



# Modern Application Design: Building effective services

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**AWS**



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# Agenda

## 1. The Business Case for Modern Applications

## 2. Architectural Patterns

- Monoliths and microservices
- Event driven systems
- Workflow orchestration and state

## 3. Operating Model

- Deployment Model
- Choosing the right abstraction
- Distributed Tracing and Monitoring

## 4. Software Delivery

- Pipelines
- Deployment

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# Modern Applications – The Business Case

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# The new normal: companies are increasingly global and products are increasingly digital

47%

of CEOs said they are being challenged by the board of directors to make progress in digital business

79%

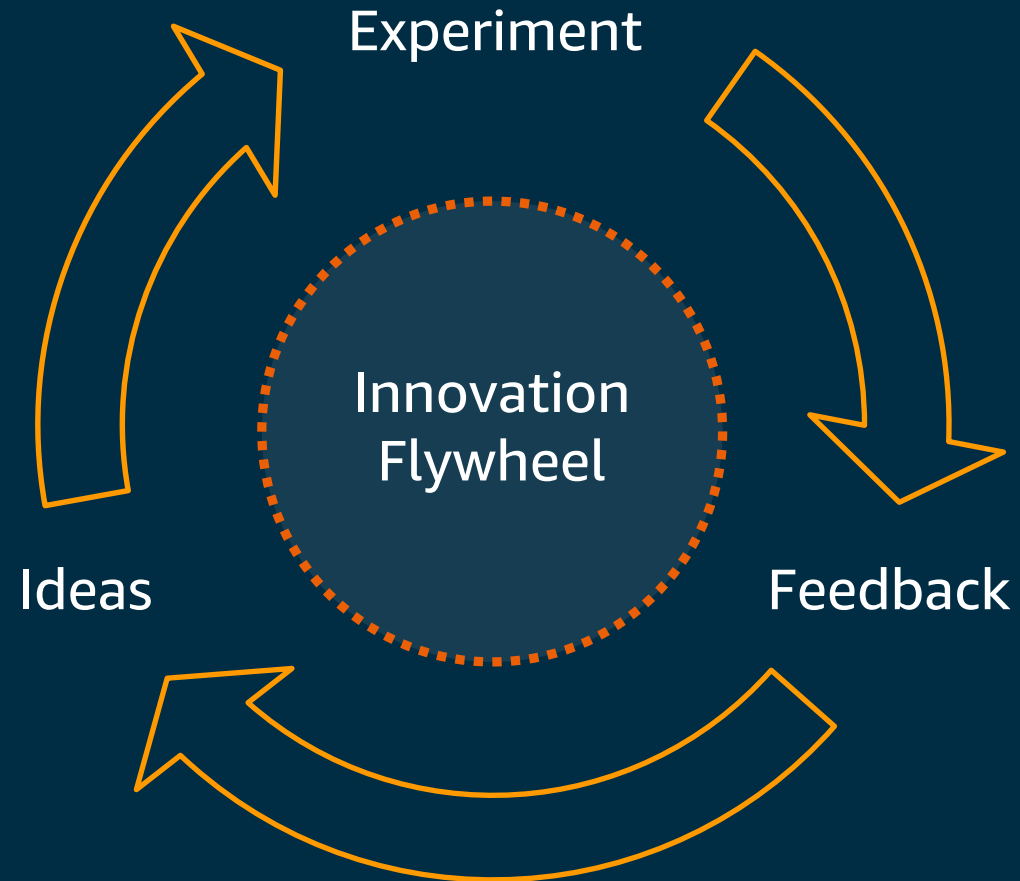
of CIOs believe that digital business is making their IT organizations better prepared to change

67%

of all business leaders believe that they must pick up the pace of digitalization to remain competitive

Source: Gartner

To maintain competitive advantage, digital businesses must innovate as rapidly as possible



# AWS customers are pioneering modern applications



reduced overall compute costs by 95%



cut processing time from 36 hours to 10 seconds



created a stock trade validation system in 3 months



releases over 50+ deployments per hour

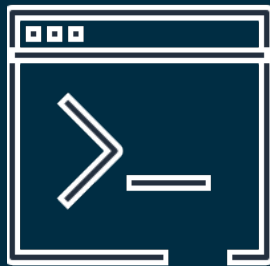
# Modern applications



Built on containers  
and serverless



Microservices architecture  
and distributed



Each component is  
autonomous and independent



See impact of  
isolated errors

What changes  
have to be made  
in this new world?

