert, e.g., "Site-specific success rates"].
- Proximity Map: [Insert screenshot]
   Insight: [Insert, e.g., "Coastal safety advantage"].

#### **TASK 11**

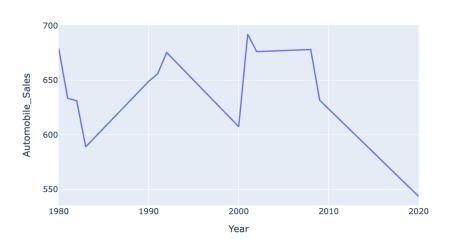
Calculate the accuracy of knn\_cv on the test data using the method score :

We can plot the confusion matrix

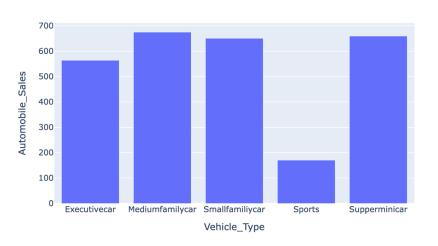


**TASK 12** 

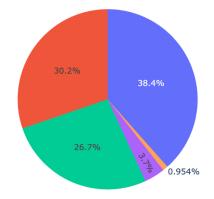
#### Automobile Sales over Recession Periods



#### Average Sales by Vehicle Type during Recession



#### Ad Expenditure by Vehicle Type during Recession



# Dashboard with Plotly Dash

- Success Pie Chart: [Insert screenshot]

  Insight: [Insert, e.g., "CCAFS SLC-40 dominates"].
- Highest Success Ratio: [Insert screenshot] Insight: [Insert, e.g., "KSC LC-39A at 90%"].
- Payload vs. Outcome: [Insert screenshot]
  Insight: [Insert, e.g., "Success drops above 6000 kg"].

# Predictive Analysis

- Accuracy Comparison:

   [Insert bar chart]
   Insight: [Insert, e.g.,
   "Random Forest at 85%"].
- Confusion Matrix: [Insert matrix]
   Insight: [Insert, e.g.,
   "Strong success
   prediction"].

#### **TASK 11**

Calculate the accuracy of knn\_cv on the test data using the method score :

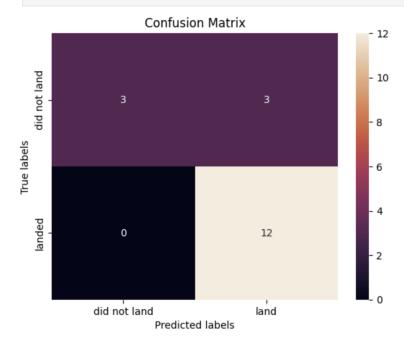
```
In [48]:

accuracy = knn_cv.score(X_test, Y_test)
print("Accuracy on test data:", accuracy)

Accuracy on test data: 0.833333333333334

We can plot the confusion matrix
```

In [49]:
 yhat = knn\_cv.predict(X\_test)
 plot\_confusion\_matrix(Y\_test,yhat)



#### **TASK 12**

## Conclusion

## • Key Insights:

- Top site: [Insert site].
- Optimal payload: [Insert range].
- Best model accuracy: [Insert accuracy].
- Significance: Comprehensive analysis enhances mission planning.
- Future Work: Add weather data, real-time predictions.

# Appendix

### • Resources:

- Code snippets (Python, SQL).
- Extra visuals (e.g., feature importance).
- GitHub: Refer to repository for full code.

