S. 2

To appropriate the National Aeronautics and Space Administration necessary funds in order to hold a competition to create a robotic orbital probe program in order to later host a mission to the outer planets.

IN THE UNITED STATES SENATE

July 12th, 2021

Mr. Francis, (for himself, Ms. Kelly, Congressperson Collins, Mr. Corey, Mr. Wood, Ms. Kimberlee, Mr. Solomon, Mr. Miller) introduced the following bill to the Senate;

A BILL

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America Assembled.

SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE

(a) SHORT TITLE — This Act may be cited as the "NASA Outer Planets Competition Act".

SECTION 2. SEVERABILITY

(a) SEVERABILITY — Should any provision of this Act be deemed invalid or unconstitutional for any reason in a court with relevant jurisdiction, the

rest of the Act, and the application of the remaining provisions, shall not be affected.

SECTION 3. DEFINITIONS

- (a) For the purposes of this act the following shall mean as defined
 - (i) OUTER PLANETS The planets of Neptune and Uranus.
 - (ii) NASA The National Aeronautics and Space Administration.
 - (iii) PROBE An orbital and unmanned spacecraft used for the collection of science around various bodies.
 - (iv) THE COMPETITION The Outer Planet Probe Design Competition.
 - (v) CORPORATION 'Corporation' shall be defined as it is in 15 U.S. Code §44.
 - (vi) DESIGN A design for a probe for the Outer Planet Probe Design Competition.
 - (vii) REJECTED Having not won The Competition.

SECTION 4. FINDINGS

- (a) CONGRESS finds that
 - (i) The two outer planets have been unvisited since the Voyager Probes in the nineteen-eighties.
 - (ii) Transfer windows to Neptune and Uranus are up and coming all throughout the two-thousand-twenties.
 - (iii) With current budgetary surpluses, a new NASA probe mission is currently able to be funded.

SECTION 5. COMPETITION

- (a) IN GENERAL
 - (i) NASA shall host a competition under the title of "Outer Planet Probe Design Competition".
 - (ii) The Outer Planet Probe Design Competition shall end 1,095 calendar days after its beginning
 - (iii) After The Competition ends, under the circumstance NASA finds submissions good enough for their standards, they shall pick a winning design to build and later launch into space.
 - (iv) Prior to the competition beginning, the team running the competition shall meet in order to create guidelines and requirements in picking a winning design.

- (v) A probe design shall be rejected if the estimated funding requirement is over \$700,000,000.
- (vi) A probe design shall be rejected if it incorporates technology that is not yet available to NASA.
- (vii) A probe design shall be rejected if the main purpose of its mission is not to study one of the Outer Planets or their various moons.
- (viii) The winning design shall be decided within 6 months or 182 calendar days after the end of the competition.
 - (ix) After picking a winning design, NASA shall be allowed to change it or manipulate it in any way in order to save funding or due to any logistical/practical needs.
 - (x) Any persons, organization, or corporation shall be allowed to submit a design.

SECTION 6. FUNDING

(a) FUNDING — NASA is authorized to be appropriated \$700,000,000 in order to host the competition, build, launch, and operate the winning design mission over the course of the mission.

SECTION 7. ENACTMENT

(a) ENACTMENT — The provisions of this Act shall come into full force immediately upon signage.