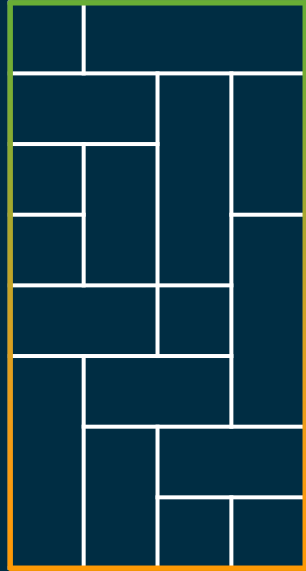
Architectural patterns

Operational model

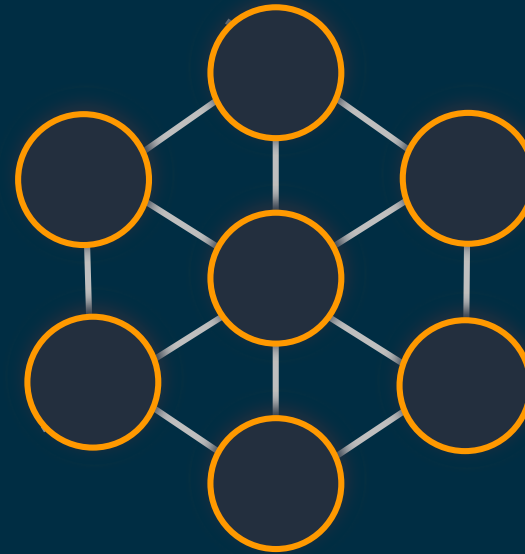
Software delivery



# Architectural Patterns



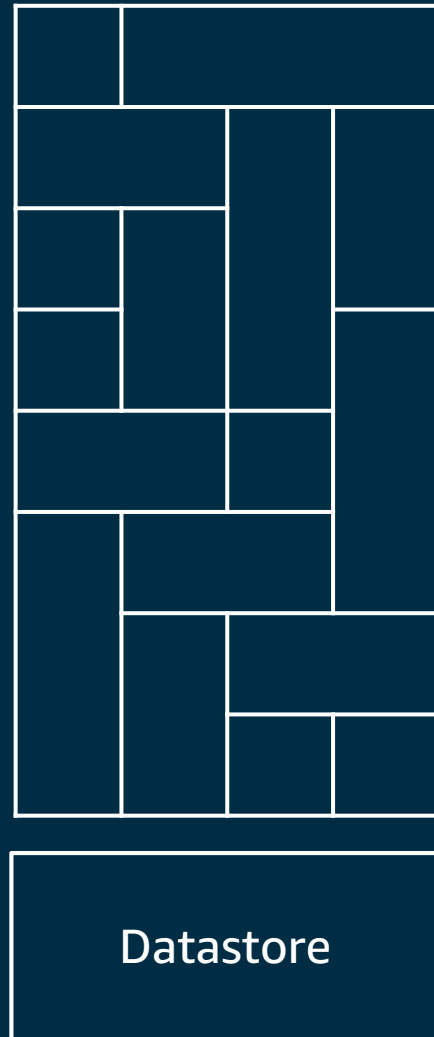
**Monolith**  
Does everything



**Microservices**  
Does one thing

# Architectural Concerns

## Monolith



## Microservice



### Application Code

Datastore

Interface

Logging

Deployment logic

### Single Artifact

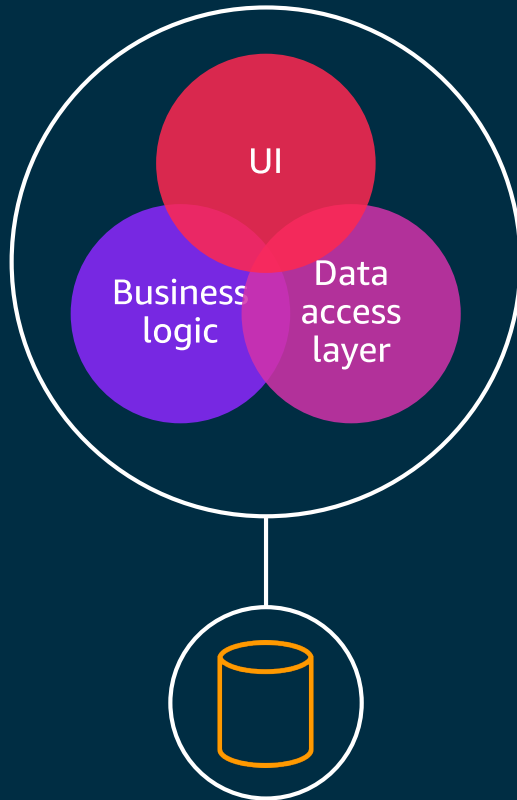
Shared Datastore

Shared Interface

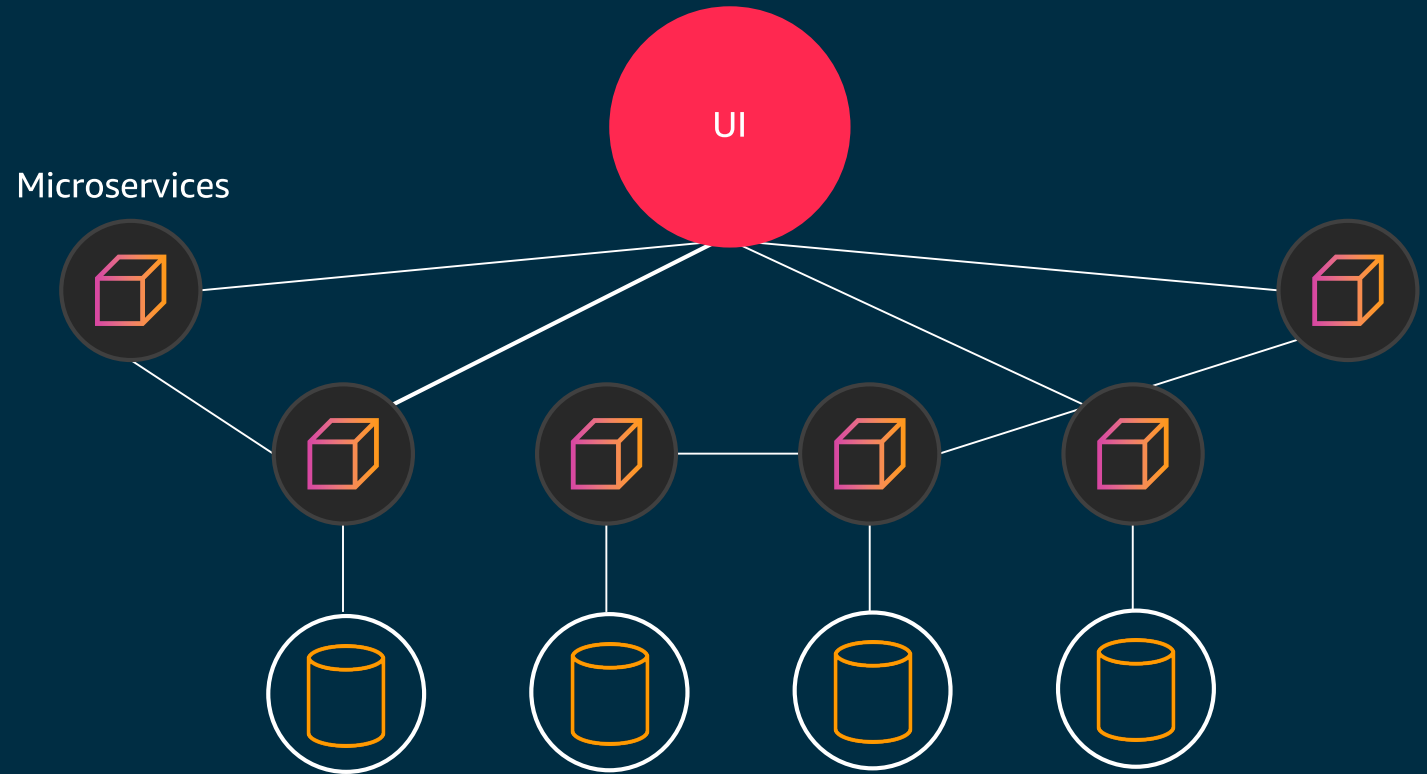
Shared Logging

Single Deployment

# Architecture Choices

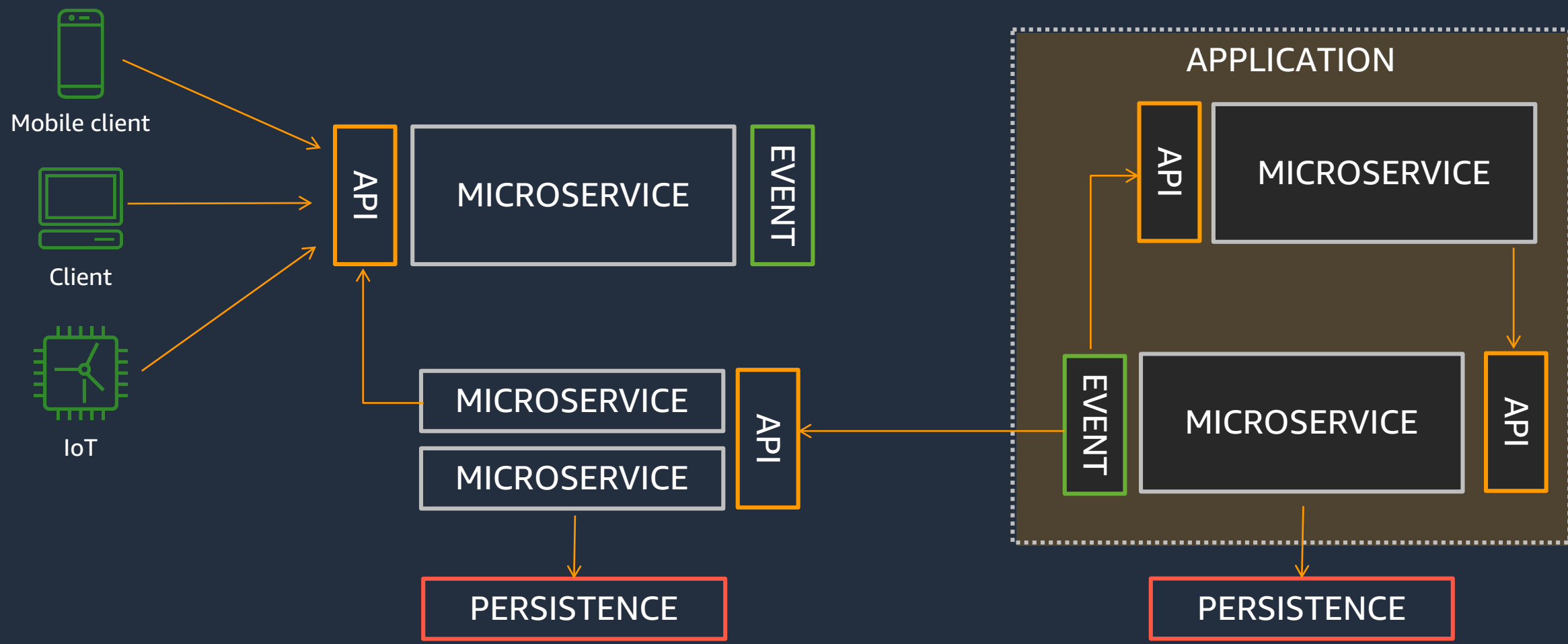


Monolithic architecture

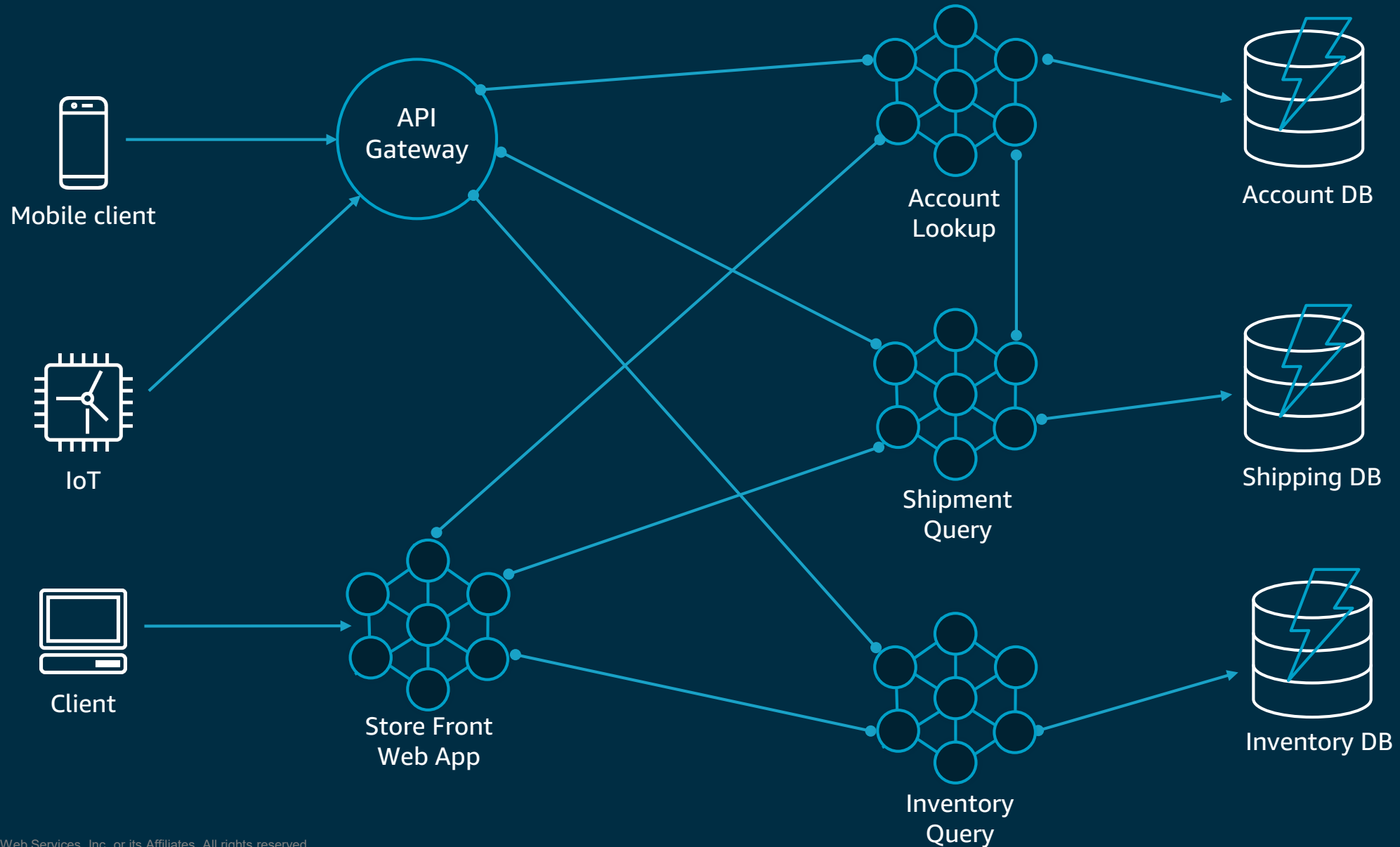


Microservices architecture

# Microservices architectures



# Monoliths and Microservices

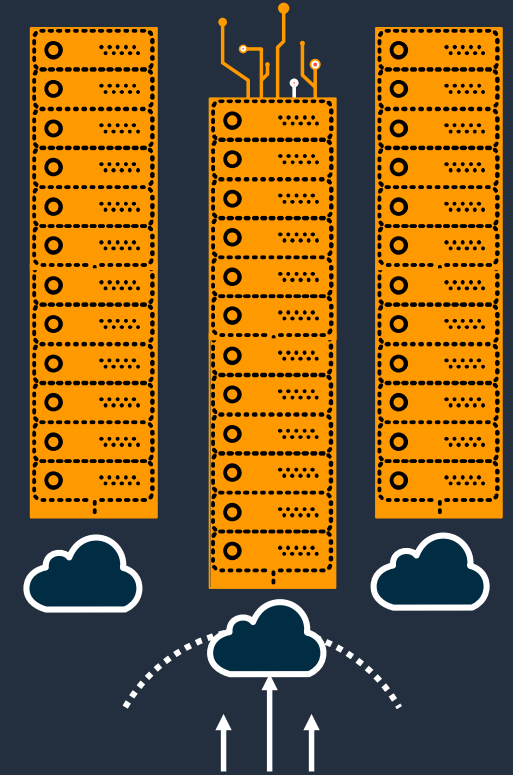


# Let's take a look at the evolution of computing

- Higher utilization
- Faster provisioning speed
- Improved uptime
- Disaster recovery
- Hardware independence

- Trade CAPEX for OPEX
- More scale
- Elastic resources
- Faster speed and agility
- Reduced maintenance
- Better availability and fault tolerance

