# H.R. 4

To ordain and establish the current makeup of the Federal judiciary into statute and authorize additional judgeships

# IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES OF THE UNITED STATES

June 4th, 2023

Mr. Jones (for himself) introduced the following bill;

## A BILL

-To ordain and establish the current make up of the Federal Judiciary into statue and authorize additional judgeships-

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,

#### **SEC.1. SHORT TITLE**

This bill shall be cited as the "Judiciary Act of 2023"

#### SEC. 2. FINDINGS.

Congress finds that—

- (a) The United States requires the current judiciary to be enshrined into law under Article III of the Constitution
- (b) The Court of Appeals for the Federal Circuit and its District Courts requires additional judgeships to better provide equal access to justice.

### SEC. 3. DEFINITIONS.

In this Act—

- (a) COURT OF APPEALS.— The term "Court of Appeals" refers to the term as defined under Title 28 U.S Code § 43
- (b) DISTRICT COURT.— The term "District Court" refers to the term as defined under Title 28 U.S. Code § 132
- (c) DISTRICT JUDGE.— The term "District Judge" refers to a Judge of a District Court.

#### **SEC. 4. PROVISIONS**

- (a) IN GENERAL.—The following sections of the U.S. Code are to be amended as follows.
  - (i) Title 28 U.S. Code § 41 is struck and read to say
    - (1) The Judicial Circuit of the United States is constituted as follows:
      - a) The Federal Circuit which is composed of all Federal judicial districts
  - (ii) Title 28 U.S. Code § 44 is struck and read to say
    - (1) The District Judges appointed under Title 28 U.S. Code § 133 shall concurrently serve as circuit judges of the Federal Circuit.
  - (iii) Title 28 U.S. Code § 81 is struck and read to say
    - (1) The Commonwealth of Olympia and the District of Columbia are merged into one judicial district to be known as the First Circuit
    - (2) First Circuit
      - a) The First Circuit comprises of two divisions
      - b) The Division of Columbia comprises the District of Columbia.
        - i) Court for the Division of Columbia shall be held at Washington D.C.
      - c) The Division of Olympia comprises the Commonwealth of Olympia
        - i) Court for the Division of Olympia shall be held at Boston.
  - (iv) Title 28 U.S. Code § 82 is struck and read to say

- (1) The Commonwealth of Lincoln and the State of Jackson are merged into one judicial district to be known as the Second Circuit
- (2) Second Circuit
  - a) The Second Circuit shall comprise of two divisions
  - The Division of Lincoln shall comprise of the Commonwealth of Lincoln
    - Court for the Division of Lincoln shall be held in Columbus
  - The Division of Jackson shall comprise of the State of Jackson
    - i) Court for the Division of Jackson shall be held in Atlanta
- (v) Title 28 U.S. Code § 83 is struck and read to say
  - (1) The State of Frontier and the District of Pacifica are merged into one judicial district to be known as the Third Circuit
  - (2) Third Circuit
    - a) The Third Circuit shall comprise of two divisions
    - The Division of Frontier shall comprise of the State of Frontier
      - i) Court for the Division of Frontier shall be held in Lincoln
    - c) The Division of Pacifica shall comprise of the District of Pacifica
      - i) Court for the Division of Pacifica shall be held in Sacramento
- (vi) Title 28 U.S. Code § 81A, Title 28 U.S. Code § 84-131 are hereby repealed
- (vii) Title 28 U.S. Code § 133 is struck and read to say
  - (1) The President shall appoint, by and with advice and consent of the Senate, district judges for the several districts, as follows
  - (2) Two Judges for the First Circuit
  - (3) Two Judges for the Second Circuit

- (4) Two Judges for the Third Circuit
- (viii) Title 28 U.S. Code § 134 (b) is struck and read to say
  - (1) Each district judge shall reside in the district for which he is appointed.
  - (ix) All currently active District Judges shall retain their positions.

# **SEC. 5. SUPREMACY:**

All laws in conflict with this legislation are hereby declared null and void.

# **SEC. 6. ENACTMENT:**

EFFECTIVE DATE.— The provisions of this Act shall come into force immediately upon passage.