



Fiscal Note
S.B. 43 2nd Sub. (Salmon)
 2022 General Session
 by , . (, .)



General, Education, and Uniform School Funds

JR4-4-101

	Ongoing	One-time	Total
Net GF/EF/USF (rev.-exp.)	\$16,700	\$(25,000)	\$(8,300)

State Government

UCA 36-12-13(2)(c)

Revenues	FY 2022	FY 2023	FY 2024
General Fund	\$0	\$16,700	\$16,700
General Fund, One-time	\$0	\$(25,000)	\$0
Commerce Service Fund	\$0	\$97,300	\$97,300
Total Revenues	\$0	\$89,000	\$114,000

Enactment of this legislation could increase Commerce Service Account revenue by \$89,000 in FY 2023 and \$114,000 in FY 2024 from license applications and fines. Enactment of this legislation could also decrease the year-end transfer to the General Fund from the Commerce Service Account by \$8,300 in FY 2023 and increase the transfer to the General Fund by \$16,700 ongoing beginning FY 2024. To the extent that more people are convicted as a result of this bill and pay their financial obligation, this could increase revenue/case in the following amounts: (1) General Fund \$1,450; (2) Court Security \$53.

Expenditures	FY 2022	FY 2023	FY 2024
Commerce Service Fund	\$0	\$97,300	\$97,300
Total Expenditures	\$0	\$97,300	\$97,300

Enactment of this legislation could cost the Division of Professional Licensing \$97,300 ongoing from the Commerce Service Account to assess and process credentials. To the extent that a case is filed in district court as a result of the charges in this bill, enactment of this legislation could cost the Courts \$790/case from the General Fund. To the extent that offenders are sentenced to prison or probation it could cost the Department of Corrections \$85/bed/day and \$12/day for supervision. It could also cost the Board of Pardons and Parole \$430 per hearing.

	FY 2022	FY 2023	FY 2024
Net All Funds	\$0	\$(8,300)	\$16,700

Local Government

UCA 36-12-13(2)(c)

Enactment of this legislation likely will not materially impact local revenues or expenditures.

Individuals & Businesses

UCA 36-12-13(2)(c)

Enactment of this legislation could result in an estimated 200 applicants per year paying \$70 per transaction for a total cost of \$14,000, and an estimated 150 citations in FY 2023 and 200 citations in FY 2024 with a \$500 fine each, totaling \$75,000 in FY 2023 and \$100,000 FY 2024, for a total impact of \$89,000 in FY 2023 and \$114,000 in FY 2024. To the extent that individuals violate provisions of this bill, this could cost certain offenders about \$1,500/case, however the total amount is unknown.

Regulatory Impact

UCA 36-12-13(2)(d)

Enactment of this legislation likely will not change the regulatory burden for Utah residents or businesses.

Performance Evaluation

JR1-4-601

This bill does not create a new program or significantly expand an existing program.

Notes on Notes

Fiscal notes estimate the direct costs or revenues of enacting a bill. The Legislature uses them to balance the budget. They do not measure a bill's benefits or non-fiscal impacts like opportunity costs, wait times, or inconvenience. A fiscal note is not an appropriation. The Legislature decides appropriations separately.