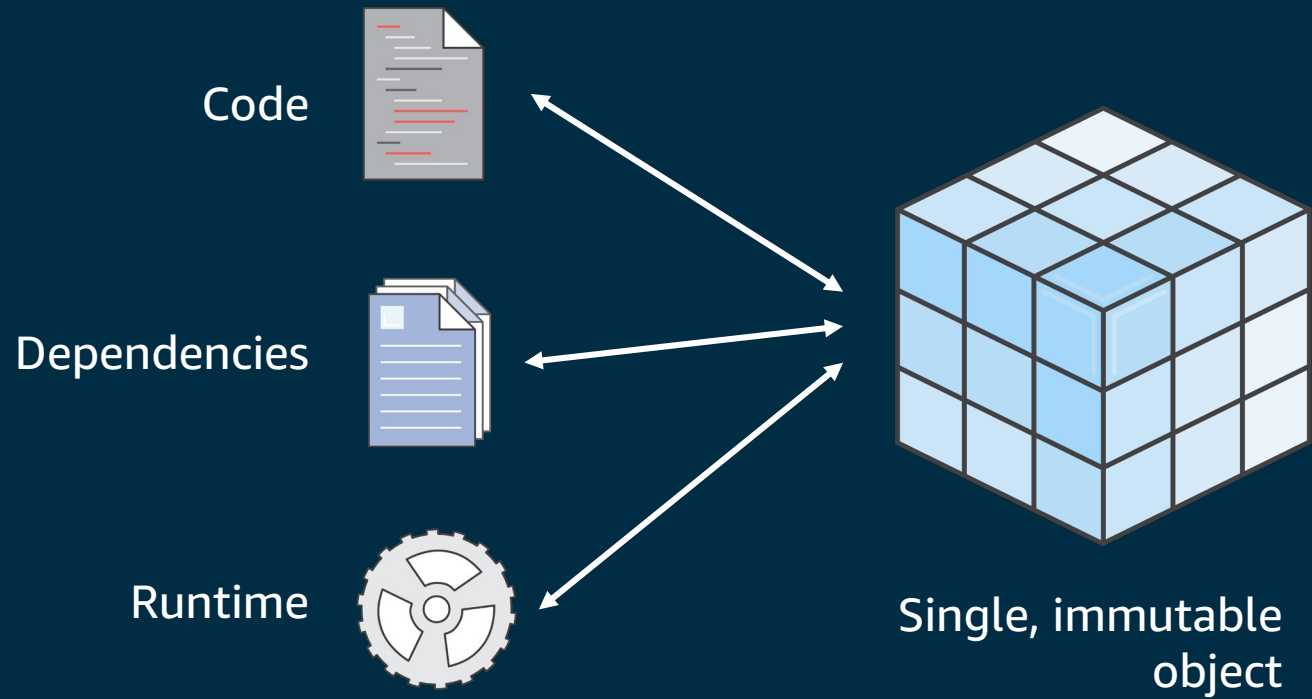
## Virtual Servers in the Cloud



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# What is a container?

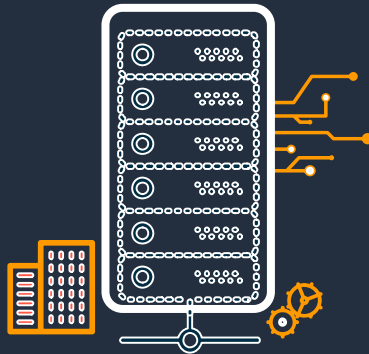


# Evolving to Serverless

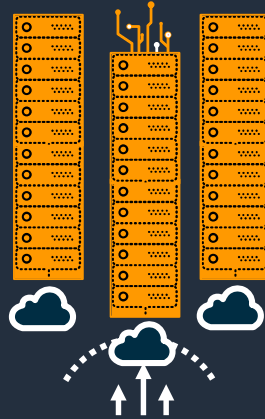
Physical Servers  
in Datacenters



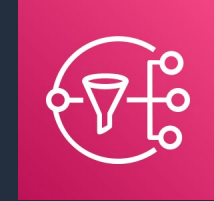
Virtual Servers  
in Datacenters



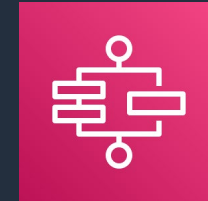
Virtual Servers  
in the Cloud



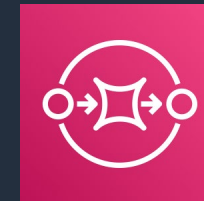
Lambda



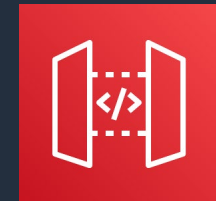
Simple Notification Service



Step Functions

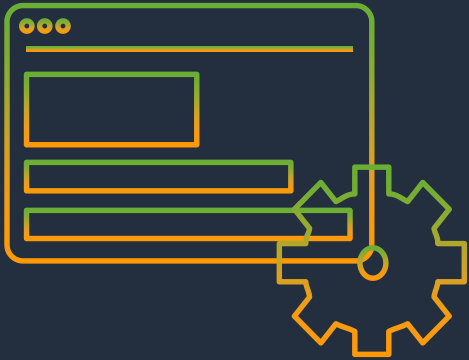


Simple Queue Service



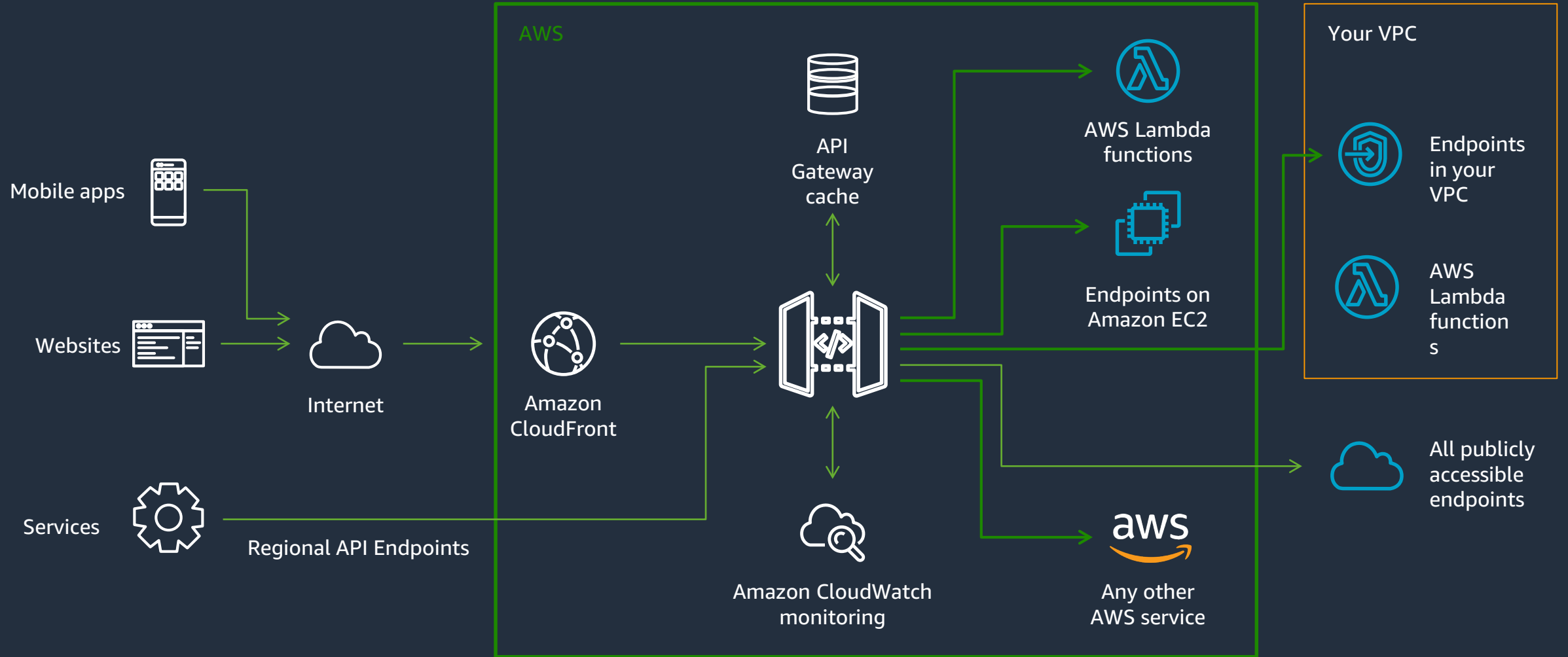
API Gateway



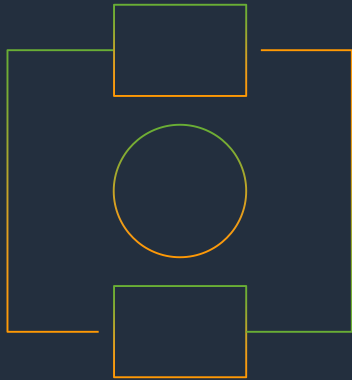


# APIs are the front door of microservices

# Manage APIs with API Gateway



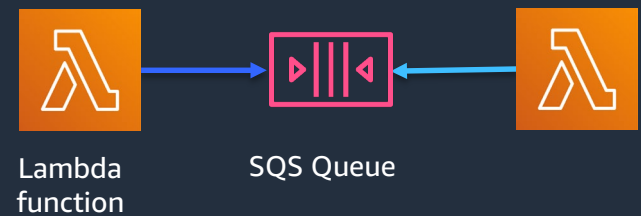
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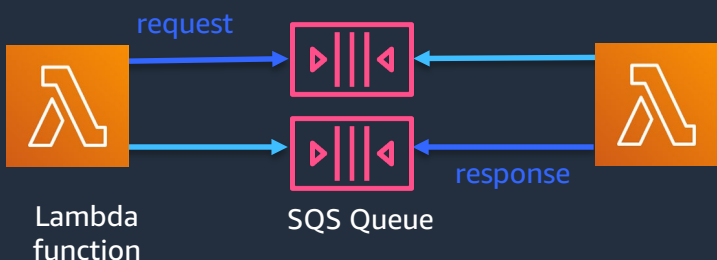
# Event-driven architectures

# Microservices messaging patterns

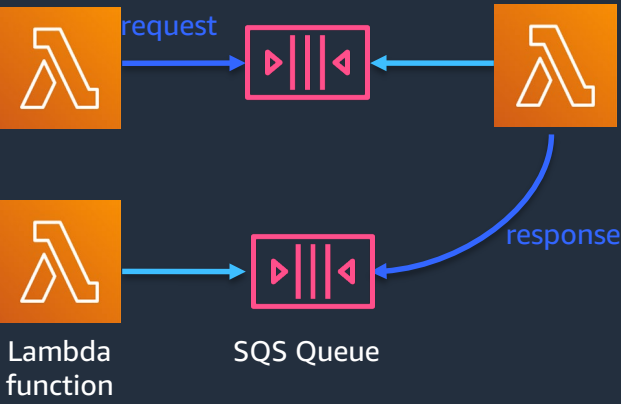
## One-Way



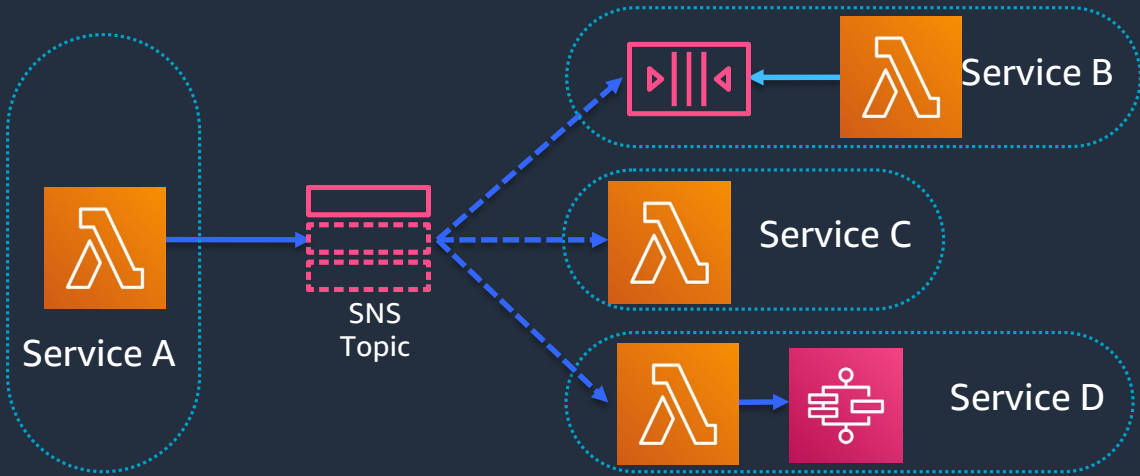
## Request / Response



## Return Address



## Publish / Subscribe



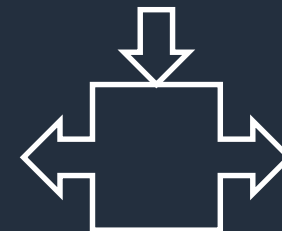
"I want to  
retry failed tasks"



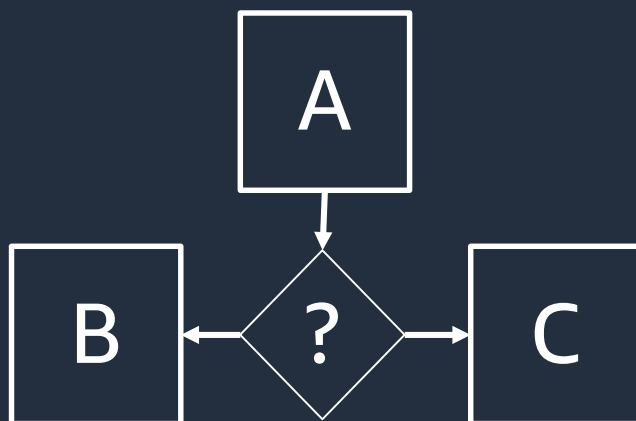
"I want to  
sequence tasks"



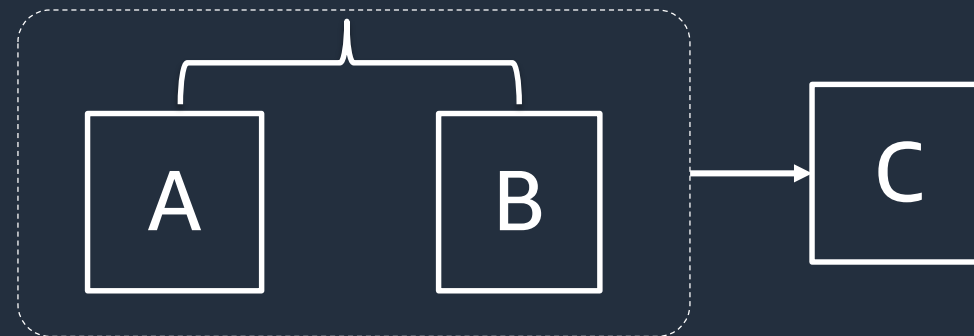
"I want  
try/catch/finally"



"I want to  
select tasks based on data"

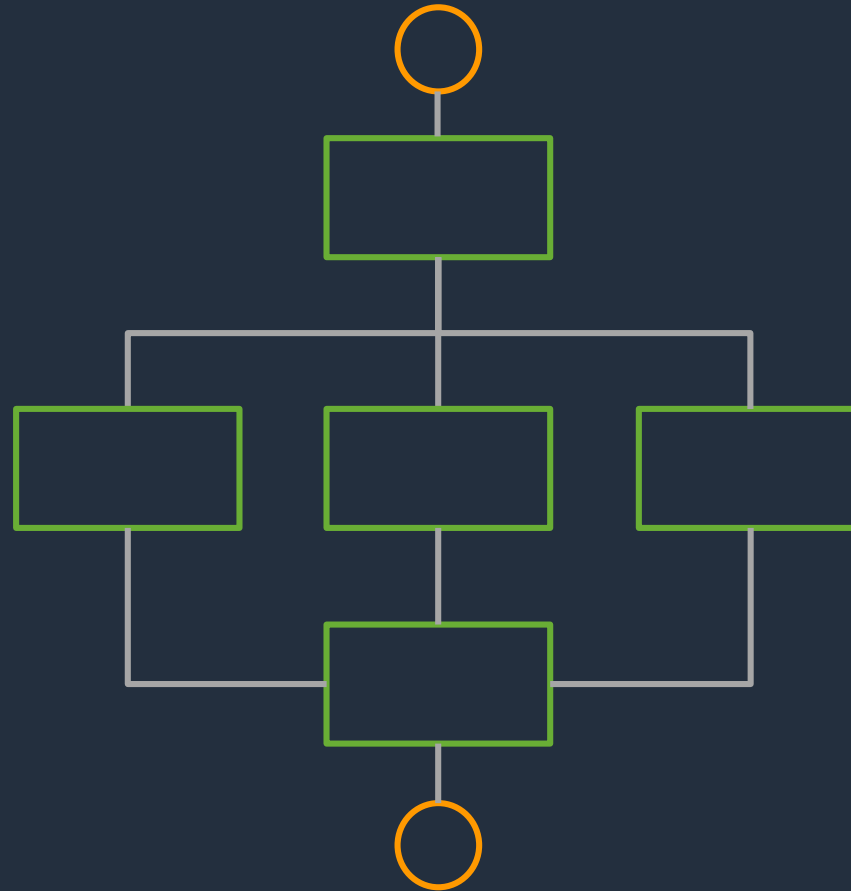


"I want to  
run tasks in parallel"



# Build workflows to orchestrate everything

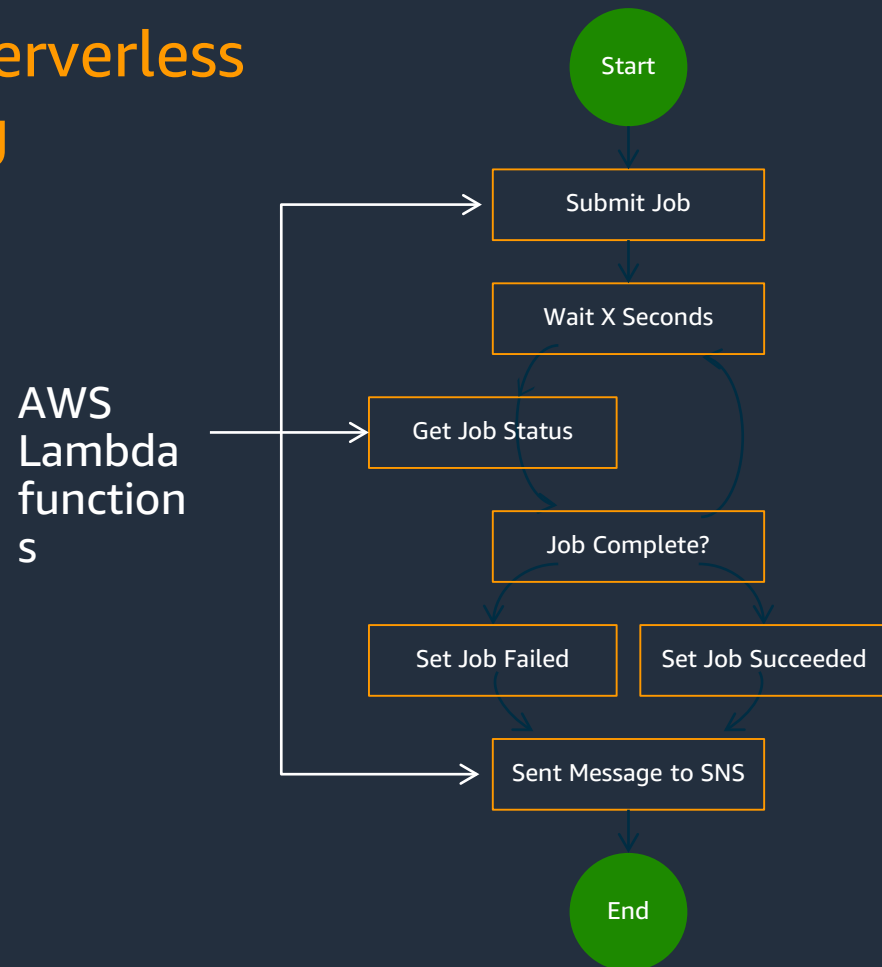
Track status of data  
and execution



Remove  
redundant code

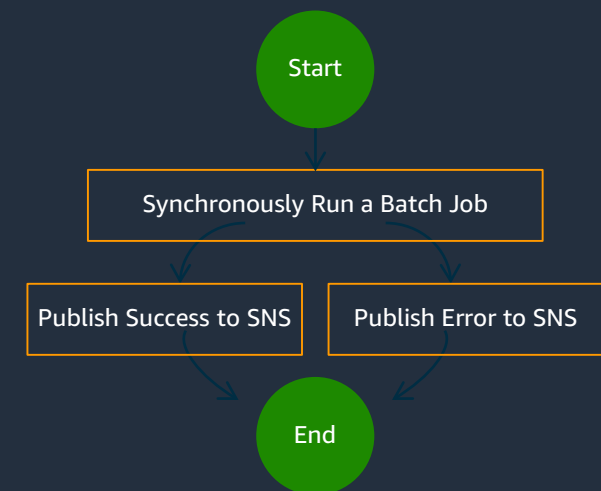
# Simpler integration, less code

## With serverless polling



## With new service integration

No Lambda functions





**Cloud-native architectures are small pieces, loosely joined**





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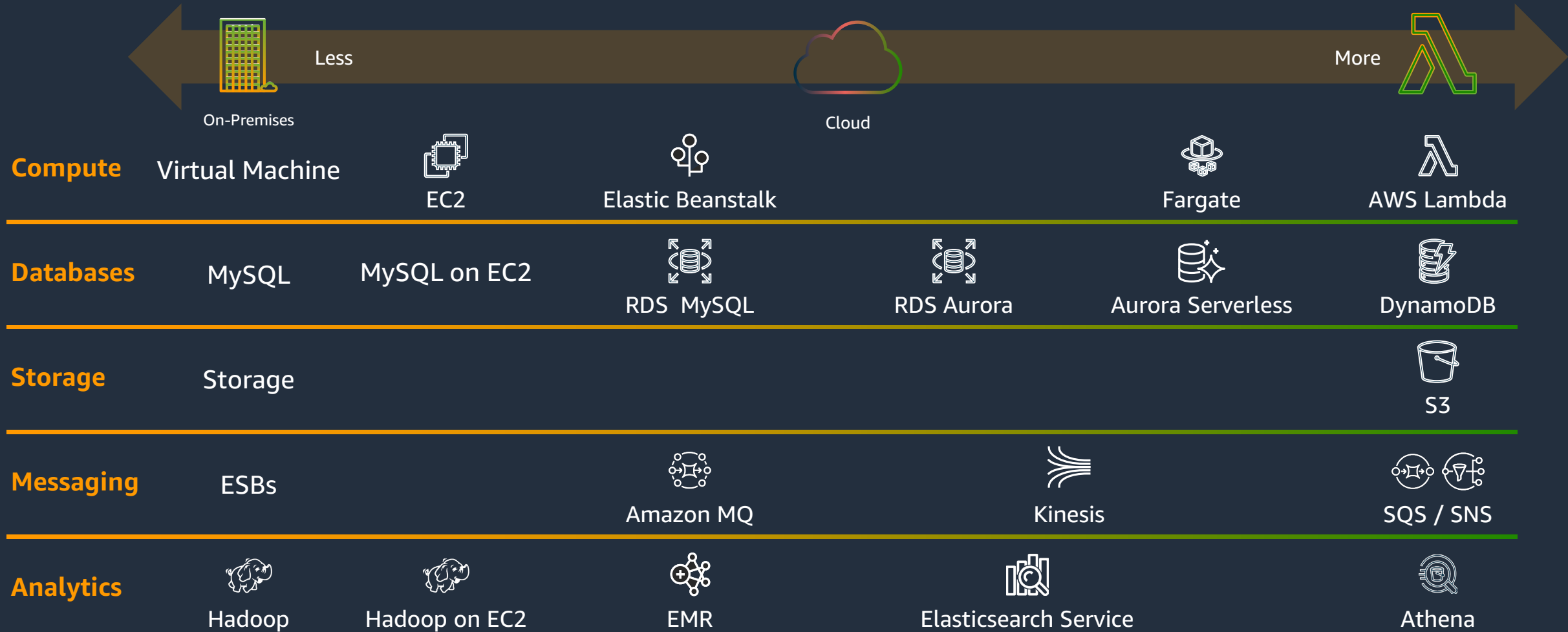
# Changes to the operational model

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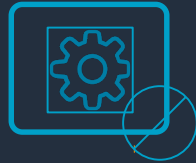


**Isn't all of this very hard now that we have lots of pieces to operate?**

# AWS operational responsibility models



# What is serverless?

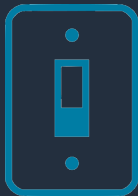


No infrastructure provisioning,  
no management



Automatic scaling

Pay for value



Highly available and secure



# Serverless is an operational model that spans many different categories of services

## COMPUTE



AWS  
Lambda



AWS  
Fargate

## DATA STORES



Amazon  
S3



Amazon Aurora  
Serverless



Amazon  
DynamoDB

## INTEGRATION



Amazon  
API Gateway



Amazon  
SQS



Amazon  
SNS

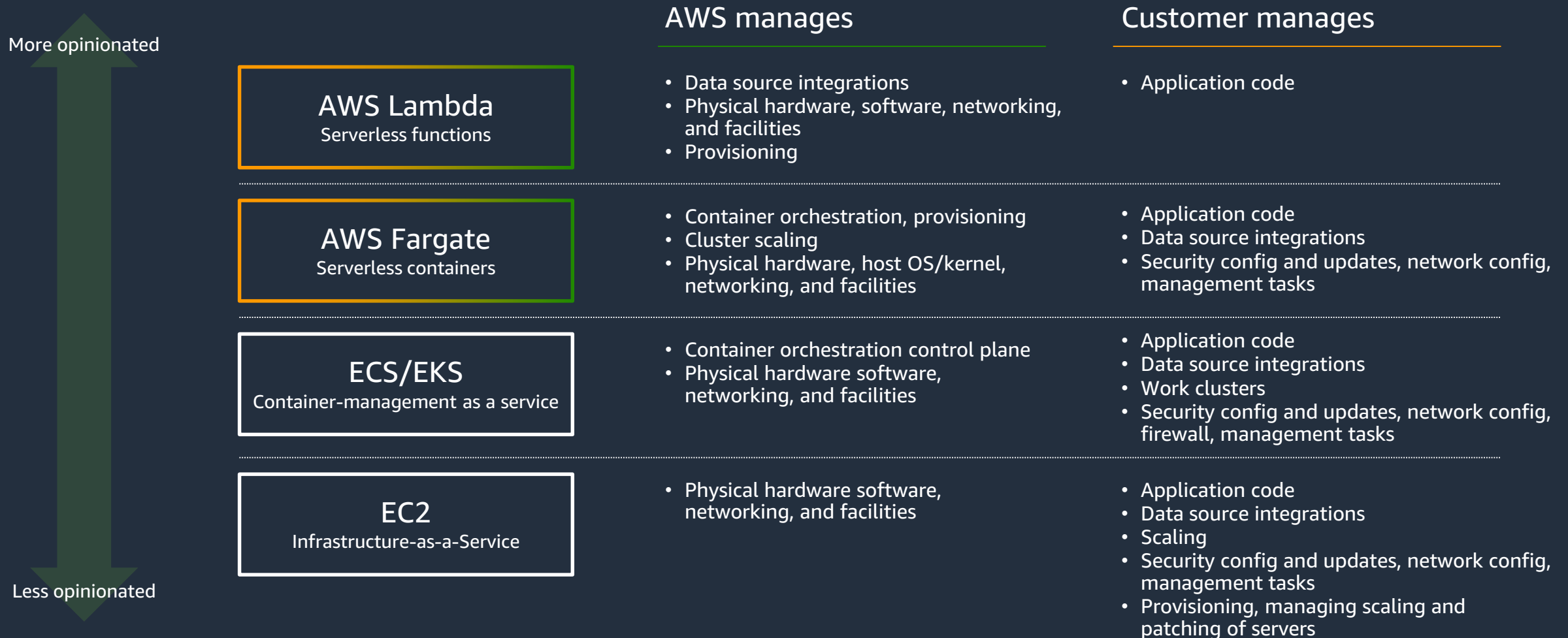


AWS  
Step Functions

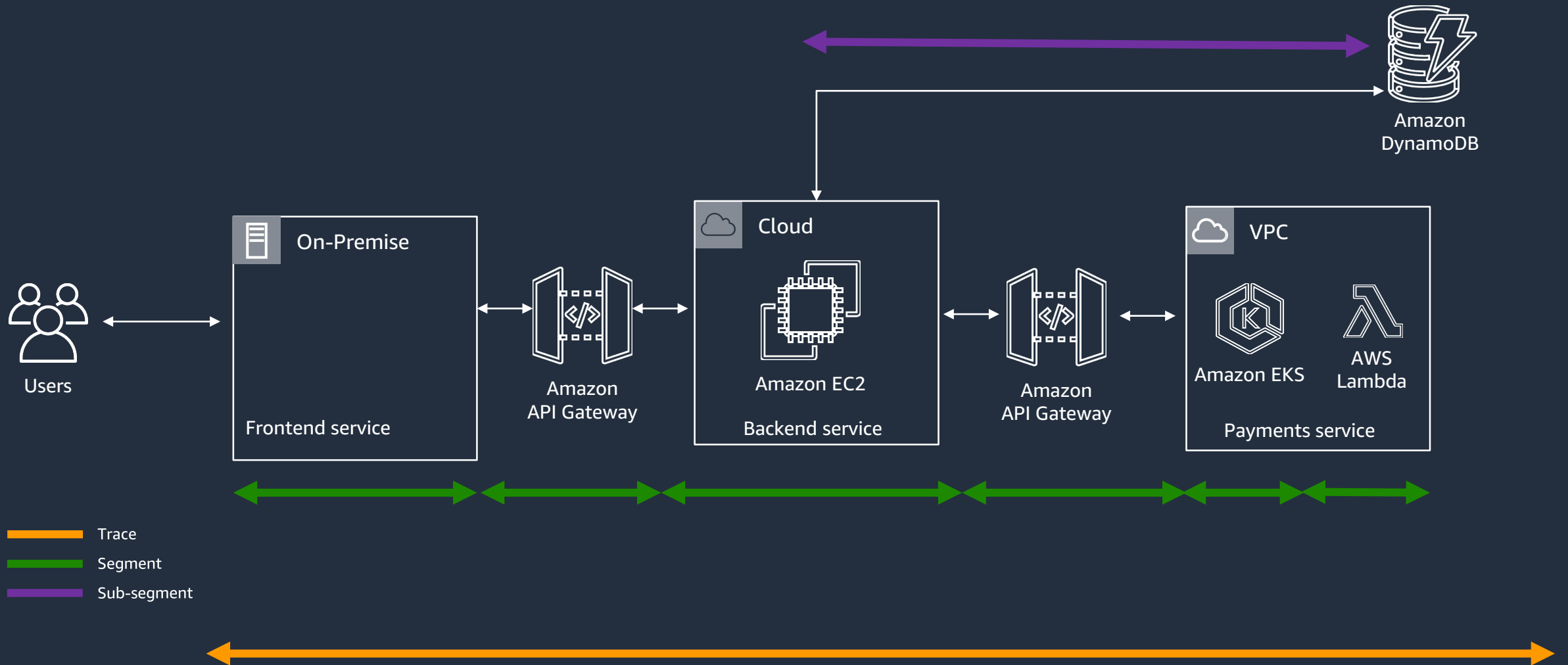


AWS  
AppSync

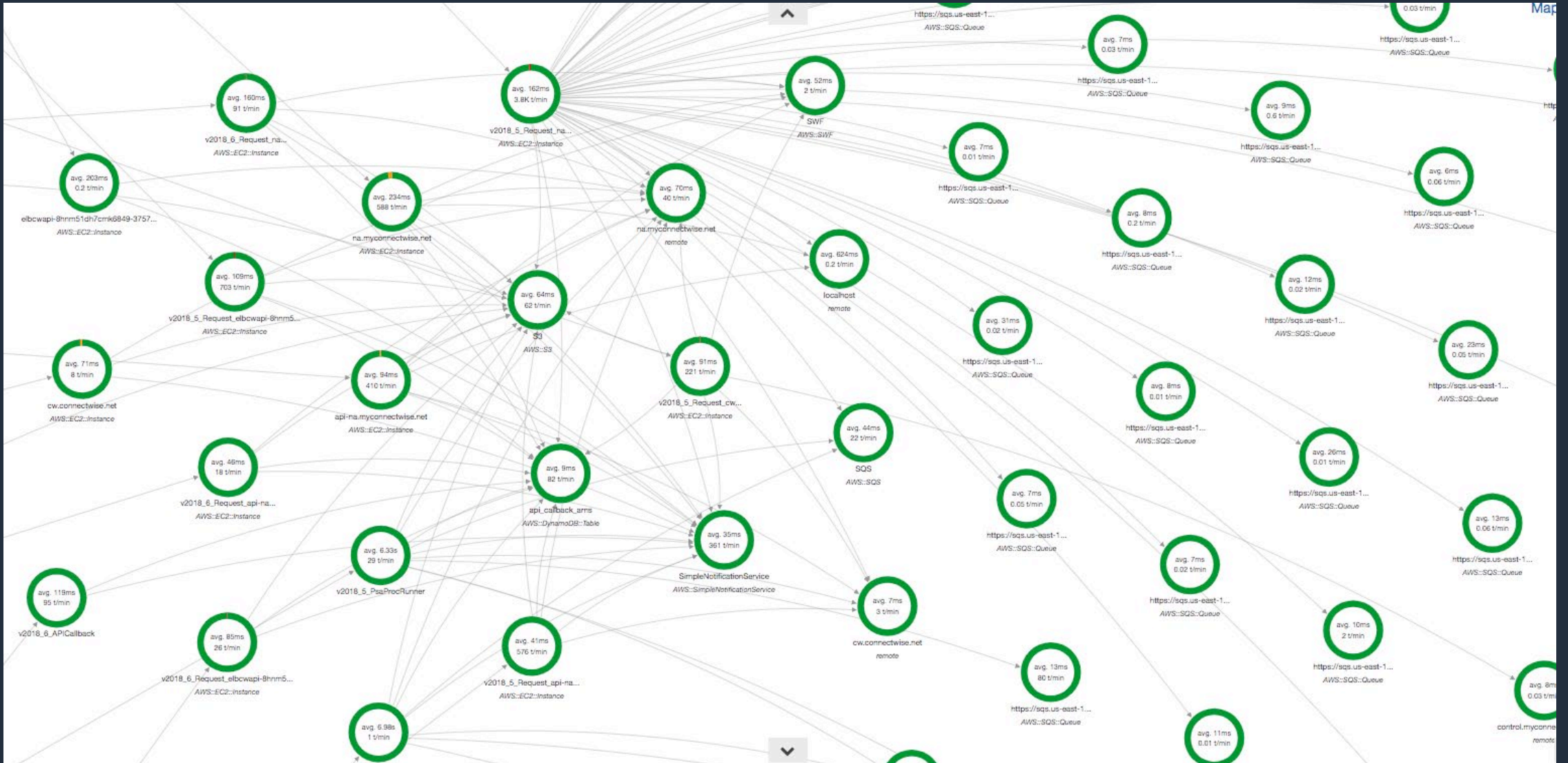
# Comparison of operational responsibility



# Tracing for your modern application



# Real life Distributed Tracing

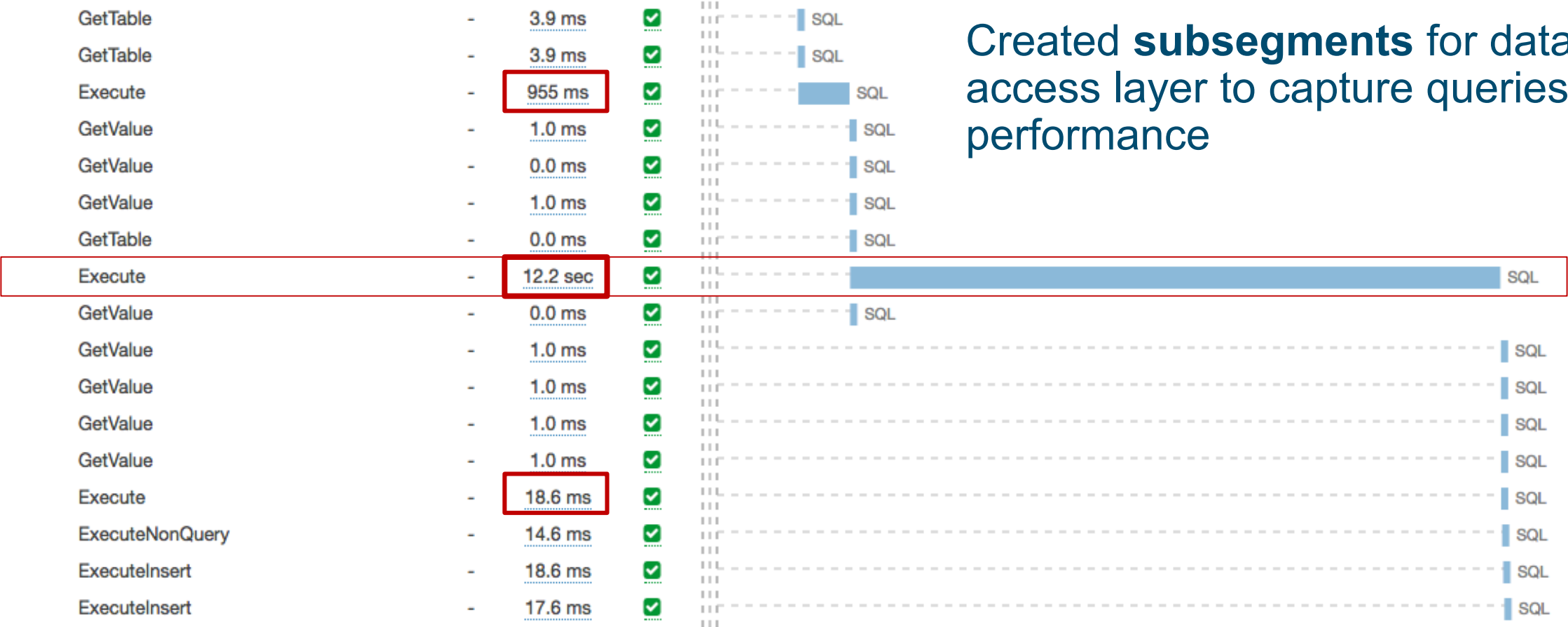


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# Troubleshooting SQL queries performance



# Included the SQL call as a metadata of the segment

## Subsegment - Execute

Overview

Resources

Annotations

Metadata

Exceptions

SQL

```
{
  "default": {
    "parameters": "@Status Int 1124,@UpBy NVarChar 1m-rest,@Recid Int 2331972",
    "CmdText": "UPDATE SR_Service SET SR_Status_RecID = @Status, Updated_By = @UpBy, Last_Update = getDate(), Last_Update_UTC = getUtcDate() \r\n\r\n",
    "CmdType": 1
  }
}
```

Close

GetValue	-	0.0 ms	✓	SQL
GetValue	-	1.0 ms	✓	SQL
GetTable	-	0.0 ms	✓	SQL
Execute	-	12.2 sec	✓	SQL
GetValue	-	0.0 ms	✓	SQL
GetTable	-	1.0 ms	✓	SQL

# SQL performance logs

## Build visibility into performance of database calls using X-Ray APIs

```
aws xray get-trace-summaries --start-time <value> --end-time <value>
```

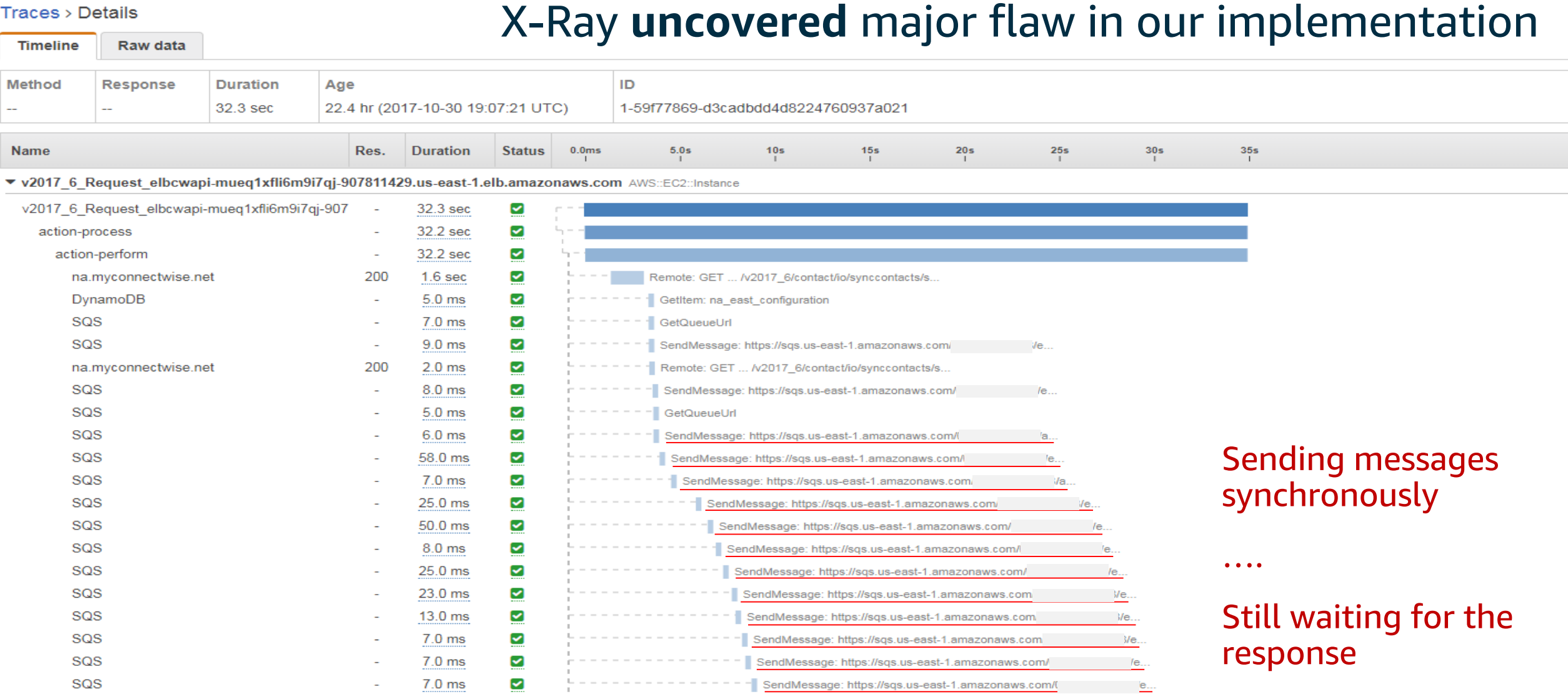
```
aws xray batch-get-traces --trace-ids <trace-ids>
```

Pass trace-ids for SQL calls

Latency (ms)	Parameters	SQL Command
7.0	@RecID Int 32639064	IF EXISTS (SELECT 1 FROM dbo.Schedule_Detail sd LEFT JOIN dbo.Schedule s on s.Schedule_RecID = sd.Schedule_RecID . . .
34.8		IF EXISTS (SELECT sr.SR_Location_RecID FROM DBO.SR_LOCATION as sr WHERE sr.SR_Location_RecID =24) SELECT . . .
1.0	@recid Int 65	SELECT Owner_Level_RecID FROM dbo.User_Defined_Field_Owner_Level WHERE User_Defined_Field_RecID = @recid
18.6	@serviceRecId Int 11111899	SELECT Company_RecID FROM dbo.SR_Service WHERE SR_Service_RecID = @serviceRecId
123.7	@problemFlag Int 1 . . .	exec dbo.usp_getSRDetailTable @problemFlag, @resolutionFlag, @internalAnalysisFlag, @serviceRecID, @includeChild
1201.8	@problemFlag Int 1 . . .	exec dbo.usp_getSRDetailTable @problemFlag, @resolutionFlag, @internalAnalysisFlag, @serviceRecID, @includeChild

# Entity sync issue

## X-Ray uncovered major flaw in our implementation



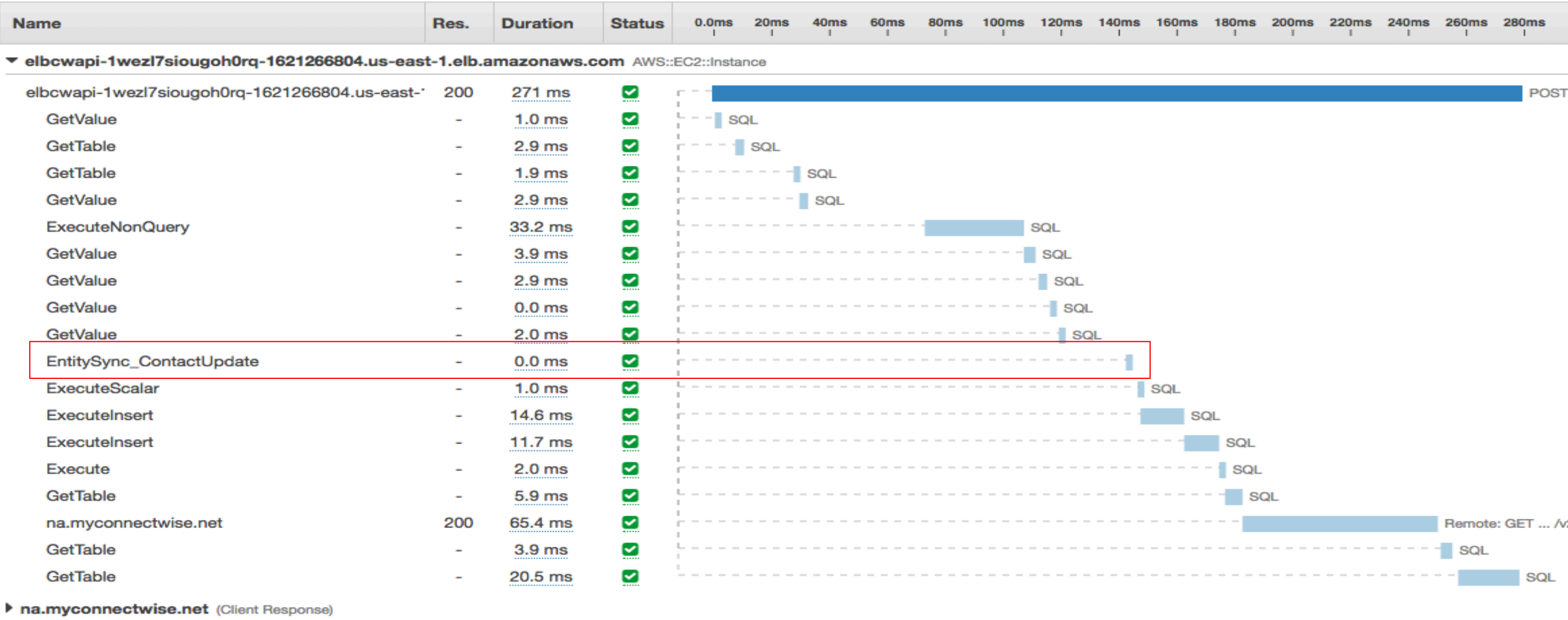
Sending messages synchronously

....

Still waiting for the response



# Entity sync resolved



Syncing is now taking place on an **asynchronous worker threads**, no impact on main application



# By user

## Create user annotation from session in the existing segment

```
AWSXRayRecorder.Instance.SafeAddAnnotation("MemberID", HttpContext.Current.Request.Cookies["memberId"].Value);
```

Q (service("v2018\_6\_Request\_")) AND Annotation.CompanyName = "



2018/10/23 08:28 - 2018/10/23 12:32



### Trace overview

Group by:

Annotation.MemberID

Stopped 74% scanned (found 1,000+ traces)

Annotation.MemberID	Avg response time	% of Traces	Response
	51.5 ms	23.50%	235 OK, 0 Throttled, 0 Errors, 0 Faults
	44.6 ms	12.00%	120 OK, 0 Throttled, 0 Errors, 0 Faults
	51.6 ms	9.70%	97 OK, 0 Throttled, 0 Errors, 0 Faults
	41.8 ms	9.70%	97 OK, 0 Throttled, 0 Errors, 0 Faults
	9.1 ms	8.70%	87 OK, 0 Throttled, 0 Errors, 0 Faults

# Business impact - Usage analytics

## Trace overview

Group by: Annotation.EntityType ▼

Done 100%

Annotation.EntityType ▼	Avg response time ▼	% of Traces ▼	Response
<a href="#">Ticket</a>	1.9 sec	39.88%	268 OK, 0 Throttled, 0 Errors, 0 Faults
<a href="#">ContactName</a>	258 ms	15.18%	102 OK, 0 Throttled, 0 Errors, 0 Faults
<a href="#">Contact</a>	258 ms	15.18%	102 OK, 0 Throttled, 0 Errors, 0 Faults
<a href="#">Product</a>	704 ms	6.99%	47 OK, 0 Throttled, 0 Errors, 0 Faults
<a href="#">Activity</a>	704 ms	6.99%	47 OK, 0 Throttled, 0 Errors, 0 Faults

**Annotation.EntityType** indicates application modules

**% of traces** will give you usage metrics by modules within specific time frame

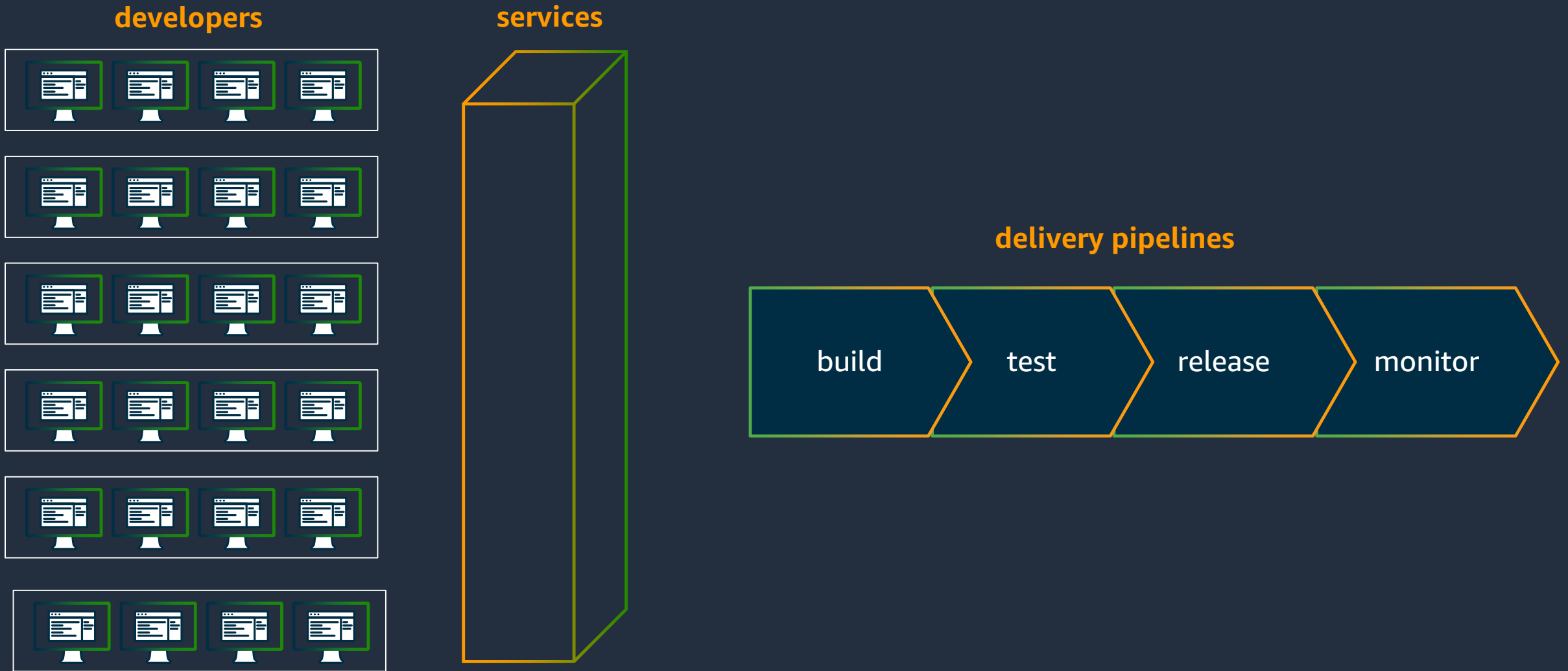
# Changes to the delivery of software



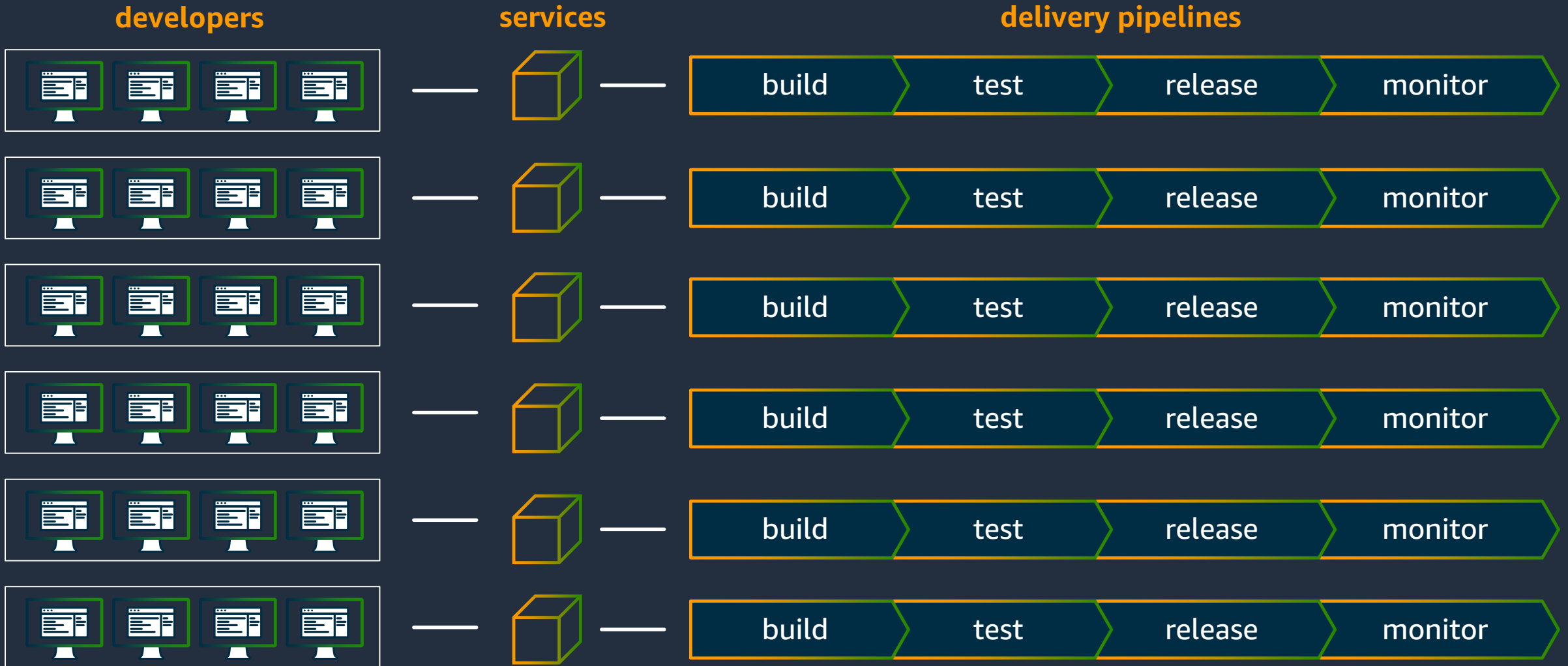


**How do I develop and deploy code in a serverless microservices architecture?**

# Monolith development lifecycle



# Microservice development lifecycle



# Best practices



Decompose for agility  
(*microservices, 2 pizza teams*)



Automate everything



Standardized tools



Belts and suspenders  
(*governance, templates*)



Infrastructure as code

# AWS Developer Tools for CI/CD



**AWS CodePipeline**

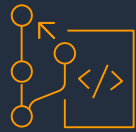
Source

Build

Test

Deploy

Monitor



**AWS CodeCommit**



**AWS CodeBuild**



**AWS CodeBuild +  
Third Party**

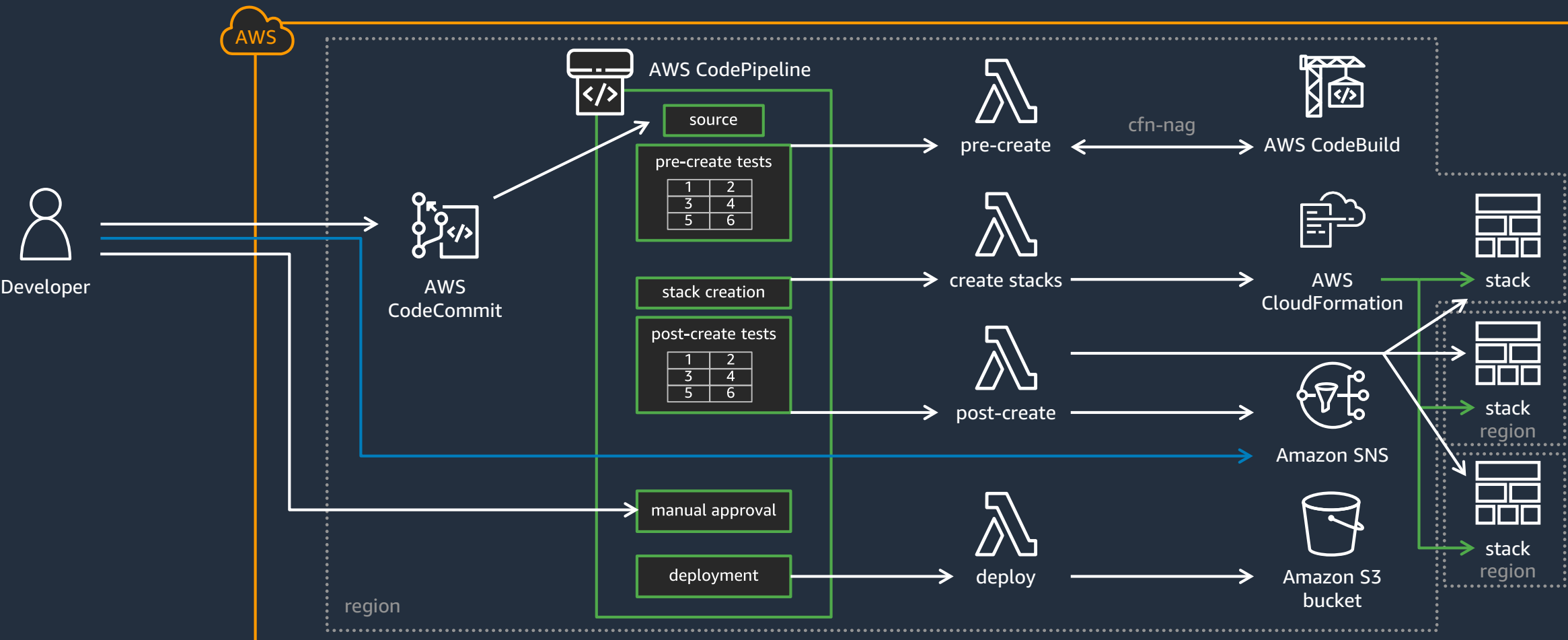


**AWS CodeDeploy**

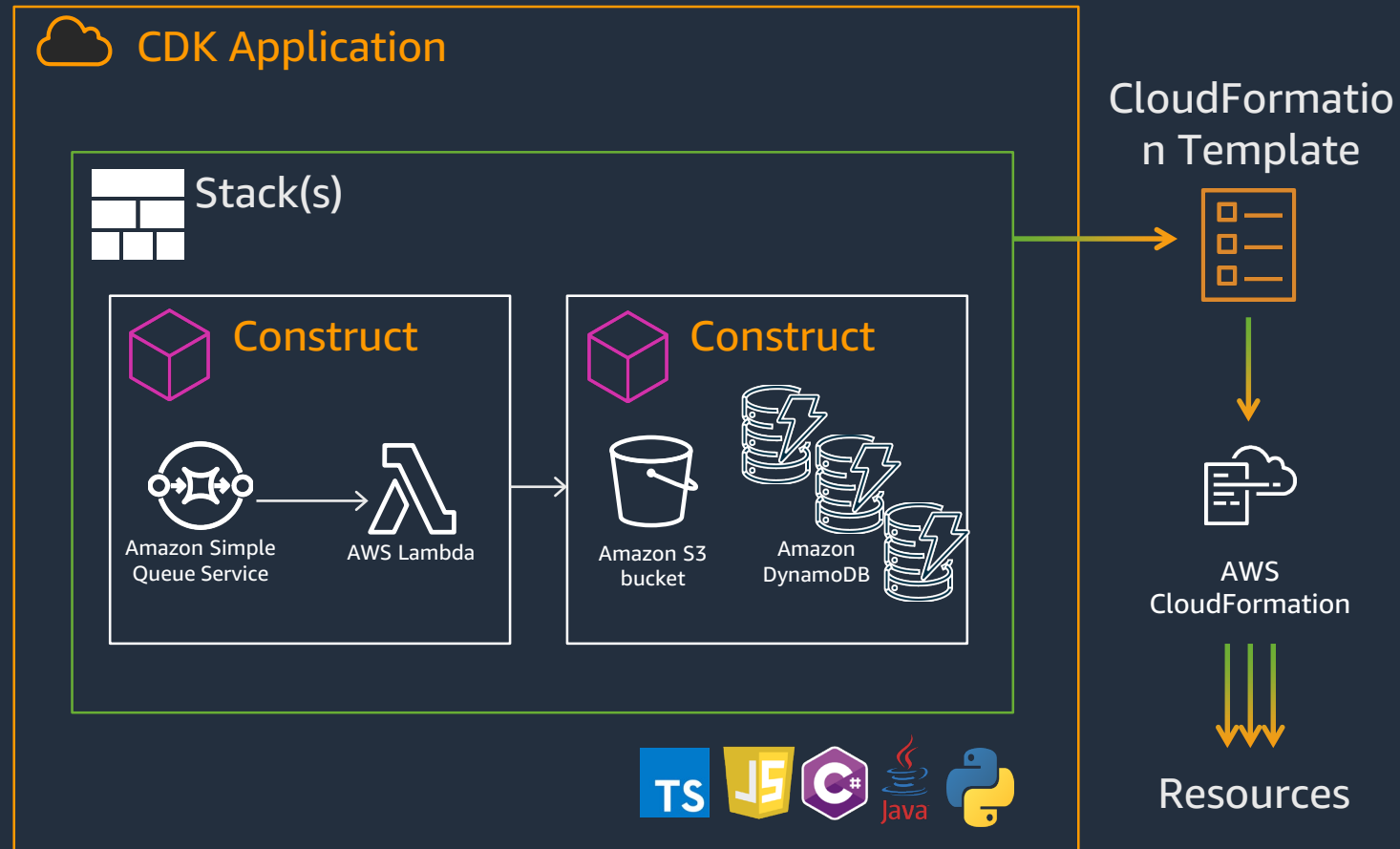


**AWS X-Ray**

# How can we best model and provision our infrastructure?



# AWS Cloud Development Kit



# AWS customers are pioneering modern applications



reduced overall compute costs by 95%



cut processing time from 36 hours to 10 seconds



created a stock trade validation system in 3 months



releases over 50+ deployments per hour



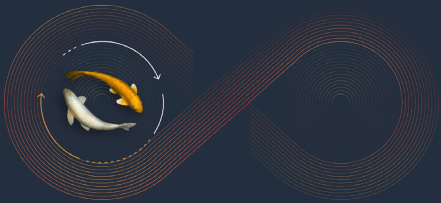
# Where to learn more



Open Source Distributed Tracing CNCF | [opentelemetry.io](https://opentelemetry.io)



Modern Applications by Werner Vogels | [allthingsdistributed.com](https://allthingsdistributed.com)



Modern Application Design AWS | [aws.amazon.com/modern-apps](https://aws.amazon.com/modern-apps)

# Conclusion

# Your modern application development journey starts with AWS Training and Certification



## Training

**Developing on AWS** is where you will learn how to use the AWS SDK to develop secure and scalable cloud applications. We will explore how to interact with AWS using code and discuss key concepts, best practices, and troubleshooting tips.

### **AWS Certified Developer – Associate**

*Developers with one or more years of hands-on experience on AWS*

This exam validates an understanding of core AWS services, uses, and basic AWS architecture best practices. Examinees must demonstrate proficiency in developing, deploying, and debugging cloud-based applications using AWS.

Visit <https://www.aws.training/>



### **AWS Certified DevOps Engineer – Professional**

*DevOps engineers with two or more years of experience on AWS*

This exam tests an engineer's experience provisioning, operating, and managing AWS environments.

Examinees will show an understanding of how to build highly scalable, available, and self-healing systems on the AWS platform and to design, manage, and maintain tools to automate operational processes.

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Let us know what you thought of today's event and how we can improve the event experience for you in the future.



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